# 電腦如何下象棋

長榮大學 資訊管理系 教授 許舜欽

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# **Computer Games**

₩A Challenge of Artificial Intelligence

★Recently solved games

- □Connect Four
- □Qubic
- ⊡Go-Moku
- ☑Nine-Men Morris
- △Awari
- **△**Checker

# **Unsolved Board Games**

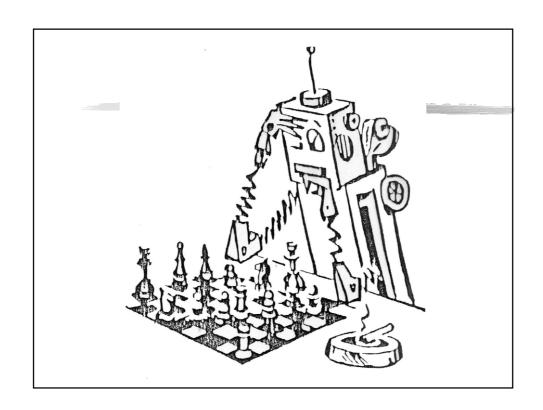
⊡Othello

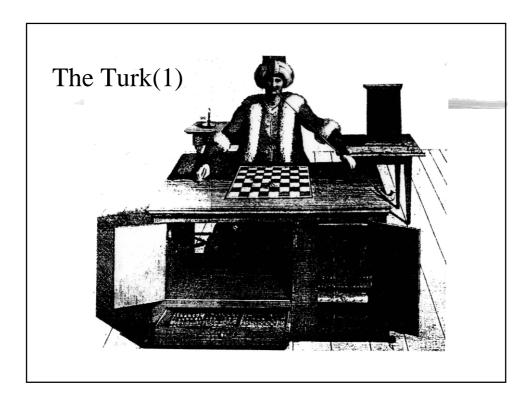
□Chess

□Chinese Chess

□ Japanese Shogi

⊡Go





#### The Turk(2)

₩By Wolfgang Kempelen in 1760

**ૠ**Rebuilt in 1780

₩Purchased by the impresario Maelzel in 1804

★Challenged Napoleon Bonaparte in 1809

#Came to America in 1826

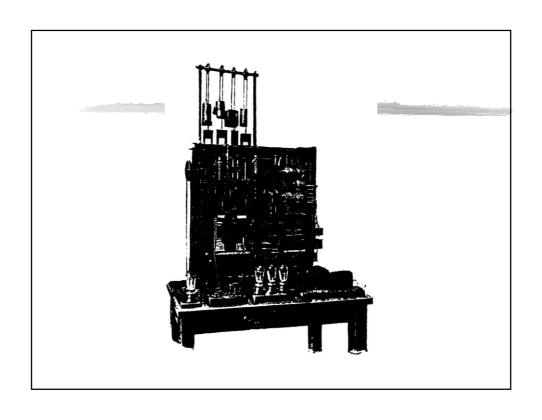
₩Revealed the secrets in 1834

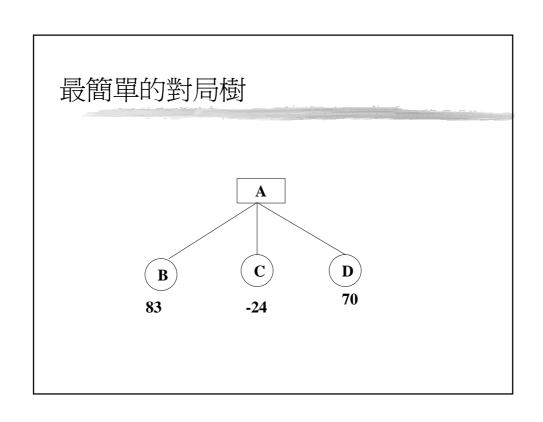
₩Destroyed by fire in Philadelphia in 1854

