# Ruby-esque Pseudo-Code for Convex Hull Divide-and-Conquer Algorithm

```
def solve(points)
    points = recursive solve(points)
    (points.size / 2).times do
        points = points.convexify
    end
    return points
end
def recursive solve(points)
   if points.size <= 2
        return points
    else
        left, right = points.divide in half
        return combine(recursive solve(left), recursive solve(right))
    end
end
def combine(left, right) <</pre>
    merged = left.merge(right)
     clockwise = merged.sort clockwise
     return clockwise.convexify
end
def convexify(points)
     if points.size > 3
         centroid = points.get_centroid
         # pseudo code:
         # 1. loop through each point in 'points'; let each be called 'current'
         # 2. form a triangle from the centroid to
              the point before and the point after 'current'
         # 3. if 'current' falls inside the triangle, remove it from 'points'
     end
     return points
end
```

## **Analysis of Computational Efficiency**

1. convexify and sort clockwise are situated in the inner-most loop.

convexify: order *n* operation

sort\_clockwise: order *n* log *n* operation (merge sort)

2. combine is the next outer loop.

Merge: order *n* operation

- + time to sort clockwise
- + time to convexify
- 3. recursive\_solve is the next outer loop

This is the divide-and-conquer portion of the algorithm

Divide: order *n* operation

- + time to combine
- 4. solve adds precision to the recursively created solution by iteratively removing unnecessary inner points (using convexify).
  - + time to recursive solve
  - + convexify \* (m / 2) where m is the number of points in the outer rim after applying recursive\_solve

$$T(n) = 2T(n/2) + T_{combine}(n)$$
  $T_{combine}(n) = 2n + n \cdot log(n)$ 

$$T(n) = 2T(n/2) + 2n + n \cdot log(n)$$
  
 $T(n) = 2T(n/2) + O(n^2)^*$ 

So, by the master theorem:

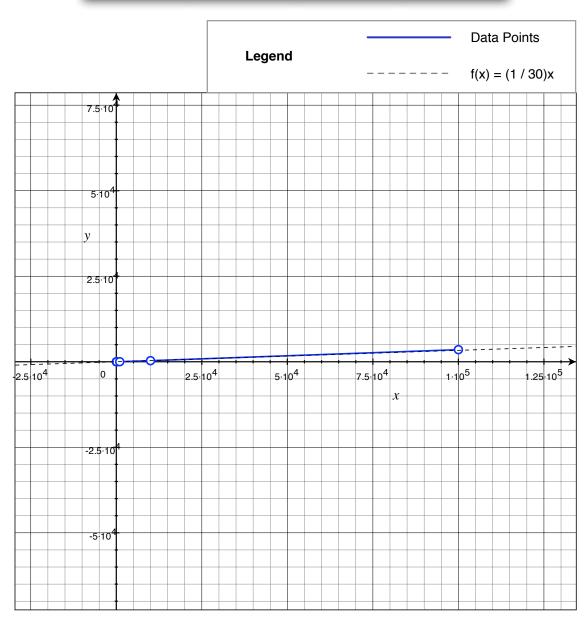
$$T(n) = O(n^2)$$

\* Actually, we can do better than that, but the master theorem doesn't work well without a power in the 2nd function (**n** raised to some power of **d**)... so T(n) may actually be bound by O(n log(n)), or something in between.

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## **Emperical Analysis**

n	Time (ms)	Time (ms)	Time (ms)
10	0.1	0.2	0.2
100	1.8	1.9	1.8
1,000	21.1	29.5	21.2
10,000	320.2	728.6	368.3
100,000	3,537.1	3,752.2	3,235.8
1,000,000	bad data*	bad data*	bad data*



<sup>\*</sup> Test was completed on a machine with only 256 MB RAM. Disk swapping (virtual memory) became a significant time factor at 1M points.

## **Comparison of Theoretical and Emperical Analyses**

My emperical analysis seems to suggest this is a linear-order growth problem; however, my theoretical analysis places it at  $O(n^2)$ , or possibly somewhere between  $O(n \log(n))$  and  $O(n^2)$ . So there is a discrepancy between the theory and the practical tests.

