

AIMDB

0.1

Generated by Doxygen 1.8.11

Contents

Chapter 1

Hierarchical Index

1.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

BasicType	??
TypeCharN	??
TypeDate	??
TypeDateTime	??
TypeFloat32	??
TypeFloat64	??
TypeInt16	??
TypeInt32	??
TypeInt64	??
TypeInt8	??
TypeTime	??
Catalog	??
Condition	??
Conditions	??
ErrorLog	??
Executor	??
HashCell	??
Hashcode_Ptr	??
HashInfo	??
HashTable	??
Key	??
Memory	??
MStorage	??
Object	??
Column	??
Database	??
Index	??
HashIndex	??
Table	??
RowTable	??
Operator	??
Filter	??
GroupBy	??
HashJoin	??

OrderBy	??
Project	??
Scan	??
RequestColumn	??
RequestTable	??
ResultTable	??
RPattern	??
SelectQuery	??

Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

BasicType	??
Catalog	??
Column	??
Condition	??
Conditions	??
Database	??
ErrorLog	??
Executor	Array of source file names
Filter	??
GroupBy	??
HashCell	??
HashCode_Ptr	??
HashIndex	??
HashInfo	??
HashJoin	??
HashTable	??
Index	??
Key	??
Memory	??
MStorage	??
Object	??
Operator	??
OrderBy	??
Project	??
RequestColumn	??
RequestTable	??
ResultTable	??
RowTable	??
RPattern	??
Scan	??
SelectQuery	??
Table	??
TypeCharN	??
TypeDate	??

TypeDateTime	??
TypeFloat32	??
TypeFloat64	??
TypeInt16	??
TypeInt32	??
TypeInt64	??
TypeInt8	??
TypeTime	??

Chapter 3

File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

debug/Makefile.c	??
system/catalog.cc	??
system/catalog.d	??
system/catalog.h	??
system/datatype.h	??
system/errorlog.cc	??
system/errorlog.d	??
system/errorlog.h	??
system/executor.cc	??
system/executor.d	??
system/executor.h	??
system/global.cc	??
system/global.d	??
system/global.h	??
system/hashindex.cc	??
system/hashindex.d	??
system/hashindex.h	??
system/hashtable.cc	??
system/hashtable.d	??
system/hashtable.h	??
system/mymemory.cc	??
system/mymemory.d	??
system/mymemory.h	??
system/rowtable.cc	??
system/rowtable.d	??
system/rowtable.h	??
system/runaimdb.cc	??
system/runaimdb.d	??
system/schema.h	??

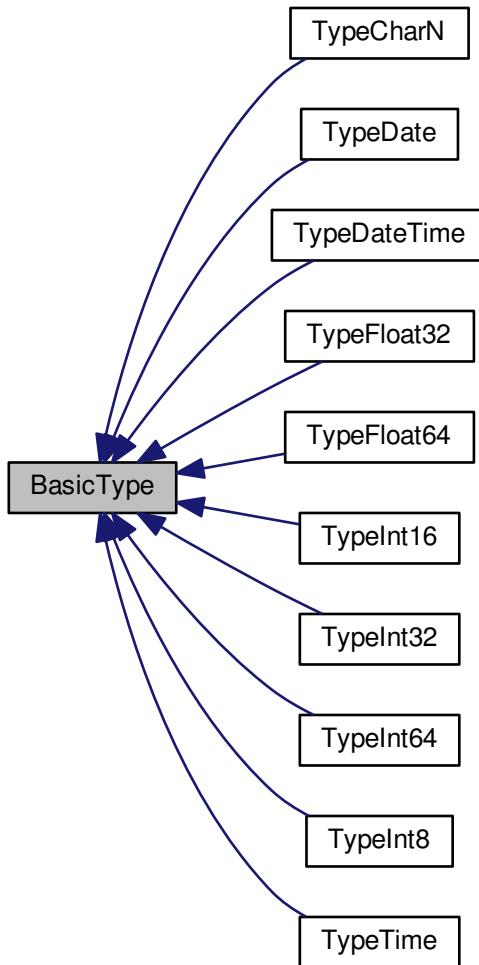
Chapter 4

Class Documentation

4.1 BasicType Class Reference

```
#include <datatype.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for BasicType:



Public Member Functions

- `BasicType (TypeCode typecode, int64_t typesize)`
- `virtual ~BasicType ()`
- `virtual bool cmpEQ (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `virtual bool cmpGE (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `virtual bool cmpGT (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `virtual bool cmpLE (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `virtual bool cmpLT (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `virtual int copy (void *dest, void *data)`
- `virtual int formatBin (void *dest, void *data)`
- `virtual int formatTxt (void *dest, void *data)`
- `virtual TypeCode getTypeCode (void)`
- `virtual int64_t getTypeSize (void)`

Protected Attributes

- `TypeCode b_type_code`
- `int64_t b_type_size`

4.1.1 Detailed Description

definition of class [BasicType](#).

4.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.1.2.1 `BasicType::BasicType (TypeCode typecode, int64_t typesize) [inline]`

constructor.

4.1.2.2 `virtual BasicType::~BasicType () [inline], [virtual]`

destructor.

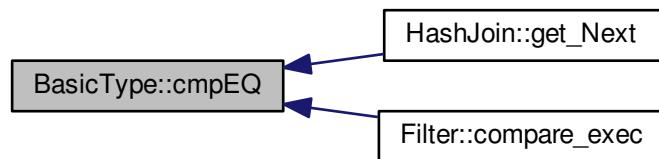
4.1.3 Member Function Documentation

4.1.3.1 `virtual bool BasicType::cmpEQ (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

equal to.

Reimplemented in [TypeDateTime](#), [TypeTime](#), [TypeDate](#), [TypeCharN](#), [TypeFloat64](#), [TypeFloat32](#), [TypeInt64](#), [TypeInt32](#), [TypeInt16](#), and [TypeInt8](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.1.3.2 virtual bool BasicType::cmpGE (void * *data1*, void * *data2*) [inline], [virtual]

greater than or equal to

Reimplemented in [TypeDateTime](#), [TypeTime](#), [TypeDate](#), [TypeCharN](#), [TypeFloat64](#), [TypeFloat32](#), [TypeInt64](#), [TypeInt32](#), [TypeInt16](#), and [TypeInt8](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.1.3.3 virtual bool BasicType::cmpGT (void * *data1*, void * *data2*) [inline], [virtual]

greater than.

Reimplemented in [TypeDateTime](#), [TypeTime](#), [TypeDate](#), [TypeCharN](#), [TypeFloat64](#), [TypeFloat32](#), [TypeInt64](#), [TypeInt32](#), [TypeInt16](#), and [TypeInt8](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.1.3.4 virtual bool BasicType::cmpLE (void * *data1*, void * *data2*) [inline], [virtual]

less than or equal to.

Reimplemented in [TypeDateTime](#), [TypeTime](#), [TypeDate](#), [TypeCharN](#), [TypeFloat64](#), [TypeFloat32](#), [TypeInt64](#), [TypeInt32](#), [TypeInt16](#), and [TypeInt8](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.1.3.5 virtual bool BasicType::cmpLT (void * *data1*, void * *data2*) [inline], [virtual]

less than.

Reimplemented in [TypeDateTime](#), [TypeTime](#), [TypeDate](#), [TypeCharN](#), [TypeFloat64](#), [TypeFloat32](#), [TypeInt64](#), [TypeInt32](#), [TypeInt16](#), and [TypeInt8](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:

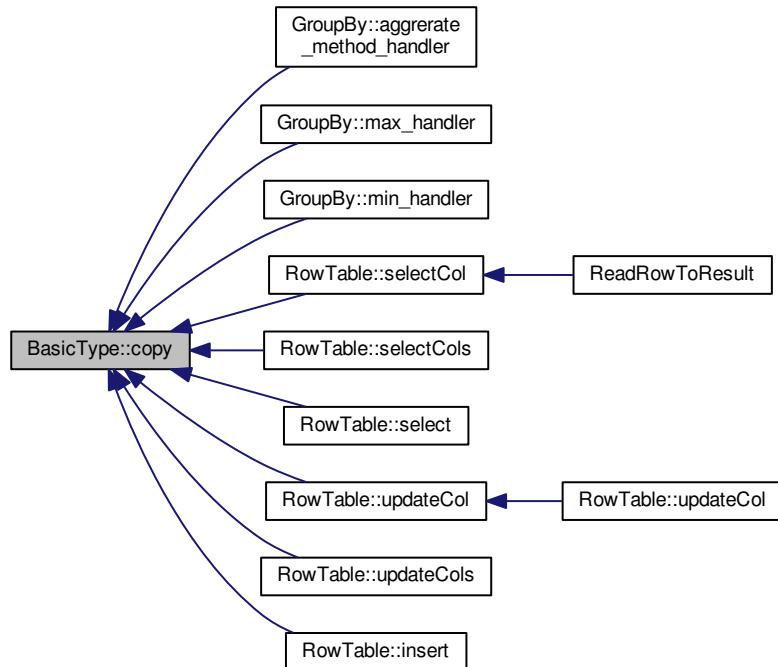


4.1.3.6 virtual int BasicType::copy (void * *dest*, void * *data*) [inline], [virtual]

copy from data to dest.

Reimplemented in [TypeDateTime](#), [TypeTime](#), [TypeDate](#), [TypeCharN](#), [TypeFloat64](#), [TypeFloat32](#), [TypeInt64](#), [TypeInt32](#), [TypeInt16](#), and [TypeInt8](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:

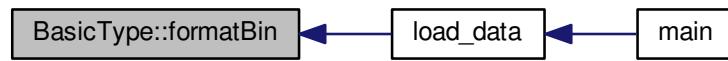


4.1.3.7 virtual int BasicType::formatBin (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]

extract bin format from data(txt) to dest.

Reimplemented in [TypeDateTime](#), [TypeTime](#), [TypeDate](#), [TypeCharN](#), [TypeFloat64](#), [TypeFloat32](#), [TypeInt64](#), [TypeInt32](#), [TypeInt16](#), and [TypeInt8](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:

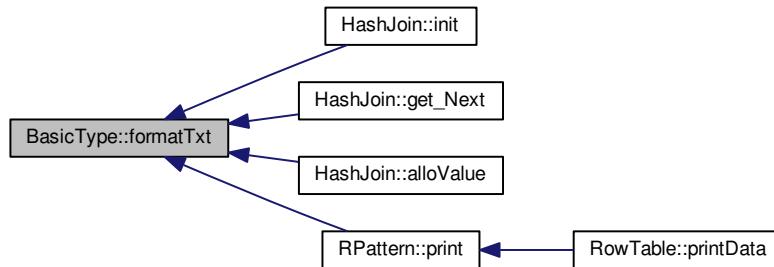


4.1.3.8 virtual int BasicType::formatTxt (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]

extract txt format from data(bin) to dest.

Reimplemented in [TypeDateTime](#), [TypeTime](#), [TypeDate](#), [TypeCharN](#), [TypeFloat64](#), [TypeFloat32](#), [TypeInt64](#), [TypeInt32](#), [TypeInt16](#), and [TypeInt8](#).

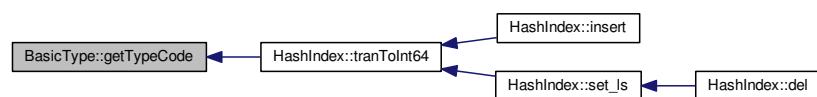
Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.1.3.9 virtual TypeCode BasicType::getTypeCode (void) [inline], [virtual]

get type code of this data type.

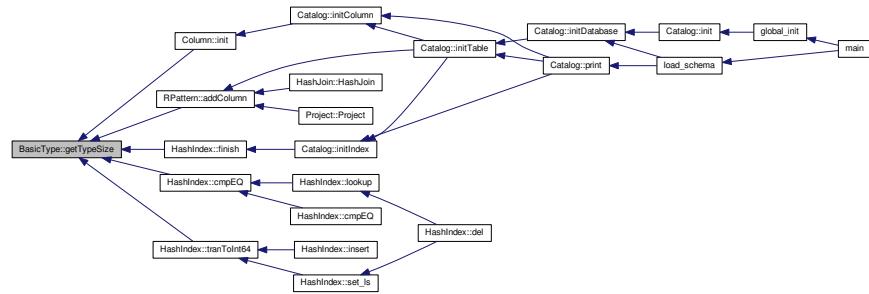
Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.1.3.10 virtual int64_t BasicType::getTypeSize(void) [inline], [virtual]

get data size when stored in bin format.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.1.4 Member Data Documentation

4.1.4.1 TypeCode BasicType::b_type_code [protected]

data type code

4.1.4.2 int64_t BasicType::b_type_size [protected]

data type size

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- system/datatype.h

4.2 Catalog Class Reference

```
#include <catalog.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- bool [createColumn](#) (const char *name, [ColumnType](#) type, int64_t option_size, int64_t &c_id)
- bool [createDatabase](#) (const char *name, int64_t &d_id)
- bool [createIndex](#) (const char *name, [IndexType](#) type, [Key](#) i_key, int64_t &i_id)
- bool [createTable](#) (const char *name, [TableType](#) type, int64_t &t_id)
- [Object](#) * [getObjByld](#) (int64_t o_id)
- [Object](#) * [getObjByName](#) (char *o_name)
- void [init](#) (void)
- bool [initDatabase](#) (int64_t d_id)
- void [print](#) (void)
- bool [shut](#) (void)
- bool [shutDatabase](#) (int64_t d_id)

Private Member Functions

- bool `initColumn` (int64_t c_id)
- bool `initIndex` (int64_t i_id)
- bool `initTable` (int64_t t_id)
- int64_t `obtainId` (void)
- int64_t `registerObj` (Object *obj)

Private Attributes

- std::vector< Object * > `cl_id_obj`
- std::unordered_map< std::string, Object * > `cl_name_obj`

4.2.1 Detailed Description

definition of class [Catalog](#).

4.2.2 Member Function Documentation

4.2.2.1 bool Catalog::createColumn (const char * name, ColumnType type, int64_t option_size, int64_t & c_id)

create column.

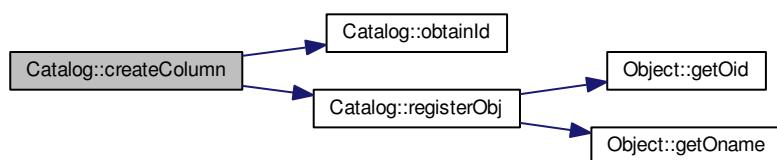
Parameters

<code>name</code>	column name
<code>type</code>	column type: [INT8,INT16,...]
<code>option_size</code>	only work for column type CHARN(option_size)
<code>c_id</code>	reference of column identifier, position in <code>cl_id_obj</code>

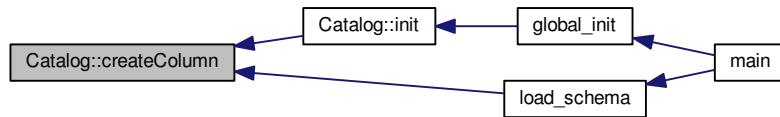
Return values

<code>true</code>	success
<code>false</code>	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.2.2.2 bool Catalog::createDatabase (const char * name, int64_t & d_id)

create database.

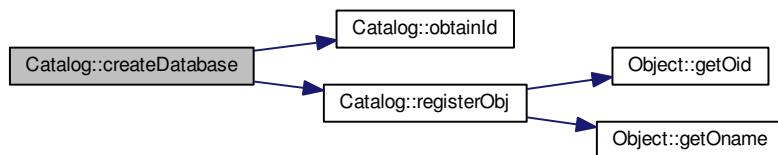
Parameters

<code>name</code>	database name
<code>d_id</code>	reference of database identifier, position in cl_id_obj

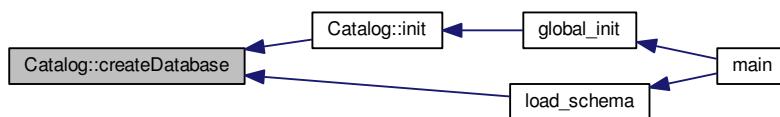
Return values

<code>true</code>	success
<code>false</code>	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.2.2.3 bool Catalog::createIndex (const char * name, IndexType type, Key i_key, int64_t & i_id)

create index.

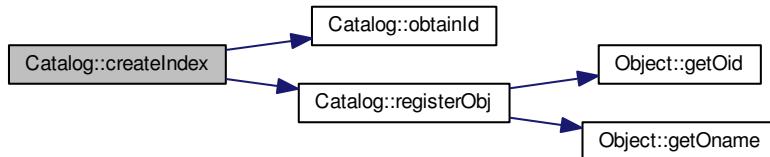
Parameters

<i>name</i>	index name
<i>type</i>	index type: [HASHINDEX,BPTREEINDEX,ARTTREEINDEX]
<i>i_key</i>	stores column identifiers of this index
<i>i_id</i>	reference of index identifier, position in cl_id_obj

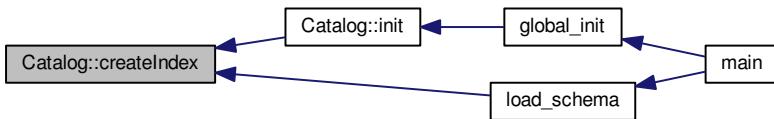
Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.2.2.4 bool Catalog::createTable (const char * name, TableType type, int64_t & t_id)

create table.

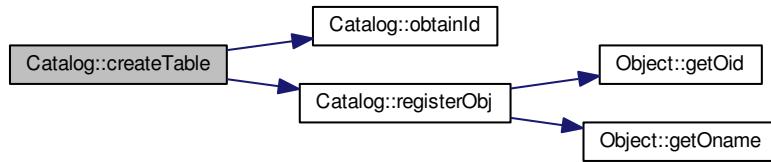
Parameters

<i>name</i>	table name
<i>type</i>	tabletype: [ROWTABLE,COLUMNTABLE]
<i>t_id</i>	reference of table identifier, position in cl_id_obj

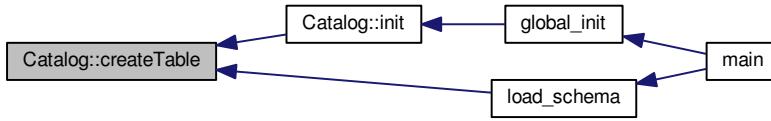
Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.2.2.5 Object * Catalog::getObjById(int64_t o_id)

get object[DATABASE, TABLE, COLUMN, INDEX] by identifier

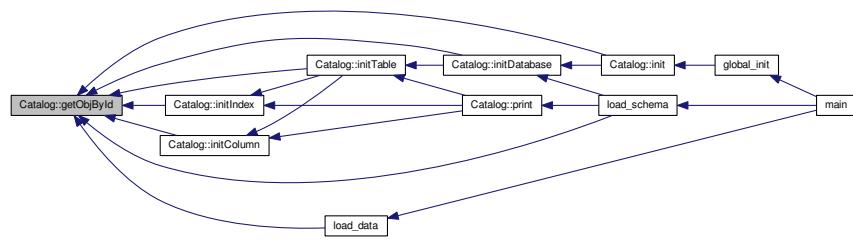
Parameters

<i>o_id</i>	identifier of object
-------------	----------------------

Return values

<i>!=</i>	NULL available
<i>==</i>	NULL unavailable, deleted or not exist

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.2.2.6 Object * Catalog::getObjByName (char * o_name)

get object[DATABASE, TABLE, COLUMN, INDEX] by object name

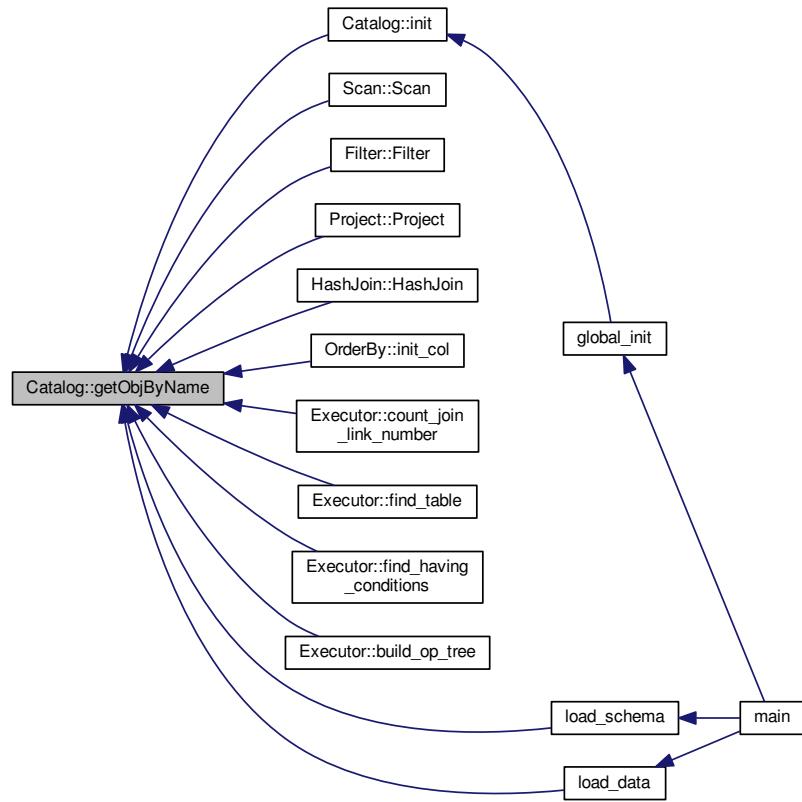
Parameters

<i>name</i>	of an object
-------------	--------------

Return values

<i>!=</i>	NULL available
<i>==</i>	NULL unavailable, deleted or not exist

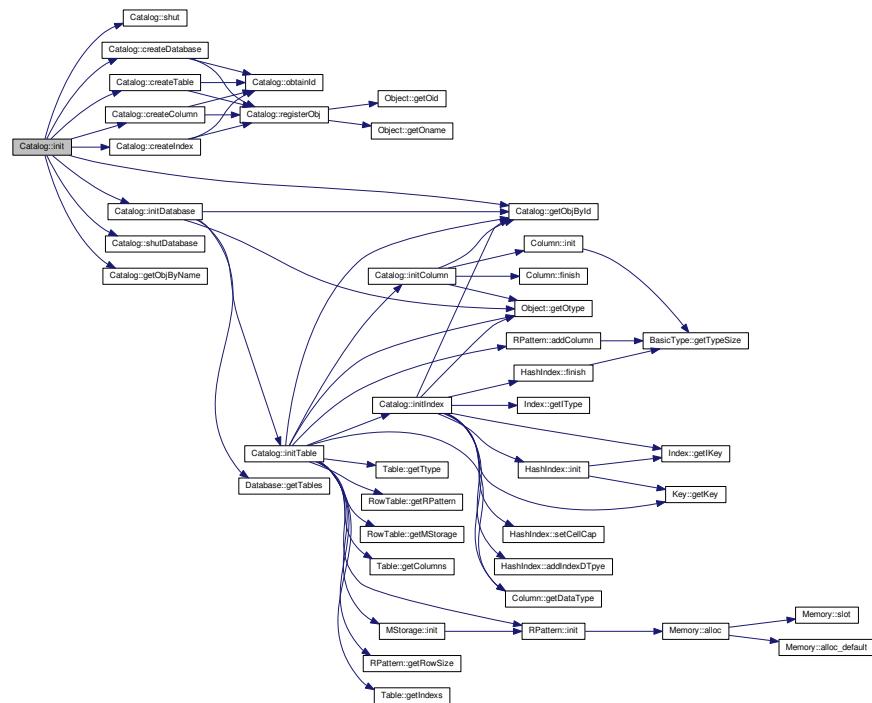
Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.2.2.7 void Catalog::init(void) [inline]

init operation.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.2.2.8 bool Catalog::initColumn (int64_t *c_id*) [private]

init column

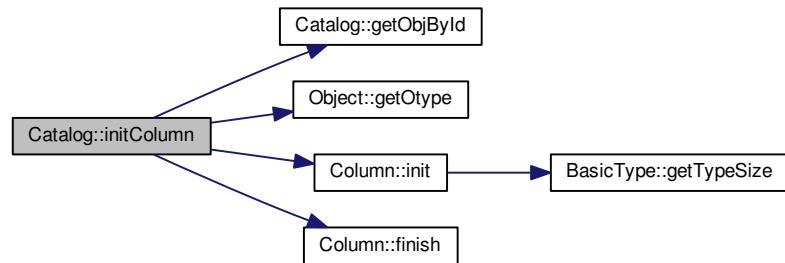
Parameters

$c \leftarrow$	which column to prepare
$_id$	

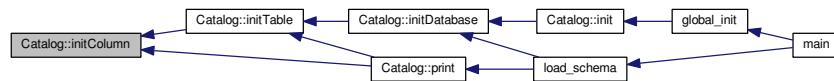
Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.2.2.9 bool Catalog::initDatabase (int64_t d_id)

init database, very important, after all setting, call initDatabase to get this database in work

