Our contingency table...

Deaths Non Deaths

Close to sewer 224 482 Far from sewer 436 1047

```
# Now let us get our p-value!
# ... when doing data science in Python, it is common convention to use
      " " characters to mark variables whose values we don't need.
from scipy.stats import chi2 contingency
chi_square, p_value, _, _ = chi2_contingency(contingency_table)
print(f"Our p-value: {p value}")
print(f"Our Chi-squared value: {chi square}")
```

Our p-value: 0.28927858447134214

Our Chi-squared value: 1.1229758183695626

Death rate per 1000

North: 1.7805598480785025

South: 12.59968677572774

East: 6.326962726552367

West: 3.2989610482397667

Central: 5.021616246078257

Our contingency table...

Deaths 1849 Deaths 1854

3708 3726.0 Mostly SV Mostly Lam 895.0 2108

Our contingency table...

Close to pump 492 214 Far from pump 303 1180

Deaths Non Deaths

Task 3: Determine if there is a statistically signif

from scipy.stats import chi2 contingency

Now let us get our p-value! # ... when doing data science in Python, it is common " " characters to mark variables whose values we

chi_square, p_value, _, _ = chi2_contingency(contingen print(f"Our p-value: {p value}")

print(f"Our Chi-squared value: {chi square}")

Our p-value: 1.2325783049887838e-79 Our Chi-squared value: 357.0551926130695 # Find p-value here.

Now let us get our p-value!

... when doing data science in Python, it is common convention to use " " characters to mark variables whose values we don't need.

from scipy.stats import chi2 contingency

chi_square, p_value, _, _ = chi2_contingency(contingency_table)

print(f"Our p-value: {p value}")

print(f"Our Chi-squared value: {chi square}")

Our p-value: 1.1436488037757276e-110 Our Chi-squared value: 499.6308374196881 Population Deaths Deaths per 1000

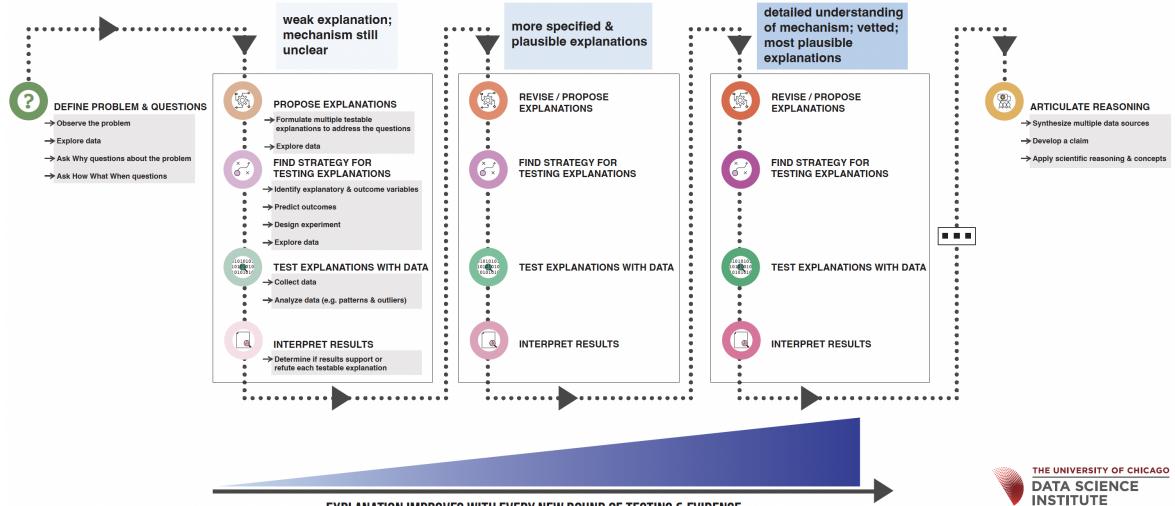
```
Year
1840
        1842458
                  46281
                                25.119161
1841
        1877963
                  45284
                               24.113361
1842
        1916860
                  45272
                                23.617792
1843
        1953787
                  48574
                                24.861461
1844
        2033816
                  50423
                                24.792312
        2073298
1845
                  48332
                                23.311651
1846
        2113535
                  49089
                                23.226017
        2195401
                  60442
                               27.531189
1847
        2238703
                  57628
                                25.741691
1848
```