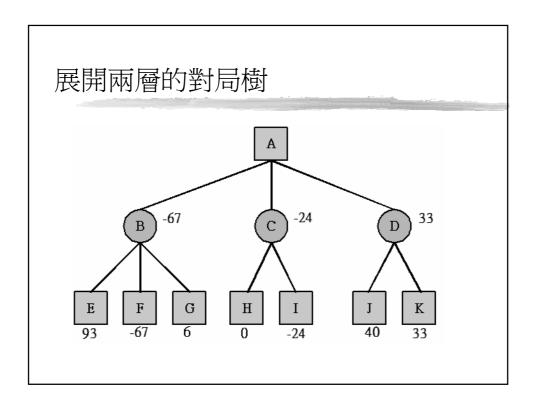
### The Turk(3)

#Passed from hand to hand after 1837 #Supplied by 15 different chess players #Won 294 of 300 games

#### The Torres Machine







#### MiniMax Procedure

第1950 Claude E. Shannon

#Type A

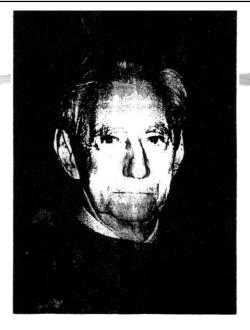
**□**Exhaustive search

**Ж**Туре В

**△**Selective search

#Type C

☐Goal oriented search



Claude Shannon at Edmonton, May 1989

# The first real Chess program

#### #1958 Bernstein

△6X6 Chessboard (omit Bishop)

 $\triangle$ branch factor = 7

△4 plies

#### **₩Simon dictum**

⊠within 10 years ==>world champion

### USA Champion list (1)

**#**1970 Chess 3.0

**#**1971 Chess 3.5

**#**1972 Chess 3.6

**#**1973 Chess 4.0

#1974 Ribbit

**#**1975 Chess 4.4

**#**1976 Chess 4.5

**¥**1977 Chess 4.6

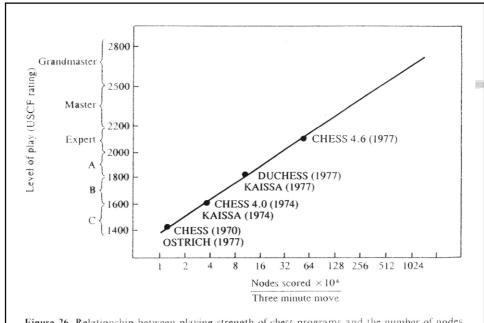


Figure 26. Relationship between playing strength of chess programs and the number of nodes scored per move.

