

Solution série 6

partie 1

1 Exercice 1

1.1 Question A

Matrice M :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 50 & 80 & 86 \\ & 0 & 150 & 160 \\ & & 0 & 60 \\ & & & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrice frontiere :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & \\ & & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Calculs :

$$\begin{aligned} M[1, 2] &= \min \{M[1, 1] + M[2, 2] + 1 \times 5 \times 10 = 50 \\ &= 50 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M[2, 3] &= \min \{M[2, 2] + M[3, 3] + 5 \times 10 \times 3 = 150 \\ &= 150 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M[3, 4] &= \min \{M[3, 3] + M[4, 4] + 10 \times 3 \times 2 = 60 \\ &= 60 \end{aligned}$$

$$M[1,3] = \min \begin{cases} M[1,1] + M[2,3] + 1 \times 5 \times 3 = 165 \\ M[1,2] + M[3,3] + 1 \times 10 \times 3 = 80 \end{cases} = 80$$

$$M[2,4] = \min \begin{cases} M[2,2] + M[3,4] + 5 \times 10 \times 2 = 160 \\ M[2,3] + M[4,4] + 5 \times 3 \times 2 = 180 \end{cases} = 160$$

$$M[1,4] = \min \begin{cases} M[1,1] + M[2,4] + 1 \times 5 \times 3 = 170 \\ M[1,2] + M[3,4] + 1 \times 10 \times 3 = 130 \\ M[1,3] + M[4,4] + 1 \times 5 \times 3 = 86 \end{cases} = 86$$

Le paranthèse optimale est le suivant :

$$((A_1 A_2) A_3) A_4$$

1.2 Question B

Matrice M :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 8 & 12 & 28 & 22 & 28 \\ & 0 & 8 & 18 & 20 & 23 \\ & & 0 & 40 & 18 & 30 \\ & & & 0 & 10 & 16 \\ & & & & 0 & 15 \\ & & & & & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Matrice frontière :

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 & 5 \\ 3 & 3 & 5 \\ 4 & 5 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Calculs :

$$M[1,2] = \min \begin{cases} M[1,1] + M[2,2] + 2 \times 1 \times 4 = 8 \\ = 8 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M[2,3] &= \min \left\{ M[2,2] + M[3,3] + 1 \times 4 \times 2 = 8 \right. \\ &\quad \left. = 8 \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M[3,4] &= \min \left\{ M[3,3] + M[4,4] + 4 \times 2 \times 5 = 40 \right. \\ &\quad \left. = 40 \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M[4,5] &= \min \left\{ M[3,3] + M[4,4] + 2 \times 5 \times 1 = 10 \right. \\ &\quad \left. = 10 \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M[5,6] &= \min \left\{ M[3,3] + M[4,4] + 5 \times 1 \times 3 = 15 \right. \\ &\quad \left. = 15 \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M[1,3] &= \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} M[1,1] + M[2,3] + 2 \times 1 \times 2 = 12 \\ M[1,2] + M[3,3] + 2 \times 4 \times 2 = 24 \end{array} \right. \\ &\quad \left. = 12 \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M[2,4] &= \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} M[2,2] + M[3,4] + 1 \times 4 \times 5 = 60 \\ M[2,3] + M[4,4] + 1 \times 2 \times 5 = 18 \end{array} \right. \\ &\quad \left. = 18 \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M[3,5] &= \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} M[3,3] + M[4,5] + 4 \times 2 \times 1 = 18 \\ M[3,4] + M[5,5] + 4 \times 5 \times 1 = 60 \end{array} \right. \\ &\quad \left. = 18 \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} M[4,6] &= \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} M[4,4] + M[5,6] + 2 \times 5 \times 3 = 45 \\ M[4,5] + M[6,6] + 2 \times 1 \times 3 = 16 \end{array} \right. \\ &\quad \left. = 16 \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$M[1,4] = \min \begin{cases} M[1,1] + M[2,4] + 2 \times 1 \times 5 = 28 \\ M[1,2] + M[3,4] + 2 \times 4 \times 5 = 88 \\ M[1,3] + M[4,4] + 2 \times 2 \times 5 = 32 \end{cases} = 28$$

$$M[2,5] = \min \begin{cases} M[1,1] + M[2,4] + 1 \times 4 \times 1 = 22 \\ M[1,2] + M[3,4] + 1 \times 2 \times 1 = 20 \\ M[1,3] + M[4,4] + 1 \times 5 \times 1 = 23 \end{cases} = 22$$

