

## Load and set up the data

```
basedir = '/Users/yonil/Dropbox/empathy for pain/analyses';
cd(basedir);

mcal = readtable('mcallaster_stim_data.xlsx');
```

Warning: Variable names were modified to make them valid MATLAB identifiers. The original names are saved in the VariableDescriptions property.

```
mcal.gender_code = grp2idx(categorical(mcal.gender))
```

mcal =	videoClips	targetID	gender	AFF_0_16_	OPR_0_5_	SEN_0_16_	VAS_0_10_	PSPI_pe
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	'll042tlaaaff'	42	'Fe'	7	3	10	6	6
	'll042tlaaunaff'	42	'Fe'	1	0	2	1	0
	'll042tlaeunaff'	42	'Fe'	2	0	2	2	0
	'll042tlafaff'	42	'Fe'	5	3	8	5	3
	'll042tlafunaff'	42	'Fe'	1	0	3	2	0
	'll042tlaiaff'	42	'Fe'	11	4	12	8	8
	'll042tlaiunaff'	42	'Fe'	1	0	3	1	0
	'll042t2afaff'	42	'Fe'	3	1	6	4	0
	'jh043tlaeaff'	43	'Fe'	13	2	12	6	4
	'jh043tlafaff'	43	'Fe'	4	1	3	2	0
	'jh043t2aaaff'	43	'Fe'	5	1	5	3	0
	'jh043t2aaunaff'	43	'Fe'	1	0	1	0	0
	'jh043t2aeaff'	43	'Fe'	4	3	3	4	5
	'jh043t2aeunaff'	43	'Fe'	1	0	1	0	0
	'jh043t2afaff'	43	'Fe'	4	0	3	4	0
	'jh043t2afunaff'	43	'Fe'	1	0	1	1	0
	'jh043t2aiunaff'	43	'Fe'	1	0	1	0	0
	'jl047tlaaaff'	47	'Fe'	7	3	9	7	3
	'jl047tlaaunaff'	47	'Fe'	1	0	1	0	0
	'jl047tlafunaff'	47	'Fe'	1	0	1	0	0
	'jl047tlaiaff'	47	'Fe'	1	4	2	2	4
	'jl047tlaiunaff'	47	'Fe'	1	0	1	0	0
	'jl047t2aeunaff'	47	'Fe'	4	1	5	2	0
	'jl047t2afaff'	47	'Fe'	4	2	8	4	0
	'aa048t2aaunaff'	48	'Ma'	1	0	1	0	0
	'aa048t2aeaff'	48	'Ma'	2	3	2	2	1
	'aa048t2aeunaff'	48	'Ma'	1	0	1	0	0
	'aa048t2afaff'	48	'Ma'	2	0	2	1	0
	'aa048t2afunaff'	48	'Ma'	1	0	1	0	0
	'aa048t2aiaff'	48	'Ma'	1	0	2	1	1
	'aa048t2aiunaff'	48	'Ma'	1	0	1	0	0
	'bm049tlaaaff'	49	'Fe'	4	3	6	3	2
	'bm049tlafaff'	49	'Fe'	4	0	6	3	0
	'bm049t2aaaff'	49	'Fe'	4	3	6	3	2
	'bm049t2aaunaff'	49	'Fe'	4	1	6	4	0
	'bm049t2aeaff'	49	'Fe'	3	0	4	3	1
	'bm049t2aeunaff'	49	'Fe'	5	3	7	4	0
	'bm049t2afaff'	49	'Fe'	2	3	6	3	4
	'bm049t2afunaff'	49	'Fe'	4	2	7	4	0
	'dr052tlaeaff'	52	'Ma'	3	3	3	1	2
	'dr052tlaeunaff'	52	'Ma'	1	0	1	0	0
	'dr052tlafaff'	52	'Ma'	1	0	3	2	0
	'dr052tlafunaff'	52	'Ma'	1	0	1	0	0
	'dr052tlaiaff'	52	'Ma'	4	5	8	4	8
	'dr052tlaiunaff'	52	'Ma'	1	0	1	0	0
	'dr052t2aaaff'	52	'Ma'	3	0	4	2	0
	'dr052t2aeaff'	52	'Ma'	4	1	5	3	1
	'dr052t2aeunaff'	52	'Ma'	1	0	1	1	0