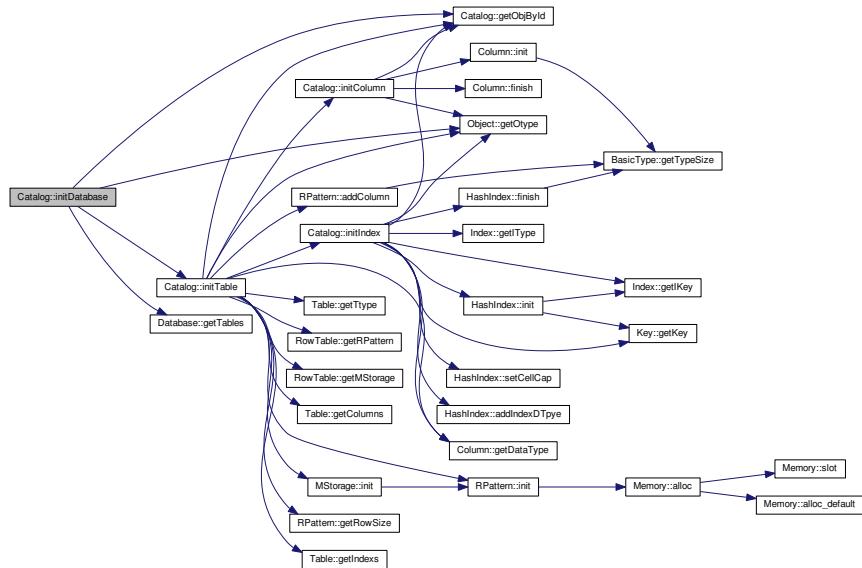
Parameters

<i>d_id</i>	which database to prepare
-------------	---------------------------

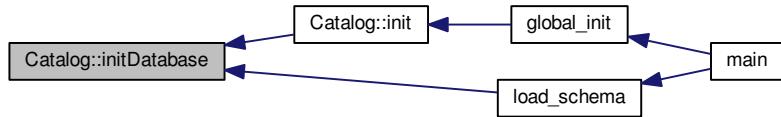
Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.2.2.10 bool Catalog::initIndex (int64_t *i_id*) [private]

init index

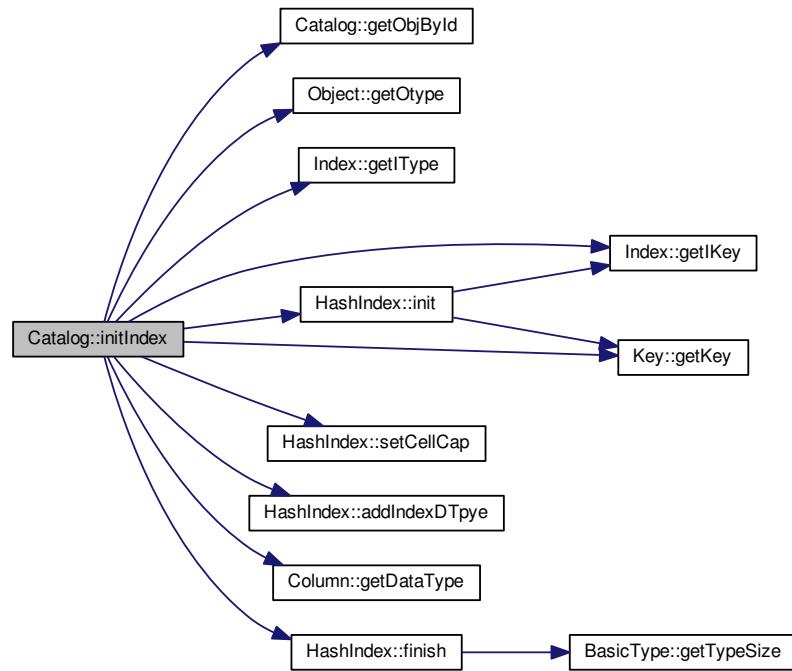
Parameters

$i \leftarrow$	which index to prepare
$_id$	

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.2.2.11 bool Catalog::initTable (int64_t t_id) [private]

init table

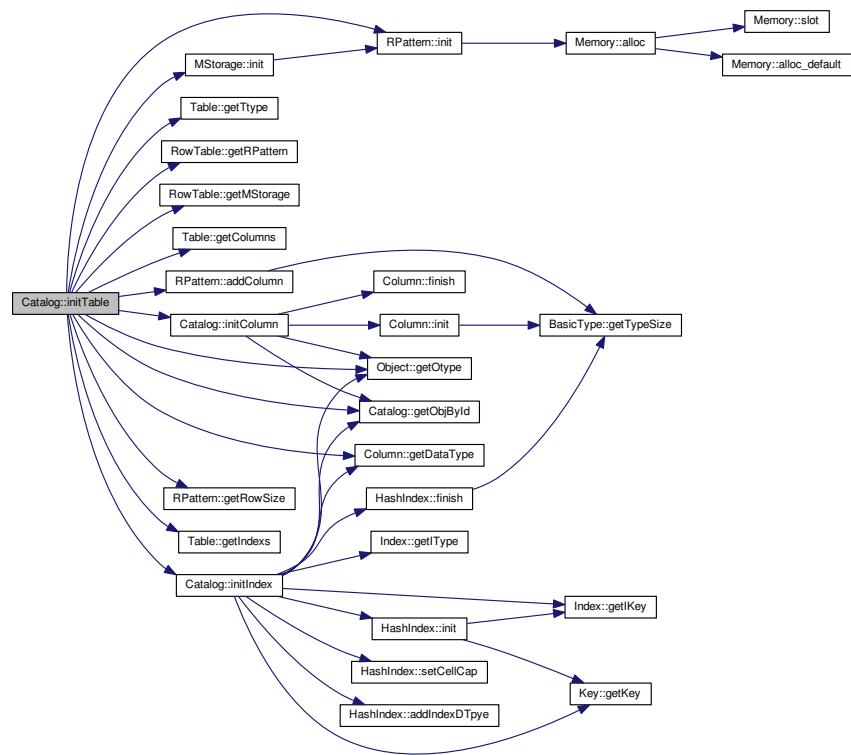
Parameters

$t \leftarrow id$	which table to prepare
-------------------	------------------------

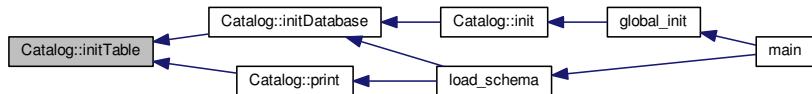
Return values

<code>true</code>	success
<code>false</code>	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



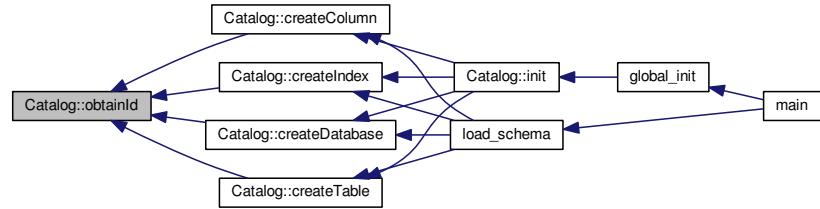
4.2.2.12 `int64_t Catalog::obtainId(void) [inline], [private]`

get a free object identifier

Return values

<code>>0</code>	success
<code><=0</code>	failure

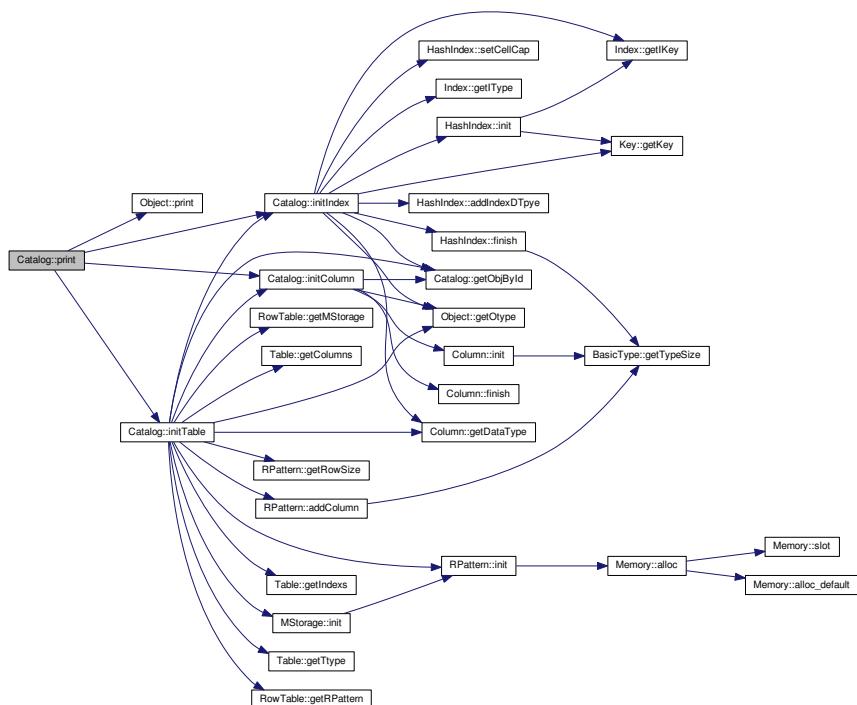
Here is the caller graph for this function:



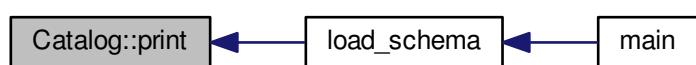
4.2.2.13 void Catalog::print(void) [inline]

print the catalog

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.2.2.14 int64_t Catalog::registerObj(Object * obj) [inline], [private]

put object in cl_id_obj and cl_name_obj

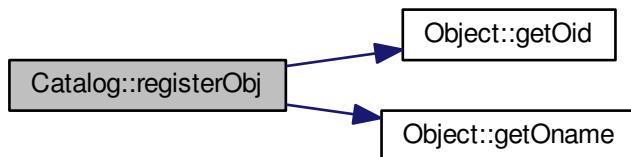
Parameters

<i>obj</i>	pointer of object to put
------------	--------------------------

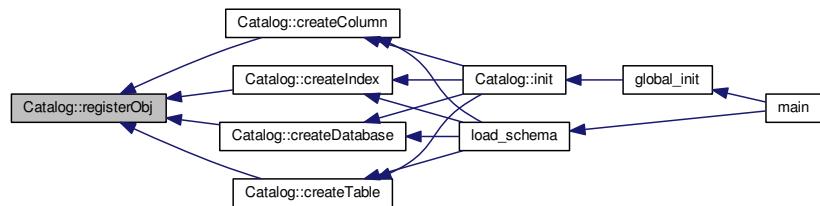
Return values

>0	success
<=0	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



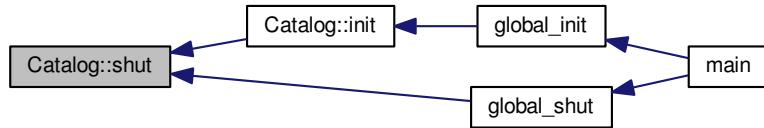
Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.2.2.15 bool Catalog::shut(void)

shut down, free all memory of Objects.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.2.2.16 bool Catalog::shutDatabase (int64_t d_id)

shutdown database

Parameters

<i>d_id</i>	which database to shut
-------------	------------------------

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.2.3 Member Data Documentation

4.2.3.1 std::vector<Object *> Catalog::cl_id_obj [private]

container of Objects

4.2.3.2 std::unordered_map<std::string, Object *> Catalog::cl_name_obj [private]

name map of Objects ,name should not be the same in the whole Catalog

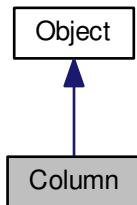
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- system/catalog.h
- system/catalog.cc

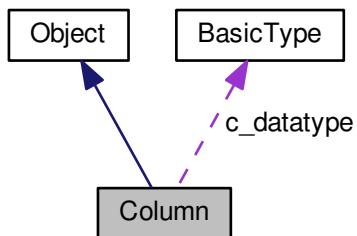
4.3 Column Class Reference

```
#include <schema.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Column:



Collaboration diagram for Column:



Public Member Functions

- `Column (int64_t c_id, const char *c_name, ColumnType c_type, int64_t c_size=0)`
- `virtual ~Column (void)`
- `virtual bool finish (void)`
- `int64_t getCSIZE (void)`
- `ColumnType getCType (void)`
- `BasicType * getDataType (void)`
- `virtual bool init (void)`
- `virtual void print (void)`
- `virtual bool shut (void)`

Private Attributes

- `BasicType * c_datatype`
- `int64_t c_size`
- `ColumnType c_type`

4.3.1 Detailed Description

definition of class [Column](#).

4.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.3.2.1 `Column::Column (int64_t c_id, const char * c_name, ColumnType c_type, int64_t c_size = 0) [inline]`

constructor.

Parameters

<code>c_id</code>	column identifier
<code>c_name</code>	column name
<code>c_type</code>	column type
<code>c_size</code>	data type size

4.3.2.2 `virtual Column::~Column (void) [inline], [virtual]`

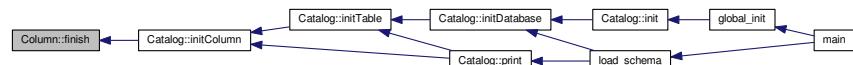
destructor.

4.3.3 Member Function Documentation

4.3.3.1 `virtual bool Column::finish (void) [inline], [virtual]`

finish column setting.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.3.3.2 `int64_t Column::getCSize (void) [inline]`

get data size.

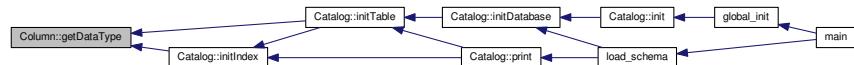
4.3.3.3 `ColumnType Column::getCType (void) [inline]`

get column type.

4.3.3.4 `BasicType* Column::getDataType(void) [inline]`

get data type of the column

Here is the caller graph for this function:



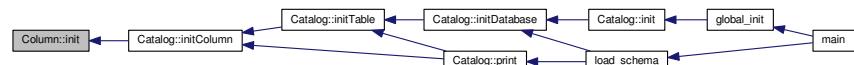
4.3.3.5 `virtual bool Column::init(void) [inline], [virtual]`

init column.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:

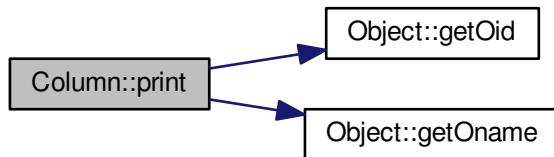


4.3.3.6 `virtual void Column::print(void) [inline], [virtual]`

print column information

Reimplemented from [Object](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.3.3.7 `virtual bool Column::shut(void) [inline], [virtual]`

shut down column.

Reimplemented from [Object](#).

4.3.4 Member Data Documentation

4.3.4.1 `BasicType* Column::c_datatype [private]`

column data type

4.3.4.2 `int64_t Column::c_size [private]`

column size

4.3.4.3 `ColumnType Column::c_type [private]`

column type

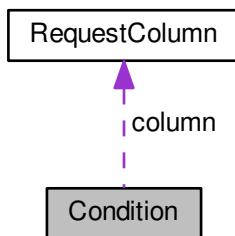
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/schema.h](#)

4.4 Condition Struct Reference

```
#include <executor.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for Condition:



Public Attributes

- [RequestColumn column](#)
- [CompareMethod compare](#)
- char [value \[128\]](#)

4.4.1 Detailed Description

definition of compare condition.

4.4.2 Member Data Documentation

4.4.2.1 RequestColumn Condition::column

which column

4.4.2.2 CompareMethod Condition::compare

which method

4.4.2.3 char Condition::value[128]

the value to compare with, if compare==LINK,value is another column's name; else it's the column's value

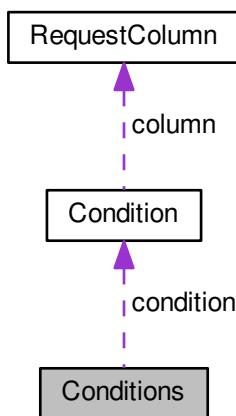
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [system/executor.h](#)

4.5 Conditions Struct Reference

```
#include <executor.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for Conditions:



Public Attributes

- [Condition condition \[4\]](#)
- int [condition_num](#)

4.5.1 Detailed Description

definition of conditions.

4.5.2 Member Data Documentation

4.5.2.1 Condition Conditions::condition[4]

support maximum 4 & conditions

4.5.2.2 int Conditions::condition_num

number of condition in use

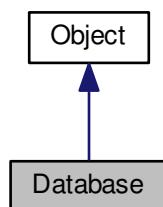
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [system/executor.h](#)

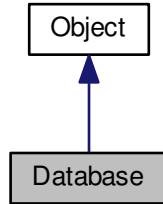
4.6 Database Class Reference

```
#include <schema.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Database:



Collaboration diagram for Database:



Public Member Functions

- [Database \(int64_t d_id, const char *d_name\)](#)
- virtual [~Database \(void\)](#)
- virtual bool [addTable \(int64_t table_id\)](#)
- virtual bool [finish \(void\)](#)
- std::vector< int64_t > & [getTables \(void\)](#)
- virtual bool [init \(void\)](#)
- virtual bool [insert \(int64_t table_id, char *source\)](#)
- virtual bool [insert \(int64_t table_id, char *columns\[\]\)](#)
- virtual bool [loadData \(int64_t table_id, const char *filename\)](#)
- virtual void [print \(void\)](#)
- virtual bool [shut \(void\)](#)

Private Attributes

- std::vector< int64_t > [d_table](#)

4.6.1 Detailed Description

definition of class [Database](#).

4.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.6.2.1 Database::Database (int64_t *d_id*, const char * *d_name*) [inline]

constructor.

Parameters

<i>d_id</i>	database identifier
<i>d_name</i>	database name

4.6.2.2 virtual Database::~Database (void) [inline], [virtual]

destructor.

4.6.3 Member Function Documentation

4.6.3.1 virtual bool Database::addTable (int64_t table_id) [inline], [virtual]

add table identifier to this database.

Parameters

<i>table_id</i>	table identifier
-----------------	------------------

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Here is the caller graph for this function:



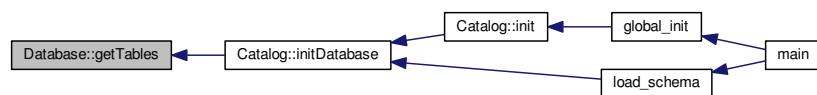
4.6.3.2 virtual bool Database::finish (void) [inline], [virtual]

finish, important interface for son class

4.6.3.3 std::vector< int64_t >& Database::getTables (void) [inline]

get table identifier container.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.6.3.4 virtual bool Database::init(void) [inline], [virtual]

init, important interface for son class

4.6.3.5 virtual bool Database::insert(int64_t table_id, char * source) [inline], [virtual]

insert a record to this database's table.

Parameters

<i>table_id</i>	table identifier
<i>source</i>	buffer of data to insert

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

4.6.3.6 virtual bool Database::insert(int64_t table_id, char * columns[]) [inline], [virtual]

insert a record to this database's table.

Parameters

<i>table_id</i>	table identifier
<i>columns</i>	each element of columns is a pointer to data of the column

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

4.6.3.7 virtual bool Database::loadData(int64_t table_id, const char * filename) [inline], [virtual]

load data into table in this database(not use).

Parameters

<i>table_id</i>	table identifier
<i>filename</i>	data file to load

Return values

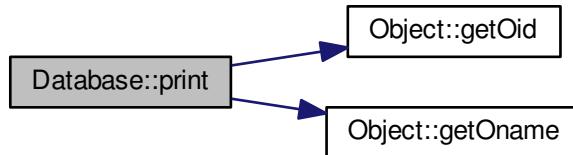
<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

4.6.3.8 virtual void Database::print(void) [inline], [virtual]

print database information

Reimplemented from [Object](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.6.3.9 virtual bool Database::shut(void) [inline], [virtual]

shut down this database, free all memory.

Reimplemented from [Object](#).

4.6.4 Member Data Documentation

4.6.4.1 std::vector< int64_t > Database::d_table [private]

table identifier container.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/schema.h](#)

