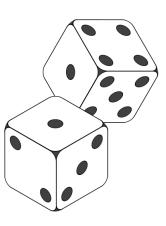
Model 1 The Die Class

The following class represents an individual "die" in a game of dice. The diagram on the right is a graphical summary of the *attributes* (variables) and *methods* of the class.

```
/**
 * Simulates a die object.
public class Die {
    private int face;
    /**
     * Constructs a die with face value 1.
     */
    public Die() {
        this.face = 1;
    }
    /**
     * @return current face value of the die
    public int getFace() {
        return this.face;
    }
    /**
     * Simulates rolling the die.
     * Oreturn new face value of the die
     */
    public int roll() {
        this.face = (int) (Math.random() * 6) + 1;
        return this.face;
    }
}
```

Die -face: int +Die() +getFace(): int +roll(): int



Questions (10 min)

Start time:

- 1. Consider the Die class:
 - a) What are the attributes? face
 - b) What are the methods? Die, getFace, roll
- 2. In the class diagram (on the upper right):
 - a) What do the + and symbols represent? + means public means private
 - b) What does the : represent? the data type of the attribute/method
- **3**. Open the provided *Die.java* and run the program several times. Then answer the following questions about the main method:
 - a) What is the data type of d1 and d2? Die
 - b) What are the initial values of the dice? d1 = 1, d2 = 1
 - c) What method changed the dice values? roll
- 4. Write a statement that declares and initializes a Die variable named lucky.

```
Die lucky = new Die();
```

5. When you create an object, Java invokes a *constructor*. This method has no return type and has the same name as the class itself. What does the Die() constructor do?

It initializes the face attribute to 1. (Without this constructor, the default value would be 0, which is invalid for dice.)

6. Notice how the roll method refers to this.face, yet that variable is not declared in the method. What does the roll method change, in terms of the Die object?

It updates the value of the face attribute.