

Performance Parameters

$$TruePowerFactor = \frac{P}{S} = DPF \frac{I_{1,RMS}}{I_{RMS}}$$

$$THD = \sqrt{\left(\frac{I_{rms}}{I_{1rms}}\right)^2 - 1}$$

Symmetry	Condition Required	a_h and b_h
Even	$f(-t) = f(t)$	$b_h = 0$ $a_h = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(t) \cos(h\omega t) d(\omega t)$
Odd	$f(-t) = -f(t)$	$a_h = 0$ $b_h = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(t) \sin(h\omega t) d(\omega t)$
Half-wave	$f(t) = -f(t + \frac{1}{2}T)$	$a_h = b_h = 0$ for even h $a_h = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(t) \cos(h\omega t) d(\omega t)$ for odd h $b_h = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(t) \sin(h\omega t) d(\omega t)$ for odd h

Figure 1: Fourier Transform Table

Switch Selection

Peak Switch Current

$$\hat{I}_{sw} = \frac{1}{(1-D)} \frac{N_2}{N_1} I_o + \frac{N_1}{N_2} \frac{(1-D)T_s}{2L_m} V_o$$

Peak Switch Voltage

$$\hat{V}_{sw} = V_d + \frac{N_1}{N_2} V_o = \frac{V_d}{(1-D)}$$

Figure 2: Flyback switch considerations

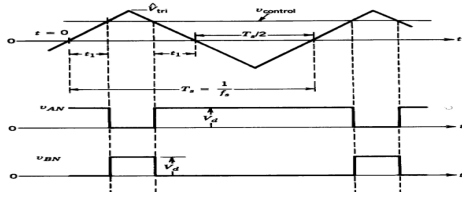


Figure 3: Bipolar Switching

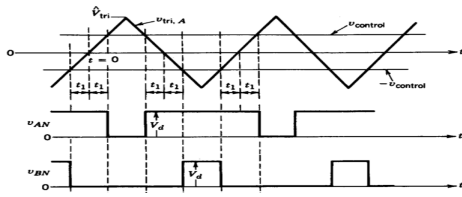


Figure 4: Unipolar switching

$$V_o = V_s \left(\frac{D}{1-D} \right) \left(\frac{N_2}{N_1} \right) \quad \frac{\Delta V_o}{V_o} = \frac{D}{RCf} \quad (L_m)_{min} = \frac{(1-D)^2 R}{2f} \left(\frac{N_1}{N_2} \right)^2$$

$$I_{Lm,max} = I_{Lm} + \frac{\Delta i_{Lm}}{2} \quad L_m = \frac{V_s D T}{\Delta i_{Lm}} = \frac{V_s D}{\Delta i_{Lm} f}$$

$$= \frac{V_s D}{(1-D)^2 R} \left(\frac{N_2}{N_1} \right)^2 + \frac{V_s D T}{2L_m} \quad \left(\frac{\Delta i_{L1}}{I_{L1}} \right)_{open} = \frac{V_s D T}{L_1 (1-D) f} \quad \left(\frac{\Delta i_{L2}}{I_{L2}} \right)_{close} = \frac{V_s D T}{L_2 (1-D) f}$$

$$I_{Lm,min} = I_{Lm} - \frac{\Delta i_{Lm}}{2} \quad \text{equate this to zero for dcm boundary}$$

$$= \frac{V_s D}{(1-D)^2 R} \left(\frac{N_2}{N_1} \right)^2 - \frac{V_s D T}{2L_m}$$

$$\Delta V_{o,ESR} = \Delta i_C r_C = I_{Lm,max} \left(\frac{N_1}{N_2} \right) r_C \quad \left(\frac{N_1}{N_2} \right)$$

Figure 5: Flyback Formulas

$$V_o = V_s D \left(\frac{N_2}{N_1} \right) \quad \frac{\Delta V_o}{V_o} = \frac{1-D}{8L_x C f^2}$$

$$\Delta V_{o,ESR} = \Delta i_C r_C = \Delta i_{L_x} r_C = \left[\frac{V_o (1-D)}{L_x f} \right] r_C$$

$$\Delta i_{L_m} = \frac{V_s D T}{L_m}$$

Figure 6: Forward (single switched) Converter Formulas

$$V_o = 2V_s \left(\frac{N_s}{N_p} \right) D \quad \frac{\Delta V_o}{V_o} = \frac{1-2D}{32L_x C f^2}$$

$$\Delta V_{o,ESR} = \Delta i_{L_x} r_C = \left[\frac{V_o \left(\frac{1}{2} - D \right)}{L_x f} \right] r_C$$

Figure 7: Push Pull Formulas

$$V_o = V_s \left(\frac{D}{1-D} \right) \quad \Delta V_{C1} = \frac{I_o D T}{C} = \frac{V_o D}{RC_1 f}$$

$$\Delta i_{L1} = \frac{V_s D T}{L_1} = \frac{V_s D}{L_1 f} \quad \Delta V_o = \Delta V_{C2} = \frac{V_o D}{RC_2 f}$$

$$\Delta i_{L2} = \frac{V_s D T}{L_2} = \frac{V_s D}{L_2 f} \quad C_1 = \frac{D}{R(\Delta V_{C1}/V_o) f}$$

$$C_2 = \frac{D}{R(\Delta V_o/V_o) f}$$

Figure 8: Sepic Converter Formulas

$$V_o = -V_s \left(\frac{D}{1-D} \right) \quad \frac{\Delta V_o}{V_o} = \frac{1-D}{8L_2 C_2 f^2}$$

$$\Delta v_{C1} \approx \frac{1}{C_1} \int_{DT}^T I_{L1} d(t) = \frac{I_{L1}}{C_1} (1-D)T = \frac{V_o}{RC_1 f} \left(\frac{D^2}{1-D} \right)$$

$$\Delta v_{C1} \approx \frac{V_o D}{RC_1 f}$$

$$\Delta i_{L1} = \frac{V_s D T}{L_1} = \frac{V_s D}{L_1 f} \quad \Delta i_{L2} = \frac{V_s D T}{L_2} = \frac{V_s D}{L_2 f}$$

$$L_{1,min} = \frac{(1-D)^2 R}{2Df} \quad L_{2,min} = \frac{(1-D)R}{2f}$$

Figure 9: Cuk Converter Formulas

$$SwitchUtilization = \frac{P_o}{P_{sw}} = \frac{I_o V_o}{q V_{swmax} I_{swmax}} \quad (1)$$