# USA Champion list (2)

**¥**1978 BELLE

**#**1979 Chess 4.9

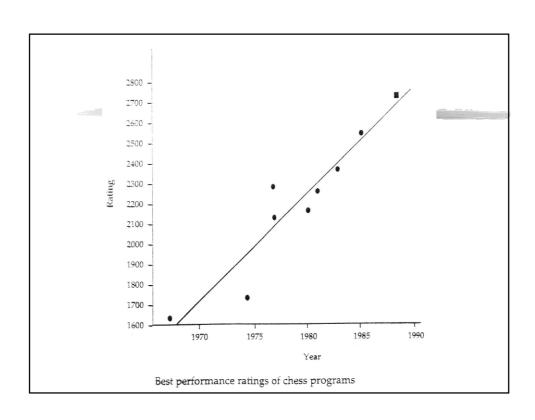
**%**1980 BELLE

**%**1981 BELLE

**#**1982 BELLE

第1984 Cray Blitz

**#**1985 HITECH



# USA Champion list (3)

**%**1986 BELLE

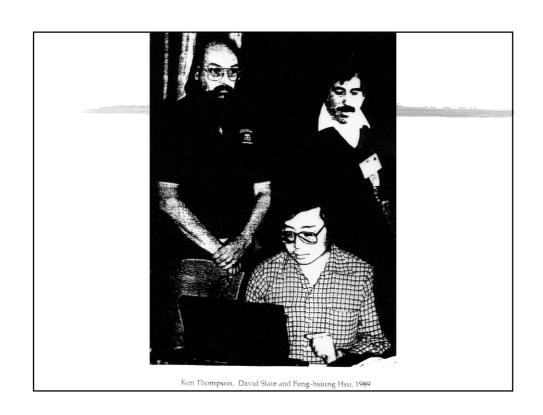
₩1987 Chip test-M

#1988 Deep Thought

**%**1989 HITECH

#1990 Deep Thought

#1991 Deep Thought





# USA Champion list (4)

#1993 Socrates

#1994 Deep Thought







# The World Computer Chess Champions(1)

₩1974(Stockholm) KAISSA

**¥**1977(Toronto) Chess 4.6

#1980(Linz) BELLE

₩1983(New York) Cray Blitz

#1986(Cologne) Cray Blitz

₩1989(Edmonton) Deep Thought

# The World Computer Chess Champions(2)

#1992(Madrid) Chess Machine/Schroder

₩1995(Hong Kong) Fritz

#1999(Paderborn) Shredder

₩2002(Maastricht) Deep Junior

# The World Computer Chess Champions(3)

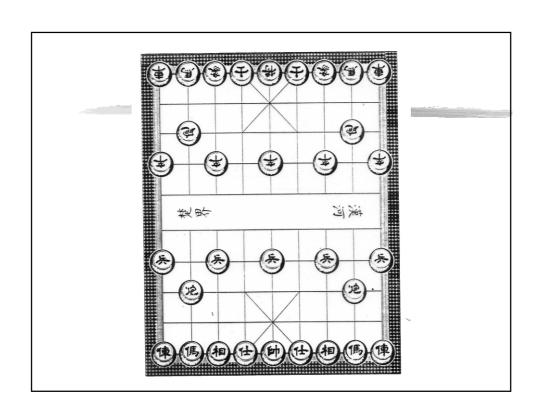
₩2003(Graz) Shredder

₩2004(Ramat-Gan) Deep Junior

₩2005(Reykjavik) Zappa

₩2006(Torino) Deep Junior

₩2007(Armsterdam) Rybka



# 電腦象棋之發展

1981	張躍騰、賈玉輝
1982	廖嘉成、杜敏文、李家同
1985	黃東輝、許舜欽
1986	王明欽、許舜欽
	李紘、蔡明坤、林順喜
	曹國明、許舜欽
	虞希舜
1987	杜貴崇

1988 3/29

- **光**虞希舜
- #曹國明
- #鄭武堯
- **#**蔡明坤
- **#**杜貴崇

#### 1989 1st Computer Olympiad

- ₩London
- #象棋大師--虞希舜
- #象棋專家--曹國明
- #ELP--鄭武堯

### 1990 2nd Computer Olympiad

**%**London

#ELP--鄭武堯

#象棋專家--曹國明

署Xian---黃少龍

### 1992 4th Computer Olympiad

**#**London

#Surprise--吳韌

#ELP--鄭武堯

#### 2001 6th Computer Olympiad

₩Maastrict (Holland)

#ELP--鄭武堯

#SG--鄭明政

₩Abyss--Tony Marsland

#### 2002 7th Computer Olympiad

₩Maastrict (Holland)

#ELP--鄭武堯

#SG--鄭明政

₩XieXie--Pascal Tang

# 2003 8th Computer Olympiad

#Graz (Austria)

#ZMBL--涂志堅

₩XieXie--Pascal Tang

#ELP--鄭武堯

# 2004 9th Computer Olympiad

**ૠ**Ramat-Gan (Israel)

**第Contemplation-**-吳光哲

#ELP--鄭武堯

#### 2004 世界電腦象棋大賽

36台南 成功大學

₩XieXie--Pascal Tang

#ZMBL--涂志堅

**第Contemplation-**-吳光哲

#### 2005 10th Computer Olympiad

#Taipei (Taiwan)

