Problem 12

Problem 1. $\forall L \in \text{NatList}, \text{sum}(L) = \text{sum}(\text{rev}(L)).$

Proof. By structural induction on L.

(1) Base case

What to show: sum(nil) = sum(rev(nil)).

$$sum(nil) \longrightarrow 0$$
 (by sum1)

$$\operatorname{sum}(\operatorname{rev}(nil)) \longrightarrow \operatorname{sum}(nil)$$
 (by rev1)

$$\longrightarrow 0$$
 (by sum1)

(2) Induction case

What to show: $sum(x \mid l) = sum(rev(x \mid l))$

Induction hypothesis: sum(l) = sum(rev(l))

where $x \in PNat$ and $l \in NatList$. Note that x, l are fresh constants¹.

Lemma 1. $\forall L1, L2 \in \mathtt{NatList}, \operatorname{sum}(L1 @ L2) = \operatorname{sum}(L1) + \operatorname{sum}(L2).$

¹A fresh constant of a sort denotes an arbitrary value of the sort, and has never been used before.

Proof. By structural induction on L1.

(1) Base case

What to show: $\operatorname{sum}(nil @ l2) = \operatorname{sum}(nil) + \operatorname{sum}(l2)$ where $l2 \in \mathtt{NatList}$. Note that l2 is a fresh constant.

$$\frac{\operatorname{sum}(\underline{nil} \ @ \ l2)}{\operatorname{sum}(nil)} + \operatorname{sum}(l2) \longrightarrow \underbrace{0 + \operatorname{sum}(l2)}_{0} \qquad \text{(by @1)}$$

$$\longrightarrow 0 \qquad \text{(by +1)}$$

(2) Induction case

What to show: $\operatorname{sum}((x\mid l1) @\ l2) = \operatorname{sum}(x\mid l1) + \operatorname{sum}(l2)$ Induction hypothesis: $\operatorname{sum}(l1 @\ l2) = \operatorname{sum}(l1) + \operatorname{sum}(l2)$ where $x\in \operatorname{PNat}$ and $l1,l2\in \operatorname{NatList}$. Note that x,l1,l2 are fresh constants.