University of Lethbridge Department of Mathematics and Computer Science

MATH 1560 - Tutorial #2

Monday, January 22

Some additional practice (copy these into your notes but do not submit anything):

1. Use algebraic manipulation (if necessary) to evaluate:

(a)
$$\lim_{x\to 2} \frac{x^2-4}{x^3-8}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + 1}$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x \to 4} \frac{x-4}{\sqrt{x}-2}$$

2. Evaluate these limits involving trig functions:

(a)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\tan(2x)}{x}$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to \pi/6} \frac{\sin(x) - \frac{1}{2}}{x - \pi/6}$$
 (c)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\sin(x)}{x}$$

(c)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\sin(x)}{x}$$

3. Challenge problem: evaluate
$$\lim_{x\to 1} \frac{\sin(x-1)}{x^2-3x+2}$$

Evaluate the following limits. Circle up to 4 limits that you would especially like feedback on.

1.
$$\lim_{x \to 3} \frac{x^2 - 9}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$$

2.
$$\lim_{x \to 2} \frac{\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{2}}{x - 2}$$

$$3. \lim_{x \to 4} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 9} - 5}{x - 4}$$

4.
$$\lim_{x \to 2^{-}} \frac{|x-2|}{x-2}$$

$$5. \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin(3x)}{\sin(5x)}$$

6.
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{2 + x - 4x^3}{3x^3 - 4x^2 + 1}$$

7. The limits $\lim_{x\to 0^+} f(x)$ and $\lim_{x\to 2^-} f(x)$, given that $x^2 \le f(x) \le 2x$ for $x \in [0,2]$.

8. Suppose you know $\lim_{x\to a} f(x) = 4$ and $\lim_{x\to a} g(x) = -3$. What can you say about

$$\lim_{x \to a} (f(x) + g(x)), \quad \lim_{x \to a} (f(x)g(x)), \quad \text{and} \quad \lim_{x \to a} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}?$$

What if $\lim_{x\to a} g(x)$ does not exist?