It may be that if I could increase the number of points in my test beyond 100,000 I would start to see an increase matching one of the possibilities above. In fact, it seems very unlikely that this is an order n problem, so if I were a betting man, I would place my chips in the "at least n log(n)" bin. But alas, this is an analysis and betting is not allowed. So I will point out that the theoretical big-O bound of n^2 does indeed bound the seemingly linear order output.

I used a graphing program ("Grapher" on Mac OS X) to find the constant of proportionality, i.e. the fraction 1/30, as noted on the previous page.

### **Guide to the Source Code**

This page (the one you are reading) is PDF page 4.

All of the helper classes such as ColoredPoint and PointList (a list of ColoredPoints) are contained in PDF pages 5-11.

The ConvexHullSolver class starts on PDF **page 12** of the source code output and is the most relevant portion of this paper.

I made several modifications to the source code package that was given to us, as I wanted a more hands-on GUI that would let me experiment with groups of Hull objects etc. Therefore, I've included the source code output of FormMain starting on PDF **page 13**.

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```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Text;
namespace ConvexHull
   class ColoredPoint
       bool highlighted;
       Pen pen;
        Size size;
        float width;
        public float X, Y;
        public ColoredPoint(ColoredPoint cp)
            init(cp.X, cp.Y, cp.getPen(), cp.getSize(), cp.getWidth(), cp.isHighlighted 

✔
    ());
        public ColoredPoint(float x, float y)
            init(x, y, Color.Black);
        }
        public ColoredPoint(float x, float y, Color color)
            init(x, y, color);
        }
        private void init(float x, float y, Color color)
            init(x, y, new Pen(color, width), new Size(4, 4), 1.0F, false);
        private void init(float x, float y, Pen p, Size s, float w, bool high)
            width = w;
            X = X; Y = y;
            pen = p;
            size = s;
            highlighted = high;
        }
        public bool contains(Point p)
            return getSurroundingRect().Contains(p);
        public Rectangle getRect()
        {
            return getRectWithPadding(0);
        public Rectangle getSurroundingRect()
            return getRectWithPadding(4);
        }
        public Rectangle getRectWithPadding(int padding)
            Size s = new Size(size.Width, size.Height);
            s.Width += padding * 2;
            s.Height += padding * 2;
            PointF p = getPointF();
```