4.7 ErrorLog Class Reference

an array of source file names

```
#include <errorlog.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [ErrorLog](#) (const char *thread_name, int msg_cap=256 *1024)
- [~ErrorLog](#) ()
- int [getErrorCode](#) (void)
- const char * [getErrorMsg](#) (void)
- void [log](#) (int level, const char *src_name, const int lineno,...)
- void [reset](#) ()

Static Public Member Functions

- static void `closeLog` (void)
- static void `flushLog` (void)
- static const char * `id2Name` (int src_id)
- static void `init` (int level, const char *logfile)
- static int `name2Id` (const char *src_name)
- static void `setLevel` (int level)

Static Public Attributes

- static int `el_level`
logging level
- static const char * `el_level_name` [`EL_SERIOUS+1`]
level => name

Private Member Functions

- int `getFuncNameGCC` (char *bt_symbol)

Private Attributes

- void * `el_bt_buffer` [256]
allow up to 256 levels of calls
- char * `el_demangle_buf`
buffer needed for demangle
- size_t `el_demangle_len`
demangle buffer length
- int `el_err_code`
current error code
- char * `el_msg_buf`
a buffer to hold the error message
- int `el_msg_cap`
the message buffer size
- char * `el_msg_cur`
point to the end of the message
- char * `el_thread_name`
the thread name
- time_t `el_tloc`
local time in seconds at last message
- struct tm `el_tm`
broken down time at last message

Static Private Attributes

- static FILE * `el_fp`
file handle of el_logfile
- static pthread_mutex_t `el_lock`
protect the global states
- static char * `el_logfile`
file path to write log to
- static std::unordered_map<std::string, int> * `el_name_2_id`
file name => id

4.7.1 Detailed Description

an array of source file names

4.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.7.2.1 ErrorLog::ErrorLog (const char * *thread_name*, int *msg_cap* = 256 * 1024)

constructor

Parameters

<i>threadid</i>	the current thread id to generate the log for
<i>level</i>	the dynamic logging level
<i>logfile</i>	if not NULL then specify the log file path

4.7.2.2 ErrorLog::~ErrorLog ()

destructor

4.7.3 Member Function Documentation

4.7.3.1 static void ErrorLog::closeLog (void) [inline], [static]

close the log file

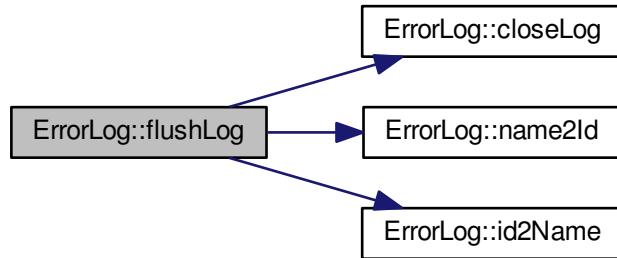
Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.7.3.2 static void ErrorLog::flushLog (void) [inline], [static]

flush the log file

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.7.3.3 int ErrorLog::getErrorCode (void) [inline]

return the last error code

4.7.3.4 const char* ErrorLog::getErrorMsg (void) [inline]

return the error message accumulated since last [reset\(\)](#)

4.7.3.5 int ErrorLog::getFuncNameGCC (char * *bt_symbol*) [private]

Parse the symbol returned from the backtrace_symbols() call. Then demangle the function name if necessary. Note this implementation is GCC specific.

A symbol has the following format:

binary(function+offset) [return address]

Parameters

<i>bt_symbol</i>	a symbol returned from backtrace_symbols()
------------------	--

Return values

0	success, output is in el_demangle_buf
-1	function name is not available

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.7.3.6 const char * ErrorLog::id2Name (int *src_id*) [static]

get the file name for a given id

Parameters

<i>src_id</i>	the file id
---------------	-------------

Return values

<i>!=NULL</i>	the file name
<i>==NULL</i>	the file id is out of range

Here is the caller graph for this function:



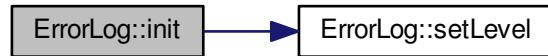
4.7.3.7 void ErrorLog::init (int *level*, const char * *logfile*) [static]

global initiator

Parameters

<i>level</i>	the dynamic logging level
<i>logfile</i>	if not NULL then specify the log file path

Here is the call graph for this function:



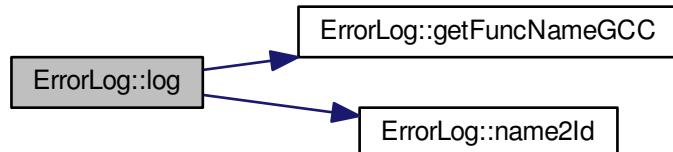
4.7.3.8 void ErrorLog::log (int level, const char * src_name, const int lineno, ...)

Log the message. Stack trace will be generated for error and serious messages.

Parameters

<i>level</i>	the level of the message
<i>src_name</i>	the source file name
<i>lineno</i>	the line number in the source file
...	printf-like format string and arguments

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.7.3.9 int ErrorLog::name2Id (const char * src_name) [static]

get fileid for a given file name

Parameters

<i>src_name</i>	the file name
-----------------	---------------

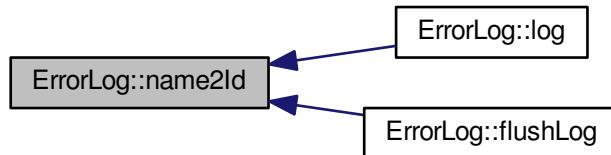
Return values

>=0	the file id
-----	-------------

Return values

<0	the file name does not exist
----	------------------------------

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.7.3.10 void ErrorLog::reset()

Clear current error messages. Call this before executing an operation.

4.7.3.11 void ErrorLog::setLevel(int level) [static]

set the dynamic logging level (this must be at least `EL_LEVEL_COMPILE`) This method is thread safe.

Parameters

<i>level</i>	the dynamic logging level
--------------	---------------------------

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.7.4 Member Data Documentation

4.7.4.1 void* ErrorLog::el_bt_buffer[256] [private]

allow up to 256 levels of calls

4.7.4.2 `char* ErrorLog::el_demangle_buf` [private]

buffer needed for demangle

4.7.4.3 `size_t ErrorLog::el_demangle_len` [private]

demangle buffer length

4.7.4.4 `int ErrorLog::el_err_code` [private]

current error code

4.7.4.5 `FILE * ErrorLog::el_fp` [static], [private]

file handle of el_logfile

4.7.4.6 `int ErrorLog::el_level` [static]

logging level

4.7.4.7 `const char * ErrorLog::el_level_name` [static]

level => name

4.7.4.8 `pthread_mutex_t ErrorLog::el_lock` [static], [private]

protect the global states

4.7.4.9 `char * ErrorLog::el_logfile` [static], [private]

file path to write log to

4.7.4.10 `char* ErrorLog::el_msg_buf` [private]

a buffer to hold the error message

4.7.4.11 `int ErrorLog::el_msg_cap` [private]

the message buffer size

4.7.4.12 `char* ErrorLog::el_msg_cur [private]`

point to the end of the message

4.7.4.13 `std::unordered_map< std::string, int > * ErrorLog::el_name_2_id [static], [private]`

file name => id

4.7.4.14 `char* ErrorLog::el_thread_name [private]`

the thread name

4.7.4.15 `time_t ErrorLog::el_tloc [private]`

local time in seconds at last message

4.7.4.16 `struct tm ErrorLog::el_tm [private]`

broken down time at last message

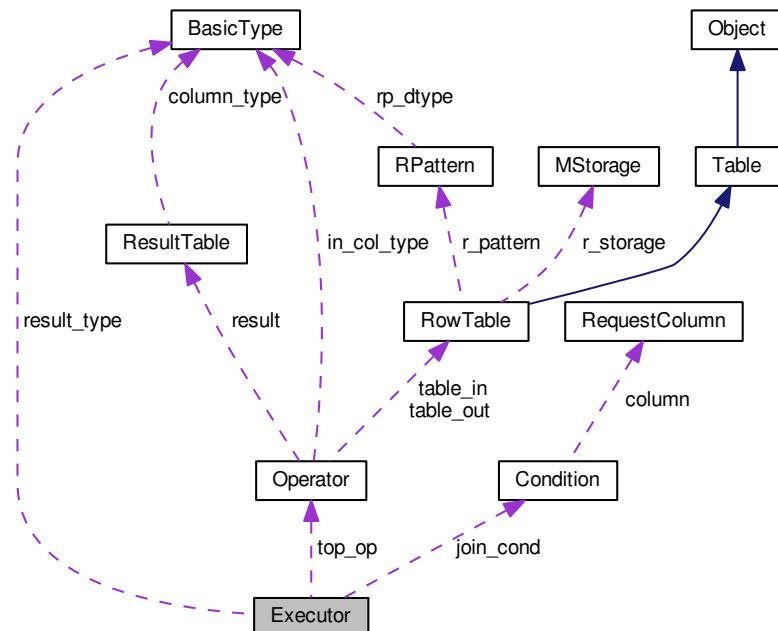
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [system/errorlog.h](#)
- [system/errorlog.cc](#)

4.8 Executor Class Reference

```
#include <executor.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for Executor:



Public Member Functions

- virtual int **close** ()

close function.
- virtual int **exec** (**SelectQuery** *query, **ResultTable** *result)

exec function.

Private Member Functions

- void **build_op_tree** (**Operator** **Op, **SelectQuery** *query)

build_op_tree
- void **count_join_link_number** (**SelectQuery** *query)

count join link number
- void **find_having_conditions** (**SelectQuery** *query)

find_having_conditions
- void **find_table** (**SelectQuery** *query)

find tables that filter columns belong to

Private Attributes

- **int64_t count**
- **int64_t * filter_tid**
- **int64_t * having_tid**
- **Condition ** join_cond**
- **int join_count**
- **int64_t * joinA_tid**
- **int64_t * joinB_tid**
- **BasicType ** result_type**
- **int64_t timesin**
- **Operator * top_op = NULL**

4.8.1 Member Function Documentation

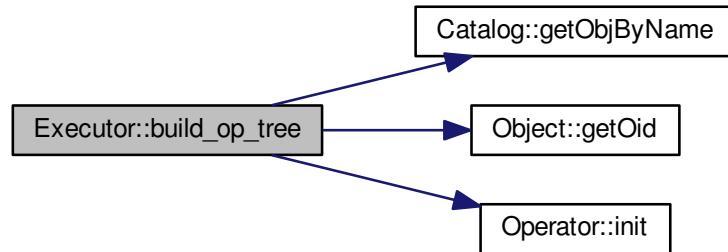
4.8.1.1 void Executor::build_op_tree (**Operator** ** *Op*, **SelectQuery** * *query*) [inline], [private]

build_op_tree

Parameters

<i>selected</i>	<i>query, operator</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.8.1.2 int Executor::close (void) [virtual]

close function.

Parameters

None	
------	--

Return values

$==0$	succeed to close
$\neq 0$	fail to close

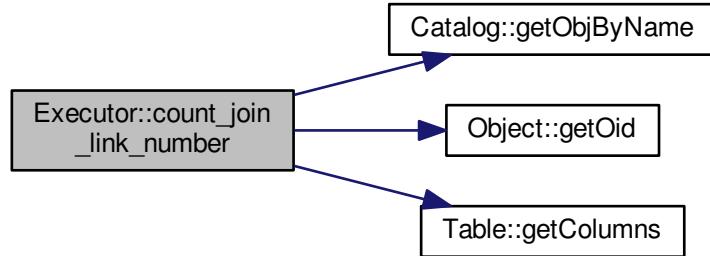
4.8.1.3 void Executor::count_join_link_number (SelectQuery * query) [inline], [private]

count join link number

Parameters

<i>selected</i>	query
-----------------	-------

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.8.1.4 int Executor::exec (*SelectQuery* * *query*, *ResultTable* * *result*) [virtual]

exec function.

Parameters

<i>query</i>	to execute, if NULL, execute query at last time
--------------	---

Returns

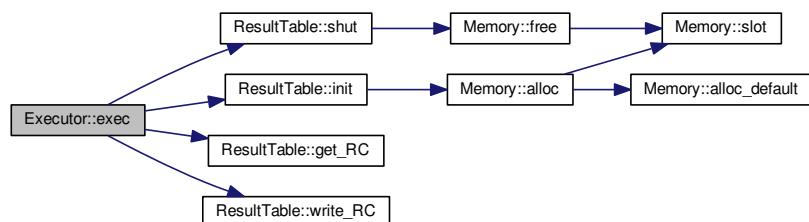
result table generated by an execution, store result in pattern defined by the result table

Return values

>0	number of result rows stored in result
<=0	no more result

executor function

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



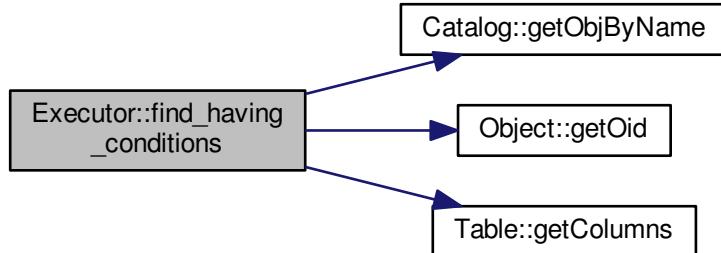
4.8.1.5 void Executor::find_having_conditions (**SelectQuery** * query) [inline], [private]

find_having_conditions

Parameters

<i>selected</i>	query
-----------------	-------

Here is the call graph for this function:



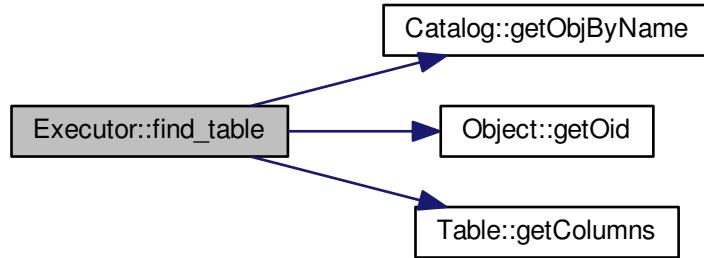
4.8.1.6 void Executor::find_table (**SelectQuery** * query) [inline], [private]

find tables that filter columns belong to

Parameters

<i>selected</i>	query
-----------------	-------

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.8.2 Member Data Documentation

4.8.2.1 `int64_t Executor::count [private]`

count records for debug uses

4.8.2.2 `int64_t* Executor::filter_tid [private]`

[Table](#) id of filter conditions.

4.8.2.3 `int64_t* Executor::having_tid [private]`

inside class use

4.8.2.4 `Condition** Executor::join_cond [private]`

[Conditions](#) for join.

4.8.2.5 `int Executor::join_count [private]`

inside class use

4.8.2.6 `int64_t* Executor::joinA_tid [private]`

inside class use

4.8.2.7 `int64_t* Executor::joinB_tid` [private]

inside class use

4.8.2.8 `BasicType** Executor::result_type` [private]

Type of every column in result table.

4.8.2.9 `int64_t Executor::timesin` [private]

count for enter func exec times

4.8.2.10 `Operator* Executor::top_op = NULL` [private]

Top operator of the operator tree.

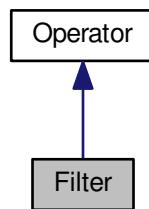
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [system/executor.h](#)
- [system/executor.cc](#)

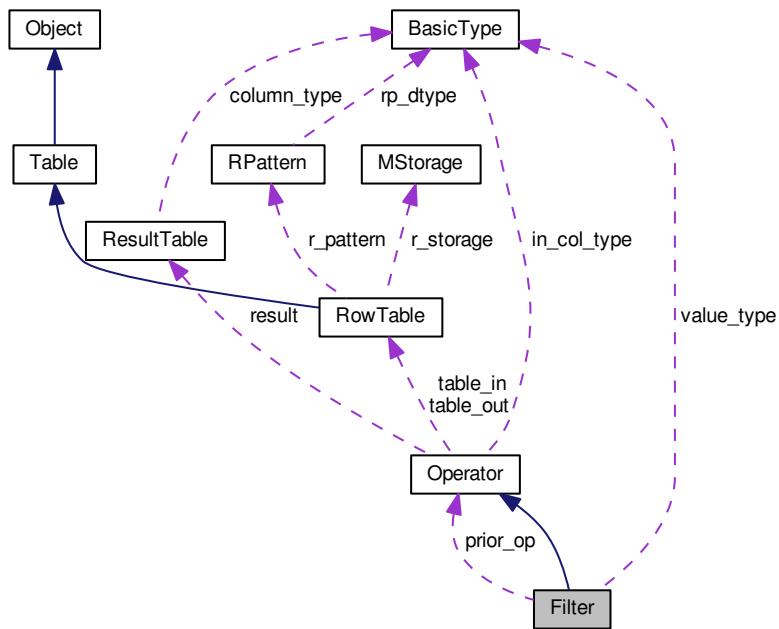
4.9 Filter Class Reference

```
#include <executor.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Filter:



Collaboration diagram for Filter:



Public Member Functions

- Filter (Operator *Op, Condition *condi)
 - bool close ()
 - bool compare_exec (char *cmpSrcA_ptr, char *cmpSrcB_ptr)
 - bool get_Next (ResultTable *result)
 - bool init ()
 - bool is_End ()
 - void MemShut ()
 - bool resCopy (bool flag, ResultTable *result)
 - void resinit ()

Private Attributes

- `int64_t col_rank`
 - `CompareMethod compare_method`
 - `Operator * prior_op`
 - `char value [128]`
 - `BasicType * value_type`

Additional Inherited Members

4.9.1 Detailed Description

definition of filter operator

4.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

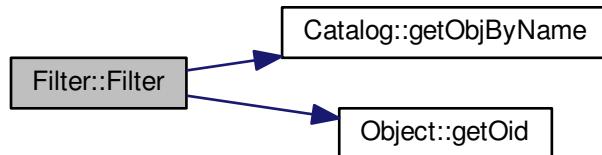
4.9.2.1 Filter::Filter (Operator * *Op*, Condition * *condi*)

construction of filter [Operator](#)

Parameters

<i>Op</i>	prior_op that needs to inherit
<i>condi</i>	the filter conditions.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.9.3 Member Function Documentation

4.9.3.1 bool Filter::close (void) [virtual]

close operator and release memory

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Implements [Operator](#).

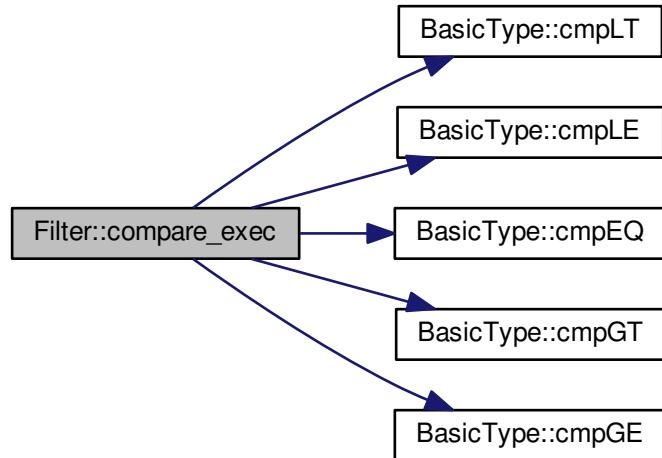
4.9.3.2 bool Filter::compare_exec (char * *cmpSrcA_ptr*, char * *cmpSrcB_ptr*) [inline]

check the result of cmp

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.9.3.3 bool Filter::get_Next (ResultTable * result) [virtual]

get next record

Parameters

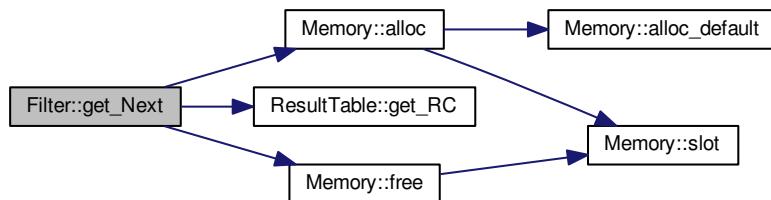
<i>result</i>	the buffer to store result.
---------------	-----------------------------

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Implements [Operator](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.9.3.4 `bool Filter::init(void) [virtual]`

init operator

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Implements [Operator](#).

4.9.3.5 `bool Filter::is_End(void) [virtual]`

judge whether is end

Return values

<i>false</i>	not end
<i>true</i>	run end

Implements [Operator](#).

4.9.3.6 `void Filter::MemShut() [inline]`

shut memory

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

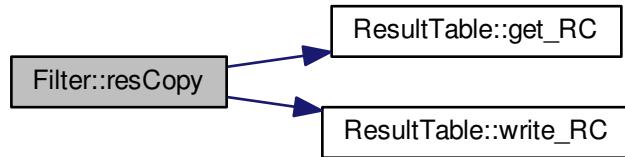
4.9.3.7 `bool Filter::resCopy(bool flag, ResultTable * result) [inline]`

copy result

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.9.3.8 void Filter::resinit() [inline]

init filter resulttable

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.9.4 Member Data Documentation

4.9.4.1 int64_t Filter::col_rank [private]

which column need to be filtered.

4.9.4.2 CompareMethod Filter::compare_method [private]

compare methods

4.9.4.3 Operator* Filter::prior_op [private]

operator of prior operation.

4.9.4.4 `char Filter::value[128]` [private]

const value

4.9.4.5 `BasicType* Filter::value_type` [private]

column types of filter columns

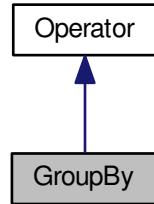
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [system/executor.h](#)
- [system/executor.cc](#)

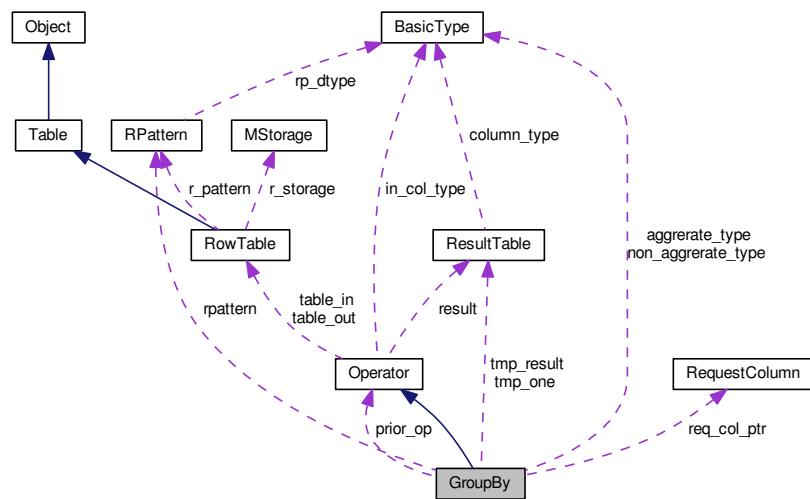
4.10 GroupBy Class Reference

```
#include <executor.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for GroupBy:



Collaboration diagram for GroupBy:



Public Member Functions

- `GroupBy (Operator *Op, int groupby_num, RequestColumn req_col[4])`
`construction of OrderBy`
- `bool close ()`
`close operator and release memory.`
- `bool get_Next (ResultTable *result)`
`get next record of operator`
- `bool init ()`
`init of project`
- `bool is_End ()`
`judge whether is end`

Private Member Functions

- `bool agggerate (AggrerateMethod method, uint64_t probe_result, int agg_i)`
`do aggregation on a column`
- `void agggerate_method_handler (int64_t hash_count)`
`agggerate_method handler`
- `bool avg_handler ()`
`avg handler`
- `int64_t get_prior_col_rank (int64_t object_oid)`
`get prior column rank`
- `Operator * get_prior_operator ()`
`get pointer to prior Operator`
- `RPattern get_prior_rpattern ()`
`get prior column rank`
- `RowTable * get_prior_tableout ()`
`get prior tableout`
- `RPattern get_rpattern ()`
`get rpattern`
- `int64_t hash (char *str, int64_t length)`
`get hash from a string with length`
- `void init_aggre (int64_t col_rank)`
`init agggerate`
- `void init_non_aggre (int64_t col_rank)`
`init non_aggre`
- `void max_handler ()`
- `void min_handler ()`
- `void sum_handler ()`
`sum handler`

Private Attributes

- int `agg_i`
- int `aggrerate_index` = 0
- `AggrerateMethod aggrerate_method [4]`
- int `aggrerate_num` = 0
- size_t `aggrerate_off [4]`
- `BasicType * aggrerate_type [4]`
- int `col_num` = 0
- char * `datain`
- char * `dataout`
- int `index` = 0
- int `non_aggrerate_index` = 0
- int `non_aggrerate_num` = 0
- size_t `non_aggrerate_off [4]`
- `BasicType * non_aggrerate_type [4]`
- int64_t * `pattern_count_ptr`
- `Operator * prior_op`
- `RequestColumn * req_col_ptr`
- int64_t `row_size`
- `RPattern rpattern`
- `ResultTable tmp_one`
- `ResultTable tmp_result`

Additional Inherited Members

4.10.1 Detailed Description

definition of [GroupBy](#)

4.10.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.10.2.1 GroupBy::GroupBy (`Operator * Op, int groupby_num, RequestColumn req_col[4]`)

construction of [OrderBy](#)

Parameters

<code>Op</code>	prior operators
<code>groupby_num</code>	number of conditions to groupby
<code>req_col</code>	names of columns

4.10.3 Member Function Documentation

4.10.3.1 bool GroupBy::aggrerate (`AggrerateMethod method, uint64_t probe_result, int agg_i`) [private]

do aggregation on a column

Parameters

<i>method</i>	Aggregation method
<i>probe_result</i>	the result of hashtable::probe
<i>agg_i</i>	the index of aggregation

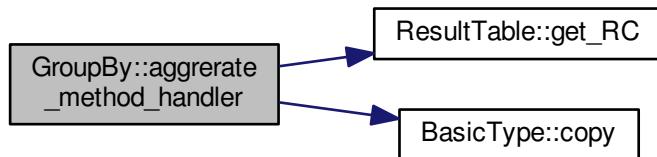
Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

4.10.3.2 void GroupBy::aggrerate_method_handler(int64_t hash_count) [inline], [private]

aggrerate_method handler

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.10.3.3 bool GroupBy::avg_handler() [inline], [private]

avg handler

4.10.3.4 bool GroupBy::close(void) [virtual]

close operator and release memory.

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Implements [Operator](#).

4.10.3.5 `bool GroupBy::get_Next(ResultTable * result) [virtual]`

get next record of operator

Parameters

<code>result</code>	buffer to store result
---------------------	------------------------

Return values

<code>false</code>	for failure
<code>true</code>	for success

Implements [Operator](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.10.3.6 `int64_t GroupBy::get_prior_col_rank(int64_t object_oid) [inline], [private]`

get prior column rank

Return values

<code>prior</code>	column rank
--------------------	-------------

4.10.3.7 `Operator* GroupBy::get_prior_operator() [inline], [private]`

get pointer to prior [Operator](#)

Return values

<code>pointer</code>	to prior Operator
----------------------	-----------------------------------

4.10.3.8 `RPattern GroupBy::get_prior_rpattern() [inline], [private]`

get prior column rank

Return values

<i>prior</i>	column rank
--------------	-------------

4.10.3.9 RowTable* GroupBy::get_prior_tableout() [inline], [private]

get prior tableout

Return values

<i>prior</i>	tableout
--------------	----------

4.10.3.10 RPattern GroupBy::get_rpattern() [inline], [private]

get rpattern

Return values

<i>rpattern</i>	inside
-----------------	--------

4.10.3.11 int64_t GroupBy::hash(char * str, int64_t length) [private]

get hash from a string with length

Parameters

<i>str</i>	input a string
<i>length</i>	the length of string

Return values

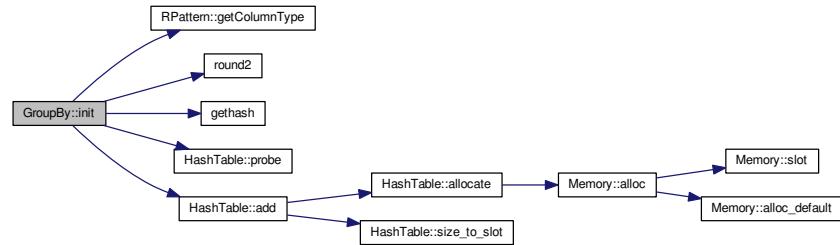
<i>hash</i>	number
-------------	--------

4.10.3.12 bool GroupBy::init(void) [virtual]

init of project

Implements [Operator](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.10.3.13 void GroupBy::init_aggre (int64_t col_rank) [inline], [private]

init aggrerate

4.10.3.14 void GroupBy::init_non_aggre (int64_t col_rank) [inline], [private]

init non_aggre

4.10.3.15 bool GroupBy::is_End (void) [virtual]

judge whether is end

Return values

<i>false</i>	not end
<i>true</i>	run end

Implements [Operator](#).