#象棋奇兵--趙明揚

#象棋世家--鄭明政

#棋天大聖—王驕

### 2006 11th Computer Olympiad

- #Torino (Italy)
- #棋天大聖--王驕
- #象棋世家--鄭明政
- **郑**深象—黃文樟

#### 2007世界電腦象棋大賽

- **第**台南 長榮大學
- #棋天大聖--王驕
- #象棋世家--鄭明政
- #ELP--鄭武堯

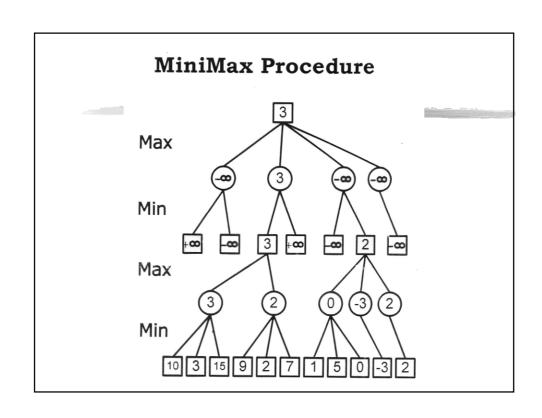
# 2007 12th Computer Olympiad

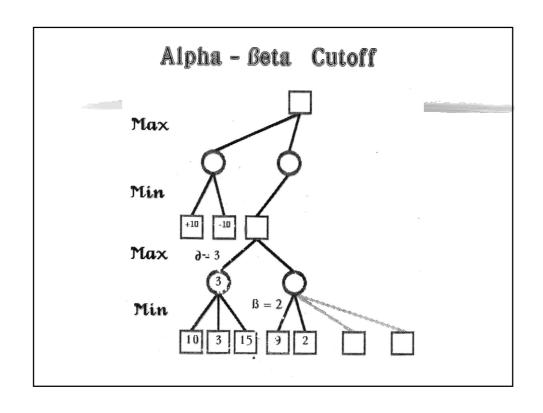
₩Maastrict (Holland)

#棋天大聖--王驕

#象棋世家--鄭明政

₩XieXie--Pascal Tang





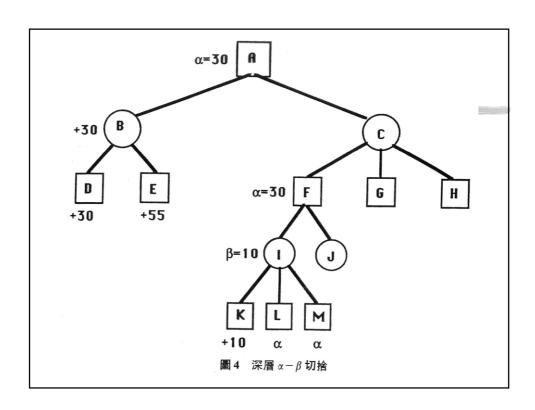
#### Heuristic

**♯**Capturing moves first

**%**Stronger pieces first

# Search techniques

- #Quiescent
- ₩Deep alpha-beta
- ★ Iterative deepening
- ₩ Principal variation
- ₩Zero window
- **X**Tolerance
- ₩ Killer heuristic
- **X** Transposition table

