

Radioactive Decay

- Non-linear function - take natural log of both sides of equation to make it linear
- New fit parameters
- Do error propagation
- Add column $R = N/t$, uncertainty on R
- Find uncertainty on $\ln R$, uncertainty on other fit variables

```
data = dlmread('PHYS 3605W/Workshops/PHYS_3605_wkshop_3_data.csv',' ', [1,0,11,6]);
```

$$R = R_0 e^{-\frac{l}{\lambda}}$$

```
N_plates = data(:,1);
N_beta = data(:,2);
N_beta_err = data(:,3);
t = data(:,4); %seconds
t_err = data(:,5); %seconds
R = data(:,6); % number of beta / second
R_err = sqrt(N_beta_err.^2.*(1./t).^2 + t_err.^2.*(-N_beta./t.^2).^2);
l = N_plates.*0.002; % meters
sz = size(l);
l_err = 0.00004.*ones(sz); % meters
```

To obtain linear fit, I'll convert to

$$\ln(R) = \ln(R_0) - \frac{1}{\lambda} l$$

$$\sigma_{\ln R}^2 = \sigma_N^2 \left(\frac{1}{N} \right)^2 + \sigma_t^2 \left(-\frac{1}{t} \right)^2$$

```
y = log(R);
y_err = sqrt(N_beta_err.^2.*(1./N_beta).^2 + t_err.^2.*(-1./t).^2);
x = l;
fit_vals = myfit(x,y,y_err);
a = fit_vals(1,1);
b = fit_vals(1,2);
ea = fit_vals(2,1);
eb = fit_vals(2,2);

fit_y = a + x.*b;

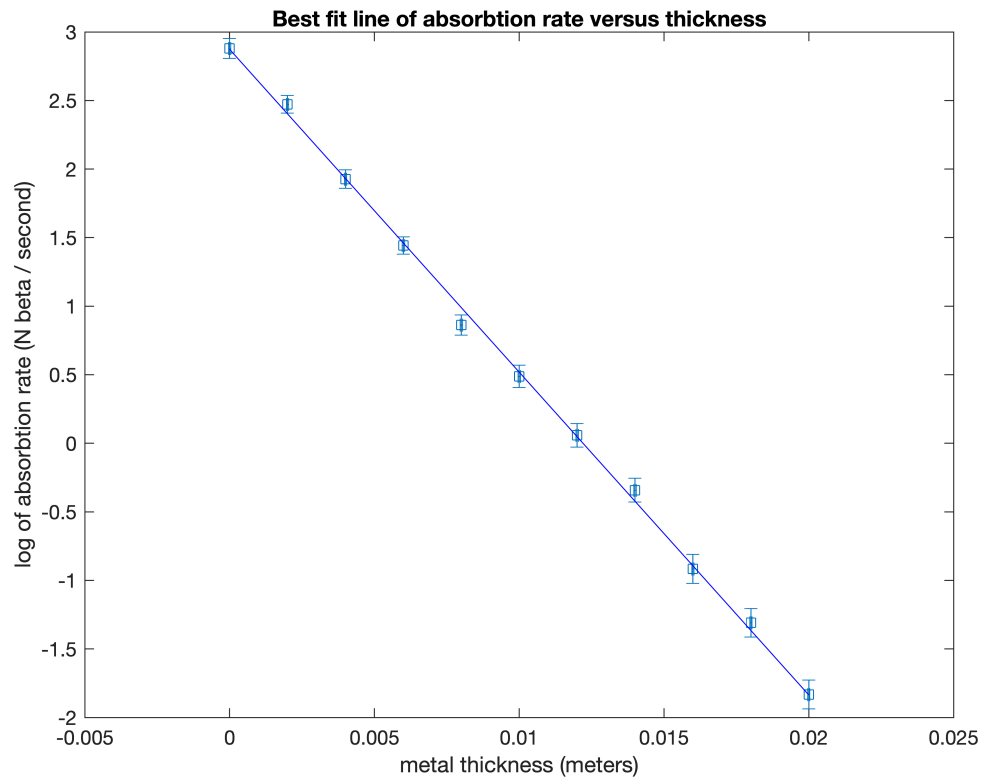
xneg = l_err;
xpos = l_err;
yneg = y_err;
ypos = y_err;
```

```

errorbar(x,y,yneg,ypos,xneg,xpos,'s','DisplayName','fit data')
title('Best fit line of absorbtion rate versus thickness')
xlabel('metal thickness (meters)')
ylabel('log of absorbtion rate (N beta / second)')

hold on
plot(x, fit_y, 'b', 'DisplayName', 'y Fit')
hold off

```



$$\sigma_{\lambda}^2 = \sigma_b^2 \left(\frac{1}{b^2} \right)^2$$

```
lamda = -1/b
```

```
lamda = 0.0042
```

