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Data Science II Homework 5

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```
library(tidymodels)
library(caret)
library(earth)
library(pROC)
library(vip)
library(MASS)
set.seed(2)
```

Question 1

Background

In this problem, we will apply support vector machines to predict whether a given car gets high or low gas mileage based on the dataset auto.csv (used in Homework 3; see Homework 3 for more details of the dataset). The response variable is mpg cat. The predictors are cylinders, displacement, horsepower, weight, acceleration, year, and origin. Split the dataset into two parts: training data (70%) and test data (30%).

```
auto = read_csv("data/auto.csv") |>
  drop_na() |>
  mutate(
    mpg_cat = as.factor(mpg_cat),
    mpg_cat = forcats::fct_relevel(mpg_cat, c("low", "high")),
    cylinders = as.factor(cylinders),
    origin = as.factor(origin)
  )
set.seed(2)
# create a random split of 70% training and 30% test data
data_split2 = initial_split(data = auto, prop = 0.7)
# partitioned datasets
training_data2 = training(data_split2)
testing_data2 = testing(data_split2)
head(training_data2)
## # A tibble: 6 x 8
     cylinders displacement horsepower weight acceleration year origin mpg_cat
##
     <fct>
                       <dbl>
                                  <dbl>
                                          <dbl>
                                                       <dbl> <dbl> <fct>
                                                                           <fct>
## 1 4
                          86
                                           1875
                                                        16.4
                                                                 81 1
                                                                           high
                                     64
## 2 6
                         225
                                    100
                                           3651
                                                                 76 1
                                                        17.7
                                                                           low
## 3 6
                         231
                                     165
                                           3445
                                                        13.4
                                                                 78 1
                                                                           low
## 4 5
                         131
                                     103
                                           2830
                                                        15.9
                                                                 78 2
                                                                           low
## 5 4
                          98
                                     65
                                           2380
                                                        20.7
                                                                 81 1
                                                                           high
## 6 4
                                     75
                          97
                                           2155
                                                        16.4
                                                                 76 3
                                                                           high
head(testing data2)
## # A tibble: 6 x 8
##
     cylinders displacement horsepower weight acceleration year origin mpg_cat
##
     <fct>
                       <dbl>
                                  <dbl>
                                          <dbl>
                                                       <dbl> <dbl> <fct>
                                                                           <fct>
## 1 8
                         302
                                     140
                                           3449
                                                        10.5
                                                                 70 1
                                                                           low
## 2 8
                                                         8.5
                                                                 70 1
                                     190
                                           3850
                         390
                                                                           low
## 3 4
                         113
                                     95
                                           2372
                                                        15
                                                                 70 3
                                                                           high
## 4 6
                         200
                                     85
                                           2587
                                                                 70 1
                                                        16
                                                                           low
## 5 4
                          97
                                     88
                                           2130
                                                        14.5
                                                                 70 3
                                                                           high
                         107
                                           2430
                                                        14.5
                                                                 70 2
## 6 4
                                     90
                                                                           high
# training data
x_1 = model.matrix(mpg_cat ~ ., training_data2)[, -1] # matrix of predictors
head(x_1)
```

cylinders4 cylinders5 cylinders6 cylinders8 displacement horsepower weight

Background 4

```
## 1
              1
                         0
                                    0
                                               0
                                                           86
                                                                       64
                                                                            1875
## 2
              0
                         0
                                    1
                                               0
                                                           225
                                                                      100
                                                                            3651
## 3
              0
                         0
                                                                            3445
                                    1
                                               0
                                                           231
                                                                      165
## 4
              0
                         1
                                    0
                                               0
                                                           131
                                                                      103
                                                                            2830
## 5
              1
                         0
                                    0
                                               0
                                                            98
                                                                       65
                                                                            2380
                         0
                                    0
                                               0
                                                            97
                                                                            2155
## 6
              1
                                                                       75
## acceleration year origin2 origin3
## 1
             16.4
                    81
## 2
             17.7
                    76
                             0
                                     0
                             0
                                     0
## 3
             13.4
                    78
## 4
             15.9
                                     0
                    78
                             1
## 5
             20.7
                    81
                             0
                                     0
## 6
             16.4
                    76
                             0
                                     1
y_1 = training_data2$mpg_cat # vector of response
# testing data
x_2 = model.matrix(mpg_cat ~ .,testing_data2)[, -1] # matrix of predictors
y_2 = testing_data2$mpg_cat # vector of response
```

(a) Fit a support vector classifier to the training data. What are the training and test error rates?

(b) Fit a support vector machine with a radial kernel to the training data. What are the training and test error rates?

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Question 2

Background

In this problem, we perform hierarchical clustering on the states using the USArrests data in the ISLR package. For each of the 50 states in the United States, the dataset contains the number of arrests per 100,000 residents for each of three crimes: Assault, Murder, and Rape. The dataset also contains the percent of the population in each state living in urban areas, UrbanPop. The four variables will be used as features for clustering.

- (a) Using hierarchical clustering with complete linkage and Euclidean distance, cluster the states. Cut the dendrogram at a height that results in three distinct clusters. Which states belong to which clusters?
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(b) Hierarchically cluster the s	tates using complete	e linkage and Euclidean	distance, after	r scaling the
variables to have standard dev	iation one.			

(b) Hierarchically cluster the states using complete linkage and Euclidean distance, after scaling the variables to have standard deviation one.

- (e) Does scaling the variables change the clustering results? Why? In your opinion, should the variables be scaled before the inter-observation dissimilarities are computed?
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