'dr052t2aiaff'	52	'Ma'	4	4	5	3	2
'fn059t2afunaff'	59	'Fe'	1	3	1	1	0
'fn059t2aiaff'	59	'Fe'	7	4	8	6	11
'ak064tlaaaff'	64	'Ma'	14	5	14	10	12
'ak064tlaeunaff'	64	'Ma'	3	3	5	3	3
'ak064tlafaff'	64	'Ma'	2	4	5	2	6
'ak064tlafunaff'	64	'Ma'	1	0	1	1	0
'ak064tlaiaff'	64	'Ma'	8	5	11	8	10
'ak064tlaiunaff'	64	'Ma'	1	0	1	1	0
'mg066tlaaaff'	66	'Fe'	4	3	5	4	3
'mg066tlaeaff'	66	'Fe'	2	2	3	2	4
'mg066tlafaff'	66	'Fe'	3	3	4	4	5
'mg066tlafunaff'	66	'Fe'	1	1	1	0	0
'mg066t2aunaff'	66	'Fe'	1	0	1	1	0
'mg066t2aeaff'	66	'Fe'	4	2	7	4	3
'mg066t2aeunaff'	66	'Fe'	1	0	1	0	0
'mg066t2afaff'	66	'Fe'	2	1	3	2	1
'bn080tlaaaff'	80	'Fe'	11	2	12	8	2
'bn080tlaaunaff'	80	'Fe'	7	3	8	3	4
'bn080tlaeaff'	80	'Fe'	7	1	8	5	3
'bn080tlaeunaff'	80	'Fe'	8	3	9	6	3
'bn080tlafaff'	80	'Fe'	10	3	11	8	4
'bn080tlafunaff'	80	'Fe'	4	0	5	1	1
'bn080tlaiunaff'	80	'Fe'	4	0	5	2	1
'ch092tlaiaff'	92	'Fe'	7	2	11	1	2
'ch092t2aaaaff'	92	'Fe'	1	1	1	1	0
'ch092t2aeaff'	92	'Fe'	1	0	3	1	0
'ch092t2afaff'	92	'Fe'	1	0	2	1	2
'ch092t2aiaff'	92	'Fe'	3	3	9	7	5

```
% 1 = female, 2 = male
```

```
%% break up data, placing each subject in one cell
```

```
subj_ids = unique(mcal.targetID);
```

```
[observed_pain, self_reported_pain, facial_pain] = deal({});
```

```
gender = [];
```

```
for i=1:length(subj_ids)
```

```
    subj_inds = mcal.targetID == subj_ids(i);
```

```
    observed_pain{i} = mcal.OPR_0_5(subj_inds);
```

```
    self_reported_pain{i} = mcal.VAS_0_10(subj_inds);
```

```
    facial_pain{i} = mcal.PSPI_peak(subj_inds);
```

```
    self_and_facial{i} = [mcal.VAS_0_10(subj_inds) mcal.PSPI_peak(subj_inds)];
```

```
    a = find(subj_inds);
```

```
    gender(i) = mcal.gender_code(a(1));
```

```
end
```

```
fprintf('We have %d targets, of whom %d are female\n', length(subj_ids), sum(gender==1));
```

```
We have 25 targets, of whom 13 are female
```

```
gender = zscore(gender);
```

## Theoretical standpoint

X -> M -> Y

pain experience (self report) --> facial expression --> observer rating

Are any of these paths moderated by gender, controlling for self-reported pain?