```
p.X -= s.Width / 2;
           p.Y -= s.Height / 2;
           return new Rectangle(Point.Round(p), s);
       public Point getPoint()
           return new Point((int)X, (int)Y);
       public PointF getPointF()
        {
           return new PointF(X, Y);
       public Pen getPen()
           return pen;
       }
       public Color getColor()
           return pen.Color;
       public Size getSize()
           return size;
       }
       public float getWidth()
           return width;
       public bool isHighlighted()
           return highlighted;
       public void highlight()
           highlighted = true;
           width = 2.0F;
           pen = new Pen(Color.Red, width);
        }
       public void unhighlight()
           highlighted = false;
           width = 1.0F;
           pen = new Pen(Color.Black, width);
       }
   }
}
```

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Text;
using System.Drawing;
namespace ConvexHull
    class DividedList
        public PointList left;
        public PointList right;
        public DividedList(PointList 1, PointList r)
            left = 1; right = r;
    }
    class PointList : List<ColoredPoint>
        static PointF compareCenter = new PointF();
        public PointList() : base() {}
        public PointList(PointList p) : base(p) {}
        public PointList(List<ColoredPoint> p) : base(p) { }
        public PointList copy()
        {
            PointList pl = new PointList();
            foreach (ColoredPoint pc in this) pl.Add(new ColoredPoint(pc));
            return pl;
        }
        public int topPointIndex()
            int topIndex = -1;
            for (int i = 0; i < Count; i++)</pre>
                if (topIndex == -1 || this[i].Y < this[topIndex].Y) topIndex = i;</pre>
            return topIndex;
        public ColoredPoint topPoint() { return this[topPointIndex()]; }
        public int bottomPointIndex()
            int bottomIndex = -1;
            for (int i = 0; i < Count; i++)</pre>
                if (bottomIndex == -1 || this[i].Y > this[bottomIndex].Y) bottomIndex = i ✔
            return bottomIndex;
        public ColoredPoint bottomPoint() { return this[bottomPointIndex()]; }
        public int leftPointIndex()
            int leftIndex = -1;
            for (int i = 0; i < Count; i++)</pre>
                if (leftIndex == -1 || this[i].X < this[leftIndex].X) leftIndex = i;</pre>
            return leftIndex;
        public ColoredPoint leftPoint() { return this[leftPointIndex()]; }
        public int rightPointIndex()
            int rightIndex = -1;
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < Count; i++)</pre>
            if (rightIndex == -1 || this[i].X > this[rightIndex].X) rightIndex = i;
        return rightIndex;
    public ColoredPoint rightPoint() { return this[rightPointIndex()]; }
    public DividedList divide()
        PointF p = getCentroid();
        Predicate < Colored Point > left = delegate (Colored Point cp) { return cp. X < p. X; ✔
 };
        Predicate < Colored Point > right = delegate (Colored Point cp) { return cp.X >= p. x
X; };
        return new DividedList(
            new PointList(FindAll(left)),
            new PointList(FindAll(right)));
    }
    public PointList highlight()
        foreach (ColoredPoint cp in this) cp.highlight();
        return this;
    }
    public PointList unhighlight()
        foreach (ColoredPoint cp in this) cp.unhighlight();
        return this;
    }
    public PointF getCentroid()
        float x = 0.0F, y = 0.0F;
        foreach (ColoredPoint cp in this)
            x += cp.X;
            y += cp.Y;
        return new PointF(x / Count, y / Count);
    public PointList highlightedList()
        Predicate < Colored Point > highlighted = delegate (Colored Point cp) { return cp. 🕊
isHighlighted(); };
        return new PointList(FindAll(highlighted));
    }
    public PointList clockWiseList()
        PointList orderedList = new PointList(this);
        compareCenter = orderedList.getCentroid();
        orderedList.Sort(compareClockWise);
