Name and student number:

[5] 1. Let A and B be subsets of some universal set U. Prove that if $A \subseteq B$, then $B^c \subseteq A^c$.

[5] 2. Prove the following assertion, or give a counterexample to show that it is false: For any subsets A, B, C, and D of some universal set U, if $A \subseteq C$ and $B \subseteq D$, and $A \cap B = \emptyset$, then $C \cap D = \emptyset$. (Here, \emptyset denotes the empty set.)

Total: 10 points