$$M[3,6] = \min \begin{cases} M[1,1] + M[2,4] + 4 \times 2 \times 3 = 18 \\ M[1,2] + M[3,4] + 4 \times 5 \times 3 = 60 \\ M[1,3] + M[4,4] + 4 \times 1 \times 3 = 86 \end{cases} = 18$$

$$M[1,5] = \min \begin{cases} M[1,1] + M[2,5] + 2 \times 1 \times 1 = 18 \\ M[1,2] + M[3,5] + 2 \times 4 \times 1 = 60 \\ M[1,3] + M[4,5] + 2 \times 2 \times 1 = 86 \\ M[1,4] + M[5,5] + 2 \times 5 \times 1 = 86 \end{cases} = 18$$

$$M[2,6] = \min \begin{cases} M[2,2] + M[3,6] + 1 \times 4 \times 3 = 18 \\ M[2,3] + M[4,6] + 1 \times 2 \times 3 = 60 \\ M[2,4] + M[5,6] + 1 \times 5 \times 3 = 86 \\ M[2,5] + M[6,6] + 1 \times 1 \times 3 = 86 \end{cases} = 18$$

$$M[1,6] = \min \begin{cases} M[1,1] + M[2,5] + 2 \times 1 \times 3 = 29 \\ M[1,2] + M[3,5] + 2 \times 4 \times 3 = 62 \\ M[1,3] + M[4,5] + 2 \times 2 \times 3 = 40 \\ M[1,4] + M[5,5] + 2 \times 5 \times 3 = 73 \\ M[1,5] + M[6,6] + 2 \times 1 \times 3 = 28 \end{cases} = 28$$

Le paranthèsage optimal est le suivant :

$$(A_1((A_2A_3)(A_4A_5)))A_6$$

Note : les réponses suivantes sont valides, mais préférez la première solution :

1. $(A_1(A_2A_3(A_4A_5)))A_6$
2. $(A_1((A_2)A_3(A_4A_5)))A_6$

2 Question 2

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0,5 & 1,0 & 1,30 & 1,69 & 1,92 \\ & 0 & 0,25 & 0,45 & 0,69 & 0,92 \\ & & 0 & 0,1 & 0,26 & 0,42 \\ & & & 0 & 0,08 & 0,22 \\ & & & & 0 & 0,07 \\ & & & & & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{racine} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 1,2 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & \\ 3 & 3 & 4 & & \\ 4 & & 4 & & \\ 5 & & & & \end{bmatrix}$$

Calculs :

$$\begin{aligned} C[1,1] &= \min \left\{ C[1,0] + C[2,1] + \sum_{s=i}^j P_s = 0 + 0 + 0,5 = 0,5 \right. \\ &\quad \left. = 0,5 \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C[2,2] &= \min \left\{ C[1,1] + C[3,2] + \sum_{s=i}^j P_s = 0 + 0 + 0,25 = 0,25 \right. \\ &\quad \left. = 0,25 \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C[3,3] &= \min \left\{ C[3,2] + C[4,3] + \sum_{s=i}^j P_s = 0 + 0 + 0,1 = 0,1 \right. \\ &\quad \left. = 0,1 \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} C[4,4] &= \min \left\{ C[1,3] + C[5,2] + \sum_{s=i}^j P_s = 0 + 0 + 0,08 = 0,08 \right. \\ &\quad \left. = 0,08 \right. \end{aligned}$$

$$C[5,5] = \min \left\{ C[5,4] + C[6,5] + \sum_{s=i}^j P_s = 0 + 0 + 0,07 = 0,07 \right. \\ \left. = 0,07 \right.$$

$$C[1,2] = \min \left\{ C[1,0] + C[2,2] = 0 + 0,25 = 0,25 \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{s=i}^j P_s \right. \\ \left. = 0,25 + 0,5 + 0,25 \right. \\ \left. = 1,0 \right.$$

$$C[2,3] = \min \left\{ C[2,1] + C[3,3] = 0 + 0,1 = 0,1 \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{s=i}^j P_s \right. \\ \left. = 0,1 + 0,25 + 0,1 \right. \\ \left. = 0,45 \right.$$

$$C[3,4] = \min \left\{ C[3,2] + C[4,4] = 0 + 0,08 = 0,08 \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{s=i}^j P_s \right. \\ \left. = 0,08 + 0,1 + 0,08 \right. \\ \left. = 0,26 \right.$$