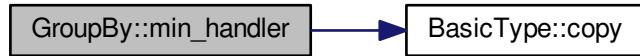
4.10.3.16 void GroupBy::max_handler () [inline], [private]

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.10.3.17 `void GroupBy::min_handler() [inline], [private]`

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.10.3.18 `void GroupBy::sum_handler() [inline], [private]`

sum handler

4.10.4 Member Data Documentation

4.10.4.1 `int GroupBy::agg_i [private]`

inside class use

4.10.4.2 `int GroupBy::aggrerate_index = 0 [private]`

index has been group

4.10.4.3 `AggrerateMethod GroupBy::aggrerate_method[4] [private]`

aggrerate methods

4.10.4.4 `int GroupBy::aggrerate_num = 0 [private]`

aggrerate number

4.10.4.5 `size_t GroupBy::aggrerate_off[4] [private]`

aggrerate offset

4.10.4.6 `BasicType* GroupBy::aggrerate_type[4] [private]`

type of each aggrerate

4.10.4.7 `int GroupBy::col_num = 0` [private]

number of column

4.10.4.8 `char* GroupBy::datain` [private]

inside class use

4.10.4.9 `char* GroupBy::dataout` [private]

inside class use

4.10.4.10 `int GroupBy::index = 0` [private]

index of current

4.10.4.11 `int GroupBy::non_aggrate_index = 0` [private]

index of non aggregated

4.10.4.12 `int GroupBy::non_aggrate_num = 0` [private]

number of non aggregate

4.10.4.13 `size_t GroupBy::non_aggrate_off[4]` [private]

non aggregate method offset

4.10.4.14 `BasicType* GroupBy::non_aggrate_type[4]` [private]

type of each non aggregate

4.10.4.15 `int64_t* GroupBy::pattern_count_ptr` [private]

inside class use

4.10.4.16 `Operator* GroupBy::prior_op` [private]

operator of prior operators

4.10.4.17 **RequestColumn*** GroupBy::req_col_ptr [private]

inside class use

4.10.4.18 **int64_t** GroupBy::row_size [private]

size of row

4.10.4.19 **RPattern** GroupBy::rpattern [private]

inside class use

4.10.4.20 **ResultTable** GroupBy::tmp_one [private]

buffer to store one result

4.10.4.21 **ResultTable** GroupBy::tmp_result [private]

buffer to store tmp result

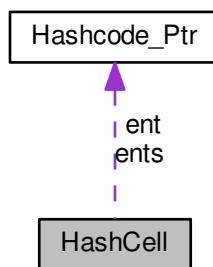
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- system/executor.h
- system/executor.cc

4.11 HashCell Class Reference

```
#include <hashtable.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for HashCell:



Public Attributes

- int [hc_num](#)
- union {
 [Hashcode_Ptr](#) ent
 struct {
 int capacity
 [Hashcode_Ptr](#) * ents
 } num_2_or_more
} hc_union

4.11.1 Detailed Description

definition of class [HashCell](#).

4.11.2 Member Data Documentation

4.11.2.1 int HashCell::capacity

maximun number of array in this structure

4.11.2.2 Hashcode_Ptr HashCell::ent

[Hashcode_Ptr](#), hit,decrease cache miss

4.11.2.3 Hashcode_Ptr* HashCell::ents

pointer of [Hashcode_Ptr](#) array

4.11.2.4 int HashCell::hc_num

[Hashcode_Ptr](#) number in this [HashCell](#)

4.11.2.5 union { ... } HashCell::hc_union

if hc_num == 1,store one [Hashcode_Ptr](#); if hc_num>1,store num_2_or_more

4.11.2.6 struct { ... } HashCell::num_2_or_more

struct of a [Hashcode_Ptr](#) array,not hit,seach a array,not a link-list,decrease cache miss

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/hashtable.h](#)

4.12 Hashcode_Ptr Class Reference

```
#include <hashtable.h>
```

Public Attributes

- int64_t hash_code
- char * tuple

4.12.1 Detailed Description

File Name: baseline/hashTable.h Written By: Shimin Chen, Sept, 2002 Description: in-memory hash table implementation.

The hash table stores hash codes and pointers to the tuples. It has an array of hash cells, which contains a hash code and a pointer. In case of confliction, a variable sized array of hash code and pointer is allocated.

Modified By liugang (liugang@ict.ac.cn)definition of class [Hashcode_Ptr](#).

4.12.2 Member Data Documentation

4.12.2.1 int64_t Hashcode_Ptr::hash_code

hash_code of specific data

4.12.2.2 char* Hashcode_Ptr::tuple

pointer of a record tuple

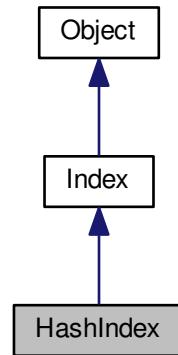
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/hashtable.h](#)

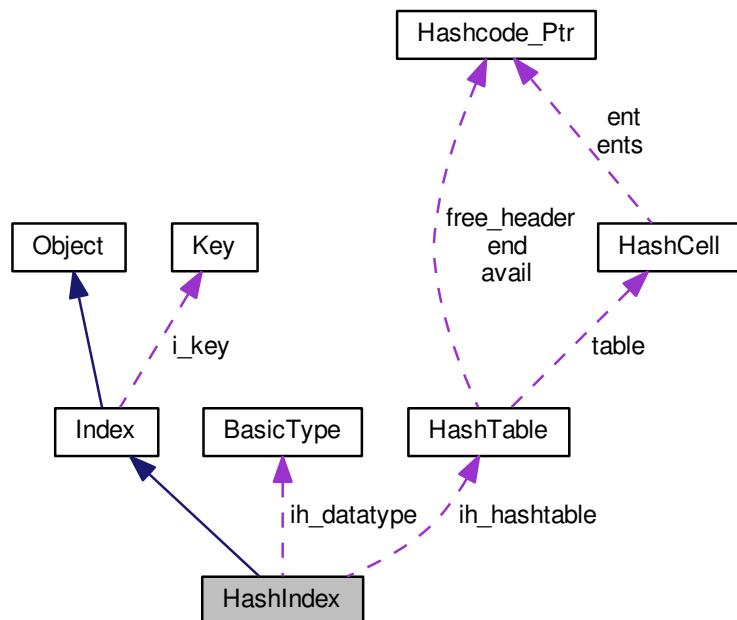
4.13 HashIndex Class Reference

```
#include <hashindex.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for HashIndex:



Collaboration diagram for HashIndex:



Public Member Functions

- `HashIndex` (`int64_t h_id, const char *i_name, Key &i_key)`
- `bool addIndexDTpype (BasicType *i_dt)`
- `bool del (void *i_data)`
- `bool del (void *i_data[])`
- `bool finish (void)`
- `bool init (void)`
- `bool insert (void *i_data, void *p_in)`
- `bool insert (void *i_data[], void *p_in)`
- `bool lookup (void *i_data, void *info, void *&result)`
- `bool lookup (void *i_data[], void *info, void *&result)`
- `bool set_ls (void *i_data1, void *i_data2, void *info)`
- `bool set_ls (void *i_data1[], void *i_data2[], void *info)`
- `void setCellCap (int64_t cell_capbits)`
- `bool shut (void)`

Private Member Functions

- `bool cmpEQ (void *i_data[], void *result)`
- `bool cmpEQ (void *i_data, void *result)`
- `int64_t hash (char *str, int64_t maxlen)`
- `void print (void)`
- `int64_t tranToInt64 (void *i_data)`
- `int64_t tranToInt64 (void *i_data[])`

Private Attributes

- `int64_t ih_cell_capbits`
- `int64_t ih_column_cap`
- `int64_t ih_column_num`
- `BasicType ** ih_datatype`
- `int64_t * ih_hash_bits`
- `HashTable * ih_hashtable`

4.13.1 Detailed Description

definition of [HashIndex](#).

4.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.13.2.1 HashIndex::HashIndex (`int64_t h_id, const char * i_name, Key & i_key) [inline]`

constructor.

Parameters

<code>h_id</code>	hash index identifier
<code>i_name</code>	index name
<code>i_key</code>	key of this index

4.13.3 Member Function Documentation

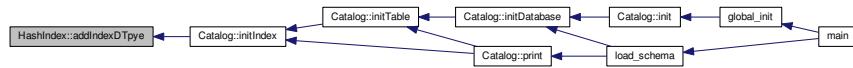
4.13.3.1 bool HashIndex::addIndexDTpye (BasicType * *i_dt*)

add indexed column's data type.

Parameters

<i>i_dt</i>	data type of indexed column
-------------	-----------------------------

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.13.3.2 bool HashIndex::cmpEQ (void * *i_data[]*, void * *result*) [private]

whether *i_data* is *result* got from hash table

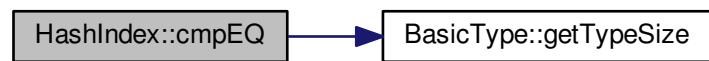
Parameters

<i>i_data</i>	pointers of columns
<i>result</i>	got from hash table

Return values

<i>true</i>	equal
<i>false</i>	not equal

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.13.3.3 bool HashIndex::cmpEQ (void * *i_data*, void * *result*) [private]

whether *i_data* is *result* got from hash table

Parameters

<i>i_data</i>	buffer data of columns
<i>result</i>	got from hash table

Return values

<i>true</i>	equal
<i>false</i>	not equal

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.13.3.4 bool HashIndex::del (void * *i_data*) [virtual]

del an entry in hash index.

Parameters

<i>i_data</i>	buffer of column data
---------------	-----------------------

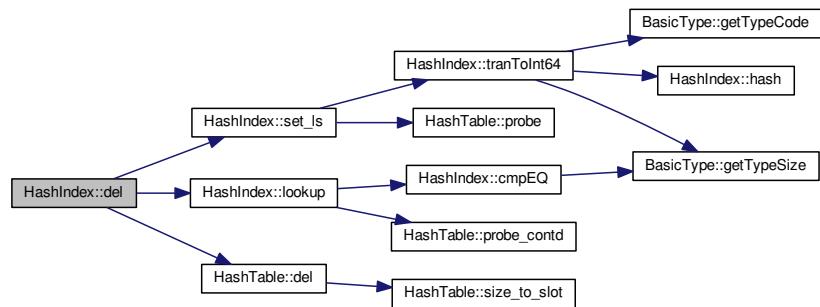
Return values

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Index](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.13.3.5 bool HashIndex::del (void * *i_data*[]) [virtual]

del an entry in hash index.

Parameters

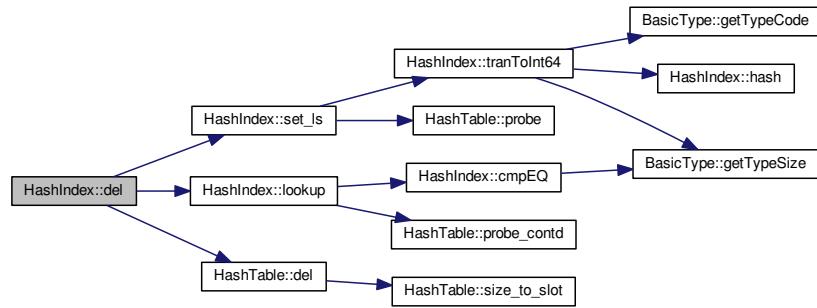
<i>i_data</i>	pointers of column data
---------------	-------------------------

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Index](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.13.3.6 bool HashIndex::finish(void) [virtual]

init of hash table, heart of hash index ,most important.

Return values

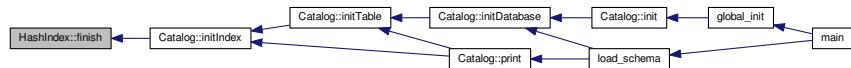
<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Index](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.13.3.7 int64_t HashIndex::hash(char * str, int64_t maxlen) [private]

hash method for CHARN.

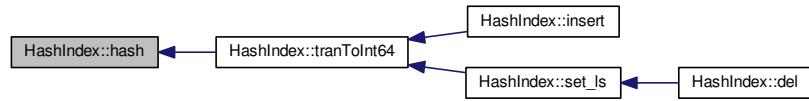
Parameters

<i>str</i>	pointer of string
<i>maxlen</i>	maximum length of str

Return values

<i>int64</i>	hash value of CHARN
--------------	---------------------

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.13.3.8 bool HashIndex::init(void) [virtual]

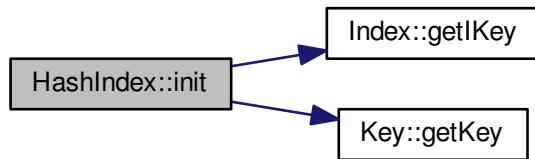
init hashindex, to calculate initial value.

Return values

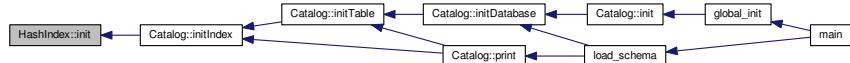
<i>true</i>	init success
-------------	--------------

Reimplemented from [Index](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.13.3.9 bool HashIndex::insert (void * *i_data*, void * *p_in*) [virtual]

insert an entry to hash index.

Parameters

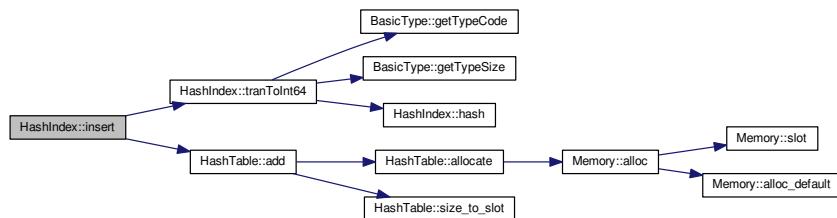
<i>i_data</i>	buffer of column data in pattern
<i>p_in</i>	pointer of record to make index

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Index](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.13.3.10 bool HashIndex::insert (void * *i_data*[], void * *p_in*) [virtual]

insert an entry to hash index.

Parameters

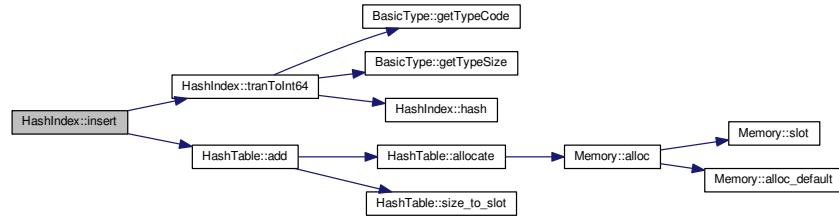
<i>i_data</i>	each element of i_data pointed to a column data
<i>p_in</i>	pointer of record to make index

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Index](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.13.3.11 bool HashIndex::lookup (void * *i_data*, void * *info*, void *& *result*) [virtual]

lookup hash index.

Parameters

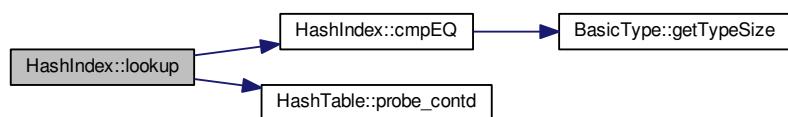
<i>i_data</i>	buffer of column data
<i>info</i>	HashInfo pointer processed by set_ls
<i>result</i>	reference of record pointer

Return values

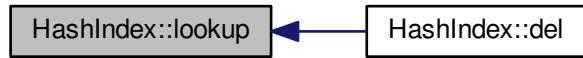
<i>true</i>	found
<i>false</i>	not found

Reimplemented from [Index](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.13.3.12 bool HashIndex::lookup (void * *i_data*[], void * *info*, void *& *result*) [virtual]

lookup hash index.

Parameters

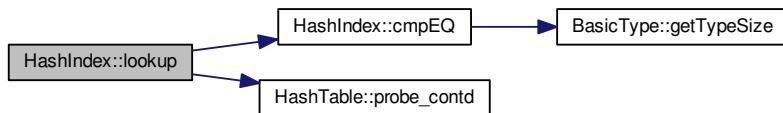
<i>i_data</i>	pointers of column data
<i>info</i>	HashInfo pointer processed by set_ls
<i>result</i>	reference of record pointer

Return values

<i>true</i>	found
<i>false</i>	not found

Reimplemented from [Index](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:

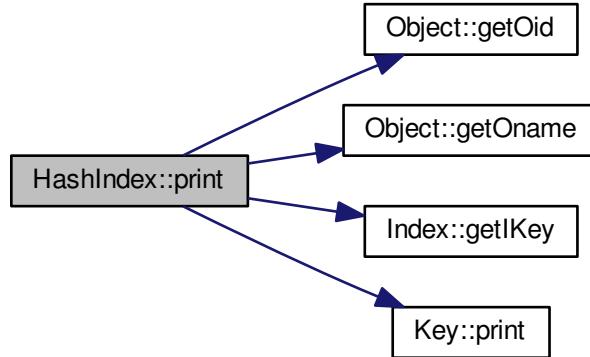


4.13.3.13 void HashIndex::print (void) [private], [virtual]

print hash index information.

Reimplemented from [Index](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.13.3.14 bool HashIndex::set_ls (void * *i_data1*, void * *i_data2*, void * *info*) [virtual]

setup for hash index lookup.

Parameters

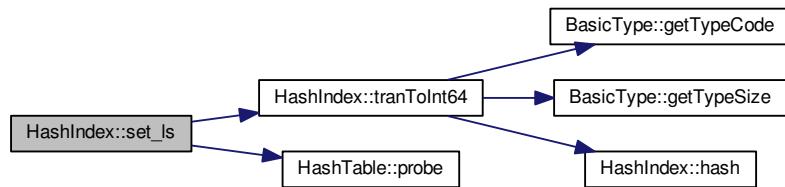
<i>i_data1</i>	buffer of column data for lookup or scan(">=")
<i>i_data2</i>	set NULL
<i>info</i>	HashInfo pointer

Return values

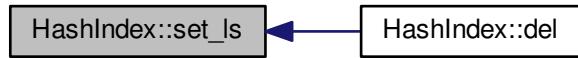
<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Index](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.13.3.15 bool HashIndex::set_ls (void * *i_data1*[], void * *i_data2*[], void * *info*) [virtual]

setup for hash index lookup.

Parameters

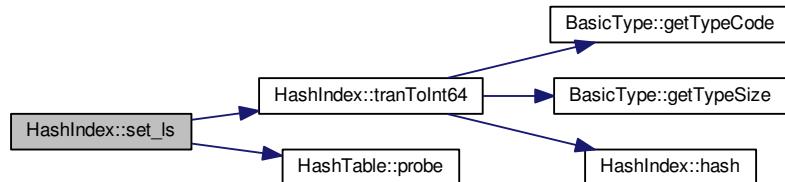
<i>i_data1</i>	pointers of column data for lookup
<i>i_data2</i>	set NULL when call
<i>info</i>	HashInfo pointer

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Index](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



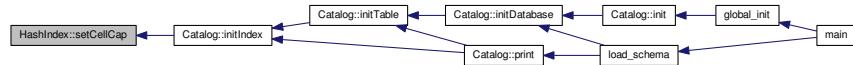
4.13.3.16 void HashIndex::setCellCap (int64_t *cell_capbits*) [inline]

set hashtable cell capacity.

Parameters

<code>cell_capbits</code>	the number of cells in hashtable is $2^{cell_capbits}$
---------------------------	---

Here is the caller graph for this function:

**4.13.3.17 bool HashIndex::shut(void) [virtual]**

free memory of hash table and other strucure.

Return values

<code>true</code>	success
-------------------	---------

Reimplemented from [Index](#).

4.13.3.18 int64_t HashIndex::tranToInt64(void * i_data) [private], [virtual]

assemble hash keys, INT and CHARN.

Parameters

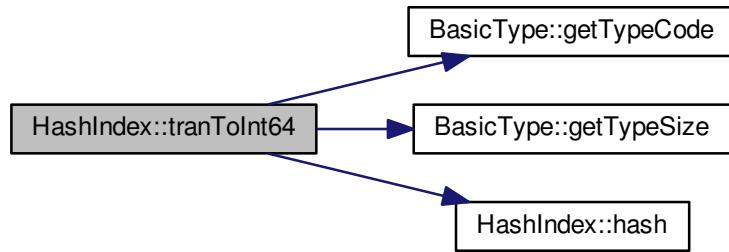
<code>i_data</code>	buffer of column data
---------------------	-----------------------

Return values

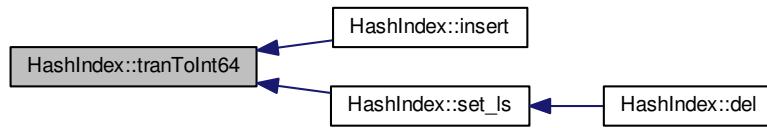
<code>int64</code>	hash index code
--------------------	-----------------

Reimplemented from [Index](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.13.3.19 int64_t HashIndex::tranToInt64(void * *i_data*[]) [private], [virtual]

assemble hash keys, INT and CHARN.

Parameters

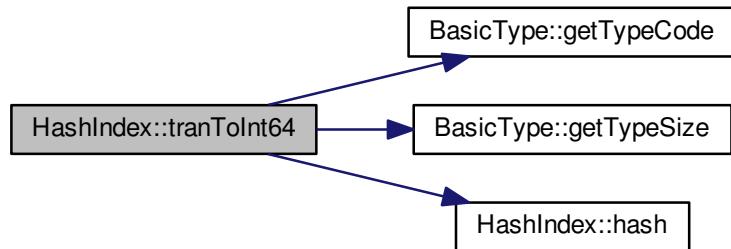
<i>i_data</i>	pointers of column data
---------------	-------------------------

Return values

<i>int64</i>	hash index code
--------------	-----------------

Reimplemented from [Index](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.13.4 Member Data Documentation

4.13.4.1 `int64_t HashIndex::ih_cell_capbits` [private]

as cellnum is power of 2, so the number of bits can use is $\log_2(\text{cellnum})$

4.13.4.2 `int64_t HashIndex::ih_column_cap` [private]

got from parent class, the number of columns in the key

4.13.4.3 `int64_t HashIndex::ih_column_num` [private]

current number of added columns

4.13.4.4 `BasicType** HashIndex::ih_datatype` [private]

each column data type

4.13.4.5 `int64_t* HashIndex::ih_hash_bits` [private]

each column assigned bits when hashing

4.13.4.6 `HashTable* HashIndex::ih_hashtable` [private]

main part hash table

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [system/hashindex.h](#)
- [system/hashindex.cc](#)

4.14 HashInfo Struct Reference

```
#include <hashindex.h>
```

Public Attributes

- int64_t hash
- int last
- int ppos
- char * result [HASHINFO_CAPACITY]
- int rnum

4.14.1 Detailed Description

definition of [HashInfo](#).

