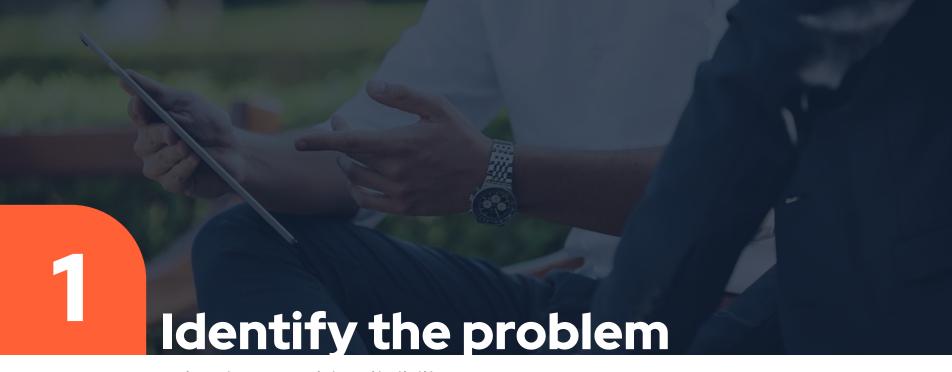




- I live in Tucson, AZ
- I have 8 years of experience in data and software
- I hold a MSc from the University of Idaho



Preacher Pulpit, Norway. 2018.



What is a zombie eligibility?



Health data is sensitive and complex

3 common data types

- Medical Claims
- Prescription Claims
- Enrollment or Eligibility
 - Employee
 - Members
 - Members: dependents & spouses included on a health plan
 - Member count includes employee count

Client can access their health claims data via an interactive data dashboard

Data Pipeline

Only data needed for Tableau dashboard is copied into production database tables

Client places files via SFTP into AWS S3 bucket

Data mapped to normalized database tables

AWS Lambda detects file. Raw data ingested into Snowflake.

Eligibility data

Known Eligibility Data Issues

- Duplicate data
 - Existing logic to detect duplicate files / individuals regardless of data type
 - Exclude duplicate data source i
- Ghost Eligibility
 - We have claims but no eligibility file for an individual
- Termed by Absence
 - If individual absent from eligibility file, we disenroll that individual

Two data pipeline options

Health Risk and Health Management (HCRM)

HCRM is a company that has a well established health data pipeline.

Direct Data Consumption (DDC)

Developing Python mapping scripts to have more control over data pipelines

Contract with HCRM to provide client normalized data

What is a **Zombie** Eligibility?

A "Zombie" eligibility is when an individual is still enrolled on the HCRM data source and is also enrolled on the new DDC data feed

HCRM won't automatically disenroll an individual

- The individual didn't actually disenroll from a plan. We changed our data source causing inflated eligibility counts.
- Once individual is disenrolled from HCRM data source, we will exclude HCRM data source for that individual or group

Why does it matter?

Inflated enrollment counts results in overcharging clients

Accurate health data builds trust in other forecast and predictive health modeling for a population



How to accurately disenroll a zombie individual

What is a **Zombie** Individual?

- Individual must have minimum two rows in database:
 - HCRM data source with null disenrollment date
 - DDC data source with enrollment date
- Edge cases
- HCRM disenrollment date is:
 - One month before DDC enrollment date

OR

 One month before DDC enrollment month and one day after the max HCRM enrollment date

Example 1: Individual defined as having a 'zombie' eligibility entry

employer_ id	individual_id	first_name	last_name	enrollment_ date	disenrollment_ date	data_source
101	987654	Peppa	Pig	01/01/2018	06/01/2018	HCRM
101	987654	Рерра	Pig	07/01/2018		Anthem

Peppa converted to DDC pipeline on July 1, 2018 However Peppa was never disenrolled from the EDC pipeline after the migration

Example 2: Individual defined as having a 'zombie' eligibility entry

employer _id	individual_id	first_name	last_name	enrollment_ date	disenrollment_ date	data_source
102	123456	Sonic	Hedgehog	01/01/2019	12/01/2019	HCRM
102	123456	Sonic	Hedgehog	01/01/2020	12/31/2020	Anthem

Sonic is disenrolled from the health plan on our DDC feed Sonic is still showing as enrolled in EDC