        return orderedList;
    }
    public PointList counterClockWiseList()
        PointList orderedList = new PointList(this);
        compareCenter = orderedList.getCentroid();
        orderedList.Sort(compareCounterClockWise);
        return orderedList;
    }
    public PointList selectTopHalf()
```

```
PointList topHalf = new PointList();
        int leftMost = leftPointIndex(), rightMost = rightPointIndex();
        float bottom = Math.Max(this[leftMost].Y, this[rightMost].Y);
        foreach (ColoredPoint cp in this)
            if (cp.Y <= bottom) topHalf.Add(cp);</pre>
        return topHalf;
   }
   public PointList selectBotHalf()
        PointList bottomHalf = new PointList();
        int leftMost = leftPointIndex(), rightMost = rightPointIndex();
        float top = Math.Min(this[leftMost].Y, this[rightMost].Y);
        foreach (ColoredPoint cp in this)
            if (cp.Y >= top) bottomHalf.Add(cp);
        return bottomHalf;
   }
   private static int compareClockWise(ColoredPoint p1, ColoredPoint p2)
        double x1 = (double)(p1.X - compareCenter.X);
        double y1 = (double)(p1.Y - compareCenter.Y);
        double r1 = Math.Atan2(y1, x1);
        double x2 = (double)(p2.X - compareCenter.X);
        double y2 = (double)(p2.Y - compareCenter.Y);
        double r2 = Math.Atan2(y2, x2);
        if (r1 == r2) return 0;
        if (r1 > r2) return 1;
        return -1;
    }
   private static int compareCounterClockWise(ColoredPoint p1, ColoredPoint p2)
        return compareClockWise(p2, p1);
    }
   public void drawPoints(Graphics q)
        foreach (ColoredPoint cp in this)
            g.DrawRectangle(cp.getPen(), cp.getRect());
    }
   public void drawConnections(Graphics q, bool primaryConnections)
        PointList orderedList = clockWiseList();
        ColoredPoint prev = null;
        Pen pen = primaryConnections ? new Pen(Color.Gray, 2F) : new Pen(Color.Blue, 🕊
2F);
        foreach (ColoredPoint cp in orderedList)
            if (prev != null)
            {
                g.DrawLine(pen, prev.getPoint(), cp.getPoint());
            prev = cp;
        // Connect head to tail
        if (orderedList.Count > 0)
            q.DrawLine(pen,
                orderedList[0].getPoint(),
                orderedList[orderedList.Count - 1].getPoint());
    }
   public void drawHighlightedConnections(Graphics q, bool primaryConnections)
```

```
highlightedList().drawConnections(g, primaryConnections);
}
private bool pointAboveLine(ColoredPoint p1, ColoredPoint n1, ColoredPoint n2)
    if (n2.Y - n1.Y == 0F)
        return p1.Y <= n1.Y;</pre>
    else
        return p1.Y <= ((n2.X - n1.X) * (p1.X - n1.X)) / (n2.Y - n1.Y) + n1.Y;
}
private bool pointBelowLine (ColoredPoint p1, ColoredPoint n1, ColoredPoint n2)
    if (n2.Y - n1.Y == 0F)
        return p1.Y >= n1.Y;
        return p1.Y >= ((n2.X - n1.X) * (p1.X - n1.X)) / (n2.Y - n1.Y) + n1.Y;
}
public bool hasPointAboveLine(ColoredPoint n1, ColoredPoint n2)
    foreach (ColoredPoint cp in this)
       if (pointAboveLine(cp, n1, n2) && n1 != cp && n2 != cp) return true;
    return false;
}
public bool hasPointBelowLine(ColoredPoint n1, ColoredPoint n2)
    foreach (ColoredPoint cp in this)
        if (pointBelowLine(cp, n1, n2) && n1 != cp && n2 != cp) return true;
    return false;
}
public void RemoveBetween(int start, int end)
    if (start == end) return;
    if (++start >= Count) start = 0;
    if (--end < 0) end = Count - 1;
    if (start < end)</pre>
    {
        RemoveRange(start, end - start);
    }
    else
    {
        RemoveRange(start, Count - start);
        RemoveRange(0, end);
}
public PointList Convexify()
{
    if (Count <= 3) return new PointList(this);</pre>
    PointList convex = new PointList();
    PointF centroidF = getCentroid();
    ColoredPoint centroid = new ColoredPoint(centroidF.X, centroidF.Y);
    for (int i = 0; i < Count - 2; i++)
        ColoredPoint p1 = this[i], p2 = this[i + 1], p3 = this[i + 2];
        if (!PointList.insideTriangle(p2, centroid, p1, p3))
            convex.Add(p2);
    }
```

