Cheat Sheet for EE464

$$FormFactor = \frac{V_{rms}}{V_{avg}}CrestFactor = \frac{V_{peak}}{V_{rms}}$$

$$DistortionFactor = \frac{I_{1rms}}{I_{rms}}$$

$$\phi: phase \ difference \ between \ fundamentals \ of \ current \ and \ voltage$$

$$DisplacementPowerFactor = \cos(\phi)$$

$$TruePowerFactor = \frac{P}{S} = DPF \frac{I_{1,RMS}}{I_{RMS}}$$

$$THD = \sqrt{(\frac{I_{rms}}{I_{1rms}})^2 - 1}$$

Voltages on inductors during on-off times(for ease of waveform drawing) Buck:(Vd-Vo):-Vo;Boost:Vd:-(Vo-Vd); BuckBoost:Vd:-Vo Cuk, SEPIC, Flyback: Buck-Boost Topologies; Cuk in-out filter, SEPIC + polarity.Boost:CurrentConv.(Lto source,Dhigh).Rest from buck

Converters

$$\begin{split} & V_o = V_s \bigg(\frac{D}{1-D} \bigg) \bigg(\frac{N_2}{N_1} \bigg) \\ & \left[\frac{\Delta V_o}{V_o} = \frac{D}{RCf} \right] \\ & I_{L_{m,\max}} = I_{L_m} + \frac{\Delta i_{L_m}}{2} \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{(1-D)^2 R} \bigg(\frac{N_2}{N_1} \bigg)^2 + \frac{V_s DT}{2L_m} \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{\Delta i_{L_m}} = \frac{V_s D}{\Delta i_{L_m}} \\ & I_{L_{m,\min}} = I_{L_m} - \frac{\Delta i_{L_m}}{2} \quad \text{equate this to zero for dem boundary} \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{(1-D)^2 R} \bigg(\frac{N_2}{N_1} \bigg)^2 - \frac{V_s DT}{2L_m} \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{\frac{N_s}{N_1}} = \frac{(I_{L_m})DT}{T} = I_{L_m}D \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{\frac{N_s}{N_1}} = \frac{(I_{L_m})DT}{T} = I_{L_m}D \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{\frac{N_s}{N_1}} = \frac{(I_{L_m})DT}{T} = I_{L_m}D \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{\frac{N_s}{N_1}} = \frac{(I_{L_m})DT}{T} = I_{L_m}D \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{\frac{N_s}{N_1}} = \frac{(I_{L_m})DT}{T} = I_{L_m}D \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{\frac{N_s}{N_1}} = \frac{(I_{L_m})DT}{T} = I_{L_m}D \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{\frac{N_s}{N_1}} = \frac{(I_{L_m})DT}{T} = I_{L_m}D \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{\frac{N_s}{N_1}} = \frac{(I_{L_m})DT}{T} = I_{L_m}D \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{\frac{N_s}{N_1}} = \frac{(I_{L_m})DT}{T} = I_{L_m}D \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{\frac{N_s}{N_1}} = \frac{(I_{L_m})DT}{T} = I_{L_m}D \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{\frac{N_s}{N_1}} = \frac{(I_{L_m})DT}{T} = I_{L_m}D \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{\frac{N_s}{N_1}} = \frac{(I_{L_m})DT}{T} = I_{L_m}D \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{\frac{N_s}{N_1}} = \frac{(I_{L_m})DT}{T} = I_{L_m}D \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{\frac{N_s}{N_1}} = \frac{(I_{L_m})DT}{T} = I_{L_m}D \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{\frac{N_s}{N_1}} = \frac{(I_{L_m})DT}{T} = I_{L_m}D \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{N_1} = \frac{(I_{L_m})DT}{N_1} =$$

Figure 1: Flyback Formulas

$$\boxed{ \begin{aligned} V_o &= V_s D \bigg(\frac{N_2}{N_1} \bigg) } \boxed{ \frac{\Delta V_o}{V_o} = \frac{1-D}{8L_x C f^2} } D \left(1 + \frac{N_3}{N_1} \right) < 1 \\ \Delta V_{o, \text{ESR}} &= \Delta i_C r_C = \Delta i_{L_x} r_C = \left[\frac{V_o (1-D)}{L_x f} \right] r_C \\ \Delta i_{L_m} &= \frac{V_s D T}{L_m} \quad I_{L_x} = \frac{V_o}{R} : \quad \Delta i_{L_x} = \frac{V_o (1-D)}{L_x f} \end{aligned} }$$

Figure 2: Forward (single switched) Converter Formulas

$$\begin{bmatrix} V_o = 2V_s \left(\frac{N_S}{N_P}\right) D \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\Delta V_o}{V_o} = \frac{1 - 2D}{32L_x C f^2} \end{bmatrix} I_{L_x} = \frac{V_o}{R} \\ \Delta V_{o,ESR} = \Delta i_{L_x} r_C = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{V_o(\frac{1}{2} - D)}{L_x f} \end{bmatrix} r_C \end{bmatrix}$$