Example 3: Individual defined as having a 'zombie' eligibility entry

employer_				enrollment_	disenrollment_	
id	individual_id	first_name	last_name	date	date	data_source
103	456789	Spongebob	Squarepants	01/01/2020	01/02/2020	HCRM
103	456789	Spongebob	Squarepants	01/01/2020	06/30/2020	Anthem
103	456789	Spongebob	Squarepants	01/01/2020		Anthem

- Spongebob is still enrolled in the HCRM pipeline
- Spongebob is currently enrolled in Anthem data source
- Same enrollment date for all rows require us to set disenrollment date for HCRM as 01/02/2020

Note same enrollment date regardless of data source



Python and SQL

Solution Funnel Employer has individual(s) with null HCRM disenrollment date **Employer** HCRM null disenrollment date Verify individual(s) also enrolled in DDC DDC data available Create individual HCRM disenrollment date and update database **SQL update HCRM** disenrollment date Exclude HCRM eligibility feed for each employer **Exclude HCRM**

Other factors to consider during implementation

- Accuracy and precision > speed
- Documentation
- Error handling, Log files
- Sandbox testing
- Peer Review
- 2-week completion

Python script available by invite from:

https://github.com/caminerich/Zombie_Eligibility



How to prepare for the next zombie eligibility

Overall results

Wide reaching impacts

9.2%

197 of 2000 employers had eligibility counts reduced

65,397

Total count of members disenrolled from EDC

2021 results

A Focused Analysis

19.4%

38 of 197 employers had eligibility counts reduced > 15% in 2021

7,047

Count of members disenrolled from EDC

Review of how 2021 zombie disenrollment results are presented

	Employer Name	Member Count Pre	Member Count Post	Disenrolled	% enrollment improvement
No Change:	Piglets LLC	100	100	0	0%

Review of how 2021 zombie disenrollment results are presented

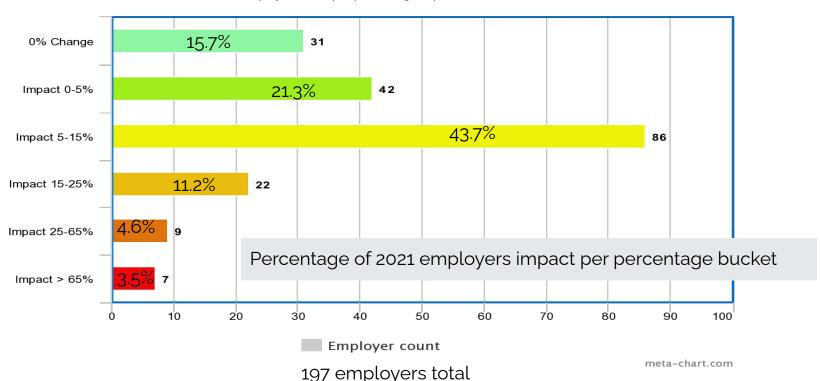
	Employer Name	Member Count Pre	Member Count Post	Disenrolled	% enrollment improvement
No Change	Piglets LLC	100	100	0	0%
Zombie Impact 5-15%	Hedgehog Holdings	101	89	12	13.5%

Review of how 2021 zombie disenrollment results are presented

	Employer Name	Member Count Pre	Member Count Post	Disenrolled	% enrollment improvement
No Change	Piglets LLC	100	100	0	0%
Zombie Impact 5-15%	Hedgehog Holdings	101	89	12	13.5%
Zombie Impact > 65%	Spongebob Ocean Imports	390	182	208	114.3%

Count of employers per percentile 2021 eligibility decrease





Count of employers per percentile 2021 eligibility decrease





Significance

Health data expects no more than 15% discrepancy between reported enrollment counts and control reports

Employers reported with > 15% eligibility count reduction in 2021 is reported to internal account managers for follow-up with client

Future Applications

Health Data:

 Similar inflated eligibility count issues have been observed that will benefit from this project

Other Industries:

 Solution framework to remove duplicate database entries when you cannot delete before blacklisting



"Oh, I do it to blend in. You know. Zombies don't mess with other zombies."

-Bill Murray, Zombieland



Thanks!

Questions?

Let's connect on GitHub or caminerich@gmail.com

END