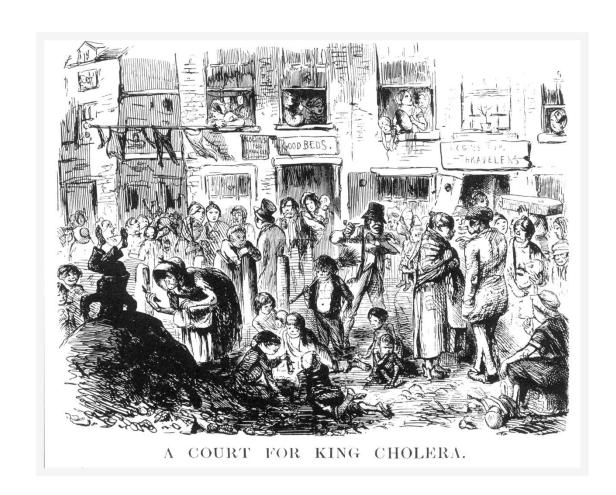
2282858 68432 29.976459 1849 1850 2327884 48579 20.868308

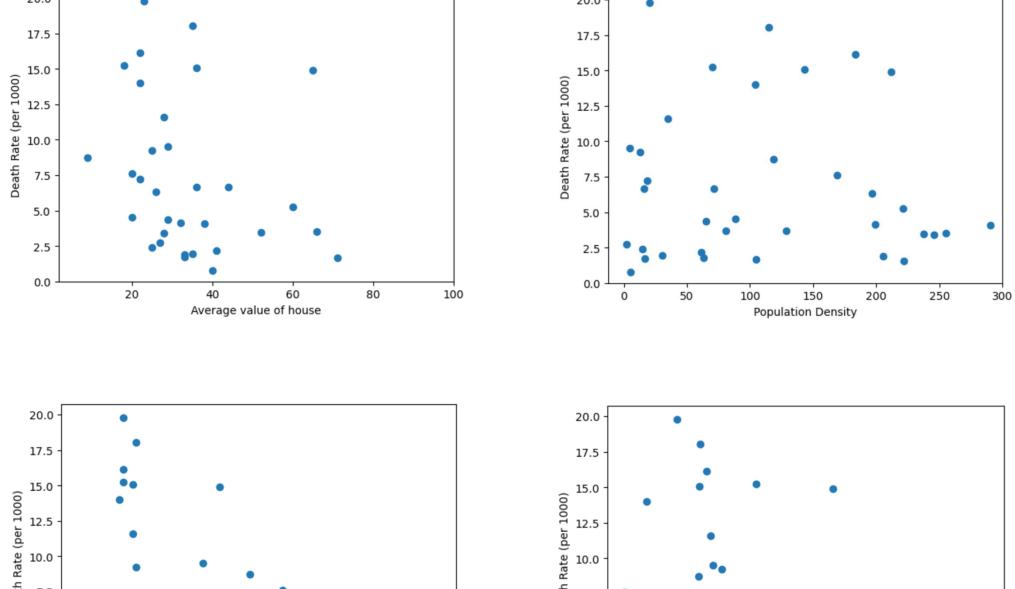
2373799 55354 23.318739 1851 1852 2420619 54213 22.396337