Analyses below use only the data already provided by the McAllister database, not with any of the data we collected. They provided observed pain ratings (though only from one observer) for all stimuli (video clips). Each "target" (i.e., person w/ shoulder pain) was featured in several video clips. At the first level, videos-within-target are a random effect. At the 2nd level, the target's gender is the random effect. We can also use the observed pain ratings data we collected and model observer as a random effect with a mixed effects model, though we only have data for a subset of the stimuli. I haven't done this yet.

**PATH A: Do women and men differently facial express the same amount of self-reported pain? (i.e., do women "exaggerate" / do men "suppress" ?).**

Conduct ml glm testing effect of self-reported pain on facial expression of pain, w/ 2nd level for gender. Test for difference in slope or intercept

```
glmfit_multilevel(facial_pain, self_reported_pain, gender', 'names', {'L1-Intcpt' 'self-report
```

Warning: Warning: you might be overparameterized! Seems like you have more predictors than observations

Analysis description: Second Level of Multilevel Model  
GLS analysis

Observations: 24, Predictors: 2  
Outcome names: L1-Intcpt self-report  
Weighting option: unweighted  
Inference option: t-test

Other Options:  
Plots: No  
Robust: no  
Save: No  
Output file: glmfit\_general\_output.txt  
Total time: 0.06 s

-----  
Second Level of Multilevel Model  
Outcome variables:  
L1-Intcpt self-report  
Adj. mean -0.81 0.74

L2-Intcpt  
L1-Intcpt self-report  
Coeff -0.81 0.74  
STE 0.76 0.17  
t -1.06 4.31  
Z -0.52 3.45  
p 0.3001 0.0003

gender  
L1-Intcpt self-report  
Coeff -0.84 0.06  
STE 0.78 0.18  
t -1.09 0.32

Z -0.56 0.68  
p 0.2889 0.7513

---

**There is a numerical effect of men overall facially expressing less pain controlling for self-reported pain, but n.s. (intercept p = .29)**

**PATH B (but not controlling for X): for similar facial expressions of pain, are women and men perceived to be in different levels of pain?**

```
glmfit_multilevel(observed_pain, facial_pain, gender', 'names', {'L1-Intcpt' 'facial-pain'}, 'b
```

Warning: some columns of X have no variance. Do not enter intercept in X; it will be added automatically  
Analysis description: Second Level of Multilevel Model  
GLS analysis

Observations: 24, Predictors: 2  
Outcome names: L1-Intcpt facial-pain  
Weighting option: unweighted  
Inference option: t-test

Other Options:  
Plots: No  
Robust: no  
Save: No  
Output file: glmfit\_general\_output.txt  
Total time: 0.05 s

---

Second Level of Multilevel Model  
Outcome variables:  
L1-Intcpt facial-pain  
Adj. mean 0.55 0.57

L2-Intcpt  
L1-Intcpt facial-pain  
Coeff 0.55 0.57  
STE 0.11 0.06  
t 4.88 10.06  
Z 3.81 5.99  
p 0.0001 0.0000

gender  
L1-Intcpt facial-pain  
Coeff 0.08 0.06  
STE 0.12 0.06  
t 0.72 0.97  
Z 0.05 0.41  
p 0.4813 0.3412

---

**No sig. moderation by gender.**

**PATH C (total effect): Are women and men perceived to be in the same amount of pain when matched on self-reported pain? In other words, does target gender moderate the relationship between reported and observed pain?**

```
glmfit_multilevel(observed_pain, self_reported_pain, gender', 'names', {'L1-Intcpt' 'self-repo
```

Warning: Warning: you might be overparameterized! Seems like you have more predictors than observations

Analysis description: Second Level of Multilevel Model  
GLS analysis

Observations: 24, Predictors: 2  
Outcome names: L1-Intcpt self-report  
Weighting option: unweighted  
Inference option: t-test

Other Options:  
Plots: No  
Robust: no  
Save: No  
Output file: glmfit\_general\_output.txt  
Total time: 0.05 s

