MUSTAFA CAN ÇALIŞKAN 150200097 BLG202E HW1

a)

b)
$$\frac{443}{2048} = 0$$
, so the non fractional part of the binary

representation must be $0.(0=0.2+0)$
 $\frac{443}{2048} \cdot 2 = \frac{443}{1024} = 0$

Integral ports from top to bottom show binary representation of fractional port.

 $\frac{443}{512} \cdot 2 = \frac{443}{256} = 1$, and fractional port.

$$\frac{443}{512} \cdot 2 = \frac{443}{256} = \frac{1}{1}, \qquad \text{fractional port.}$$

$$\left(\frac{443}{256} - 1\right) \cdot 2 = \frac{187}{128} = \frac{1}{1}, \qquad \left(\frac{187}{128} - 1\right) \cdot 2 = \frac{59}{64} = \frac{1}{1}, \qquad \left(\frac{59}{32} - 1\right) \cdot 2 = \frac{27}{16} = \frac{1}{1}, \qquad \left(\frac{27}{16} - 1\right) \cdot 2 = \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{1}, \qquad \left(\frac{27}{16} - 1\right) \cdot 2 = \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{1}, \qquad \left(\frac{3}{2} - 1\right) \cdot 2 = 1 = \frac{1}{1}, \qquad \left(\frac{3}{2} - 1\right) \cdot 2 = 1 = \frac{1}{1}, \qquad \left(\frac{3}{2} - 1\right) \cdot 2 = 0$$

Therefore,
$$\left(\frac{448}{2048}\right)_{10} = (0.00110111011)_{2}$$

Execution results:

```
PS C:\Users\mcanc> & C:/Users/mcanc/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python311/python.exe c:/U sers/mcanc/OneDrive/Desktop/q2.py
Enter a rational number in either x.yzt or x/y format: -443/2048
The binary representation of given rational number is:
-0.00110111011
PS C:\Users\mcanc> []

PS C:\Users\mcanc> & C:/Users/mcanc/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python311/python.exe c:/U sers/mcanc/OneDrive/Desktop/q2.py
Enter a rational number in either x.yzt or x/y format: 11.25
The binary representation of given rational number is:
1011.01
PS C:\Users\mcanc> []
```

Bisection method:

Initial interval =
$$[a,b] = [\sqrt[3]{8}, \sqrt[3]{27}]$$

Let $f(x) = x^3 - 17$
This comparison implies $f(5/2) \cdot f(27 \wedge (1/3)) < 0$
 $a+b=5 \Rightarrow 5 \Rightarrow 5 < \sqrt[3]{17} \Rightarrow new = [5,2] \cdot f(11/4) < 0$

(int value theorem)

 $2a+b=11 \Rightarrow 11 \Rightarrow \sqrt[3]{17} \Rightarrow new = [5,2] \cdot f(11/4) < 0$

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$$\frac{41}{16} < \sqrt[3]{17} < \frac{83}{32}$$
6) $X_6 = \frac{a+b}{2} = \frac{165}{64} \Rightarrow \text{Best guess after } 6 \text{ iteration.}$

$$\text{error} = \sum_{i=1}^{3} |x^* - x_{i}| \le \frac{b-a}{2} \cdot \frac{-a}{2}$$

$$= |x^* - \frac{165}{64}| \le \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{-a}{2}$$

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$$\text{Max. error} = \frac{-a}{2} = 0.0078125$$

absolute error = |17^(1/3) - 165/64| = 0.00684340934

Execution results:

```
PS C:\Users\mcanc> & C:/Users/mcanc/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python311/python.exe c:/Users/mcanc/OneDrive/Desktop/q4.py
Enter a: 243
Enter e: 0.01
The approximation is:
3.003387451171875
Absolute Error:
0.003387451171875
PS C:\Users\mcanc>
```

```
PS C:\Users\mcanc> & C:/Users/mcanc/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python311/python.exe c:/Users/mcanc/OneDrive/Desktop/q4.py
Enter a: 3125
Enter e: 0.5
The approximation is:
4.9591064453125
Absolute Error:
0.04089355468750089
PS C:\Users\mcanc>
```