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```
// Add the end points
           if (!PointList.insideTriangle(this[0], centroid, this[Count - 1], this[1]))
               convex.Add(this[0]);
           if (!PointList.insideTriangle(this[Count - 1], centroid, this[0], this[Count ✔
   - 2]))
                convex.Add(this[Count - 1]);
           return convex;
       }
       public static PointList Merge(PointList p1, PointList p2)
           PointList newList = new PointList();
           foreach (ColoredPoint cp in p1) newList.Add(cp);
           foreach (ColoredPoint cp in p2) newList.Add(cp);
           return newList;
       public static bool insideTriangle(ColoredPoint p, ColoredPoint a, ColoredPoint b, ✔
    ColoredPoint c)
       {
            float m = (a.X - p.X) * (b.Y - p.Y) - (b.X - p.X) * (a.Y - p.Y);
           float n = (b.X - p.X) * (c.Y - p.Y) - (c.X - p.X) * (b.Y - p.Y);
           float o = (c.X - p.X) * (a.Y - p.Y) - (a.X - p.X) * (c.Y - p.Y);
           return (Math.Sign(m) == Math.Sign(n) && Math.Sign(n) == Math.Sign(o));
    }
}
```

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Text;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.Drawing;
namespace ConvexHull
    class ConvexHullSolver
    {
        PictureBox picture;
        Graphics graphics;
        public ConvexHullSolver(PictureBox p)
            picture = p;
            graphics = Graphics.FromImage(picture.Image);
        }
        public PointList Solve(PointList points)
             //return RecursiveSolve(points).Convexify().Convexify().Convexify().Convexify ✔
    ().Convexify().Convexify();
            PointList solution = RecursiveSolve(points);
            for (int i = 0; i < solution.Count / 2; i++)</pre>
                 solution = solution.Convexify();
            return solution;
        }
        public PointList RecursiveSolve(PointList points)
             if (points.Count <= 2)</pre>
             {
                 return points.copy();
             }
             else
             {
                 DividedList dl = points.divide();
PointList left = Solve(dl.left);
PointList right = Solve(dl.right);
                 return Combine(left, right);
             }
        }
        public PointList Combine(PointList left, PointList right)
             if (left.Count == 0) return right;
            if (right.Count == 0) return left;
            return PointList.Merge(left, right).clockWiseList().Convexify();
        }
        public PointList CombineHex(PointList left, PointList right)
             if (left.Count == 0) return right;
            if (right.Count == 0) return left;
            left = left.clockWiseList();
            right = right.counterClockWiseList();
            PointList combined = new PointList();
            ColoredPoint edgePoint;
            edgePoint = left.topPoint();
             if (!combined.Contains(edgePoint)) combined.Add(edgePoint);
             edgePoint = left.leftPoint();
```

