The problems on this worksheet are for in-class practice during tutorial. You are free to collaborate and to ask for help. They don't count for course credit, but it's a good idea to make sure you know how to do everything before you leave tutorial – similar problems may show up on a test or assignment.

Some integration formulas you may need:

• Volume of a solid of revolution, washer method, rotation about a horizontal axis:

$$V = \pi \int_{a}^{b} (r_{out}(x)^{2} - r_{in}(x)^{2}) dx,$$

where r_{out} gives the outer radius (distance from the far side of the region being rotated to the axis) and r_{in} gives the inner radius. If the axis of rotation is vertical, reverse the roles of x and y.

• Volume of a solid of revolution, shell method, rotation about a vertical axis:

$$V = 2\pi \int_{a}^{b} r(x)h(x) dx,$$

where r(x) is the radius of the shell (distance to axis of rotation) and h(x) is the height of the shell. If the region lies between y = g(x) (above) and y = f(x) (below), and the axis of rotation is the y-axis we get the formula

$$V = 2\pi \int_a^b x(g(x) - f(x)) dx$$

as a special case. If the axis of rotation is horizontal, reverse the roles of x and y.

• Arc length of a curve y = f(x), for $a \le x \le b$:

$$L = \int_a^b \sqrt{1 + f'(x)^2} \, dx.$$

• Surface area generated by revolving y = f(x), $a \le x \le b$ about the x-axis:

$$S = 2\pi \int_{a}^{b} f(x)\sqrt{1 + f'(x)^{2}} dx.$$

• Surface area generated by revolving y = f(x), $a \le x \le b$ about the y-axis:

$$S = 2\pi \int_{a}^{b} x \sqrt{1 + f'(x)^2} \, dx.$$

Exercises

- 1. Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region bounded by $y = x^2$, x = 1, and y = 0 about the x-axis.
- 2. Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region bounded by $y = \sqrt{x}$, y = 1, and x = 0 about the x-axis.
- 3. Repeat Problem 2, but revolving about the y-axis.
- 4. Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region bounded by $x = y y^2$ and x = 0 about the y-axis.
- 5. Use the shell method to find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region bounded by $y = 6x 2x^2$ and y = 0, about the y-axis.
- 6. Use the shell method to find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region bounded by y = x and $y = \sqrt{x}$ about the x-axis.
- 7. Find the length of the curve $y = \frac{1}{12}x^3 + \frac{1}{x}$, for $x \in [1, 4]$.
- 8. Find the area of the surface obtained by revolving $y = \sqrt{x}$, for $x \in [0, 1]$, about the x-axis.
- 9. Find the area of the surface obtained by revolving $y = x^2$, for $x \in [0, 1]$, about the y-axis.
- 10. Find the area of the surface obtained by revolving $x = 1 + 2y^2$, $1 \le y \le 2$, about the x-axis.