4.14.2 Member Data Documentation

4.14.2.1 int64_t HashInfo::hash

hashcell position in [HashTable](#)

4.14.2.2 int HashInfo::last

retval of [HashTable](#) lookup

4.14.2.3 int HashInfo::ppos

pair with last, |last|

4.14.2.4 char* HashInfo::result[HASHINFO_CAPACITY]

buffer for value of void *pointer

4.14.2.5 int HashInfo::rnum

current result number

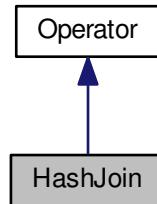
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [system/hashindex.h](#)

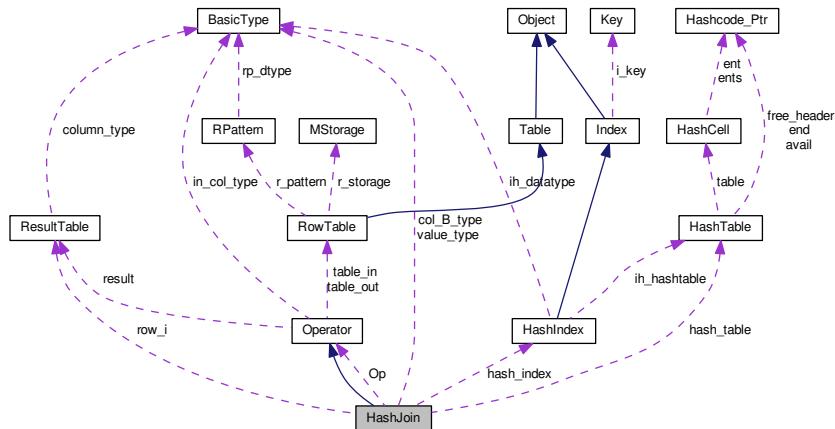
4.15 HashJoin Class Reference

```
#include <executor.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for HashJoin:



Collaboration diagram for HashJoin:



Public Member Functions

- `HashJoin (int operator_num, Operator **Op, int cond_num, Condition *cond)`
- `void alloValue (char *value, char *format_value)`
- `bool close ()`
- `void Fdeal (int operator_num, Operator **Op)`
- `bool get_Next (ResultTable *result)`
- `bool init ()`
- `bool is_End ()`
- `void MakeOrder ()`
- `bool ShutMem ()`
- `bool WriteRow (bool flag, ResultTable *result)`

Private Attributes

- int64_t `col_A_oid` = -1
- int64_t `col_A_rank` = -1
- int64_t `col_B_oid` = -1
- int64_t `col_B_rank` = -1
- int `col_B_row` = 0
- `BasicType ** col_B_type`
- int `col_num` [2] = {0, 0}
- int `cond_num` = 0
- `HashIndex * hash_index` = NULL
- `HashTable * hash_table` = NULL
- `Operator * Op` [2] = {NULL, NULL}
- int `operator_num` = 0
- `ResultTable row_i` [200000]
- `BasicType * value_type`

Additional Inherited Members

4.15.1 Detailed Description

definition of hashjoin.

4.15.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

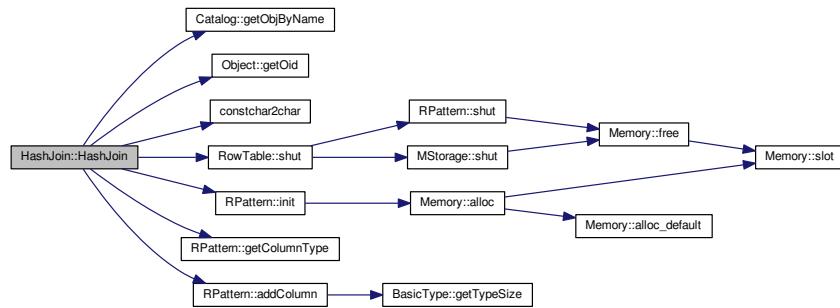
4.15.2.1 HashJoin::HashJoin (int `operator_num`, Operator ** `Op`, int `cond_num`, Condition * `condi`)

construction of `HashJoin`

Parameters

<code>operator_num</code>	tables need to Join
<code>Op</code>	prior oprators
<code>cond_num</code>	condition number of join
<code>join</code>	condtions

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.15.3 Member Function Documentation

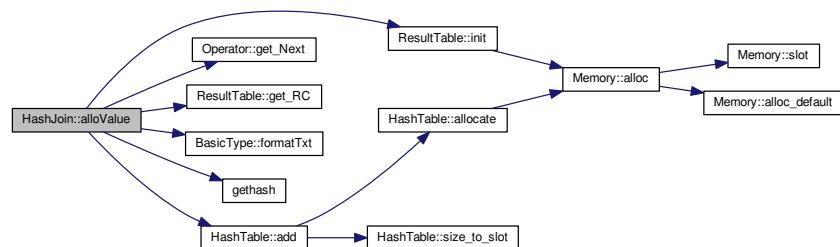
4.15.3.1 void HashJoin::alloValue (char * value, char * format_value) [inline]

allocate value

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.15.3.2 bool HashJoin::close (void) [virtual]

close operator and release memory.

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Implements [Operator](#).

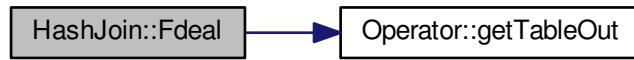
4.15.3.3 void HashJoin::Fdeal (int *operator_num*, Operator ** *Op*) [inline]

first deal with the data

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.15.3.4 bool HashJoin::get_Next (ResultTable * *result*) [virtual]

get next record of hash Join

Parameters

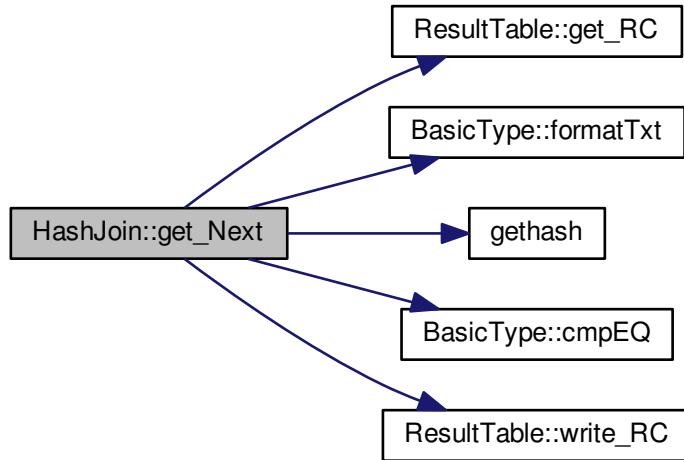
<i>result</i>	buffer to store result
---------------	------------------------

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Implements [Operator](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.15.3.5 bool HashJoin::init (void) [virtual]

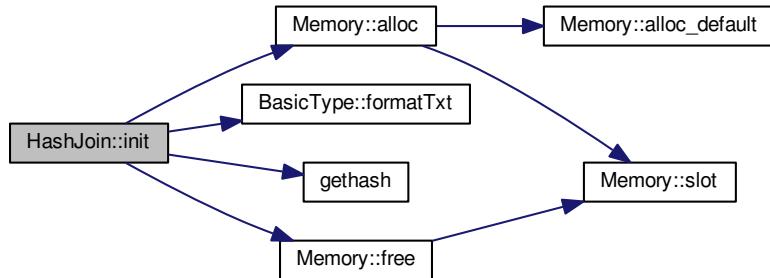
init hashjoin.

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Implements [Operator](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.15.3.6 bool HashJoin::is_End(void) [virtual]

judge whether is end

Return values

<i>false</i>	not end
<i>true</i>	run end

Implements [Operator](#).

4.15.3.7 void HashJoin::MakeOrder() [inline]

make sure colA belongs to table_0

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

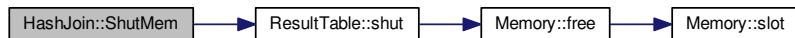
4.15.3.8 bool HashJoin::ShutMem() [inline]

shut memory

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Here is the call graph for this function:



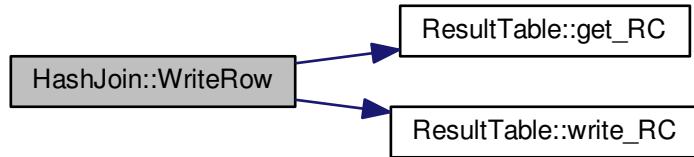
4.15.3.9 bool HashJoin::WriteRow(bool flag, ResultTable * result) [inline]

write row

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.15.4 Member Data Documentation

4.15.4.1 `int64_t HashJoin::col_A_oid = -1` [private]

column A object id

4.15.4.2 `int64_t HashJoin::col_A_rank = -1` [private]

column A rank

4.15.4.3 `int64_t HashJoin::col_B_oid = -1` [private]

column B object id

4.15.4.4 `int64_t HashJoin::col_B_rank = -1` [private]

column B rank

4.15.4.5 `int HashJoin::col_B_row = 0` [private]

the rownumber of table B

4.15.4.6 `BasicType** HashJoin::col_B_type` [private]

column types of table B

4.15.4.7 `int HashJoin::col_num[2] = {0, 0}` [private]

the column numbers of two table

4.15.4.8 **int HashJoin::cond_num = 0** [private]

number of join conditions

4.15.4.9 **HashIndex* HashJoin::hash_index = NULL** [private]

hash index of hash table

4.15.4.10 **HashTable* HashJoin::hash_table = NULL** [private]

hash tale to store data

4.15.4.11 **Operator* HashJoin::Op[2] = {NULL, NULL}** [private]

prior operator from tow join table.

4.15.4.12 **int HashJoin::operator_num = 0** [private]

number of join table

4.15.4.13 **ResultTable HashJoin::row_i[200000]** [private]

result table to store temp result

4.15.4.14 **BasicType* HashJoin::value_type** [private]

result type of result

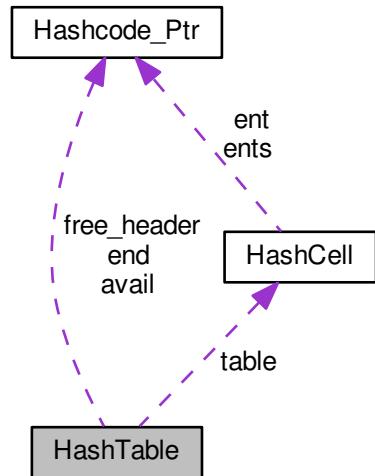
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [system/executor.h](#)
- [system/executor.cc](#)

4.16 HashTable Class Reference

```
#include <hashtable.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for HashTable:



Public Member Functions

- `HashTable` (int estimatedNumDistinctKeys, double estimatedDupPerKey, int num_partitions)
 - `~HashTable` ()
 - bool `add` (int64_t hashCode, char *tup)
 - bool `del` (int64_t hashCode, char *tup)
 - int `probe` (int64_t hashCode, char *match[], int capacity)
 - int `probe_contd` (int64_t hashCode, int last, char *match[], int capacity)
 - void `show` ()
 - void `utilization` ()

Public Attributes

- `Hashcode_Ptr * avail`
 - `char * begin`
 - `Hashcode_Ptr * end`
 - `double estimated_duplicates_per_key`
 - `int estimated_num_distinct_keys`
 - `Hashcode_Ptr * free_header [16]`
 - `int initial_array_size`
 - `int more_allocated`
 - `HashCell * table`
 - `int table_size`

Private Member Functions

- `void * allocate (int size)`
- `void free (void *mem)`
- `int size_to_slot (int array_size)`

Private Attributes

- `std::unordered_map< void *, int > pointer2size`

4.16.1 Detailed Description

definition of class [HashTable](#).

4.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

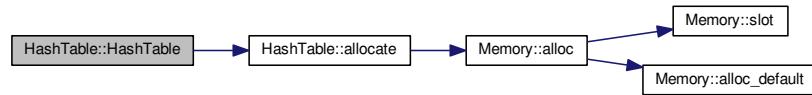
4.16.2.1 HashTable::HashTable (int *estimatedNumDistinctKeys*, double *estimatedDupPerKey*, int *num_partitions* = 0)

constructor.

Parameters

<i>estimatedNumDistinctKeys</i>	estimated number of distinct keys, pre-knowledge for this HashTable usage
<i>estimatedDupPerKey</i>	estimated number of duplicate keys in average, pre-knowledge for this HashTable usage
<i>num_partitions</i>	leave it 0, unuseable

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.16.2.2 HashTable::~HashTable ()

destructor, free [HashTable](#) memory to g_memory.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.16.3 Member Function Documentation

4.16.3.1 bool HashTable::add (int64_t hashCode, char * tup)

add an entry.

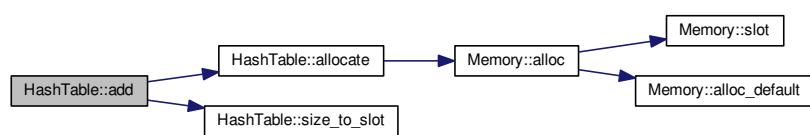
Parameters

<i>hashCode</i>	hash code of specified data
<i>tup</i>	pointer of a record tuple

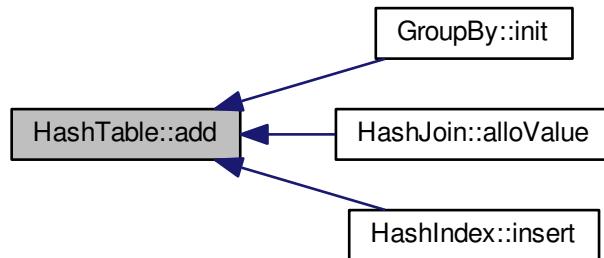
Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



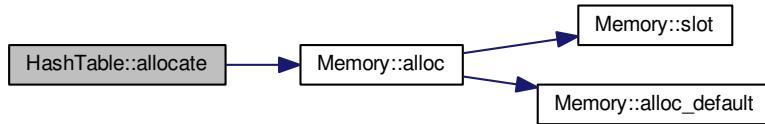
Here is the caller graph for this function:



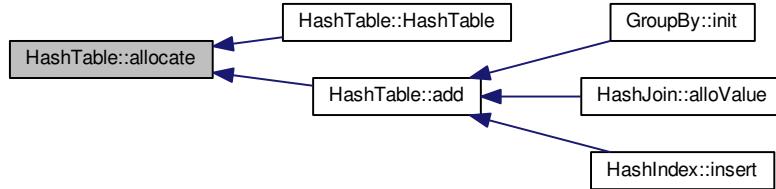
4.16.3.2 void * HashTable::allocate(int size) [private]

mymemory alloc interface like malloc

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.16.3.3 bool HashTable::del(int64_t hashCode, char * tup)

del an entry.

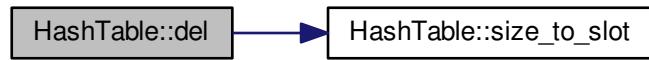
Parameters

<i>hashCode</i>	hash code of specified data
<i>tup</i>	pointer of a record tuple

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



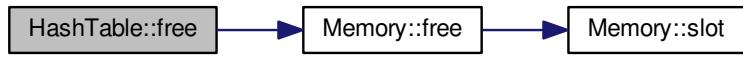
Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.16.3.4 void HashTable::free (void * mem) [private]

mymemory free interface like free in stdlib

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.16.3.5 int HashTable::probe (int64_t hashCode, char * match[], int capacity)

probe(lookup) entries with specified hashCode.

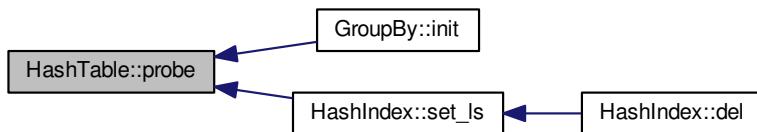
Parameters

<i>hashCode</i>	the specified hashCode to find
<i>match</i>	the buffer to store the result matched
<i>capacity</i>	the maximum number of tuple pointers in this buffer

Return values

<0	means capacity has been reached, there could be more
>=0	means this probe has finished all searching work,retval is the number of result

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.16.3.6 int HashTable::probe_contd (int64_t hashCode, int last, char * match[], int capacity)

`probe_contd`(lookup) more entries with specified hashCode.

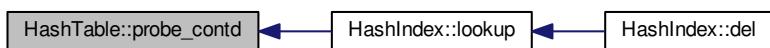
Parameters

<i>hashCode</i>	the specified hashCode to find
<i>last</i>	inverse number of the retval returned by last call of probe or probe_contd function
<i>match</i>	the buffer to store the result matched
<i>capacity</i>	the maximum number of tuple pointers in this buffer

Return values

<0	means capacity has been reached, there could be more
>=0	means this probe has finished all searching work,retval is the number of result

Here is the caller graph for this function:



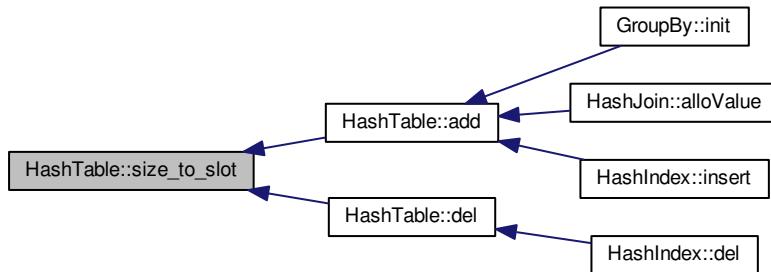
4.16.3.7 void HashTable::show ()

display data in this hash table, for debug use.

4.16.3.8 int HashTable::size_to_slot (int array_size) [private]

find the offset in free_header array to get suitable free memory used in this [HashTable](#)

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.16.3.9 void HashTable::utilization ()

display usage analysis of this hash table, for debug use.

4.16.4 Member Data Documentation

4.16.4.1 Hashcode_Ptr* HashTable::avail

pointer of next available [Hashcode_Ptr](#)

4.16.4.2 char* HashTable::begin

start pointer of HashCells

4.16.4.3 Hashcode_Ptr* HashTable::end

the end pointer of [Hashcode_Ptr](#) in array

4.16.4.4 double HashTable::estimated_duplicates_per_key

estimated number of duplicate keys in average,pre-knowledge for this [HashTable](#) usage

4.16.4.5 int HashTable::estimated_num_distinct_keys

estimated number of distinct keys, pre-knowledge for this [HashTable](#) usage

4.16.4.6 Hashcode_Ptr* HashTable::free_header[16]

free memory in the list with different number of [Hashcode_Ptr](#), link-list

4.16.4.7 int HashTable::initial_array_size

when hc_num of [HashCell](#) exceeds 1 at the first time, number of [Hashcode_Ptr](#) allocated for [HashCell](#)

4.16.4.8 int HashTable::more_allocated

analysis of more memory allocated from g_memory

4.16.4.9 std::unordered_map<void*, int> HashTable::pointer2size [private]

unordered map, memory pointer to its size, an adapter for mymemory component

4.16.4.10 HashCell* HashTable::table

pointer of an array of [HashCell](#)

4.16.4.11 int HashTable::table_size

the number of HashCells in this table

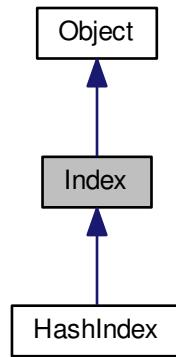
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [system/hashtable.h](#)
- [system/hashtable.cc](#)