---

Second Level of Multilevel Model

Outcome variables:  
L1-Intcpt self-report  
Adj. mean -0.08 0.50

L2-Intcpt  
L1-Intcpt self-report  
Coeff -0.08 0.50  
STE 0.21 0.05  
t -0.41 9.68  
Z -0.49 5.87  
p 0.6869 0.0000

gender  
L1-Intcpt self-report  
Coeff -0.36 0.07  
STE 0.21 0.05  
t -1.69 1.41  
Z -1.25 0.94  
p 0.1047 0.1726

---

**A trend toward a gender bias — women are perceived to be in more pain, controlling for self-reported pain (p = .1)**

**PATH B (M->Y controlling for X) and something similar to PATH C': When you add facial pain to the model, does the effect go away that? (ml-glm)**

```
wh = true(1,25); wh(15) = 0; % drop subj w/ no PSPI variability  
glmfit_multilevel(observed_pain(wh), self_and_facial(wh), gender(wh)', 'names', {'L1-Intcpt' 'self-repo
```

Warning: Warning: you might be overparameterized! Seems like you have more predictors than observations  
Warning: Warning: you might be overparameterized! Seems like you have more predictors than observations  
Warning: Warning: you might be overparameterized! Seems like you have more predictors than observations

---

Analysis description: Second Level of Multilevel Model  
GLS analysis

Observations: 21, Predictors: 2  
Outcome names: L1-Intcpt self-report facial pain  
Weighting option: unweighted  
Inference option: t-test

Other Options:  
Plots: No  
Robust: no  
Save: No  
Output file: glmfit\_general\_output.txt  
Total time: 0.01 s

---

Second Level of Multilevel Model  
Outcome variables:  
L1-Intcpt self-report facial pain  
Adj. mean -0.16 0.35 0.36

L2-Intcpt  
L1-Intcpt self-report facial pain  
Coeff -0.16 0.35 0.36  
STE 0.27 0.10 0.07  
t -0.59 3.38 5.43  
Z -0.15 2.73 4.01  
p 0.5606 0.0031 0.0000

gender  
L1-Intcpt self-report facial pain  
Coeff 0.27 -0.08 0.00  
STE 0.28 0.11 0.07  
t 0.96 -0.72 0.07  
Z 0.39 -0.05 1.58  
p 0.3480 0.4793 0.9433

---

**yes it does. the statistical trend observed above (that women are perceived to be in more pain than men) is n.s. when controlling for facial expression of pain.**

## Test mediation models

*First test without accounting for gender*

X -> M -> Y

self report --> face --> observer rating

---

```
wh = true(25,1);
```

```
wh([ 5 7 12 23 ]) = 0; % 7,12, 13 crash code. 5 is an outlier on path a
mediation(self_reported_pain(wh), observed_pain(wh), facial_pain(wh), 'plots', 'names', {'self
```

No second-level covariates; omitting 2nd level scatterplots.  
Cannot find ebayes\_bstar field in stats output, so cannot create cov(a,b) scatterplot

Error in mediation\_path\_diagram  
Warning: Some NaNs in Column 1!  
Warning: Some NaNs in Column 2!  
Warning: Some NaNs in Column 3!  
Warning: Some NaNs in Column 4!  
Warning: Some NaNs in Column 5!

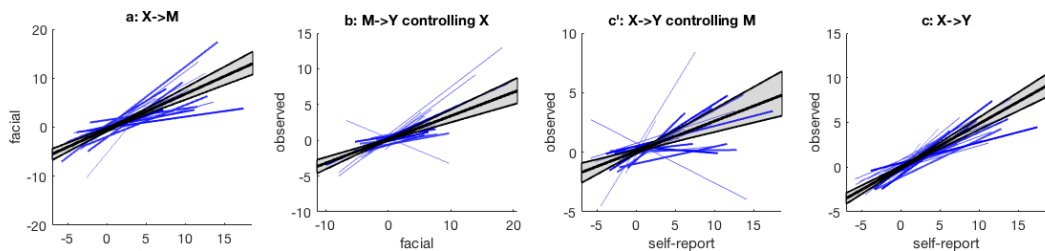
Column 1: Column 2: Column 3: Column 4: Column 5:

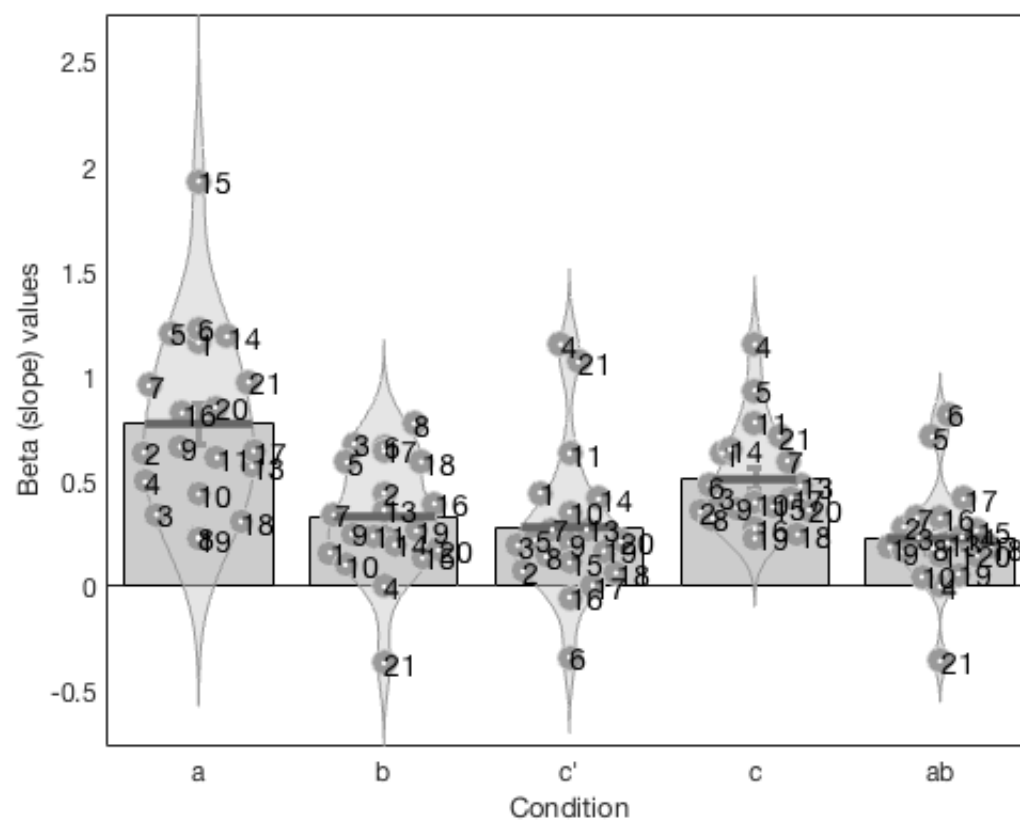
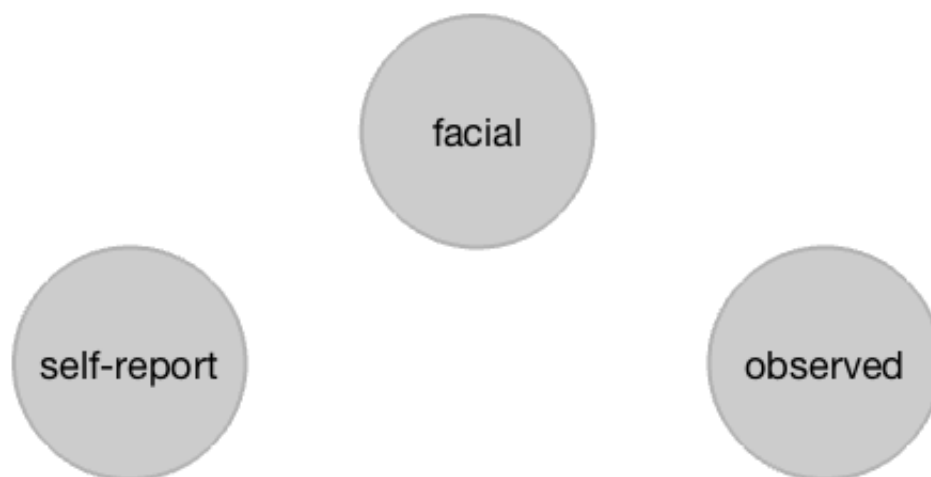
Tests of column means against zero

