

Agenda

- Introduce ggplot2
- Discuss scatterplots and smooths
- Discuss line plots
- Lab

Slides available at: http://www.datalorax.com/vita/ds/ds1-slides/w1p1/

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The *ggplot2* package

Today, we'll primarily be covering the basics of the ggplot2 package.



Part of the many reasons Hadley is a good human



(It's no longer there, but if you want access to it let me know)

Other resources

The ggplot2 package is one of the most popular R packages. There are a plethora of resources to learn the syntax.

- Perhaps the most definitive, and indexes all the capabilities of ggplot2, along with multiple examples
 - http://docs.ggplot2.org/current/index.html#
- RStudio cheat sheet can also be helpful
 - https://www.rstudio.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/03/ggplot2cheatsheet.pdf
- R Graphics Cookbook
 - http://www.cookbook-r.com/Graphs/

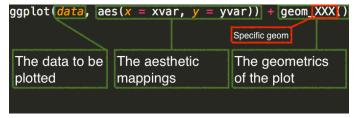
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Basic syntax



Components

Every *ggplot* plot has three components

- 1. data
 - The data used to produce the plot
- 2. aesthetic mappings
 - between variables and visual properties
- 3. layer(s)
 - usually through the geom_* function to produce geometric shape to be rendered

Data for today

From ggplot: mpg

 Very similar to the mtcars data, but with more cases and a few more interesting variables

```
library(ggplot2)
head(mpg)
## # A tibble: 6 x 11
    manufacturer model displ year cyl trans drv
                                                                class
##
    <chr>
               <chr> <dbl> <int> <int> <chr> <chr> <int> <int> <chr> <int> <int> <chr> <</pre>
## 1 audi
                                   4 auto… f
               a4
                    1.8 1999
                                                 18
                                                       29 p
## 2 audi
                      1.8 1999
                                   4 manu... f
                                                  21
                                                        29 p
                                                                comp...
## 3 audi
                      2 2008
                                   4 manu... f
                                                  20
                                                                comp...
            a4
                    2 2008
                                   4 auto… f
                                                21
## 4 audi
                                                       30 p
                                                                comp...
            a4 2.8 1999
                                                16
## 5 audi
                                   6 auto… f
                                                       26 p
                                                                comp...
## 6 audi
           a4 2.8 1999
                                   6 manu... f
                                                 18
                                                       26 p
                                                                comp...
```

Setting up a plot

• Run the following. What do you see?

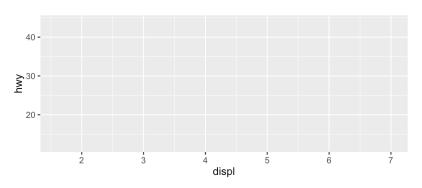
```
ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy))
```

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Plot setup

ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy))



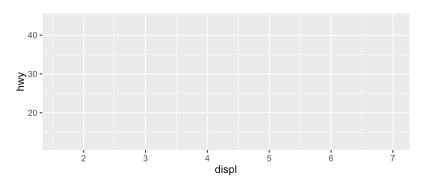
• It's ready for you to add some layers... what do you want to add?

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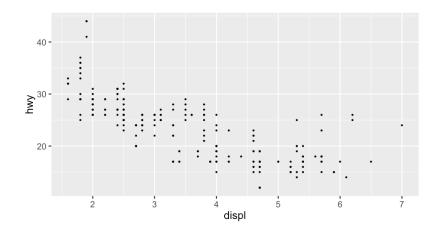
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Plot setup

ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy))



• It's ready for you to add some layers... what do you want to add? **How about points! ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy)) +



Adding layers

- In the previous slide, we added a layer of points
- The geom_point layer is a function, complete with it's own arguments
- How do you think we might change the color of the points?

