

These instructions cannot cover all of the questions that may arise in a particular case. If you do not know what to do to protect your rights, you should see a lawyer.

What is a restraining order allowing contact?

If a person repeatedly prevents contact between a person 65 years or older (an elder) or a dependent adult and someone the elder or dependent adult wishes to have to contact with, the court may issue an order allowing contact.

When will the court grant a restraining order allowing contact?

The court will grant a restraining order allowing contact if:

- | An elder or dependent adult has a preexisting relationship and wants to have contact with a specific person;
- | Someone is repeatedly preventing the elder or dependent adult from having contact with that specific person; and
- | The person preventing contact is not doing so in response to actual or threatened abuse by the person the elder or dependent adult wishes to have contact with.

If you want a restraining order for other abuse, such as physical or financial abuse, read form [EA-100-INFO, Can a Restraining Order to Prevent Elder or Dependent Adult Abuse Help Me?](#).

How will the order help me?

The court can order the person preventing contact to stop preventing the contact.

Who can apply for an elder or dependent adult restraining order allowing contact?

In addition to the elder or dependent adult, the following persons may apply for a restraining order allowing contact on behalf of the elder or dependent adult:

- | A conservator or trustee of the elder or dependent adult;

- | An attorney-in-fact of an elder or dependent adult who acts within the authority of the power of attorney;
- | A person appointed as a guardian ad litem for the elder or dependent adult;
- | An individual with a preexisting relationship who the elder or dependent adult wishes to have contact with, but is being prevented from doing so; and
- | Any other person legally authorized to seek such relief.

How much does it cost?

There is no fee for filing a request for a restraining order. You do not need to pay a fee for service of the order. A sheriff or marshal will serve the order for free. Or you may arrange for service by a registered process server or a private party and pay any fee that is charged. The court can make the person who loses the case pay all the court fees and the lawyer's fee for the other party.

What forms do I need to get the order?

You must fill out all of form [EA-300, Request for Elder or Dependent Adult Restraining Order Allowing Contact](#). If you need attachments, you may use form [MC-025, Attachment](#). You must also fill out items 1 and 2 on form [EA-309, Notice of Court Hearing to Allow Contact](#).

Where can I get these forms?

You can get the forms from legal publishers or on the internet at www.courts.ca.gov/forms. You also may be able to find them at your local courthouse or county law library.

What do I need to do to get the order?

You must go to the superior court in the county where the prevention of contact took place or where the person preventing contact lives. At the court, ask where you should file your request for a restraining order. (A self-help center or legal aid association may be able to assist you in filing your request.) At the court, give your forms to the clerk of the court. The clerk will give you a hearing date on the Notice of Court Hearing form.



How soon can I get the order?

Orders to stop preventing a person from seeing an elder or dependent adult can only be issued after a hearing. Accordingly, the date of the hearing is the earliest the order can be granted.

How long does the order last?

The length of the order is determined by the court and could last for up to five years.

How will the person preventing contact know about my request for an order?

Someone age 18 or older—not you or anybody else involved in the case—must “serve” (give) the person to be restrained a copy of the notice of hearing and other forms listed on that notice. The server must then fill out form [EA-200, Proof of Personal Service](#), and give it to you to file with the court. For help with service, ask the court clerk for form [EA-200-INFO, What Is “Proof of Personal Service”?](#).

Do I have to go to court?

Yes. Go to court on the date the clerk gives you, which is found on form [EA-309, Notice of Court Hearing to Allow Contact](#).

Do I need to bring a witness to the court hearing?

Witnesses are not required, but it helps to have more proof of the isolation than just your word. You can bring:

- | Witnesses
- | Written statements from witnesses made under oath
- | Letters, emails

The court may or may not let witnesses speak at the hearing. So, if possible, you should bring their written statements under oath to the hearing. (You can use form [MC-030, Declaration](#), for this.)

Do I need a lawyer?

Having a lawyer is always a good idea, but it is not required and you are not entitled to a free, court-appointed attorney. Ask the court clerk about free and low-cost legal services and self-help centers in your county.

Can I bring someone with me to court?

Yes. You can bring someone to sit with you during the hearing. But that person cannot speak for you in court. Only you or your lawyer (if you have one) can speak for you.

Can the elder or dependent adult and the person preventing contact agree to cancel the order?

No. Once the order is issued, only the judge can change or cancel it. The person who requested the order or the person preventing contact would have to file a request with the court to cancel the order.

What if I don't speak English?

When you file your papers, ask the clerk if a court interpreter is available. You can also use form [INT-300, Request for Interpreter \(Civil\)](#), or a local court form or website to request an interpreter. For more information about court interpreters, go to <https://selfhelp.courts.ca.gov/request-interpreter>.

What if I have a disability?

If you have a disability and need an accommodation while you are at court, you can use form [MC-410, Disability Accommodation Request](#), to make your request. You can also ask the ADA Coordinator in your court for help. For more information, see form [MC-410-INFO, How to Request a Disability Accommodation for Court](#).

For help in your area, contact:

[Local information may be inserted.]