Name	Mean_Value	Std_Error	T	P	Cohens_d
'Col 1'	0.7765	0.095024	8.1716	1.221e-07	1.8272
'Col 2'	0.33349	0.062018	5.3773	3.4466e-05	1.2024
'Col 3'	0.28212	0.077813	3.6256	0.0018005	0.8107
'Col 4'	0.5122	0.053811	9.5185	1.1583e-08	2.1284
'Col 5'	0.23008	0.054336	4.2344	0.00044867	0.94685

ans =

1.1635	0.1614	0.4471	0.6349	0.1877
0.6391	0.4446	0.0739	0.3580	0.2841
0.3427	0.6801	0.1970	0.4301	0.2330
0.5000	-0.0000	1.1538	1.1538	-0.0000
1.2065	0.5918	0.2208	0.9348	0.7140
1.2272	0.6682	-0.3367	0.4833	0.8200
0.9581	0.3421	0.2710	0.5988	0.3278
0.2349	0.7776	0.1426	0.3253	0.1827
0.6667	0.2500	0.2083	0.3750	0.1667
0.4418	0.1038	0.3544	0.4002	0.0458







**Yes, we have significant partial mediation (tho had to drop 4 Ss). There is both a direct effect of self-report on observed pain and an indirect effect through facial pain,  $ps < .001$ .**

## Mediation with gender as L2 moderator

note: the moderation of path a is n.s. in ml-glm conducted above ( $p = .29$ ), but w/ bootstrapping may be sig?

```
warning off
mediation(self_reported_pain(wh), observed_pain(wh), facial_pain(wh), 'names', {'self-report',
```

---

Mediation analysis

Observations: 1, Replications: 21

Predictor (X): self-report, Outcome (Y): observed: Mediator (M): facial

Covariates: No

Multi-level analysis.

Options:

Multilevel weights: Yes

Plots: No

Bootstrap: No

Sign perm: No

Robust: No

Logistic(Y): No

Bootstrap 1st level: Yes

Getting estimates for replications: 000001

Bootstrapping:

---

Min p-value is 0.050000. Adding 0 samples

Done in 1 (s)

002

Bootstrapping:

---

Min p-value is 0.122000. Adding 0 samples

Done in 0 (s)

003

Bootstrapping:

---

Min p-value is 0.138000. Adding 0 samples

Done in 0 (s)

004

Bootstrapping:

---

Min p-value is 0.168000. Adding 0 samples

Done in 1 (s)

005

Bootstrapping:

---

Min p-value is 0.006000. Adding 3881 samples

Adding 3881 samples

Done adding in 1 s

Done in 1 (s)

006

Bootstrapping:

---

Min p-value is 0.002000. Adding 4867 samples

Adding 4867 samples

Done adding in 1 s

Done in 1 (s)

007

Bootstrapping:

---

Min p-value is 0.006000. Adding 3881 samples

---

Adding 3881 samples

---

Done adding in 1 s  
Done in 1 (s)  
008  
Bootstrapping:  
Min p-value is 0.182000. Adding 0 samples  
Done in 0 (s)  
009  
Bootstrapping:  
Min p-value is 0.001000. Adding 4867 samples  
Adding 4867 samples

---

Done adding in 1 s

---

Done in 2 (s)  
010  
Bootstrapping:  
Min p-value is 0.076000. Adding 0 samples  
Done in 0 (s)  
011  
Bootstrapping:  
Min p-value is 0.001000. Adding 4867 samples  
Adding 4867 samples