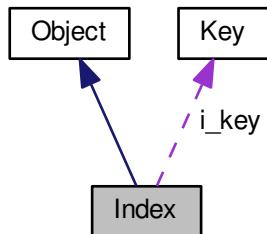
4.17 Index Class Reference

```
#include <schema.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Index:



Collaboration diagram for Index:



Public Member Functions

- `Index (int64_t i_id, const char *i_name, IndexType i_type, Key &i_key)`
- `virtual ~Index (void)`
- `virtual bool del (void *i_data)`
- `virtual bool del (void *i_data[])`
- `virtual bool finish (void)`
- `Key & getKey (void)`
- `IndexType getType (void)`
- `virtual bool init (void)`
- `virtual bool insert (void *i_data, void *p_in)`

- virtual bool `insert` (void **i_data*[], void **p_in*)
- virtual bool `lookup` (void **i_data*, void *&*result*)
- virtual bool `lookup` (void **i_data*[], void *&*result*)
- virtual bool `lookup` (void **i_data*, void **info*, void *&*result*)
- virtual bool `lookup` (void **i_data*[], void **info*, void *&*result*)
- virtual void `print` (void)
- virtual bool `scan_1` (void **i_left*, void **info*)
- virtual bool `scan_1` (void **i_left*[], void **info*)
- virtual bool `scan_2` (void **i_right*, void **info*, void *&*result*)
- virtual bool `scan_2` (void **i_right*[], void **info*, void *&*result*)
- virtual bool `set_ls` (void **i_data1*, void **i_data2*, void **info*)
- virtual bool `set_ls` (void **i_data1*[], void **i_data2*[], void **info*)
- virtual bool `shut` (void)
- virtual int64_t `tranToInt64` (void **i_data*)
- virtual int64_t `tranToInt64` (void **i_data*[])
- virtual bool `update` (void **i_data*, void **p_in*)
- virtual bool `update` (void **i_data*[], void **p_in*)

Private Attributes

- `Key i_key`
- `IndexType i_type`

4.17.1 Detailed Description

definition of class `Index`

4.17.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.17.2.1 `Index::Index (int64_t i_id, const char * i_name, IndexType i_type, Key & i_key) [inline]`

constructor.

Parameters

<code>i_id</code>	index identifier
<code>i_name</code>	index name
<code>i_type</code>	index type
<code>i_key</code>	key of this index

4.17.2.2 `virtual Index::~Index (void) [inline], [virtual]`

destructor.

4.17.3 Member Function Documentation

4.17.3.1 virtual bool Index::del(void * *i_data*) [inline], [virtual]

del an entry in [Index](#).

Parameters

<i>i_data</i>	char buffer to store data in pattern
---------------	--------------------------------------

Return values

<i>true</i>	operation success
<i>false</i>	operation failure

Reimplemented in [HashIndex](#).

4.17.3.2 virtual bool Index::del(void * *i_data[]*) [inline], [virtual]

del an entry in [BptreeIndex](#).

Parameters

<i>i_data</i>	each element of the array stores a pointer to column key
---------------	--

Return values

<i>true</i>	operation success
<i>false</i>	operation failure

Reimplemented in [HashIndex](#).

4.17.3.3 virtual bool Index::finish(void) [inline], [virtual]

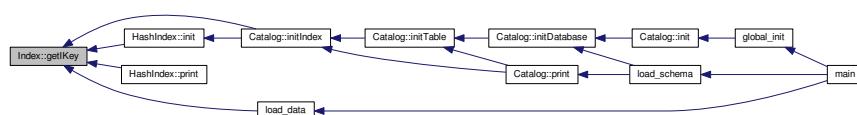
finish index, important interface for son class

Reimplemented in [HashIndex](#).

4.17.3.4 Key& Index::getKey(void) [inline]

get index key

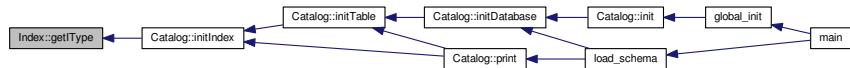
Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.17.3.5 `IndexType Index::getType(void) [inline]`

get index type

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.17.3.6 `virtual bool Index::init(void) [inline], [virtual]`

init index, important interface for son class

Reimplemented in [HashIndex](#).

4.17.3.7 `virtual bool Index::insert(void * i_data, void * p_in) [inline], [virtual]`

insert an entry to [Index](#).

Parameters

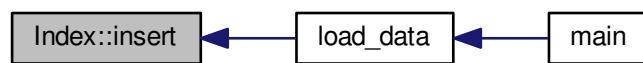
<i>i_data</i>	char buffer to store data in pattern
<i>p_in</i>	pointer of a row to make index

Return values

<i>true</i>	operation success
<i>false</i>	operation failure

Reimplemented in [HashIndex](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.17.3.8 virtual bool Index::insert(void * *i_data*[], void * *p_in*) [inline], [virtual]

insert an entry to [Index](#).

Parameters

<i>i_data</i>	each element of the array stores a pointer to column key
<i>p_in</i>	pointer of a row to make index

Return values

<i>true</i>	operation success
<i>false</i>	operation failure

Reimplemented in [HashIndex](#).

4.17.3.9 virtual bool Index::lookup (void * *i_data*, void *& *result*) [inline], [virtual]

lookup nonduplicate key in [Index](#).

Parameters

<i>i_data</i>	char buffer to store data in pattern
<i>result</i>	return the pointer to the indexed row

Return values

<i>true</i>	operation success
<i>false</i>	operation failure

4.17.3.10 virtual bool Index::lookup (void * *i_data*[], void *& *result*) [inline], [virtual]

lookup nonduplicate key in [Index](#).

Parameters

<i>i_data</i>	each element of the array stores a pointer to column key
<i>result</i>	return the pointer to the indexed row

Return values

<i>true</i>	operation success
<i>false</i>	operation failure

4.17.3.11 virtual bool Index::lookup (void * *i_data*, void * *info*, void *& *result*) [inline], [virtual]

lookup duplicate key, iterate through the [Index](#).

Parameters

<i>i_data</i>	char buffer to store data in pattern
<i>info</i>	pointer of a BptreeInfo
<i>result</i>	return the pointer to the indexed row

Return values

<i>true</i>	operation success
<i>false</i>	operation failure

Reimplemented in [HashIndex](#).

4.17.3.12 virtual bool Index::lookup (void * *i_data*[], void * *info*, void *& *result*) [inline], [virtual]

lookup duplicate key, iterate through the [Index](#).

Parameters

<i>i_data</i>	each element of the array stores a pointer to column key
<i>info</i>	pointer of an index info
<i>result</i>	return the pointer to the indexed row

Return values

<i>true</i>	has more values
<i>false</i>	no more values

Reimplemented in [HashIndex](#).

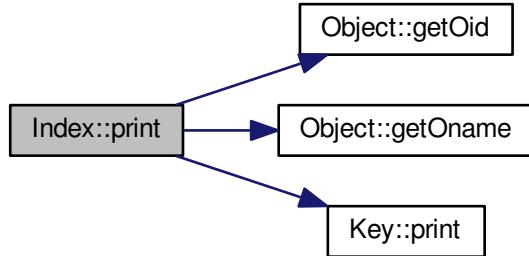
4.17.3.13 virtual void Index::print (void) [inline], [virtual]

print index information

Reimplemented from [Object](#).

Reimplemented in [HashIndex](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.17.3.14 virtual bool Index::scan_1 (void * *i_left*, void * *info*) [inline], [virtual]

prepare for scan operation.

Parameters

<i>i_left</i>	char buffer to store data in pattern, ">="
<i>info</i>	pointer of an index info

Return values

<i>true</i>	has more values
<i>false</i>	no more values

4.17.3.15 virtual bool Index::scan_1 (void * *i_left[]*, void * *info*) [inline], [virtual]

pepare for scan operation.

Parameters

<i>i_left</i>	each element of the array stores a pointer to column key, ">="
<i>info</i>	pointer of an index info

Return values

<i>true</i>	operation success
<i>false</i>	operation failure

4.17.3.16 virtual bool Index::scan_2 (void * *i_right*, void * *info*, void *& *result*) [inline], [virtual]

iterate on calling to scan for values.

Parameters

<i>i_right</i>	char buffer to store data in pattern, "<"
<i>info</i>	pointer of an index info
<i>result</i>	return the pointer to the indexed row

Return values

<i>true</i>	has more values
<i>false</i>	no more values

4.17.3.17 virtual bool Index::scan_2 (void * *i_right*[], void * *info*, void *& *result*) [inline], [virtual]

iterate on calling to scan for values.

Parameters

<i>i_right</i>	each element of the array stores a pointer to column key, "<"
<i>info</i>	pointer of an index info
<i>result</i>	return the pointer to the indexed row

Return values

<i>true</i>	has more values
<i>false</i>	no more values

4.17.3.18 virtual bool Index::set_ls (void * *i_data1*, void * *i_data2*, void * *info*) [inline], [virtual]

prepare for lookup/scan operation.

Parameters

<i>i_data1</i>	char buffer to store data in pattern
<i>i_data2</i>	char buffer to store data in pattern, for lookup, <i>i_data2</i> =NULL
<i>info</i>	pointer of an index info

Return values

<i>true</i>	operation success
<i>false</i>	operation failure

Reimplemented in [HashIndex](#).

4.17.3.19 virtual bool Index::set_ls (void * *i_data1*[], void * *i_data2*[], void * *info*) [inline], [virtual]

prepare for lookup/scan operation.

Parameters

<i>i_data1</i>	each element of the array stores a pointer to column key
<i>i_data2</i>	each element of the array stores a pointer to column key, for lookup, <i>i_data2</i> =NULL
<i>info</i>	pointer of an index info

Return values

<i>true</i>	operation success
<i>false</i>	operation failure

Reimplemented in [HashIndex](#).

4.17.3.20 virtual bool Index::shut (void) [inline], [virtual]

shut down the index, free memory.

Reimplemented from [Object](#).

Reimplemented in [HashIndex](#).

4.17.3.21 virtual int64_t Index::tranToInt64 (void * *i_data*) [inline], [virtual]

encode keys.

Parameters

<i>i_data</i>	char buffer to store data in pattern
---------------	--------------------------------------

Return values

<i>int64_t</i>	index code of <i>i_data</i>
----------------	-----------------------------

Reimplemented in [HashIndex](#).

4.17.3.22 virtual int64_t Index::tranToInt64 (void * *i_data*[]) [inline], [virtual]

encode keys.

Parameters

<i>i_data</i>	each element of the array stores a pointer to column key
---------------	--

Return values

<i>int64_t</i>	index code of <i>i_data</i>
----------------	-----------------------------

Reimplemented in [HashIndex](#).

4.17.3.23 virtual bool Index::update (void * *i_data*, void * *p_in*) [inline], [virtual]

4.17.3.24 virtual bool Index::update (void * *i_data*[], void * *p_in*) [inline], [virtual]

4.17.4 Member Data Documentation

4.17.4.1 **Key** Index::*i_key* [private]

index keys

4.17.4.2 **IndexType** Index::*i_type* [private]

index type

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- system/[schema.h](#)

4.18 Key Class Reference

```
#include <schema.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- [Key](#) (void)
- bool [contain](#) (int64_t col_id)
- std::vector< int64_t > & [getKey](#) (void)
- [Key](#) & [operator=](#) (const [Key](#) &p)
- void [print](#) (void)
- void [set](#) (std::vector< int64_t > &in_key)

Private Attributes

- std::vector< int64_t > [key](#)

4.18.1 Detailed Description

definition of class [Key](#).

4.18.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.18.2.1 `Key::Key(void) [inline]`

constructor.

4.18.3 Member Function Documentation

4.18.3.1 `bool Key::contain(int64_t col_id) [inline]`

check if the key contain a column identifier. column identifier.

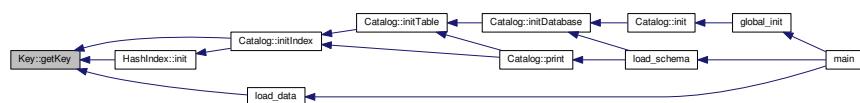
Return values

<i>true</i>	contain
<i>false</i>	don't contain

4.18.3.2 `std::vector< int64_t >& Key::getKey(void) [inline]`

get key data.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



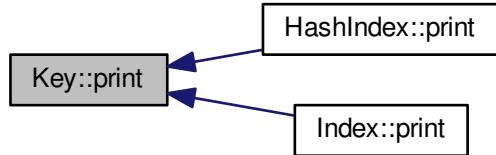
4.18.3.3 `Key& Key::operator=(const Key & p) [inline]`

over write operator(=).

4.18.3.4 `void Key::print(void) [inline]`

print key information.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



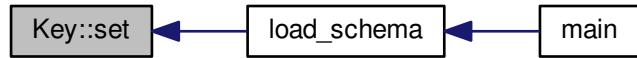
4.18.3.5 void Key::set (std::vector< int64_t > & in_key) [inline]

set key.

Parameters

<code>in_key</code>	keys(column identifiers) in vector
---------------------	------------------------------------

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.18.4 Member Data Documentation

4.18.4.1 std::vector< int64_t > Key::key [private]

index identifier container

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/schema.h](#)

4.19 Memory Class Reference

```
#include <mymemory.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- int64_t `alloc` (char *&p, int64_t size)
- int64_t `free` (char *p, int64_t size)
- int `init` (int64_t total, int64_t mins)
- int `print` (void)
- int `shut` (void)

Private Member Functions

- int64_t `alloc_default` (char *&p, int64_t size)
- unsigned int `slot` (int64_t size)

Private Attributes

- char ** `m_array_list`
- char * `m_curr`
- char * `m_head`
- int64_t `m_mins`
- char * `m_tail`
- int64_t `m_total`

4.19.1 Member Function Documentation

4.19.1.1 int64_t Memory::alloc (char *& p, int64_t size)

alloc db memory for inside usage.

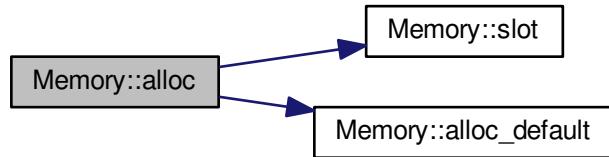
Parameters

<code>p</code>	store the pointer result allocated from db memory
<code>size</code>	required size by caller, power of 2

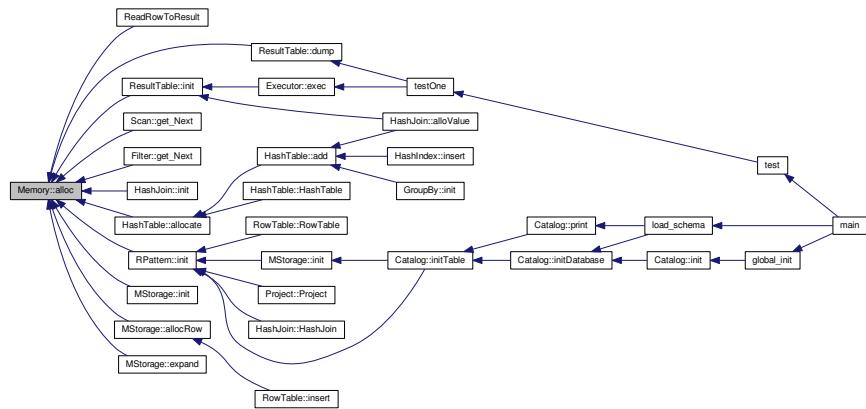
Return values

<code>==size</code>	successfully allocated from db memory
<code><=0</code>	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.19.1.2 int64_t Memory::alloc_default(char *& p, int64_t size) [private]

default alloc from db memory when free list has no free memory of this size

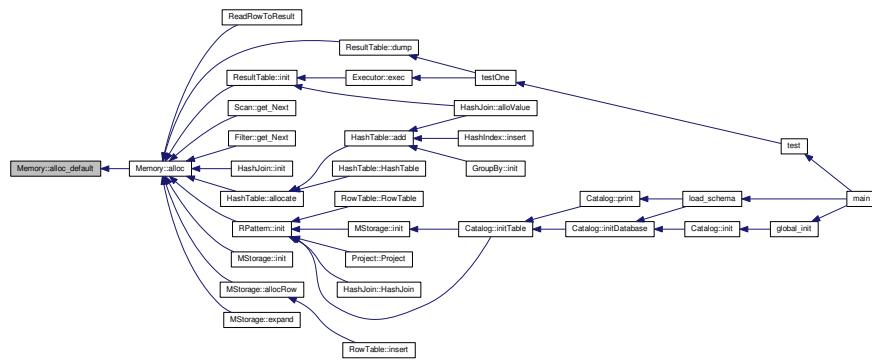
Parameters

`size` required size by caller, power of 2

Return values

==size	successfully allocated from db memory
$<=0$	failure

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.19.1.3 int64_t Memory::free (char * p, int64_t size)

free memory to db memory.

Parameters

<i>p</i>	the pointer of memory to free
<i>size</i>	provided by caller, power of 2

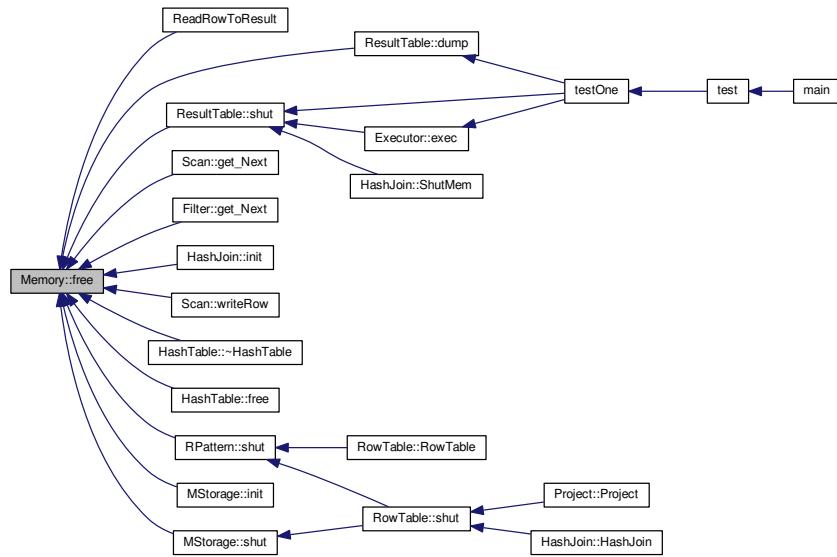
Return values

<code>==size</code>	successfully free to db memory
<code><=0</code>	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.19.1.4 int Memory::init (int64_t total, int64_t mins)

init db memory.

Parameters

<i>total</i>	total size allocated from operate system, usually large enough
<i>mins</i>	minimux size db object allocated from db memory

Return values

$=0$	success
<0	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.19.1.5 int Memory::print (void)

print memory usage.

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.19.1.6 int Memory::shut (void)

free db memory to operate system.

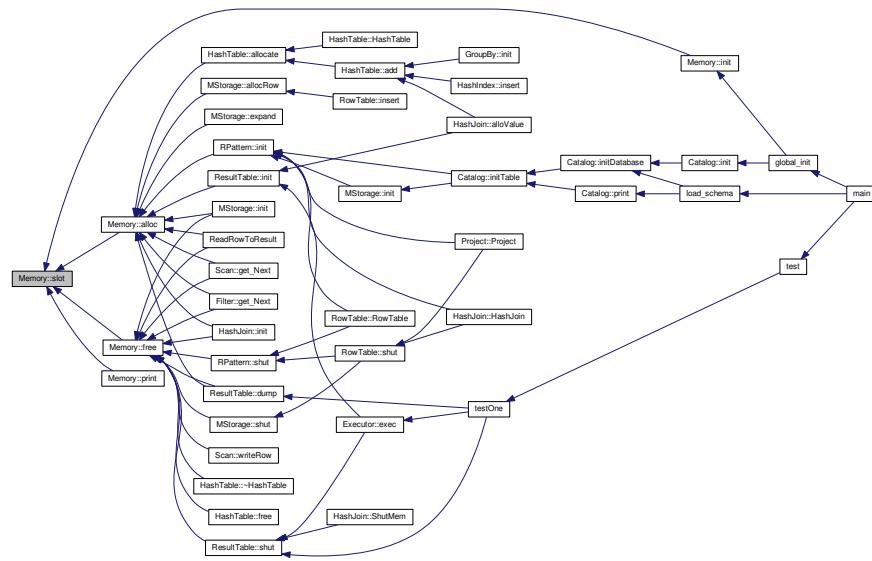
Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.19.1.7 `unsigned int Memory::slot(int64_t size) [private]`

calculate position of free list.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.19.2 Member Data Documentation

4.19.2.1 `char** Memory::m_array_list [private]`

free array list

4.19.2.2 `char* Memory::m_curr [private]`

pointer of db memory already in use

4.19.2.3 `char* Memory::m_head [private]`

db memory pointer, pointer of a large memory allocated from operate system

4.19.2.4 `int64_t Memory::m_mins [private]`

minimux size to alloc, at least sizeof(void*), recommend 8

4.19.2.5 `char* Memory::m_tail [private]`

end pointer of db memory allocated from operate system

4.19.2.6 int64_t Memory::m_total [private]

total size of database system

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- system/mymemory.h
- system/mymemory.cc

4.20 MStorage Class Reference

```
#include <rowtable.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- int64_t [allocRow](#) (char *&pointer)
- int64_t [getRecordNum](#) (void)
- char * [getRow](#) (int64_t record_rank)
- bool [init](#) (int64_t record_size)
- bool [init](#) (int64_t record_size, int64_t init_slot_cap, int64_t per_size)
- void [shut](#) (void)

Private Member Functions

- bool [expand](#) (void)

Private Attributes

- char * [ms_memory](#)
- int64_t [ms_memory_size](#)
- int64_t [ms_record_num](#)
- int64_t [ms_record_per_slot](#)
- int64_t [ms_record_size](#)
- int64_t [ms_slot_size](#)
- int64_t [ms_slots_cap](#)
- int64_t [ms_slots_num](#)
- char ** [ms_slots_point](#)
- char [pad](#) [128-7 *sizeof(int64_t)-3 *sizeof(void *)]

4.20.1 Detailed Description

definition of [MStorage](#), table storage manager.

4.20.2 Member Function Documentation

4.20.2.1 int64_t MStorage::allocRow (char *& pointer) [inline]

alloc an empty row.

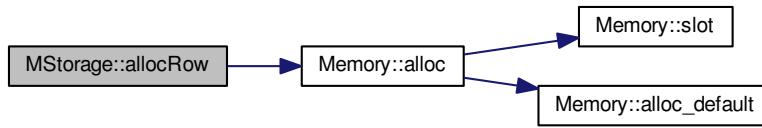
Parameters

<i>pointer</i>	reference of pointer result
----------------	-----------------------------

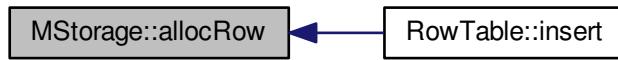
Return values

≥ 0	row rank in all table
< 0	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



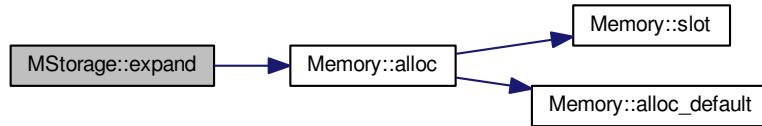
4.20.2.2 bool MStorage::expand(void) [inline], [private]

expand slots for more storage available for this table.

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	lack memory

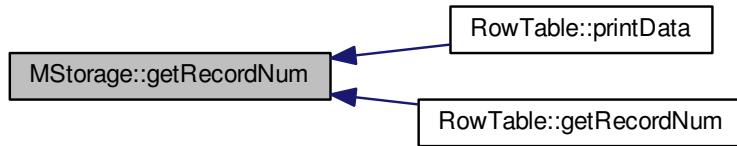
Here is the call graph for this function:



4.20.2.3 int64_t MStorage::getRecordNum (void) [inline]

get the last record rank till now.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.20.2.4 char* MStorage::getRow (int64_t record_rank) [inline]

get the pointer of a row specified by record_rank.

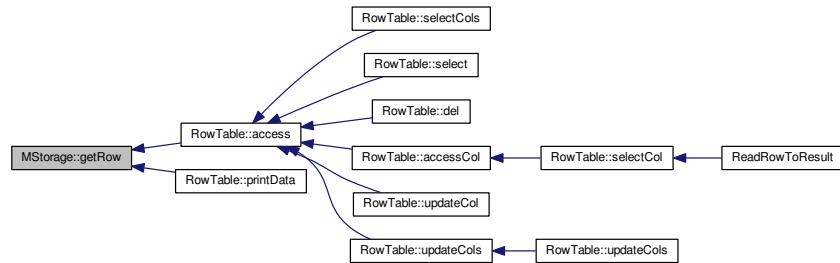
Parameters

<i>record_rank</i>	the n th row in the table
--------------------	---------------------------

Return values

<i>!NULL</i>	valid
<i>=NULL</i>	param error

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.20.2.5 bool MStorage::init (int64_t record_size) [inline]

mkae sizeof(MStorage)==128, managed by g_memory init, allocate memory and initial setting.

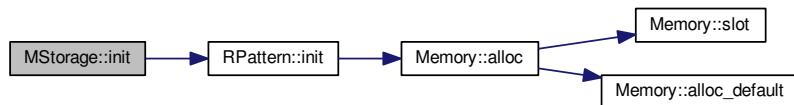
Parameters

record_size | size of a row record

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.20.2.6 `bool MStorage::init(int64_t record_size, int64_t init_slot_cap, int64_t per_size) [inline]`

init, allocate memory and initial setting.

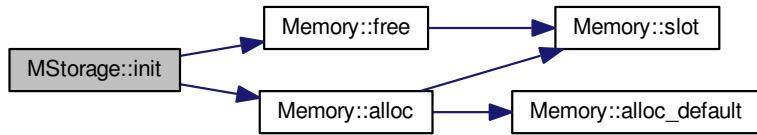
Parameters

<i>record_size</i>	size of a row record
<i>init_slot_cap</i>	maximum slots initial set
<i>per_size</i>	slot size, power of 2

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

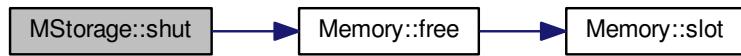
Here is the call graph for this function:



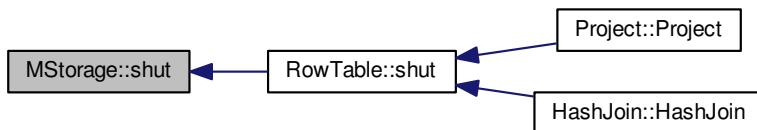
4.20.2.7 void MStorage::shut (void) [inline]

shut down, free memory to g_memory.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.20.3 Member Data Documentation

4.20.3.1 `char* MStorage::ms_memory [private]`

memory for slots

4.20.3.2 `int64_t MStorage::ms_memory_size [private]`

memory size

4.20.3.3 `int64_t MStorage::ms_record_num [private]`

current record used

4.20.3.4 `int64_t MStorage::ms_record_per_slot [private]`

record number stored in a slot

4.20.3.5 `int64_t MStorage::ms_record_size [private]`

size per record

4.20.3.6 `int64_t MStorage::ms_slot_size [private]`

memory size per slot

4.20.3.7 `int64_t MStorage::ms_slots_cap [private]`

maximum number of slots

4.20.3.8 `int64_t MStorage::ms_slots_num [private]`

current slots used

4.20.3.9 `char** MStorage::ms_slots_point [private]`

each of array stores a pointer to a slot

4.20.3.10 `char MStorage::pad[128-7 *sizeof(int64_t)-3 *sizeof(void *)] [private]`

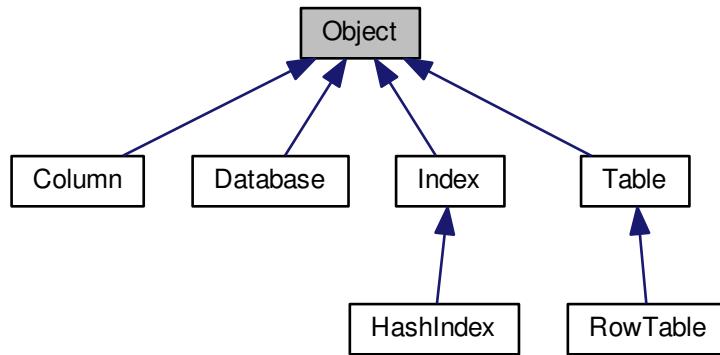
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/rowtable.h](#)