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```
ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy)) +
geom_point(color = "magenta")
```

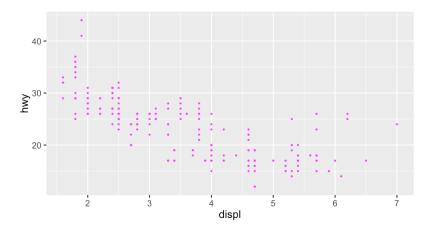
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ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy)) + geom_point(color = "magenta")



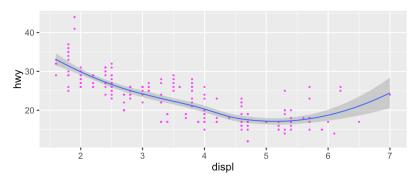
Add another layer

• Let's add a smooth with geom_smooth()

Add another layer

• Let's add a smooth with geom_smooth()

```
ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy)) +
  geom_point(color = "magenta") +
  geom_smooth()
```



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Global versus conditional coloring

- Prior examples changed colors globally
- Use aes() to access variables, and color by the specific variable

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Global versus conditional coloring

• Prior examples changed colors globally

ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy)) +

• Use aes() to access variables, and color by the specific variable

```
geom_point(aes(color = class))

class

2 seater
compact
midsize
minivan
pickup
subcompact
suv
```

Conditional flow through layers

• If we use something like color = x in the main aesthetic, it will bleed through to all other layers.

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- These two lines of code are the same

```
ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy)) +
  geom_point(aes(color = class))
ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy, color = class)) +
  geom_point()
```

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Conditional flow through layers

- If we use something like color = x in the main aesthetic, it will bleed through to all other layers.
- These two lines of code are the same

```
ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy)) +
  geom_point(aes(color = class))
ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy, color = class)) +
  geom_point()
```

• But these are not... why?

```
ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy)) +
  geom_point(aes(color = class)) +
  geom_smooth()

ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy, color = class)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth()
```

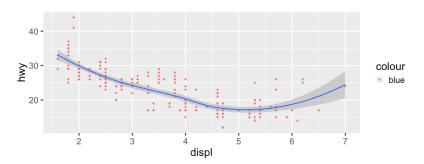
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Be careful with aes()

Using aes when you don't need it

```
ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy)) +
geom_point(aes(color = "blue")) +
geom_smooth()
```



Be careful with aes()

Not using aes when you need it

```
ggplot(mpg, aes(x = displ, y = hwy)) +
geom_point(color = class) +
geom_smooth()
```

Error in rep(value[[k]], length.out = n): attempt to replicate an object of typ

Challenge time

- 1. Start a new R project
- 2. Create a new script, save it as "lastname-lab2.R"
- 3. Load the *tidyverse*
- 4. Print the msleep dataset to see it's structure it's within ggplot2.

For each of the following, produce a separate plot

- Plot the relation between sleep_total and brainwt (with brainwt as the DV).
- 2. Overlay a smooth on the prior plot
- 3. Color the points by vore, but fit a single smooth
- 4. Fit separate smooths by vore, but with all points being gray
- 5. Omit the standard error of the smooths
- 6. Use ylim as an additional layer to restrict the y-axis to range from 0 to 5

(demo ggthemeassist)

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Let's talk themes

• Check out th ggthemes package for a lot of alternative

• ggplot2 also comes with some built in alternatives

∘ theme_minimal is my favorite

• Check out the ggthemeassist add-in

• The default is theme_gray.

∘ I don't like it

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Other themes worth checking out

- The hrbrthemes are nice (and the developer is not only great, but a very nice human)
- Consider building your own theme
- When in doubt, google around a bit. For example, this one looks fairly decent that I found with about 7 seconds of searching

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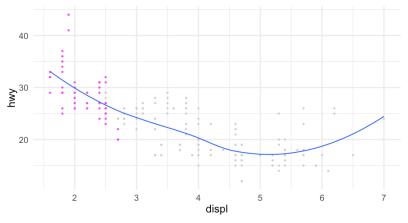
Set themes globally

One of the first lines in many of my scripts is

theme_set(theme_minimal())

Get a little fancy

- You can use geom_point for more than one layer
- You can also use a different data source on a later
- Use these two properties to highlight points
 - Like maybe the 4 cylinder cars?



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Line plots

Discussion first

- When should you use line plots instead of smooths?
- What are some good candidate data for line plots?

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Line plots

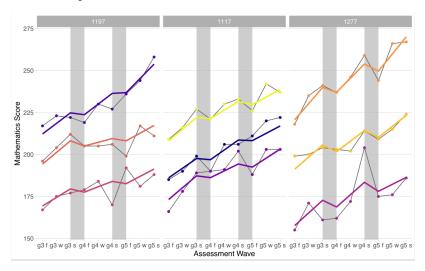
Discussion first

- When should you use line plots instead of smooths?
- What are some good candidate data for line plots?
- Usually when time is involved
- One of my favorites observed versus model-implied

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Example



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Classical example

• Time series plot w/the economics dataset

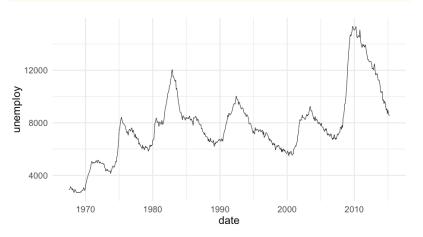
economics