Figure 3: Push Pull Formulas

$$\begin{bmatrix} V_o = V_s \left(\frac{D}{1 - D} \right) & \Delta V_{C_1} = \frac{I_o DT}{C} = \frac{V_o D}{R C_1 f} \\ \Delta i_{L_1} = \frac{V_s DT}{L_1} = \frac{V_s D}{L_1 f} & \Delta V_o = \Delta V_{C_2} = \frac{V_o D}{R C_2 f} \\ \Delta i_{L_2} = \frac{V_s DT}{L_2} = \frac{V_s D}{L_2 f} & C_1 = \frac{D}{R (\Delta V_{C_1} / V_o) f} \\ I_{L_1} = I_s = \frac{V_o I_o}{V_s} = \frac{V_o^2}{V_s R} & C_2 = \frac{D}{R (\Delta V_o / V_o) f} \\ I_{L_2} = I_o & \end{bmatrix}$$

Figure 4: Sepic Converter Formulas

$$SwitchUtilization = \frac{Po}{Psw} = \frac{Io.Vo}{q.Vswmax.Iswmax} \tag{1}$$

Inverters

$$m_f = rac{f_s}{f_1}, m_a = rac{V_{control}}{V_{triangle}}$$
 $m_a < 1: linear, m_a > 1: overmodulation$

$$\begin{split} V_o &= -V_s \bigg(\frac{D}{1-D}\bigg) \left\| \frac{\Delta V_o}{V_o} = \frac{1-D}{8L_2C_2f^2} \right\| \\ \Delta v_{C1} &\approx \frac{1}{C_1} \int\limits_{DT}^{T} I_{L1} d(t) = \frac{I_{L1}}{C_1} (1-D)T = \frac{V_s}{RC_1f} \bigg(\frac{D^2}{1-D}\bigg) \\ \left[\Delta v_{C1} &\approx \frac{V_oD}{RC_1f} \right] \\ \Delta i_{L1} &= \frac{V_sDT}{L_1} = \frac{V_sD}{L_1f} \left\| \Delta i_{L2} = \frac{V_sDT}{L_2} = \frac{V_sD}{L_2f} \right\| I_{L2} = \frac{P_o}{-V_o} \bigg| \\ I_{L1, \min} &= \frac{(1-D)^2R}{2Df} \quad L_{2, \min} = \frac{(1-D)R}{2f} \quad I_{L1} = \frac{P_s}{V_s} \end{split}$$

Figure 5: Cuk Converter Formulas

Switch Selection

$$\hat{I}_{sw} = rac{1}{(1-D)} rac{N_2}{N_1} I_o + rac{N_1}{N_2} rac{(1-D)T_s}{2L_m} V_o$$

$$\hat{V}_{sw} = V_d + rac{N_1}{N_2} V_o = rac{V_d}{(1-D)}$$

Figure 6: Flyback switch considerations

Figure 7: Full and Half Bridge Relations

$$(V_o)_h = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{V_d}{2} \frac{(\hat{V}_{Ao})_h}{V_{d'}2} = \frac{V_d}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{(\hat{V}_{Ao})_h}{V_{d'}2}$$

Figure 8: Rms Voltage of Harmonics Full Bridge Inverter

Cuk Converter

$$Vc1 = Vo + Vd \tag{2}$$

$$V_{rms} = \frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{2}}.N_2.f.B_{max}.A \tag{3}$$

Current Source Converter:

$$(V_o = V_d(\frac{N_2}{N_1})(\frac{1}{2(1-D)})) \tag{4}$$

Signal Analysis

Linearization with State-Space Averaging
$$\dot{x}=AX+BV_d+A ilde{x} \ +[(A_1-A_2)X+(B_1-B_2)V_d] ilde{a}$$
 $A=dA_1+(1-d)A_2$ $V_o \ B=dB_1+(1-d)B_2$ $V_o \ V_d =-CA^{-1}B$ $V_o \ C=Cx$ $V_o \ C=dC_1+(1-d)C_2$ $V_o \ C=C(sI-A)^{-1}[(A_1-A_2)X+(B_1-B_2)V_d]$

 $I_o = I_{lm}(1 - D)$ $I_s = I_{lm}(D)$ $AtSS: AX + BV_d = 0$ For analysis, first derive generalstate space for on and off ccts, then decide which matrices are needed and which are 0. Cct analysis and derive matrices

Table 1: Swith Utilization doesnt change $(1/2\pi)$ for n:1 trans. ratio and in linear region scaled by $(m_a\pi)/4$