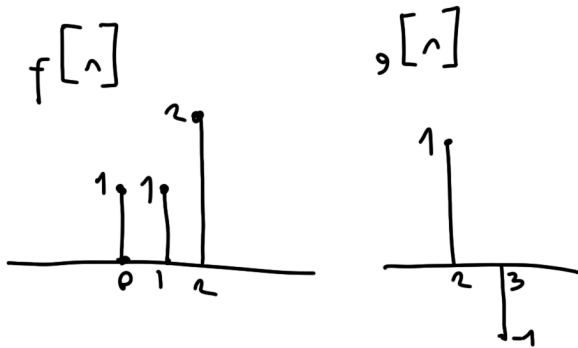


Q1: Derive the convolution $x[n] = f[n] * g[n]$ for the given signals.

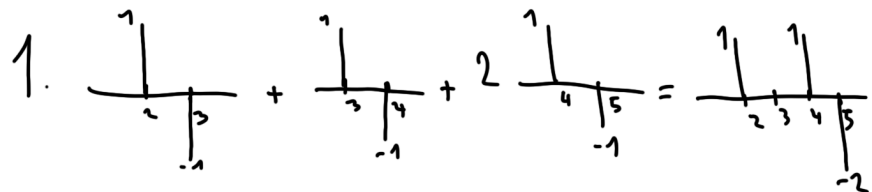
a) $f[n] = \delta[n] + \delta[n-1] + 2\delta[n-2]$

$g[n] = \delta[n-2] - \delta[n-3]$



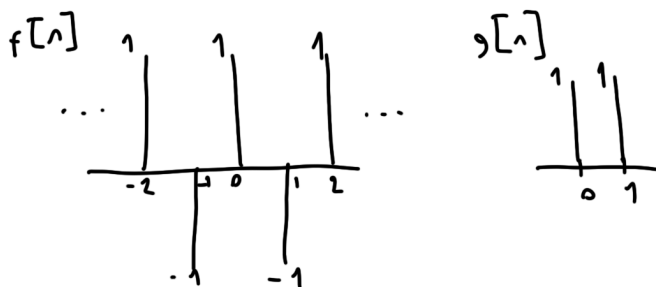
$y[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} x[k] \cdot h[n-k]$ is nonzero for $k=0,1,2$.

$y[n] = f[0] \cdot g[n] + f[1] \cdot g[n-1] + f[2] \cdot g[n-2]$



b) $f[n] = (-1)^n$

$g[n] = \delta[n] + \delta[n-1]$

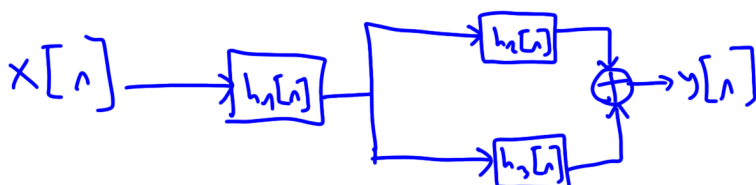


$y[n] = g[0] \cdot f[n] + g[1] \cdot f[n-1]$
 $= \dots$

Q2: For the interconnected system given below, the impulse responses are

$h_1[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \cdot u[n+2]$

$h_2[n] = \delta[n] \quad h_3[n] = u[n-1]$



Find the overall impulse response of the system.

$$y[n] = x[n] * h_1[n] * h_2[n] + x[n] * h_1[n] * h_2[n]$$

$$= x[n] * h_1[n] * (h_2[n] + h_3[n])$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \uparrow \\ \text{---} 0 \text{---} \end{array} + \begin{array}{c} \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \\ \text{---} 1 \text{---} 2 \text{---} 3 \end{array} \rightarrow v[n]$$

Thus,

$$h[n] = \left(\left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^n \cdot v[n+2] \right) * v[n] = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^k v[k+2] \cdot v[n+2] = \sum_{k=-2}^n \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^k \cdot v[n+2]$$

Needed! To make the summation, n should be greater than -2 .

Geometric Sum

$$\sum_{k=m}^n \alpha \cdot r^k = \frac{\alpha (r^m - r^{n+1})}{1-r}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{\left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{-2} - \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{n+1}}{1 - \frac{1}{2}} = \left(8 - 2 \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{n+1} \right) \cdot v[n+2] \\ &= \left(8 - \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^n \right) \cdot v[n+2] \end{aligned}$$