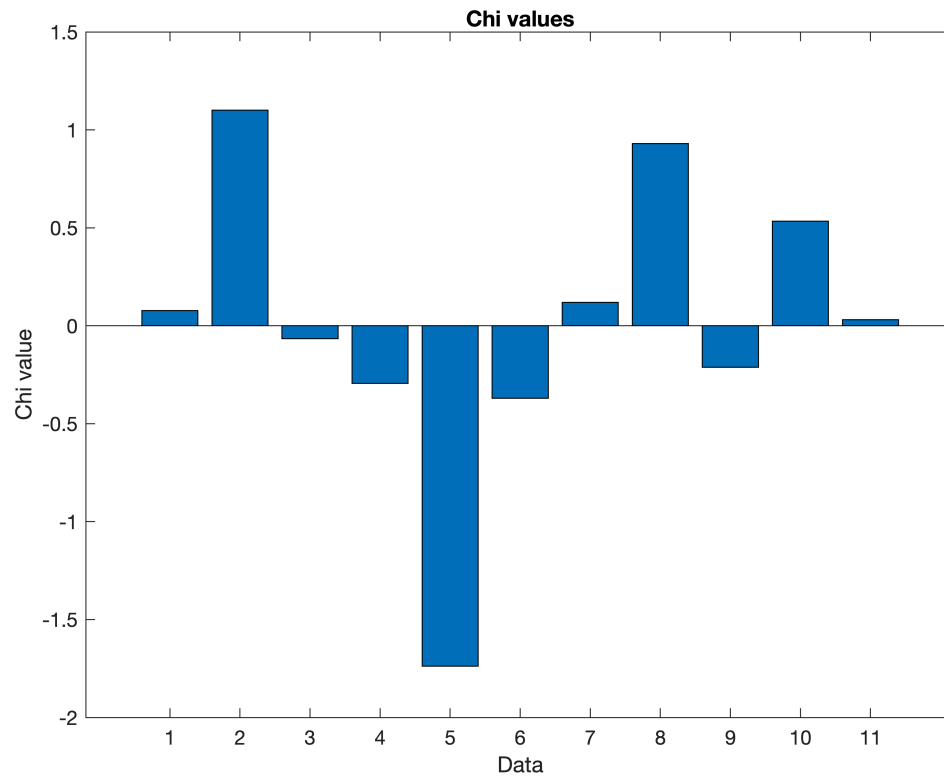
```
lamda_err = sqrt(eb^2*(1/b^2)^2)
```

```
lamda_err = 7.3037e-05
```

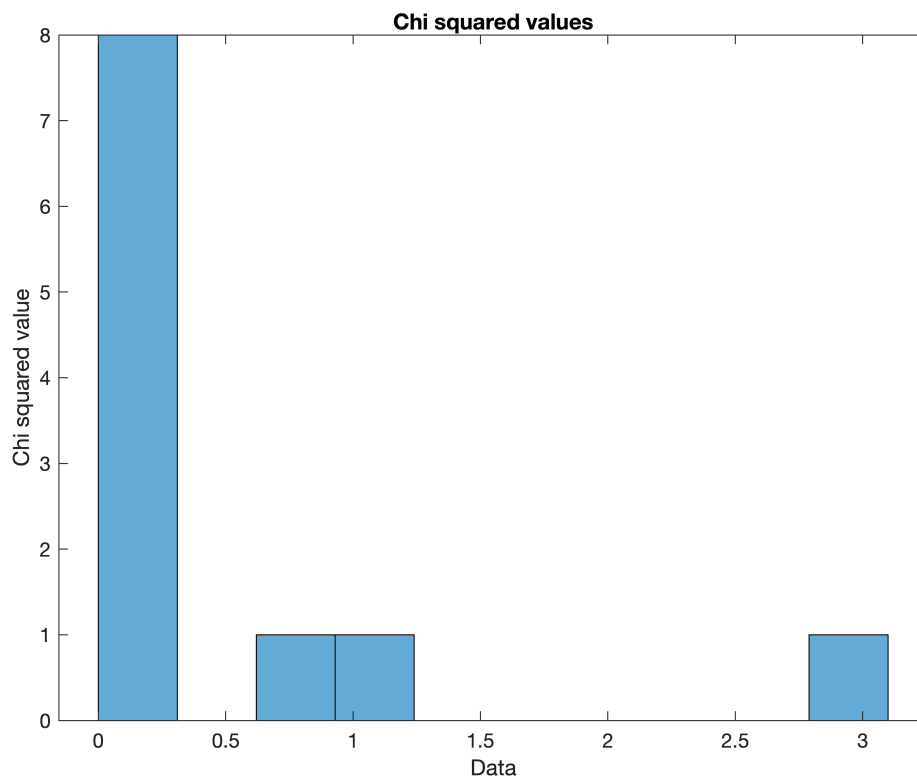
```
chi_data = getChi(y, fit_y, y_err);
```

```
chi = chi_data(:,1);
chi_squared = chi_data(:,2);

bar(chi)
title('Chi values')
xlabel('Data')
ylabel('Chi value')
```



```
histogram(chi_squared, 10)
title('Chi squared values')
xlabel('Data')
ylabel('Chi squared value')
```



Using the linear fit, I obtained a $\lambda = 0.0042 \pm 0.0007 \text{ m}$

```
function rval = myfit(x,y,ey)
    sx = sum(x ./ (ey .^ 2) );
    sy = sum(y ./ (ey .^ 2) );
    sxx = sum((x .* x) ./ (ey .^ 2) );
    sxy = sum((x .* y) ./ (ey .^ 2) );
    s = sum(1 ./ (ey .^ 2) );
    delta=sxx*s-sx*sx;
    a=(sxx*sy-sx*sxy)/delta;
    ea=sqrt(sxx/delta);
    b=(s*sxy-sx*sy)/delta;
    eb=sqrt(s/delta);
    rval=[ a, b ; ea, eb];
end

function chi_vals = getChi(y, fit_y, y_err)
    chi = (y - fit_y)./(y_err);
    chi2 = chi.^2;
    chi_vals = [chi, chi2];
end
```