

# Exam 1

Intro to Robotics

Name:

**SHOW WORK FOR ALL QUESTIONS FOR FULL CREDIT!**

**1**

Given  $v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2.24 \end{bmatrix}$   $v_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$

1. Compute the cross product of  $v_1 \times v_2$
2. Compute the angle between  $v_1$  and  $v_2$ . Hint:  $2.24^2 \approx 5$  and  $\arccos$  is valid for all real numbers between -1 and 1.
3. Use your answers from 1 and 2 to reason that the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} v_1 & v_2 & n \end{bmatrix}$  is non-singular.  $n$  is the normal vector computed in question 1.

## 2

Given frames: Frame  $\{A\}$  = universe,

Frame  $\{B\} = \{ {}^A_B R(30^\circ) = \begin{bmatrix} .87 & -.5 \\ .5 & .87 \end{bmatrix}, {}^A P_{Borg} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \},$

Frame  $\{C\} = \{ {}^B_C R(90^\circ) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, {}^B P_{Corg} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \}$

Given points:  ${}^A P_1 = \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, {}^B P_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, {}^C P_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

1. Find  ${}^B P_1$
2. Find  ${}^A P_3$

### 3

Given frames: Frame {A} = universe,

$$\text{Frame \{B\} = \{ }^A_B R = \begin{bmatrix} .5 & -.15 & .85 \\ .5 & .85 & -.15 \\ -.71 & .5 & .5 \end{bmatrix}, ^A P_{Borg} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ .7 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \}$$

1. Find the eulerian angles for  $^A_B R_{Z'Y'X'}$ .
2. Given  $^B P_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$  what is  $^A P_2$ ?
3. When does gimbal lock occur? and when solving this question did you encounter gimbal lock ?

## 4

1. rotate the 2d vector  $P_4 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$  by  $30^\circ$  using complex rotations. Hint: no need for calculator if you look at question 2.
2. Express  $R_{Z'X'Y'}(90^\circ, 0^\circ, 45^\circ)$  in matrix form. Pay close attention to the subscript.

## 5 formulas

1. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} {}^A_B R^T & -({}^A_B R^{T^A} P_{Borg}) \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
2. 
$$\begin{bmatrix} c\alpha c\beta & s\gamma s\beta c\alpha - c\gamma s\alpha & c\gamma s\beta c\alpha + s\gamma s\alpha \\ s\alpha c\beta & s\gamma s\beta s\alpha + c\gamma c\alpha & c\gamma s\beta s\alpha - s\gamma c\alpha \\ -s\beta & s\gamma c\beta & c\gamma c\beta \end{bmatrix}$$
3.  $\cos(45^\circ) = \sin(45^\circ) = .71$