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```
if (!combined.Contains(edgePoint)) combined.Add(edgePoint);
edgePoint = left.bottomPoint();
if (!combined.Contains(edgePoint)) combined.Add(edgePoint);

edgePoint = right.topPoint();
if (!combined.Contains(edgePoint)) combined.Add(edgePoint);
edgePoint = right.rightPoint();
if (!combined.Contains(edgePoint)) combined.Add(edgePoint);
edgePoint = right.bottomPoint();
if (!combined.Contains(edgePoint)) combined.Add(edgePoint);
return combined;
}
```

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Collections;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Text;
using System. Windows. Forms;
using System. Diagnostics;
namespace ConvexHull
{
    public partial class FormMain : Form
        abstract class PointGenerator
            /// <summary>
            /// Generates a random point in a rectangle defined with the given width x
    height.
            /// Sub classes should implement a specific algorithm to determine point
    distribution.
            /// </summary>
            /// <param name="width">Width of the bounding rectangle</param>
            /// <param name="height">Height of the bounding rectangle</param>
            /// <returns>The generated random point</returns>
            public abstract ColoredPoint generatePointIn(int width, int height);
        }
        class GaussianPointGenerator : PointGenerator {
            // Uses this to generate the Guassian distribution
            // from http://msdn.microsoft.com/msdnmag/issues/06/09/TestRun/default.aspx
            // (http://msdn.microsoft.com/msdnmag/issues/06/09/TestRun/default.aspx?loc=& ✔
    fig=true#fig9)
            class Gaussian
            {
                private Random r = new Random(0);
                private bool use last result = false; // flag for NextGaussian3()
                private double y\overline{2} = 0.0; // secondary result for NextGaussian3()
                public double NextGaussian(double mean, double sd) // most efficient
                    double x1, x2, w, y1 = 0.0;
                    if (use last result) // use answer from previous call?
                    {
                        y1 = y2;
                        use last result = false;
                    }
                    else
                    {
                        do
                            x1 = 2.0 * r.NextDouble() - 1.0;
                            x2 = 2.0 * r.NextDouble() - 1.0;
                            w = (x1 * x1) + (x2 * x2);
                        while (w \ge 1.0); // are x1 and x2 inside unit circle?
                        w = Math.Sqrt((-2.0 * Math.Log(w)) / w);
                        y1 = x1 * w;
                        y2 = x2 * w;
                        use_last_result = true;
```

```
return mean + y1 * sd;
            }
        Gaussian m rand;
        public GaussianPointGenerator() {
            m rand = new Gaussian();
        public override ColoredPoint generatePointIn(int width, int height) {
           // mdj 1/8/07 generate random points with floats instead of ints to avoid ✔
 having so many
            // duplicates as per Dr. Ringger's comments from Fall 06. Doubles would 🕊
be better, but there's
            // no built-in point data structure for doubles.
            return new ColoredPoint(width / 2 + (float)m rand.NextGaussian(0, width / &
 6),
                             height / 2 + (float) m rand. NextGaussian (0, height / 6));
        }
    }
    class UniformPointGenerator : PointGenerator
        private Random rand = new Random(0);
        /// <summary>
        /// Generates points that are uniformly distributed inside of the oval
        /// defined by the bounding rectangle passed in.
        /// </summary>
        /// <param name="width">Width of the bounding rectangle</param>
        /// <param name="height">Height of the bounding rectangle</param>
        /// <returns>Random point in an oval bound by the rectangle</returns>
        public override ColoredPoint generatePointIn(int width, int height) {
            double r, x, y;
            do {
                //First generate points inside a circle
                x = 2.0 * rand.NextDouble() - 1.0;
                y = 2.0 * rand.NextDouble() - 1.0;
                //Check radius
                r = Math.Sqrt(x * x + y * y);
            } while(r > 1.0);
            //Now convert to possibly-oval, larger bounds
            x *= width / 2 - 10;
                                   //giving 5px border on each side
            y *= width / 2 - 10;
            //Translate to screen coords
            x += width / 2;
            y += height / 2;
            //Using float gives fewer duplicates than using int.
            //Double would be better but there is no Point-Double class.
            return new ColoredPoint((float)x, (float)y);
        }
    }
    PointGenerator pointGenerator;
    PointList m primaryPointList, m originalPointList;
    List<PointList> m_pointLists;
    ColoredPoint m mouseDragPoint;
    ColoredPoint m contextPoint;
    private Hashtable UniquePoints;
    //bool m_imageScaled;
    public FormMain()
```

```
InitializeComponent();