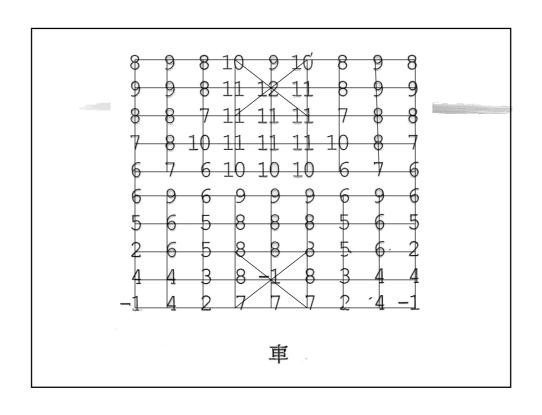


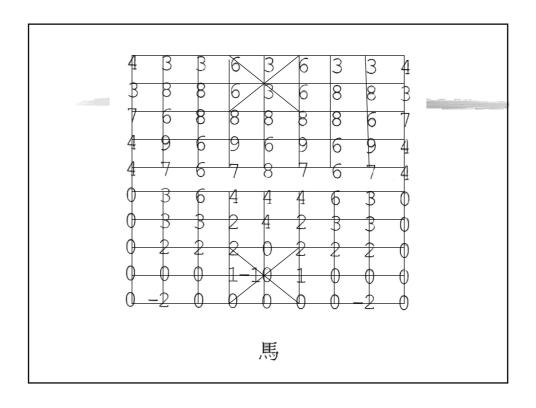
#### Static evaluation functions

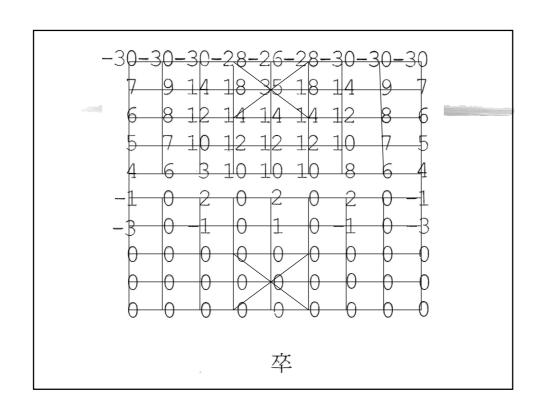
- 1. Materia balance
- 2. Relative mobility
- 3. Pawn structure
- **%** Position weight
- ₩ Guard and threat

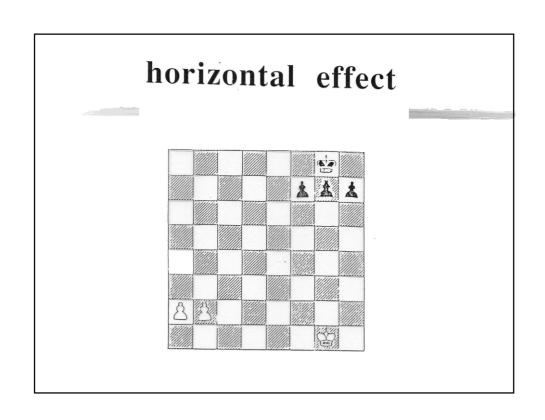
# 子力

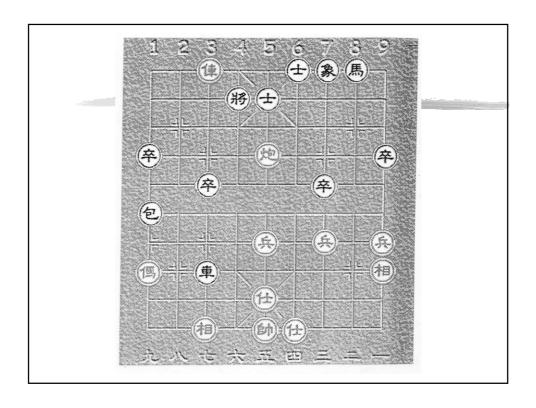
將	2000
士	40
象	40
車	200
馬	90
包	90
卒	10











#### Three Factors

#Programming techniques

#Machine speed

★Chinese chess expert knowledge

# 未來的展望

**光**開局

□ Data acquisition from internet

第中局

□multi-processing

**郑**殘局

□retrograde analysis

# 未來的展望(二)

△2008 八段

△ 台灣棋王 吳貴臨

△2011 九段

□ 世界棋王 許銀川