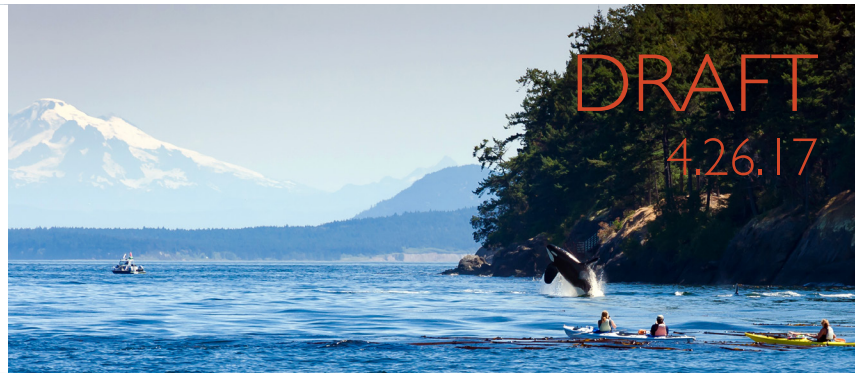


PUGET SOUND DAY ON THE HILL

MAY 1–3, 2017



PUGET SOUND: A LABORATORY FOR INNOVATION

Puget Sound protection and recovery efforts are a model of innovation and efficient partnerships for creating thriving and resilient communities.

- ▶ Federal funds are carefully integrated with, and complementary to, significant investments by local, state, non-profit, private sector, and tribal partners, resulting in greater impact than the sum of the parts.
- ▶ This deliberate approach creates tremendous leveraging of funds and magnification of impacts. For example, every \$1 million spent on watershed restoration results in 15 to 33 new or sustained jobs and generates \$2.2 to \$2.5 million in total economic activity.

Withdrawal of federal support at this critical time would result in degradation of water quality and infrastructure, job loss, damage to multiple industries, and potentially irreversible ecosystem loss.

- ▶ Chinook salmon and the resident orca whales, which depend upon the Chinook for their survival, are on the brink of dropping to unrecoverable population numbers.
- ▶ Federal disinvestment would result in job loss and loss of economic activity.
 - In the Puget Sound Basin, 26.7 percent of employment is in water-dependent sectors, responsible for nearly \$200 billion in output.
 - In Washington state, commercial and recreational fishing are estimated to support 16,000 jobs and \$540 million in personal income.

Federal investment in Puget Sound recovery and protection helps fulfill treaty-based responsibilities.

- ▶ Puget Sound is the ancestral home to 17 Native American tribes that have treaty-reserved rights, including those to natural resources. These natural resources will continue to decline without ongoing and proactive action.
- ▶ Puget Sound tribal governments provide significant leadership, expertise, and resources toward achieving recovery and protection goals.
- ▶ Puget Sound is part of the Salish Sea, which extends into Canada. We work across this boundary to preserve the health and wellbeing of millions of people and enterprises, including 77 sovereign tribes and First Nations.

CRITICAL PATHWAYS FOR OUR SUCCESS INCLUDE:

**The Puget Sound
Geographic Program
(U.S. EPA)**

**National Estuary
Program/ Coastal
Waterways (U.S. EPA)**

**Pacific Coastal Salmon
Recovery Fund (NOAA)**

NORTHWEST INDIAN FISHERIES COMMISSION

360-438-1180
nwttribes.org


PUGET SOUND PARTNERSHIP

360-464-1232
psp.wa.gov



DID YOU KNOW...

DRAFT
4.26.17



**In the Puget Sound Basin,
26.7 percent of employment
is in water-dependent sectors, responsible for nearly
\$200 billion in output.**

RECREATION
\$13 billion

MARITIME
INDUSTRY
\$17.1 billion

TOURISM
\$2.1 billion

ECONOMY

JOBS



199,000
JOBS

Total annual expenditures associated with recreational lands in Puget Sound counties totals over \$13 billion.

199,000 direct and indirect jobs are supported in Washington.



69,500
JOBS

The industry's direct economic impact in Washington state is \$17.1 billion and it's indirect economic impact is \$20.7 billion for a total of \$37.8 billion.

The industry directly supported 69,500 jobs in 2015.



294,838
JOBS

In the most populated county in Puget Sound, King County, tourism jobs directly generated \$2.1 billion in 2015.

294,838 jobs in Puget Sound counties are related to travel and tourism.



TRIBAL CONTRIBUTIONS

Tribes contribute in many ways, including tribal hatcheries that annually produce about 40 million salmon.



SALMON RECOVERY

Salmon restoration funding has resulted in more than \$1.1 billion in total economic activity.



VETERANS

The Washington Veterans Conservation Corps (VCC) employs veterans in transition from military service. The Northwest Straits Commission worked with the VCC for cleanup efforts that removed 91,863 pounds (41.13 tons) of derelict marine debris.



SHELLFISH

Washington state is the leading U.S. producer of farmed shellfish. The value of Puget Sound shellfish aquaculture is more than \$72 million.