$$C[4,5] = \min \left\{ C[4,3] + C[5,5] = 0 + 0,07 = 0,07 \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{s=i}^j P_s \right. \\ \left. = 0,07 + 0,08 + 0,07 \right. \\ \left. = 0,22 \right.$$

$$C[1,3] = \min \left\{ C[1,0] + C[2,3] = 0 + 0,45 = 0,45 \right. \\ \left. + \sum_{s=i}^j P_s \right. \\ \left. = 0,45 + 0,5 + 0,25 + 0,1 \right. \\ \left. = 1,30 \right.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
C[2, 4] &= \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} C[2, 1] + C[3, 4] = 0 + 0, 26 \\ C[2, 2] + C[4, 4] = 0, 1 + 0, 07 \\ C[2, 3] + C[5, 4] = 0, 26 + 0 \end{array} \right. + \sum_{s=i}^j P_s \\
&= 0, 17 + 0, 25 + 0, 1 + 0, 08 \\
&= 0, 69
\end{aligned}$$

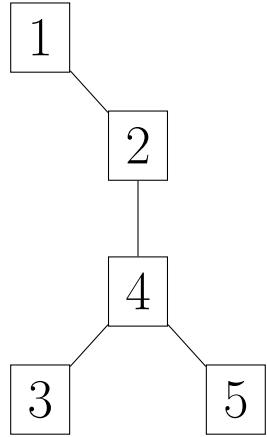
$$\begin{aligned}
C[3, 5] &= \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} C[3, 2] + C[4, 5] = 0 + 0, 22 = 0, 22 \\ C[3, 3] + C[5, 5] = 0, 1 + 0, 07 = 0, 17 \\ C[3, 4] + C[6, 5] = 0, 26 + 0 = 0, 26 \end{array} \right. + \sum_{s=i}^j P_s \\
&= 0, 17 + 0, 1 + 0, 08 + 0, 07 \\
&= 0, 42
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
C[1, 4] &= \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} C[1, 0] + C[2, 4] = 0 + 0, 69 = 0, 69 \\ C[1, 1] + C[3, 4] = 0, 5 + 0, 26 = 0, 76 \\ C[1, 2] + C[4, 4] = 1, 0 + 0, 08 = 1, 08 \\ C[1, 3] + C[5, 4] = 1, 3 + 0 = 1, 3 \end{array} \right. + \sum_{s=i}^j P_s \\
&= 0, 76 + 0, 5 + 0, 25 + 0, 1 + 0, 08 \\
&= 1, 69
\end{aligned}$$

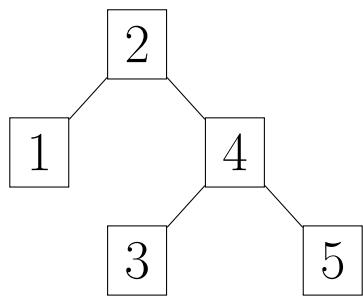
$$\begin{aligned}
C[2, 5] &= \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} C[2, 1] + C[3, 5] = 0 + 0, 42 = 0, 42 \\ C[2, 2] + C[4, 5] = 0, 25 + 0, 22 = 0, 47 \\ C[2, 3] + C[5, 5] = 0, 45 + 0, 07 = 0, 52 \\ C[2, 4] + C[6, 5] = 0, 69 + 0 = 0, 69 \end{array} \right. + \sum_{s=i}^j P_s \\
&= 0, 42 + 0, 25 + 0, 1 + 0, 08 + 0, 07 \\
&= 0, 92
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
C[1, 5] &= \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} C[1, 0] + C[2, 5] = 0 + 0, 92 = 0, 92 \\ C[1, 1] + C[3, 5] = 0, 5 + 0, 42 = 0, 92 \\ C[1, 2] + C[4, 5] = 1, 0 + 0, 22 = 1, 22 \\ C[1, 3] + C[5, 5] = 1, 3 + 0, 07 = 1, 37 \\ C[1, 3] + C[6, 5] = 1, 69 + 0 = 1, 69 \end{array} \right. + \sum_{s=i}^j P_s \\
&= 0, 92 + 0, 5 + 0, 25 + 0, 1 + 0, 08 + 0, 07 \\
&= 1, 92
\end{aligned}$$

Arbre optimal #1 :



Arbre optimal #2 :



Espérance du temps de recherche : 1,92.