---

Done adding in 1 s  
Done in 1 (s)  
012

---

013  
Bootstrapping: Min p-value is 0.001000. Adding 4867 samples  
Adding 4867 samples

---

Done adding in 1 s  
Done in 1 (s)  
014  
Bootstrapping:  
Min p-value is 0.012000. Adding 1417 samples  
Adding 1417 samples

---

Done adding in 0 s  
Done in 0 (s)  
015  
Bootstrapping:  
Min p-value is 0.002000. Adding 4867 samples  
Adding 4867 samples  
Done adding in 1 s  
Done in 1 (s)  
016  
Bootstrapping:  
Min p-value is 0.008000. Adding 2648 samples  
Adding 2648 samples

---

Done adding in 0 s  
Done in 0 (s)  
017  
Bootstrapping:  
Min p-value is 0.028000. Adding 13 samples  
Adding 13 samples

---

Done adding in 0 s  
Done in 0 (s)  
018  
Bootstrapping:  
Min p-value is 0.428000. Adding 0 samples  
Done in 0 (s)  
019  
Bootstrapping:  
Min p-value is 0.006000. Adding 3881 samples  
Adding 3881 samples

---

```

Done adding in 1 s
Done in 1 (s)
020
Bootstrapping:
Min p-value is 0.001000. Adding 4867 samples
Adding 4867 samples
Done adding in 3 s
Done in 3 (s)
021
Bootstrapping:
Min p-value is 0.006000. Adding 3881 samples
Adding 3881 samples
Done adding in 1 s
Done in 1 (s)
Done.

```

```

-----
Multi-level model
a b c' c ab
Coeff 0.68 0.33 0.23 0.48 0.20
STE 0.08 0.06 0.06 0.05 0.04
t (~N) 8.30 5.21 3.64 10.41 5.11
Z 5.12 3.64 3.04 5.72 3.81
p 0.0000 0.0003 0.0024 0.0000 0.0001

```

```

-----
Second Level Moderator
Multi-level model
a b c' c ab
Coeff -0.11 0.02 0.01 -0.02 -0.04
STE 0.08 0.06 0.06 0.05 0.04
t (~N) -1.26 0.30 0.21 -0.48 -0.91
Z -1.21 0.29 0.20 -0.47 -0.88
p 0.2247 0.7705 0.8401 0.6407 0.3782

```

```

-----
Total time: 17 s
ans =

```

1.1635	0.1614	0.4471	0.6349	0.1877
0.6391	0.4446	0.0739	0.3580	0.2841
0.3427	0.6801	0.1970	0.4301	0.2330
0.5000	-0.0000	1.1538	1.1538	-0.0000
1.2065	0.5918	0.2208	0.9348	0.7140
1.2272	0.6682	-0.3367	0.4833	0.8200
0.9581	0.3421	0.2710	0.5988	0.3278
0.2349	0.7776	0.1426	0.3253	0.1827
0.6667	0.2500	0.2083	0.3750	0.1667
0.4418	0.1038	0.3544	0.4002	0.0458

**Gender does not moderate any of the paths of the mediation. BUT, I believe we only tested for sig. different SLOPES between groups (right?), while the effect of interest may be on the intercept.**

## Summary of results

1. Controlling for self-reported pain intensity, women are perceived to be in greater pain ( $p = .1$  for 2nd level intercept in ml-glm). When controlling for facial expressed pain, this statistical trend becomes entirely n.s..
2. Controlling for self-reported pain intensity, women do not facially express more pain ( $p = .29$ ). Note that effect is in expected direction of women facially expressing more pain, but n.s.
3. There is strong support for the general mediational model of self-reported pain -> facial expression -> observed pain
4. Gender does not moderate any paths of that mediatin. BUT, I believe we only tested for sig. different SLOPES between groups (right?), while the effect of interest may be on the intercept.