```
## # A tibble: 574 x 6
     date
                 pce
                        pop psavert uempmed unemploy
     <date>
                <dbl> <int>
                              <dbl>
                                      <dbl>
                                               <int>
## 1 1967-07-01 507, 198712
                               12.5
                                        4.5
                                                2944
## 2 1967-08-01 510. 198911
                               12.5
                                        4.7
                                                2945
## 3 1967-09-01 516. 199113
                               11.7
                                        4.6
                                                2958
   4 1967-10-01 513. 199311
                                        4.9
                               12.5
                                                3143
   5 1967-11-01 518. 199498
                               12.5
                                        4.7
                                                3066
   6 1967-12-01 526. 199657
                               12.1
                                                3018
   7 1968-01-01 532. 199808
                               11.7
                                        5.1
                                                2878
## 8 1968-02-01 534. 199920
                               12.2
                                        4.5
                                                3001
## 9 1968-03-01 545. 200056
                               11.6
                                        4.1
                                                2877
## 10 1968-04-01 545. 200208
                               12.2
                                                2709
## # ... with 564 more rows
```

 How do you expect we'd fit a line plot to these data, showing the unemployment rate over time?

Try it out!

```
ggplot(economics, aes(date, unemploy)) +
  geom_line()
```



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Short challenge

• Change line color to "gray40"

• Try adding an additional geom ribbon layer

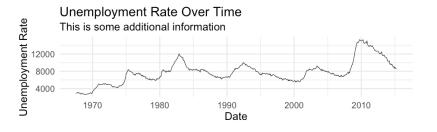
set the ymin to 0 and the ymax to unemploy.
Change the fill of the ribbon to "darkcyan"
Add transparency through the alpha argument

• Alternate which layer comes first - do you notice a difference?

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Quickly

Axis labels



Last thing for today

Faceting

(then demo)

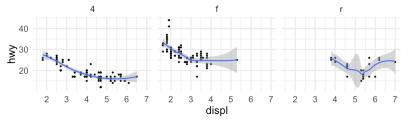
- One of the most powerful features of ggplot, from my perspective
- ullet Produce n plots **by** a specific variable

Last thing for today

Faceting

- One of the most powerful features of ggplot, from my perspective
- Produce *n* plots **by** a specific variable

```
ggplot(mpg, aes(displ, hwy)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth() +
  facet_wrap(~drv)
```



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Careful about ~

```
ggplot(mpg, aes(displ, hwy)) +
  geom_point() +
  geom_smooth() +
  facet_wrap(drv)
```

Error in as_facets_list(facets): object 'drv' not found

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Other features

To be covered more in the future

- Colors
- Legends
- Fills
- Other geoms
- Categorical data
- etc.

Lab