        pictureBoxView.Image = new Bitmap(pictureBoxView.Width, pictureBoxView.
Height);
        pointGenerator = new UniformPointGenerator();
        radioUniform.Checked = true;  //start with this as the default
        UniquePoints = new Hashtable();
        m primaryPointList = new PointList();
        m originalPointList = new PointList();
        m pointLists = new List<PointList>();
        this.ContextMenuStrip = cmUnhighlightedPoint;
    }
   private ColoredPoint getRandomPoint()
        //eam, 1/17/08 -- changed to use a Strategy Pattern for generating pts w/
different distributions
       return pointGenerator.generatePointIn(pictureBoxView.Width, pictureBoxView.
Height);
   }
   private void resetPoints()
        m primaryPointList.Clear();
        m pointLists.Clear();
        buttonCombineHulls.Enabled = false;
        buttonRemoveHulls.Enabled = false;
    }
   private void generatePoints()
        // create point list
       int numPoints = int.Parse(textBoxNumPoints.Text);
        resetPoints();
        UniquePoints.Clear();
        ColoredPoint NewlyCreatedPoint;
        pbProgress.Value = pbProgress.Minimum;
        pbProgress.Maximum = 100;
        // make sure X value are unique. Y values may contain duplicates by the way. m{\ell}
        while (UniquePoints.Count < numPoints)</pre>
        {
            pbProgress.Value = (int) (100f * ((float) UniquePoints.Count / ((float) &
numPoints)));
            NewlyCreatedPoint = getRandomPoint();
                                                   //get the next point to add
            if (!UniquePoints.Contains(NewlyCreatedPoint.X))
                UniquePoints.Add(NewlyCreatedPoint.X,NewlyCreatedPoint);
        };
        // more convenient from here on out to use list.
        foreach (ColoredPoint point in UniquePoints.Values)
            m primaryPointList.Add(point);
        }
        // find the max and min
        float maxX = pictureBoxView.Image.Width, maxY = pictureBoxView.Image.Height;
        float minX = 0, minY = 0;
        foreach (ColoredPoint point in m primaryPointList)
            if(maxX < point.X) maxX = point.X;</pre>
            if(maxY < point.Y) maxY = point.Y;</pre>
            if(minX > point.X) minX = point.X;
            if (minY > point.Y) minY = point.Y;
```

```
// find translation factors
    float transX = (minX < OF) ? -minX : OF;</pre>
    float transY = (minY < OF) ? -minY : OF;</pre>
    // find the point range
    float rangeX = transX + (maxX - minX);
    float rangeY = transY + (maxY - minY);
    // find scaling factors
    const int padding = 20;
    float scaleX = (pictureBoxView.Image.Width - padding) / rangeX;
    float scaleY = (pictureBoxView.Image.Height - padding) / rangeY;
    // only shrink points , not enlarge them
    if (scaleX > 1.0) scaleX = 1F;
    if (scaleY > 1.0) scaleY = 1F;
    // scale points
    for(int i = 0; i < m_primaryPointList.Count; ++i)</pre>
        ColoredPoint p = m primaryPointList[i];
        p.X = transX + (p.X * scaleX);
        p.Y = transY + (p.Y * scaleY);
        m primaryPointList[i] = p;
    /*if (scaleX != 1.0 || scaleY != 1.0)
        m imageScaled = true;*/
    m originalPointList = m primaryPointList.copy();
    pictureBoxView.Invalidate();
    statusLabel.Text = "" + numPoints + " points Generated. Scale factor: " +
         ((scaleX >= scaleY) ? scaleX : scaleY);
}
#region GUI Control
private void buttonGenerate Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    generatePoints();
}
private void textBoxNumPoints Validating(object sender, CancelEventArgs e)
    int result;
    if(!(int.TryParse(textBoxNumPoints.Text, out result)))
        e.Cancel = true;
}
private void buttonSolve Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    // Clear our list of lists, except for the first one
    // Start solving
    Stopwatch timer = new Stopwatch();
    timer.Start();
    ConvexHullSolver convexHullSolver = new ConvexHullSolver(pictureBoxView);
    //m pointLists = convexHullSolver.Solve2(m primaryPointList);
    m pointLists.Add(convexHullSolver.Solve(m primaryPointList).highlight());
    timer.Stop();
    m primaryPointList.unhighlight();
    buttonRemoveHulls.Enabled = true;
    pictureBoxView.Invalidate();
    statusLabel.Text = "Done. Time taken: " + timer.Elapsed;
```

```
}
private void buttonClearToPoints Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    resetPoints();
    m primaryPointList = m originalPointList.copy();
    pictureBoxView.Invalidate();
    statusLabel.Text = "Cleared to the original points.";
#endregion
private void radioUniform CheckedChanged(object sender, EventArgs e) {
    if( !(pointGenerator is UniformPointGenerator) ) {
        pointGenerator = new UniformPointGenerator();
    }
}
private void radioGaussian CheckedChanged(object sender, EventArgs e) {
    if( !(pointGenerator is GaussianPointGenerator) ) {
        pointGenerator = new GaussianPointGenerator();
}
private void pictureBoxView Paint(object sender, PaintEventArgs e)
    Graphics g = e.Graphics;
    // Clear the picture box view
    g.Clear(Color.White);
    // Draw dots and connections
    foreach (PointList pointList in m pointLists)
