Cheat Sheet for EE464

$$FormFactor = \frac{V_{rms}}{V_{avg}}$$

$$CrestFactor = \frac{V_{peak}}{V_{rms}}$$

$$DistortionFactor = \frac{I_{1rms}}{I_{rms}}$$

 ϕ : phase difference between fundamentals of current and voltage $Displacement Power Factor = \cos(\phi)$

$$TruePowerFactor = \frac{P}{S} = DPF \frac{I_{1,RMS}}{I_{RMS}}$$

$$THD = \sqrt{(\frac{I_{rms}}{I_{1rms}})^2 - 1}$$

Symmetry	Condition Required	a_h and b_h
Even	f(-t) = f(t)	$b_h = 0$ $a_h = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(t) \cos(h\omega t) d(\omega t)$
Odd	f(-t) = -f(t)	$a_h = 0$ $b_h = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(t) \sin(h\omega t) d(\omega t)$
Half-wave	$f(t) = -f(t + \frac{1}{2}T)$	$a_h = b_h = 0$ for even h $a_h = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(t) \cos(\hbar\omega t) d(\omega t)$ for odd h $b_h = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} f(t) \sin(\hbar\omega t) d(\omega t)$ for odd h

Figure 1: Fourier Transform Table

Converters

$$\begin{split} & V_o = V_s \bigg(\frac{D}{1-D} \bigg) \bigg(\frac{N_2}{N_1} \bigg) \\ & \left[\frac{\Delta V_o}{V_o} = \frac{D}{RCf} \right] \\ & I_{L_{m,\max}} = I_{L_m} + \frac{\Delta i_{L_m}}{2} \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{(1-D)^2 R} \bigg(\frac{N_2}{N_1} \bigg)^2 + \frac{V_s DT}{2L_m} & \sum_{\substack{l \in \mathcal{N} \\ l \in \mathcal{N} \\ l \in \mathcal{N}}} \widehat{\Delta i_{L_m}} = \frac{V_s D}{\Delta i_{L_m} f} \\ & I_{L_{m,\min}} = I_{L_m} - \frac{\Delta i_{L_m}}{2} & \text{equate this to zero for dem boundary} \\ & = \frac{V_s D}{(1-D)^2 R} \bigg(\frac{N_2}{N_1} \bigg)^2 - \frac{V_s DT}{2L_m} & \sum_{\substack{l \in \mathcal{N} \\ l \in \mathcal{N} \\ l \in \mathcal{N}}} \widehat{\Delta l_{l_m}} = \widehat{al}_{l_m} - \frac{\Delta i_{l_m}}{2} & \sum_{\substack{l \in \mathcal{N} \\ l \in \mathcal{N} \\ l \in \mathcal{N}}} \widehat{al}_{l_m} \Big|_{l_m} \widehat{al}_{l_m} \Big|_{l_m} \\ & \Delta V_{O, ESR} = \Delta i_C r_C = I_{L_m,\max} \bigg(\frac{N_1}{N_2} \bigg) r_C & \sum_{\substack{l \in \mathcal{N} \\ l \in \mathcal{N} \\ l \in \mathcal{N}}} \Big|_{l_m} \Big|_{$$

Figure 2: Flyback Formulas

$$\begin{bmatrix} V_o = V_s D \bigg(\frac{N_2}{N_1} \bigg) & \frac{\Delta V_o}{V_o} = \frac{1 - D}{8L_x C f^2} \\ \Delta V_{o, \text{ESR}} = \Delta i_C r_C = \Delta i_{L_x} r_C = \bigg[\frac{V_o (1 - D)}{L_x f} \bigg] r_C \\ \Delta i_{L_m} = \frac{V_s D T}{L_m}$$

Figure 3: Forward (single switched) Converter Formulas

$$\begin{bmatrix} V_o = 2V_s \left(\frac{N_S}{N_P}\right) D \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\Delta V_o}{V_o} = \frac{1 - 2D}{32L_x C f^2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta V_{o,ESR} = \Delta i_{L_x} r_C = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{V_o(\frac{1}{2} - D)}{L_x f} \end{bmatrix} r_C$$

Figure 4: Push Pull Formulas

$$SwitchUtilization = \frac{Po}{Psw} = \frac{Io.Vo}{q.Vswmax.Iswmax} \qquad (1)$$

Inverters

$$\begin{split} m_f &= \frac{f_s}{f_1}, m_a = \frac{V_{control}}{V_{triangle}} \\ m_a &< 1: linear, m_a > 1: overmodulation \end{split}$$

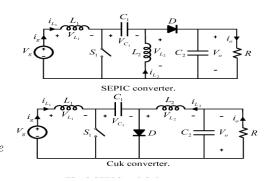


Figure 5: Sepic and Cuk Converter Schematics

$$V_o = V_s \left(\frac{D}{1-D}\right) \qquad \Delta V_{C1} = \frac{I_o DT}{C} = \frac{V_o D}{RC_1 f}$$

$$\Delta i_{L1} = \frac{V_s DT}{L_1} = \frac{V_s D}{L_1 f} \qquad \Delta V_o = \Delta V_{C2} = \frac{V_o D}{RC_2 f}$$

$$\Delta i_{L2} = \frac{V_s DT}{L_2} = \frac{V_s D}{L_2 f} \qquad C_1 = \frac{D}{R(\Delta V_{C1}/V_o) f}$$

$$C_2 = \frac{D}{R(\Delta V_o/V_o) f}$$

Figure 6: Sepic Converter Formulas

$$\begin{split} V_o &= -V_s \bigg(\frac{D}{1-D} \bigg) \, \Bigg| \, \frac{\Delta V_o}{V_o} &= \frac{1-D}{8L_2C_2f^2} \\ \Delta v_{C1} &\approx \frac{1}{C_1} \int\limits_{DT}^{T} I_{L_1} d(t) = \frac{I_{L_1}}{C_1} (1-D) T = \frac{V_s}{RC_1f} \bigg(\frac{D^2}{1-D} \bigg) \\ & \qquad \qquad \Delta v_{C1} \approx \frac{V_oD}{RC_1f} \\ \\ \Delta i_{L1} &= \frac{V_sDT}{L_1} = \frac{V_sD}{L_1f} \, \Bigg| \, \Delta i_{L2} = \frac{V_sDT}{L_2} = \frac{V_sD}{L_2f} \\ \\ L_{1,\,\text{min}} &= \frac{(1-D)^2R}{2Df} \quad L_{2,\,\text{min}} = \frac{(1-D)R}{2f} \end{split}$$

Figure 7: Cuk Converter Formulas

Switch Selection

Peak Switch Current

$$\hat{I}_{sw} = rac{1}{(1-D)}rac{N_2}{N_1}I_o + rac{N_1}{N_2}rac{(1-D)T_s}{2L_m}V_o$$

Peak Switch Voltage

$$\hat{V}_{sw} = V_d + rac{N_1}{N_2} V_o = rac{V_d}{(1-D)}$$

Figure 8: Flyback switch considerations

Figure 9: Full and Half Bridge Relations



Figure 10: Bipolar Switching



Figure 11: Unipolar switching