# **Java Comments**

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## Java Comments

Comments can be used to explain Java code, and to make it more readable. It can also be used to prevent execution when testing alternative code.

## Single-line Comments

Single-line comments start with two forward slashes (//).

Any text between // and the end of the line is ignored by Java (will not be executed).

This example uses a single-line comment before a line of code:

### **Example**[**Get your own Java Server**](https://www.w3schools.com/spaces/)

// This is a comment

System.out.println("Hello World");

[Try it Yourself »](https://www.w3schools.com/java/tryjava.asp?filename=demo_single_comment)

This example uses a single-line comment at the end of a line of code:

### **Example**

System.out.println("Hello World"); // This is a comment

[Try it Yourself »](https://www.w3schools.com/java/tryjava.asp?filename=demo_single_comment_end)

## Java Multi-line Comments

Multi-line comments start with /\* and ends with \*/.

Any text between /\* and \*/ will be ignored by Java.

This example uses a multi-line comment (a comment block) to explain the code:

### **Example**

/\* The code below will print the words Hello World

to the screen, and it is amazing \*/

System.out.println("Hello World");

[Try it Yourself »](https://www.w3schools.com/java/tryjava.asp?filename=demo_multi_comment)

#### **Single or multi-line comments?**

It is up to you which you want to use. Normally, we use // for short comments, and /\* \*/ for longer.