        pointList.drawPoints(g);
        pointList.drawHighlightedConnections(g, false);
    // Draw the official source list as well
    m primaryPointList.drawPoints(g);
    m primaryPointList.drawHighlightedConnections(g, true);
private void buttonHighlightEverything Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    m primaryPointList.highlight();
    pictureBoxView.Invalidate();
}
private void buttonHighlightNothing Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    m primaryPointList.unhighlight();
    pictureBoxView.Invalidate();
}
private void btnTop Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    PointList top = m primaryPointList.selectTopHalf();
    if (top[0].isHighlighted())
       m primaryPointList.unhighlight();
    else
       top.highlight();
    pictureBoxView.Invalidate();
}
private void btnBottom Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    PointList bottom = m primaryPointList.selectBotHalf();
    if (bottom[0].isHighlighted())
```

```
m primaryPointList.unhighlight();
    else
        bottom.highlight();
    pictureBoxView.Invalidate();
}
private void pictureBoxView MouseDown(object sender, MouseEventArgs e)
    Point mouse = new Point(e.X, e.Y);
    if (e.Button == MouseButtons.Left)
    {
        foreach (ColoredPoint cp in m primaryPointList)
            if (cp.contains(mouse))
                m_mouseDragPoint = cp;
            }
        }
    }
}
private void pictureBoxView MouseMove(object sender, MouseEventArgs e)
    if (e.Button == MouseButtons.Left && m mouseDragPoint != null)
    {
        m mouseDragPoint.X = e.X;
        m mouseDragPoint.Y = e.Y;
        pictureBoxView.Invalidate();
    }
    // Context Menus
    Point mouse = new Point(e.X, e.Y);
    foreach (ColoredPoint cp in m_primaryPointList)
    {
        if (cp.contains(mouse))
        {
            // Store for later context menu use
            m contextPoint = cp;
            if (cp.isHighlighted())
                this.ContextMenuStrip = cmHighlightedPoint;
                break;
            }
            else
                this.ContextMenuStrip = cmUnhighlightedPoint;
                break;
        }
        else
            this.ContextMenuStrip = null;
        }
    }
}
private void pictureBoxView MouseUp(object sender, MouseEventArgs e)
    if (e.Button == MouseButtons.Left)
    {
        m mouseDragPoint = null;
}
```

```
private void pictureBoxView MouseClick(object sender, MouseEventArgs e)
   private void pictureBoxView MouseDoubleClick(object sender, MouseEventArgs e)
        Point mouse = new Point(e.X, e.Y);
        if (e.Button == MouseButtons.Left)
        {
            foreach (ColoredPoint cp in m primaryPointList)
                if (cp.contains(mouse))
                    if (cp.isHighlighted())
                       cp.unhighlight();
                    else
                       cp.highlight();
                    pictureBoxView.Invalidate();
                    return;
                }
            }
            // Did not click on a point, so create one
            ColoredPoint newPoint = new ColoredPoint(e.X, e.Y);
            newPoint.highlight();
            m primaryPointList.Add(newPoint);
            pictureBoxView.Invalidate();
        }
    }
   private void highlightMenuItem Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       m contextPoint.highlight();
       pictureBoxView.Invalidate();
   private void unhighlightMenuItem Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       m contextPoint.unhighlight();
       pictureBoxView.Invalidate();
   private void removeUnhighlightedMenuItem Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       m_primaryPointList.Remove(m_contextPoint);
       pictureBoxView.Invalidate();
   private void removeHighlightedMenuItem Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       m primaryPointList.Remove(m contextPoint);
       pictureBoxView.Invalidate();
   }
   private void buttonCombineHulls Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
        ConvexHullSolver convexHullSolver = new ConvexHullSolver(pictureBoxView);
       if (m_pointLists.Count < 2) throw new Exception("Must have 2 point lists to
combine.");
       PointList combined = convexHullSolver.Combine(m pointLists[0], m pointLists
[1]);
       m primaryPointList.unhighlight();
       m pointLists.Clear();
```

```
buttonCombineHulls.Enabled = false;
       buttonRemoveHulls.Enabled = false;
       m pointLists.Add(combined);
       pictureBoxView.Invalidate();
   private void addAsHullToolStripMenuItem Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       m_pointLists.Add(m_primaryPointList.highlightedList().copy());
       if (m_pointLists.Count >= 1) buttonRemoveHulls.Enabled = true;
       if (m_pointLists.Count >= 2) buttonCombineHulls.Enabled = true;
       m primaryPointList.unhighlight();
       pictureBoxView.Invalidate();
   }
   private void buttonRemoveHulls Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
       m pointLists.Clear();
       buttonCombineHulls.Enabled = false;
       buttonRemoveHulls.Enabled = false;
       pictureBoxView.Invalidate();
}
```