

# Math 2000 Tutorial Worksheet

October 2, 2015

This week's tutorial will focus on proofs of conditional statements. Please discuss the following problems with your classmates:

1. (Section 3.1 #1) Prove each of the following statements:

- (a) For all integers  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  with  $a \neq 0$ , if  $a \mid b$  and  $b \mid c$ , then  $a \mid (b - c)$ .
- (b) For each  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ , if  $n$  is odd, then  $n^3$  is odd.
- (c) For each integer  $a$ , if 4 divides  $a - 1$ , then 4 divides  $a^2 - 1$ .

(Hint: all three can be proved using previously established results.)

2. (Section 3.1 #3 (partial)) Determine if each of the following statements is true or false. If a statement is true, then write a formal proof of that statement, and if the statement is false, then provide a counterexample that shows it is false.

- (a) For all integers  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$ , with  $a \neq 0$ , if  $a \mid b$ , then  $a \mid (bc)$ .
- (b) For all integers  $a$  and  $b$ , with  $a \neq 0$ , if  $6 \mid (ab)$ , then  $6 \mid a$  or  $6 \mid b$ .

3. (Section 3.1 #8) Let  $a$  and  $b$  be integers. Prove that if  $a \equiv 7 \pmod{8}$  and  $b \equiv 3 \pmod{8}$ , then

$$(a) \ a + b \equiv 2 \pmod{8} \qquad (b) \ a \cdot b \equiv 5 \pmod{8}.$$

(You should try proving these in two ways: (i) directly, and (ii) using a known result from class.)

4. Prove that for all integers  $n$ ,  $n$  is odd if and only if  $n^3$  is odd.
5. Prove that for all integers  $x$ , if  $7x + 9$  is even, then  $x$  is odd. (Hint: use proof by contrapositive.)
6. Prove that there exist integers  $x$  and  $y$  such that  $2x - 3y = 2$ . (Hint: try a constructive proof.)
7. If you've done all the above and there's still time, use proof by contradiction to prove that  $\sqrt{18}$  is irrational. (See Section 3.3 #4.)  
*Hint:* You may assume that  $\sqrt{2}$  is irrational.