Student ID: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Name:

1. Derive the autocorrelation function  $R_{zz}(\tau)$  and the power spectrum  $S_{zz}(\omega)$  of the following stochastic process

$$Z(t) = aX(t) + bY(t),$$

where a and b represent constant parameters, X(t) stands for stationary white noise with  $E\{X(t)\}=0$  and  $R_{XX}(\tau)=q\delta(\tau)$ , and Y(t) stands for stationary noise with  $E\{Y(t)\}=0$  and  $R_{YY}(\tau)=\exp(j\tau)$ . The processes X(t) and Y(t) are supposed to be independent from each other.

2. Consider the following memoryless system

$$Y(t) = g[X(t)] = \exp(\beta X(t)),$$

where  $\beta$  is a positive constant ( $\beta > 0$ ). Derive the probability density function  $f_Y(y,t)$  of the output Y(t) with respect to input X(t), whose probability density function is given as  $f_X(x,t) = t \exp(-tx)$ ,  $(x \ge 0)$ ; 0 (x < 0).

3. Consider the following differentiator

$$Y(t) = L[X(t)] = X'(t).$$

Derive the autocorrelation function  $R_{YY}(\tau)$  of the output Y(t) with respect to input X(t), whose autocorrelation function is given as  $R_{XX}(\tau) = \cos \beta \tau$ .

4. With respect to the following linear differential equation with white noise input X(t)

$$Y''(t) + 2Y'(t) - 3Y(t) = X(t),$$

derives the autocorrelation function  $R_{YY}(\tau)$  and the power spectrum  $S_{YY}(\omega)$ . The input X(t) is considered to be white noise with  $E\{X(t)\}=0$  and  $R_{XX}(\tau)=48\delta(\tau)$ .

## Note:

- Please provide your answer in clear handwriting
- Dead-line for submission: 27 May 2025