4.21 Object Class Reference

```
#include <schema.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Object:



Public Member Functions

- `Object (int64_t o_id, ObjectType o_type, const char *o_name)`
- `bool changeName (char *o_name)`
- `int64_t getOid (void)`
- `char * getOname (void)`
- `ObjectType getOtype (void)`
- `virtual void print (void)`
- `virtual bool shut (void)`

Private Attributes

- `int64_t o_id`
- `char o_name [OBJ_NAME_MAX]`
- `ObjectType o_type`

4.21.1 Detailed Description

definition of [Object](#), basic element in database.

4.21.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.21.2.1 [Object::Object \(int64_t o_id, ObjectType o_type, const char * o_name \)](#) [inline]

constructor.

Parameters

<i>o_id</i>	object identifier
<i>o_type</i>	object type
<i>o_name</i>	object name

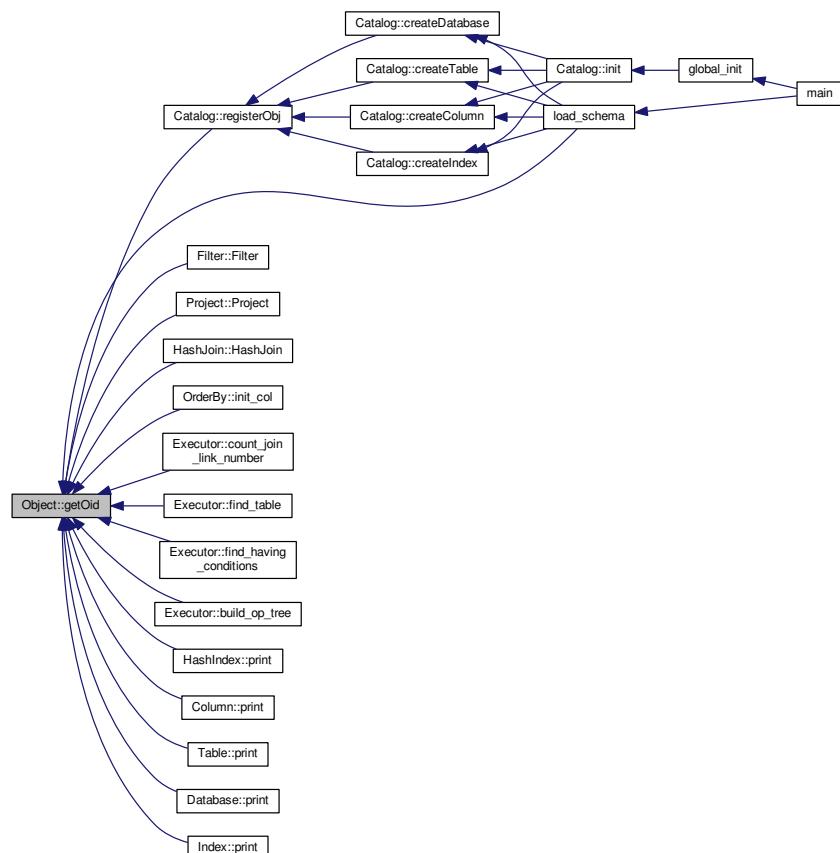
4.21.3 Member Function Documentation**4.21.3.1 bool Object::changeName (char * *o_name*) [inline]**

change object name(not in use).

4.21.3.2 int64_t Object::getOid (void) [inline]

get identifier of object.

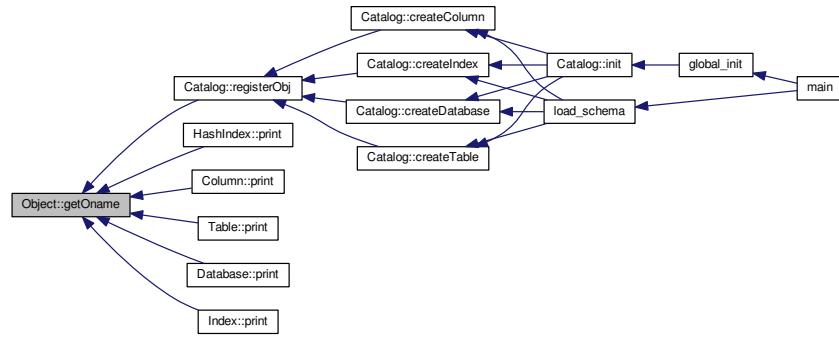
Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.21.3.3 `char* Object::getOname(void) [inline]`

get object name.

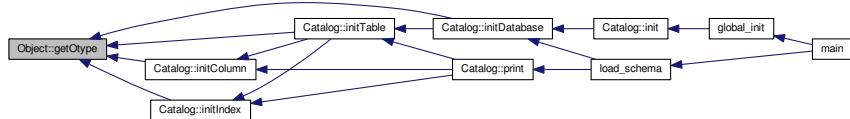
Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.21.3.4 `ObjectType Object::getOtype(void) [inline]`

get object type.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.21.3.5 `virtual void Object::print(void) [inline], [virtual]`

print the object infomation.

Reimplemented in [Index](#), [Database](#), [Table](#), [Column](#), and [HashIndex](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.21.3.6 `virtual bool Object::shut(void) [inline], [virtual]`

shut down the object.

Reimplemented in [Index](#), [Database](#), [Table](#), [RowTable](#), [Column](#), and [HashIndex](#).

4.21.4 Member Data Documentation

4.21.4.1 `int64_t Object::o_id [private]`

object identifier

4.21.4.2 `char Object::o_name[OBJ_NAME_MAX] [private]`

object name, max length OBJ_NAME_MAX

4.21.4.3 `ObjectType Object::o_type [private]`

object type

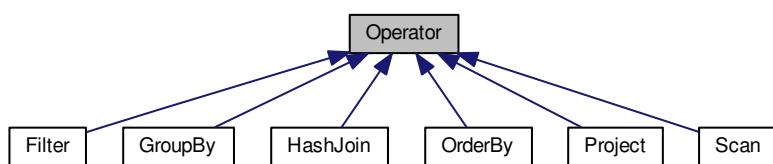
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/schema.h](#)

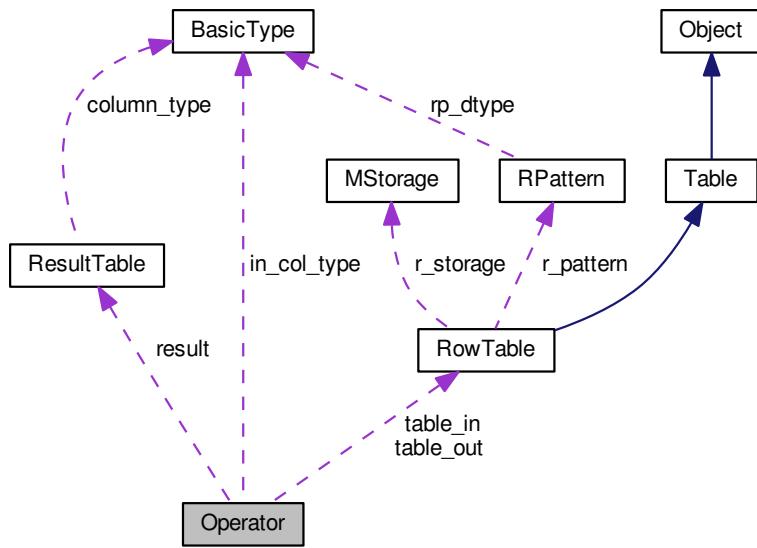
4.22 Operator Class Reference

```
#include <executor.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Operator:



Collaboration diagram for Operator:



Public Member Functions

- [Operator \(void\)](#)
- virtual bool [close \(\)=0](#)
- virtual bool [get_Next \(ResultTable *result\)=0](#)
- [RowTable * getTableOut \(\)](#)
- virtual bool [init \(\)=0](#)
- virtual bool [is_End \(\)=0](#)

Public Attributes

- int64_t [Ope_id = 0](#)

Protected Attributes

- `BasicType ** in_col_type`
- `ResultTable result`
- `RowTable * table_in [4]`
- `RowTable * table_out`
- `int64_t table_out_col_num = 0`

4.22.1 Detailed Description

definition of [Operator](#).

4.22.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.22.2.1 Operator::Operator (void) [inline]

construction of [Operator](#).

4.22.3 Member Function Documentation

4.22.3.1 virtual bool Operator::close () [pure virtual]

close the operator and release memory

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Implemented in [GroupBy](#), [OrderBy](#), [Project](#), [HashJoin](#), [Filter](#), and [Scan](#).

4.22.3.2 virtual bool Operator::get_Next (ResultTable * result) [pure virtual]

get next record and put it in resulttable

Parameters

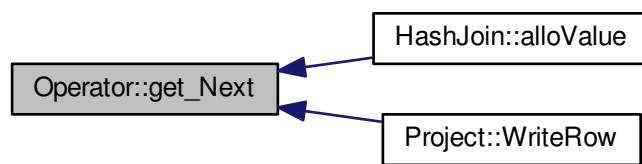
<i>result</i>	buffer to store the record
---------------	----------------------------

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Implemented in [GroupBy](#), [OrderBy](#), [Project](#), [HashJoin](#), [Filter](#), and [Scan](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:



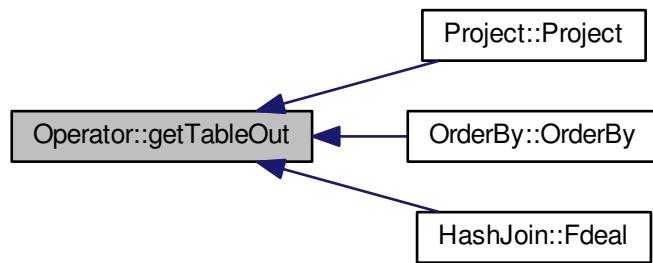
4.22.3.3 RowTable* Operator::getTableOut() [inline]

get the output result table of this [Operator](#)

Return values

<i>table_out</i>	
------------------	--

Here is the caller graph for this function:

**4.22.3.4 virtual bool Operator::init() [pure virtual]**

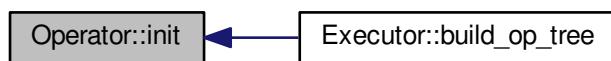
operator init

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Implemented in [GroupBy](#), [OrderBy](#), [Project](#), [HashJoin](#), [Filter](#), and [Scan](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.22.3.5 virtual bool Operator::is_End() [pure virtual]

where this operator is end

Return values

<i>false</i>	not end
<i>true</i>	run end

Implemented in [GroupBy](#), [OrderBy](#), [Project](#), [HashJoin](#), [Filter](#), and [Scan](#).

4.22.4 Member Data Documentation

4.22.4.1 BasicType** Operator::in_col_type [protected]

column types of input tables.

4.22.4.2 int64_t Operator::Ope_id = 0

4.22.4.3 ResultTable Operator::result [protected]

each operator got its own [ResultTable](#)([Buffer](#)) except [Scan Operator](#).

4.22.4.4 RowTable* Operator::table_in[4] [protected]

tables input in each operation.

4.22.4.5 RowTable* Operator::table_out [protected]

This is only for [RPattern](#) and [getColumnRank](#) We only need its skeleton: `cols_name[]`, `cols_id[]` and `col_num`. record data inside is meaningless.

4.22.4.6 int64_t Operator::table_out_col_num = 0 [protected]

the number of column in `table_out`.

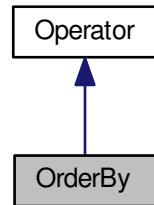
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/executor.h](#)

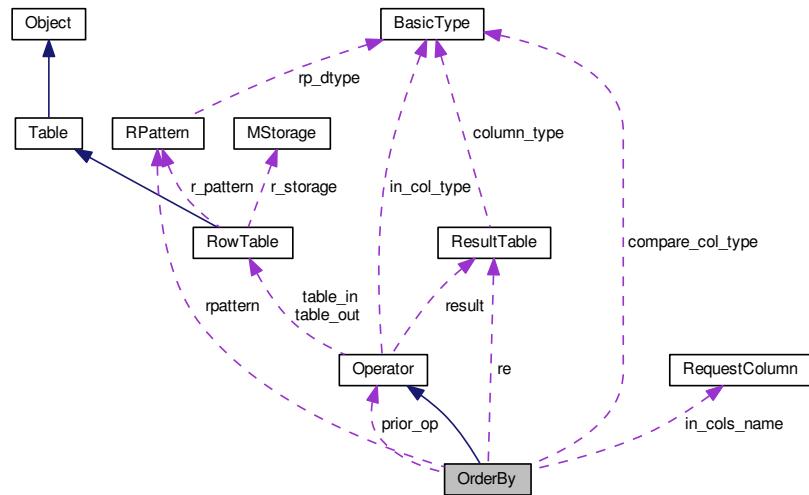
4.23 OrderBy Class Reference

```
#include <executor.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for OrderBy:



Collaboration diagram for OrderBy:



Public Member Functions

- `OrderBy (Operator *op_ptr, int64_t order_by_num, RequestColumn *cols_name)`
construction of OrderBy
- `bool close ()`
close operator and release memory.
- `int cmp (void *l, void *r)`
compare tow buffers
- `bool get_Next (ResultTable *result)`
get next record of operator

- `bool init ()`
init of project
- `bool is_End ()`
judge whether is end
- `void quick_sort (char *buffer, int64_t left, int64_t right)`
quick sort

Private Member Functions

- `bool check_not_end ()`
check not end
- `bool check_stop_get_Next (ResultTable *result, char *buffer)`
- `int64_t * get_compare_col_offset ()`
get ptr to offset of each compared columns
- `int64_t * get_compare_col_rank ()`
get ptr to ranks of each compare conditions
- `BasicType ** get_compare_col_type_ptr ()`
get ptr to column types of compare conditons
- `int64_t get_index ()`
get index that has been ordered
- `int64_t get_number_of_columns ()`
get number of columns
- `int64_t get_order_by_num ()`
get number of order conditions
- `int64_t get_prior_col_rank (int64_t object_oid)`
get prior column rank
- `Operator * get_prior_operator ()`
get pointer to prior Operator
- `RowTable * get_prior_tableout ()`
get prior tableout
- `int64_t get_record_size ()`
get size of each record
- `ResultTable get_ResultTable ()`
get temp result table to store result
- `int64_t get_row_length ()`
get length of each row
- `RPattern get_rpattern ()`
get rpattern
- `void init_col ()`
init col
- `void init_col_type ()`
init col type
- `void qsort_helper (char *buffer)`
- `void write_result_col (int row, char *buffer)`
write result col

Private Attributes

- `int64_t col_num = 0`
- `int64_t compare_col_offset [4]`
- `int64_t compare_col_rank [4]`
- `BasicType * compare_col_type [4]`
- `int64_t high`
- `RequestColumn * in_cols_name`
- `int64_t index = 0`
- `char * key`
- `int64_t low`
- `int64_t order_by_num`
- `Operator * prior_op`
- `ResultTable re`
- `int64_t record_size`
- `int64_t row_length`
- `RPattern rpattern`

Additional Inherited Members

4.23.1 Detailed Description

definition of [OrderBy](#)

4.23.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

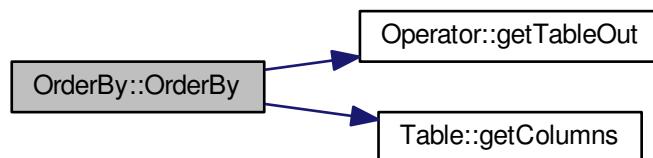
4.23.2.1 OrderBy::OrderBy (`Operator * op_ptr, int64_t order_by_num, RequestColumn * cols_name`)

construction of [OrderBy](#)

Parameters

<code>Op</code>	prior operators
<code>order_by_num</code>	number of conditions in order
<code>cols_name</code>	names of columns

Here is the call graph for this function:



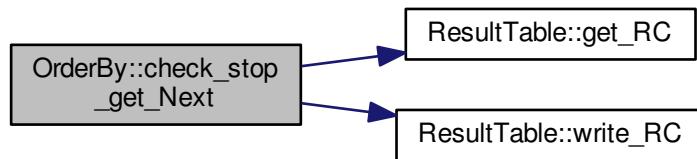
4.23.3 Member Function Documentation

4.23.3.1 `bool OrderBy::check_not_end() [inline], [private]`

check not end

4.23.3.2 `bool OrderBy::check_stop_get_Next(ResultTable * result, char * buffer) [inline], [private]`

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.23.3.3 `bool OrderBy::close(void) [virtual]`

close operator and release memory.

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Implements [Operator](#).

4.23.3.4 `int OrderBy::cmp(void * l, void * r)`

compare tow buffers

Parameters

<i>l</i>	first buffer
<i>r</i>	second buffer

Return values

<i>2</i>	for >
<i>1</i>	for =

Return values

<i>O</i>	for <
----------	-------

4.23.3.5 int64_t* OrderBy::get_compare_col_offset() [inline], [private]

get ptr to offset of each compared columns

Return values

<i>ptr</i>	to offset of each compared columns
------------	------------------------------------

4.23.3.6 int64_t* OrderBy::get_compare_col_rank() [inline], [private]

get ptr to ranks of each compare conditons

Return values

<i>ptr</i>	to ranks of each compare conditons
------------	------------------------------------

4.23.3.7 BasicType** OrderBy::get_compare_col_type_ptr() [inline], [private]

get ptr to column types of compare conditons

Return values

<i>ptr</i>	to column types of compare conditons
------------	--------------------------------------

4.23.3.8 int64_t OrderBy::get_index() [inline], [private]

get index that has been ordered

Return values

<i>index</i>	that has been ordered
--------------	-----------------------

4.23.3.9 bool OrderBy::get_Next(ResultTable * *result*) [virtual]

get next record of operator

Parameters

<i>result</i>	buffer to store result
---------------	------------------------

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Implements [Operator](#).

4.23.3.10 int64_t OrderBy::get_number_of_columns() [inline], [private]

get number of columns

Return values

<i>number</i>	of columns
---------------	------------

4.23.3.11 int64_t OrderBy::get_order_by_num() [inline], [private]

get number of order conditions

Return values

<i>number</i>	of order conditions
---------------	---------------------

4.23.3.12 int64_t OrderBy::get_prior_col_rank(int64_t *object_oid*) [inline], [private]

get prior column rank

Return values

<i>prior</i>	column rank
--------------	-------------

4.23.3.13 Operator* OrderBy::get_prior_operator() [inline], [private]

get pointer to prior [Operator](#)

Return values

<i>pointer</i>	to prior Operator
----------------	-----------------------------------

4.23.3.14 RowTable* OrderBy::get_prior_tableout() [inline], [private]

get prior tableout

Return values

<i>prior</i>	tableout
--------------	----------

4.23.3.15 int64_t OrderBy::get_record_size() [inline], [private]

get size of each record

Return values

<i>size</i>	of each record
-------------	----------------

4.23.3.16 ResultTable OrderBy::get_ResultTable() [inline], [private]

get temp result table to store result

Return values

<i>temp</i>	result table to store result
-------------	------------------------------

4.23.3.17 int64_t OrderBy::get_row_length() [inline], [private]

get length of each row

Return values

<i>length</i>	of each row
---------------	-------------

4.23.3.18 RPattern OrderBy::get_rpattern() [inline], [private]

get rpattern

Return values

<i>rpattern</i>	inside
-----------------	--------

4.23.3.19 bool OrderBy::init(void) [virtual]

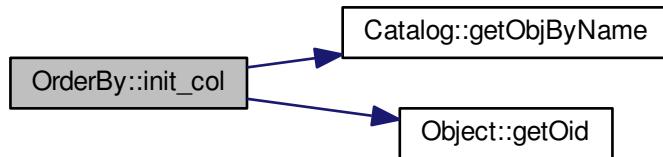
init of project

Implements [Operator](#).

4.23.3.20 void OrderBy::init_col() [inline], [private]

init col

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.23.3.21 void OrderBy::init_col_type() [inline], [private]

init col type

4.23.3.22 bool OrderBy::is_End(void) [virtual]

judge whether is end

Return values

<i>false</i>	not end
<i>true</i>	run end

Implements [Operator](#).

4.23.3.23 void OrderBy::qsort_helper(char * *buffer*) [inline], [private]

4.23.3.24 void OrderBy::quick_sort(char * *buffer*, int64_t *left*, int64_t *right*)

quick sort

Parameters

<i>buffer</i>	the begin of orderby address
<i>left</i>	left (low)side of order sequence
<i>right</i>	right (high)side of order sequence

4.23.3.25 void OrderBy::write_result_col(int row, char * buffer) [inline], [private]

write result col

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.23.4 Member Data Documentation

4.23.4.1 int64_t OrderBy::col_num = 0 [private]

number of columns

4.23.4.2 int64_t OrderBy::compare_col_offset[4] [private]

offset of each compared columns

4.23.4.3 int64_t OrderBy::compare_col_rank[4] [private]

ranks of each compare conditions

4.23.4.4 BasicType* OrderBy::compare_col_type[4] [private]

column types of compare conditions

4.23.4.5 int64_t OrderBy::high [private]

inside class use

4.23.4.6 RequestColumn* OrderBy::in_cols_name [private]

inside class use

4.23.4.7 int64_t OrderBy::index = 0 [private]

index that has been ordered

4.23.4.8 `char* OrderBy::key` [private]

inside class use

4.23.4.9 `int64_t OrderBy::low` [private]

inside class use

4.23.4.10 `int64_t OrderBy::order_by_num` [private]

number of order conditions

4.23.4.11 `Operator* OrderBy::prior_op` [private]

prior [Operator](#)

4.23.4.12 `ResultTable OrderBy::re` [private]

temp result table to store result

4.23.4.13 `int64_t OrderBy::record_size` [private]

size of each record

4.23.4.14 `int64_t OrderBy::row_length` [private]

length of each row

4.23.4.15 `RPattern OrderBy::rpattern` [private]

inside class use

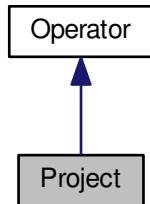
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [system/executor.h](#)
- [system/executor.cc](#)

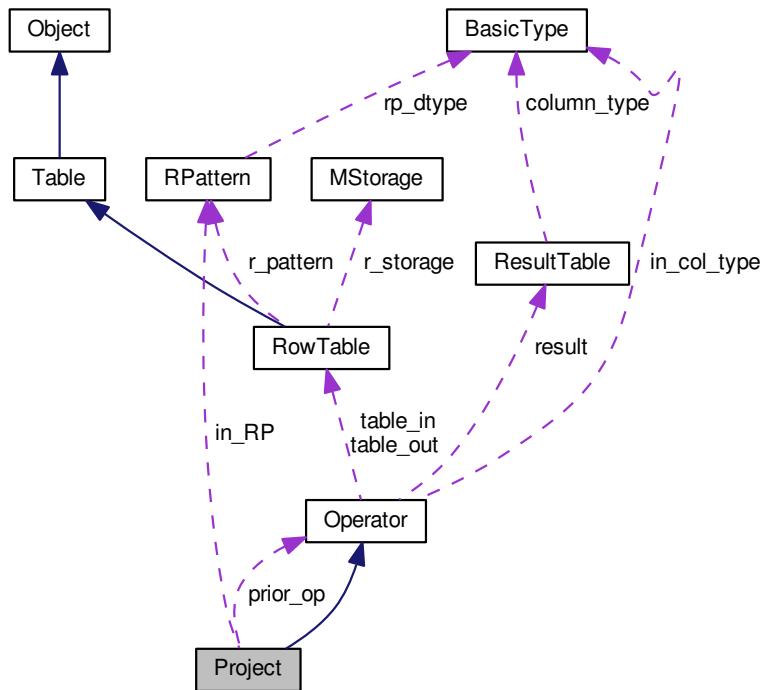
4.24 Project Class Reference

```
#include <executor.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Project:



Collaboration diagram for Project:



Public Member Functions

- [Project \(Operator *Op, int64_t col_tot, RequestColumn *cols_name\)](#)

- `bool close ()`
construction of project
- `bool get_Next (ResultTable *result)`
get next record of operator
- `bool init ()`
init of project
- `bool is_End ()`
judge whether is end
- `void ResInit (int in_colnum)`
init result table
- `void ShutMem ()`
shut memory
- `bool WriteRow (ResultTable *result)`
Write a row.

Private Attributes

- `int64_t col_rank [4]`
- `int64_t col_tot`
- `RPattern in_RP`
- `Operator * prior_op`

Additional Inherited Members

4.24.1 Detailed Description

definition of project

4.24.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

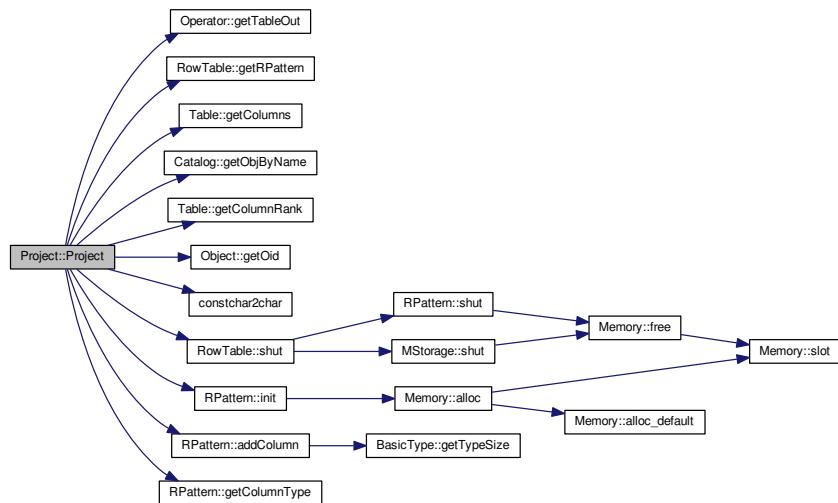
4.24.2.1 Project::Project (`Operator * Op, int64_t col_tot, RequestColumn * cols_name`)

construction of project

Parameters

<code>Op</code>	prior operators
<code>col_tot</code>	total columns projected
<code>cols_name</code>	columns name of projected column

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.24.3 Member Function Documentation

4.24.3.1 bool Project::close(void) [virtual]

close operator and release memory.