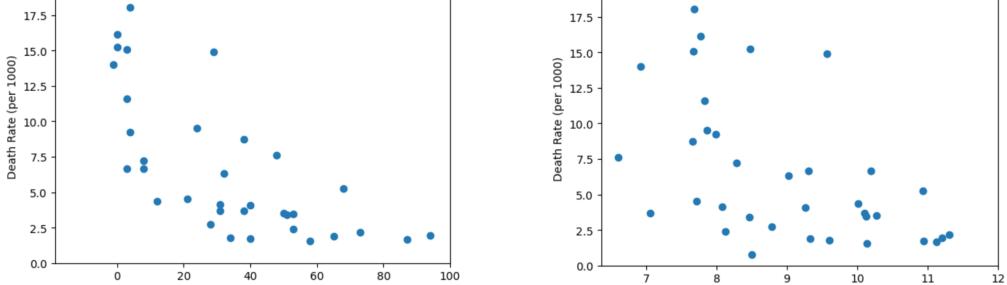
2468362 61202 24.794580 1853 1854 2517048 73697 29.279140

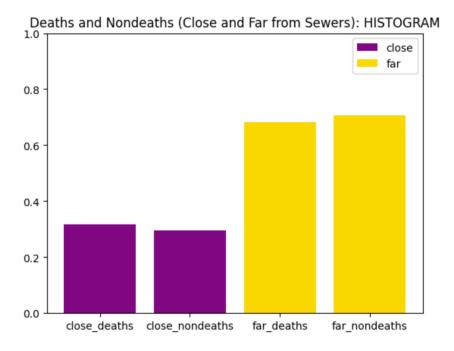
THE DATA SCIENCE REASONING FRAMEWORK

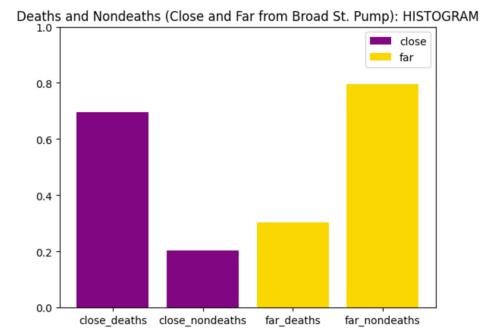


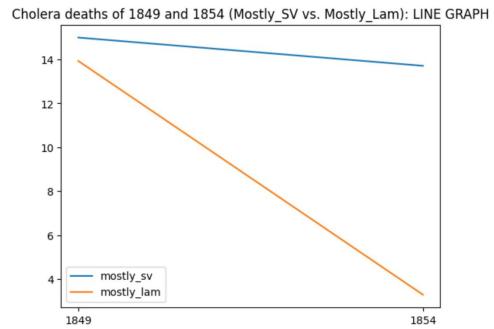


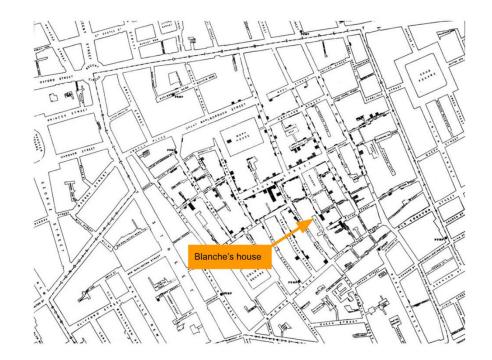












At 7, Layton's Buildings, July 29, a tailor, aged 20,

"cholera 17 hours". Southwark and Vauxhall.

At 2, Dobb's Cross, July 30, the son of a shop-keeper,
aged 10 yrs., "cholera Asiatic 24 hours". Southwark & Vauxhall.

At 81, Ann Street, July 29, the son of a labourer,
aged 12 years, "cholera 8 hours". Southwark and Vauxhall.

At 28, Wickham Pl., Aug. 2, son of a brush-mkr., aged

2½ yrs., "choleraic diarrhea 24 hours." Southwark & Vauxhall.

At 2, Russell Place, Aug. 2, the widow of a labourer,