## Multi-level models -- May 19th 2017

read in and set up the data

```
data_ml = readtable(fullfile(basedir, 'trial-wise data.csv'));
```

Warning: Variable names were modified to make them valid MATLAB identifiers. The original names are saved in the VariableDescriptions property.

```
data_ml.tarGender( data_ml.tarGender==1 ) = 1;
data_ml.tarGender( data_ml.tarGender==2 ) = -1;

subs = unique(data_ml.x__SubID);
n=length(subs)
```

n = 49

```
for i=1:n;
    inds = data_ml.x__SubID==subs(i);

    % X
    tarVAS{i} = data_ml.tarVAS(inds);
    PSPI{i} = data_ml.PSPI(inds);
    tarGen{i} = data_ml.tarGender(inds);

    tarGen_PSPI{i} = [tarGen{i} PSPI{i}];
    tarGen_PSPI_tarVAS{i} = [tarGen{i} PSPI{i} tarVAS{i}];

    % Y
    subVAS{i} = data_ml.subVAS(inds);

    % gender
    tmp = find(inds);
    subjGen(i) = data_ml.subGender(tmp(1));
end

subjGen(subjGen==2) = -1;
subjGen(subjGen==1) = 1;
```

run a ml glm. Y = observed pain. X = tarGen, PSPI, maybe tarVAS

-1 = female, 1 = male.

```
stats = glmfit_multilevel(subVAS, tarGen_PSPI_tarVAS, [], 'names', {'Intcpt', 'targ Gen' 'PSPI
```

Analysis description: Second Level of Multilevel Model  
GLS analysis

Observations: 49, Predictors: 1  
Outcome names: Intcpt targ Gen PSPI tar VAS  
Weighting option: unweighted  
Inference option: t-test

Other Options:  
Plots: No  
Robust: no  
Save: No  
Output file: glmfit\_general\_output.txt  
Total time: 0.07 s

---

Second Level of Multilevel Model  
Outcome variables:  
Intcpt targ Gen PSPI tar VAS  
Adj. mean 11.61 0.95 2.50 2.12

2nd-level B01  
Intcpt targ Gen PSPI tar VAS  
Coeff 11.61 0.95 2.50 2.12  
STE 1.42 0.38 0.14 0.15  
t 8.15 2.46 17.75 14.56  
Z 6.32 2.11 8.13 8.13  
p 0.0000 0.0175 0.0000 0.0000

---

females are perceived to be in less pain, controlling for facial expression and for self-report of pain,  $p = .02$ .

### does subject gender moderate?

```
stats = glmfit_multilevel(subVAS, tarGen_PSPI_tarVAS, subjGen', 'names', {'Intcpt', 'targ Gen'
```

Analysis description: Second Level of Multilevel Model  
GLS analysis

Observations: 49, Predictors: 2  
Outcome names: Intcpt targ Gen PSPI tar VAS  
Weighting option: unweighted  
Inference option: t-test

Other Options:  
Plots: No  
Robust: no  
Save: No  
Output file: glmfit\_general\_output.txt  
Total time: 0.02 s

---

Second Level of Multilevel Model

Outcome variables:  
Intcpt targ Gen PSPI tar VAS  
Adj. mean 11.80 0.94 2.49 2.13

2nd-level B01  
Intcpt targ Gen PSPI tar VAS  
Coeff 11.80 0.94 2.49 2.13  
STE 1.42 0.39 0.14 0.15  
t 8.31 2.40 17.46 14.37  
Z 6.38 2.04 8.13 8.13  
p 0.0000 0.0205 0.0000 0.0000

2nd-level B02  
Intcpt targ Gen PSPI tar VAS  
Coeff 1.87 -0.10 -0.05 0.04  
STE 1.42 0.39 0.14 0.15  
t 1.32 -0.27 -0.36 0.28  
Z 0.87 -0.80 -0.59 0.78  
p 0.1934 0.7894 0.7218 0.7822

---

no evidence for moderation by subject gender.