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Implements [Operator](#).

4.24.3.2 bool Project::get_Next(ResultTable * result) [virtual]

get next record of operator

Parameters

<i>result</i>	buffer to store result
---------------	------------------------

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Implements [Operator](#).

4.24.3.3 bool Project::init (void) [virtual]

init of project

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Implements [Operator](#).

4.24.3.4 bool Project::is_End (void) [virtual]

judge whether is end

Return values

<i>false</i>	not end
<i>true</i>	run end

Implements [Operator](#).

4.24.3.5 void Project::ResInit (int *in_column*) [inline]

init result table

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.24.3.6 void Project::ShutMem () [inline]

shut memory

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

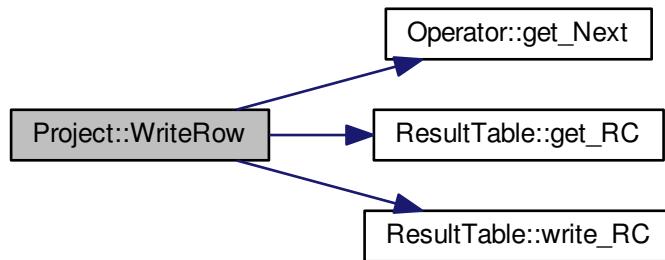
4.24.3.7 bool Project::WriteRow (*ResultTable* * *result*) [inline]

Write a row.

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.24.4 Member Data Documentation

4.24.4.1 int64_t Project::col_rank[4] [private]

rank sets of columns projected

4.24.4.2 int64_t Project::col_tot [private]

number of columns being projected.

4.24.4.3 RPattern Project::in_RP [private]

inside class use

4.24.4.4 Operator* Project::prior_op [private]

prior operators

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- system/executor.h
- system/executor.cc

4.25 RequestColumn Struct Reference

```
#include <executor.h>
```

Public Attributes

- AggrerateMethod aggrerate_method
- char name [128]

4.25.1 Detailed Description

definition of request column.

4.25.2 Member Data Documentation

4.25.2.1 AggrerateMethod RequestColumn::aggrerate_method

4.25.2.2 char RequestColumn::name[128]

name of column

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- system/executor.h

4.26 RequestTable Struct Reference

```
#include <executor.h>
```

Public Attributes

- char name [128]

4.26.1 Detailed Description

definition of request table.

4.26.2 Member Data Documentation

4.26.2.1 char RequestTable::name[128]

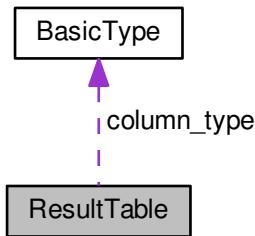
The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- system/executor.h

4.27 ResultTable Class Reference

```
#include <executor.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for ResultTable:



Public Member Functions

- int [dump](#) (FILE *fp)
- char * [get_RC](#) (int row, int column)
- int [init](#) (BasicType *col_types[], int col_num, int64_t capacity=1024)
- int [print](#) (void)
- int [shut](#) (void)
- int [write_RC](#) (int row, int column, void *data)

Public Attributes

- char * [buffer](#)
- int64_t [buffer_size](#)
- int [column_number](#)
- BasicType ** [column_type](#)
- int * [offset](#)
- int [offset_size](#)
- int [row_capacity](#)
- int [row_length](#)
- int [row_number](#)

4.27.1 Detailed Description

definition of result table.

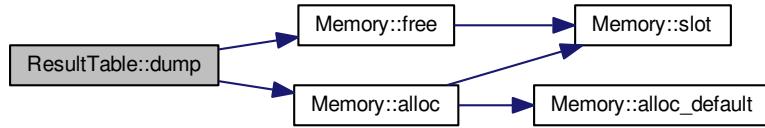
4.27.2 Member Function Documentation

4.27.2.1 int ResultTable::dump (FILE * *fp*)

write to file with FILE *fp

dump result to fp

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.27.2.2 char * ResultTable::get_RC (int *row*, int *column*)

calculate the char pointer of data specified by row and column id you should set up column_type,then call init function

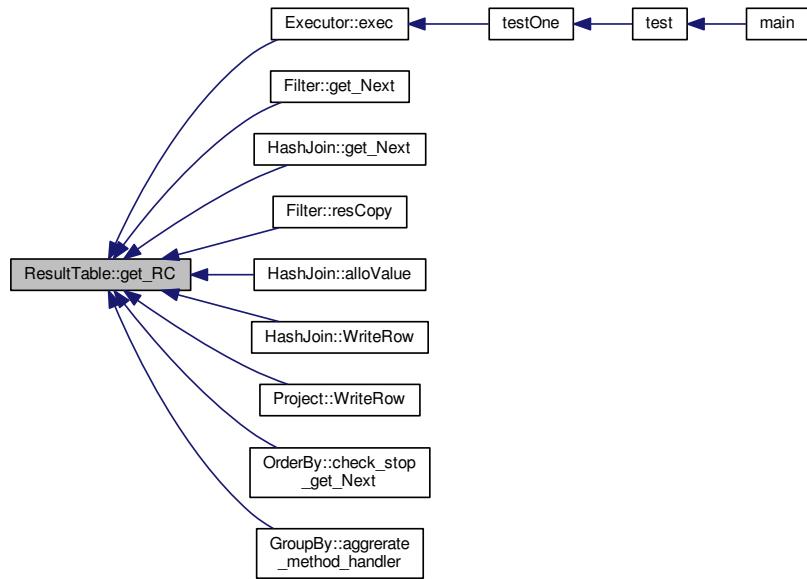
Parameters

<i>row</i>	row id in result table
<i>column</i>	column id in result table

Return values

<i>!=NULL</i>	pointer of a column
<i>==NULL</i>	error

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.27.2.3 int ResultTable::init (`BasicType * col_types[], int col_num, int64_t capacity = 1024`)

init alloc memory and set initial value array of column type pointers number of columns in this [ResultTable](#)

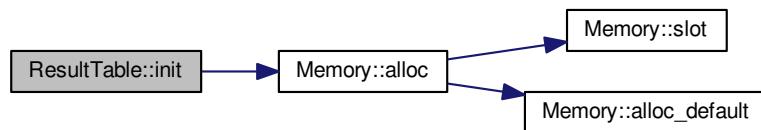
Parameters

<code>capacity</code>	buffer_size, power of 2
-----------------------	-------------------------

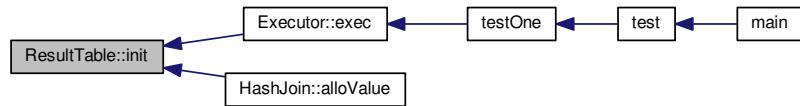
Return values

<code>>0</code>	success
<code><=0</code>	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.27.2.4 int ResultTable::print (void)

print result table, split by ", output a line per row

Return values

<code>the</code>	number of rows printed
------------------	------------------------

print

Here is the caller graph for this function:

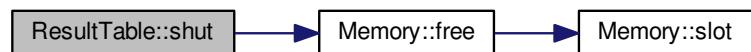


4.27.2.5 int ResultTable::shut (void)

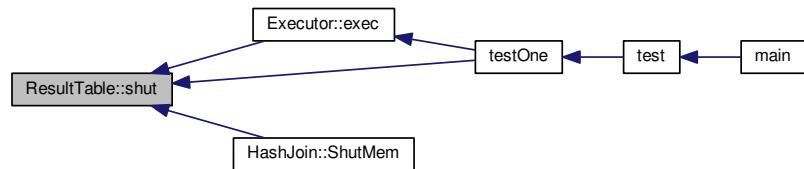
free memory of this result table to g_memory

shut memory

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.27.2.6 int ResultTable::write_RC (int row, int column, void * data)

write data to position row,column

Parameters

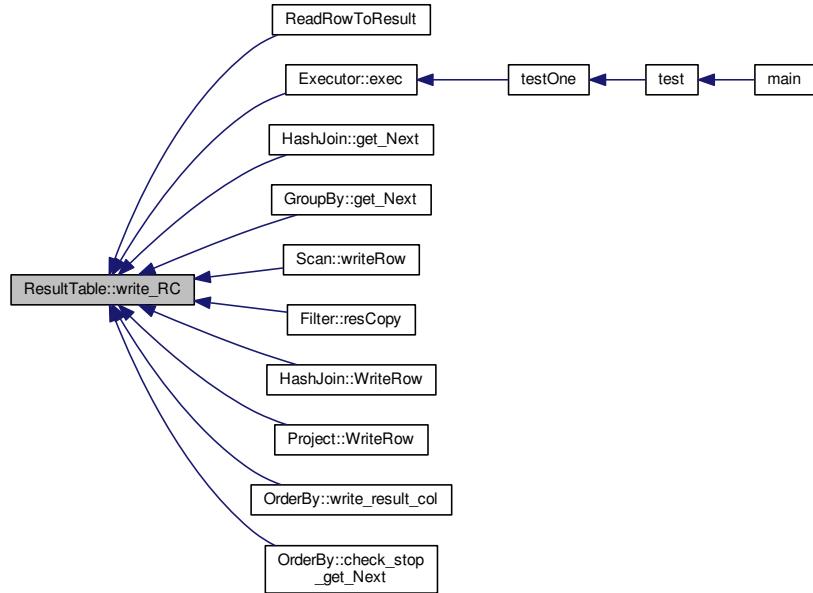
<code>row</code>	row id in result table
<code>column</code>	column id in result table data pointer of a column

Return values

<code>!=NULL</code>	pointer of a column
<code>==NULL</code>	error

write rc with data

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.27.3 Member Data Documentation

4.27.3.1 `char* ResultTable::buffer`

pointer of buffer allocoed from g_memory

4.27.3.2 `int64_t ResultTable::buffer_size`

size of buffer, power of 2

4.27.3.3 `int ResultTable::column_number`

columns number that a result row consist of

4.27.3.4 `BasicType** ResultTable::column_type`

each column data type

4.27.3.5 `int* ResultTable::offset`

4.27.3.6 `int ResultTable::offset_size`

4.27.3.7 `int ResultTable::row_capacity`

maximum capacity of rows according to buffer size and length of row MAXIMUN OF ROW

4.27.3.8 int ResultTable::row_length

length per result row

4.27.3.9 int ResultTable::row_number

current usage of rows CURRENT NUMBER OF ROW

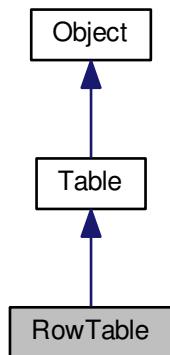
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- system/executor.h
- system/executor.cc

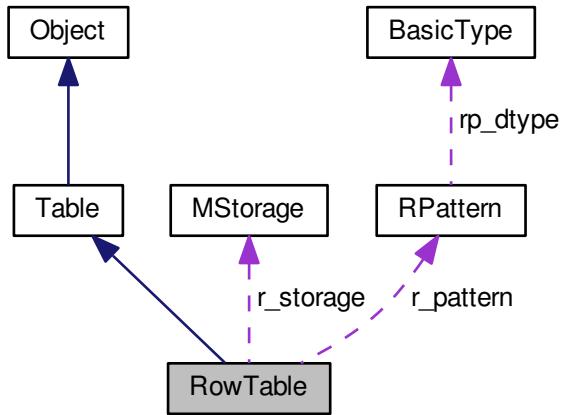
4.28 RowTable Class Reference

```
#include <rowtable.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for RowTable:



Collaboration diagram for RowTable:



Public Member Functions

- [**RowTable** \(int64_t r_id, const char *r_name\)](#)
- [**bool del** \(int64_t record_rank\)](#)
- [**bool del** \(char *row_pointer\)](#)
- [**bool finish** \(void\)](#)
- [**MStorage & getMStorage** \(void\)](#)
- [**int64_t getRecordNum** \(void\)](#)
- [**void * getRecordPtr** \(int64_t row_rank\)](#)
- [**RPattern & getRPattern** \(void\)](#)
- [**bool init** \(void\)](#)
- [**bool insert** \(char *source\)](#)
- [**bool insert** \(char *columns\[\]\)](#)
- [**bool loadData** \(const char *filename\)](#)
- [**bool printData** \(void\)](#)
- [**bool select** \(int64_t record_rank, char *dest\)](#)
- [**bool select** \(char *row_pointer, char *dest\)](#)
- [**bool selectCol** \(int64_t record_rank, int64_t column_rank, char *dest\)](#)
- [**bool selectCol** \(char *row_pointer, int64_t column_rank, char *dest\)](#)
- [**bool selectCols** \(int64_t record_rank, int64_t column_total, int64_t *column_ranks, char *dest\)](#)
- [**bool selectCols** \(char *row_pointer, int64_t column_total, int64_t *column_ranks, char *dest\)](#)
- [**bool shut** \(void\)](#)
- [**bool updateCol** \(char *row_pointer, int64_t column_rank, char *source\)](#)
- [**bool updateCol** \(int64_t record_rank, int64_t column_rank, char *source\)](#)
- [**bool updateCols** \(int64_t record_rank, int64_t column_total, int64_t *column_ranks, char *source\)](#)
- [**bool updateCols** \(char *row_pointer, int64_t column_total, int64_t *column_ranks, char *source\)](#)
- [**bool updateCols** \(int64_t record_rank, int64_t column_total, int64_t *column_ranks, char *source\[\]\)](#)
- [**bool updateCols** \(char *row_pointer, int64_t column_total, int64_t *column_ranks, char *source\[\]\)](#)

Private Member Functions

- bool `access` (int64_t record_rank, char *&pointer)
- bool `accessCol` (int64_t record_rank, int64_t column_rank, char *&pointer)
- bool `invalid` (char *record_ptr)
- bool `isValid` (char *record_ptr)

Private Attributes

- RPattern `r_pattern`
- MStorage `r_storage`

4.28.1 Detailed Description

definition of class [RowTable](#).

4.28.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

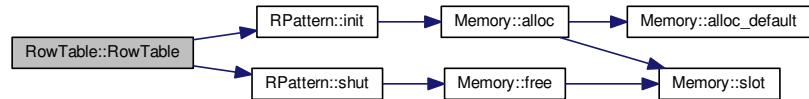
4.28.2.1 RowTable::RowTable (int64_t r_id, const char * r_name) [inline]

constructor.

Parameters

<code>r_id</code>	table ideitifer
<code>r_name</code>	table name

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.28.3 Member Function Documentation

4.28.3.1 bool RowTable::access (int64_t record_rank, char *& pointer) [private]

get a row record pointer.

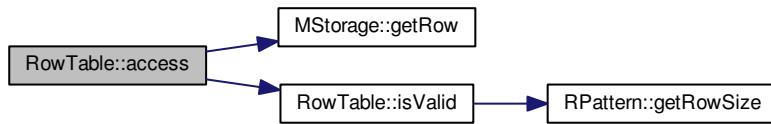
Parameters

<code>record_rank</code>	the n th record in the table
<code>pointer</code>	result pointer to return

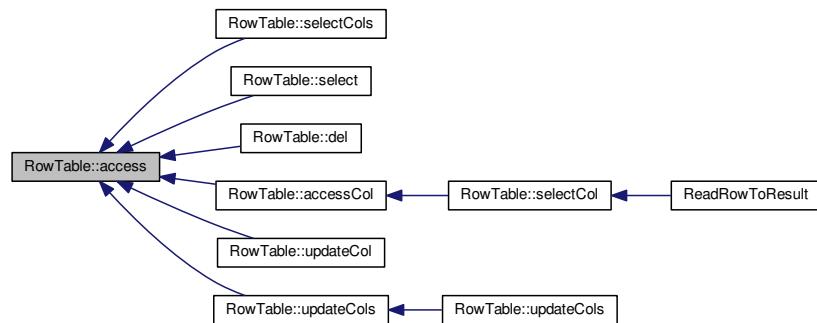
Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.28.3.2 bool RowTable::accessCol (int64_t record_rank, int64_t column_rank, char *& pointer) [private]

get a column of record pointer.

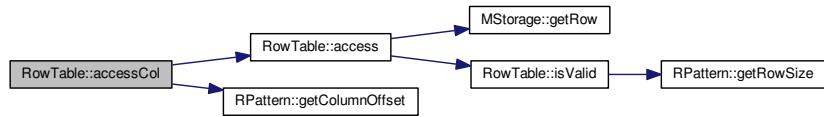
Parameters

<i>record_rank</i>	the n th record in the table
<i>column_rank</i>	the n th cilumn in the pattern
<i>pointer</i>	result pointer to return

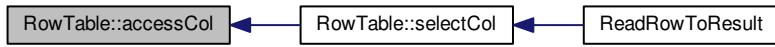
Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.28.3.3 bool RowTable::del (int64_t record_rank) [virtual]

del a row.

Parameters

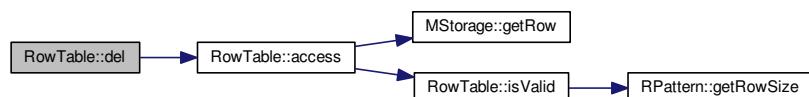
<i>row_rank</i>	the n th record of the table
-----------------	------------------------------

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.28.3.4 bool RowTable::del (char * row_pointer) [virtual]

del a row(not in use).

Parameters

<code>row_pointer</code>	the pointer of a row
--------------------------	----------------------

Return values

<code>true</code>	success
<code>false</code>	failure

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.28.3.5 bool RowTable::finish(void) [virtual]

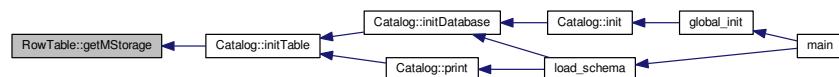
finish, leave it empty.

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

4.28.3.6 MStorage& RowTable::getMStorage(void) [inline]

get storage of table.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.28.3.7 int64_t RowTable::getRecordNum (void) [inline], [virtual]

get the last record rank.

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.28.3.8 void* RowTable::getRecordPtr (int64_t row_rank) [inline], [virtual]

get row record pointer.

Parameters

<code>row_rank</code>	the n th record in thetable
-----------------------	-----------------------------

Return values

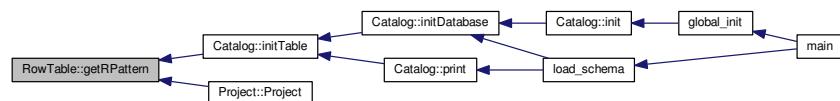
<code>!=NULL</code>	success
<code>==NULL</code>	failure

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

4.28.3.9 RPattern& RowTable::getRPattern (void) [inline]

get pattern of table.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.28.3.10 bool RowTable::init (void) [virtual]

init, leave it empty.

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

4.28.3.11 bool RowTable::insert(char * *source*) [virtual]

insert a row.

Parameters

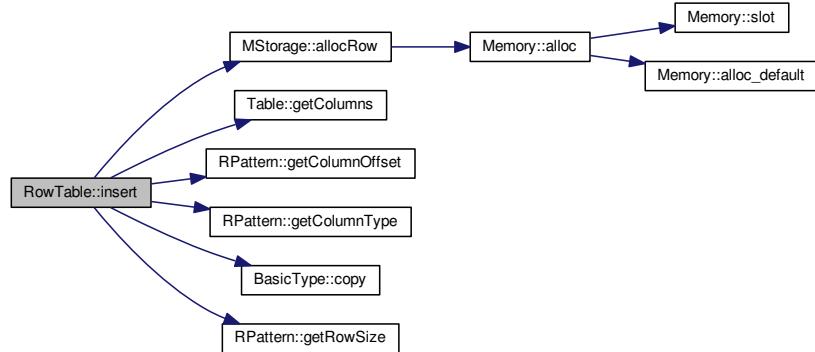
<i>source</i>	buffer of a row in pattern
---------------	----------------------------

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.28.3.12 bool RowTable::insert(char * *columns[]*) [virtual]

insert a row.

Parameters

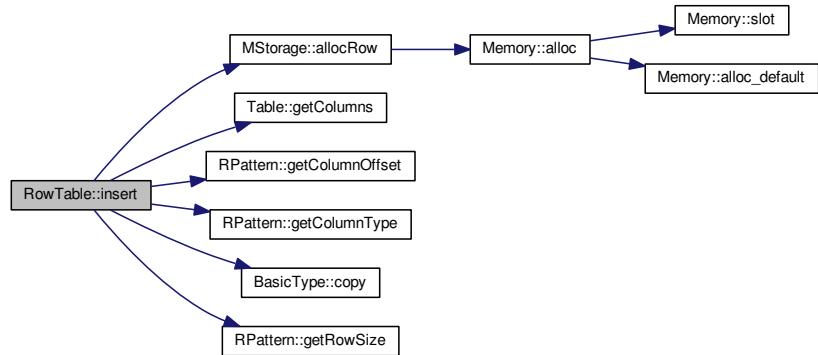
<i>columns</i>	each element of the array pointed to a column data
----------------	--

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.28.3.13 bool RowTable::invalid (char * record_ptr) [inline], [private]

make the record invalid when del the record

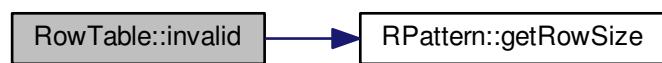
Parameters

<code>record_ptr</code>	the pointer of a record
-------------------------	-------------------------

Return values

<code>true</code>	success
<code>false</code>	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.28.3.14 bool RowTable::isValid (char * record_ptr) [inline], [private]

get result,whether the record is valid or not

Parameters

<i>record_ptr</i>	the pointer of a record
-------------------	-------------------------

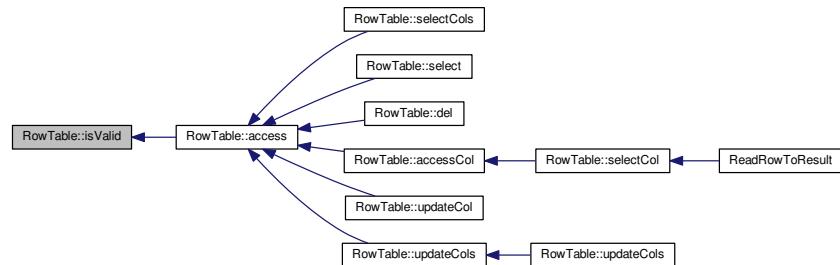
Return values

<i>true</i>	valid
<i>false</i>	invalid

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.28.3.15 bool RowTable::loadData (const char * *filename*) [virtual]

load data of the table(not in use).

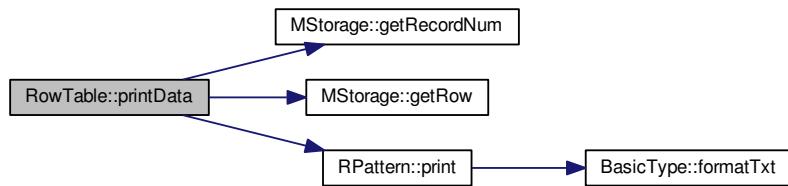
Reimplemented from [Table](#).

4.28.3.16 bool RowTable::printData (void) [virtual]

print table data, for debug.

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.28.3.17 bool RowTable::select (int64_t *record_rank*, char * *dest*) [virtual]

select all columns' data.

Parameters

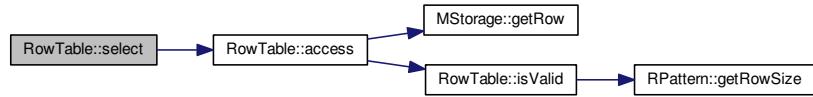
<i>record_rank</i>	the n th row in the table storage
<i>dest</i>	buffer to store result

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.28.3.18 `bool RowTable::select (char * row_pointer, char * dest) [virtual]`

select all columns' data.

Parameters

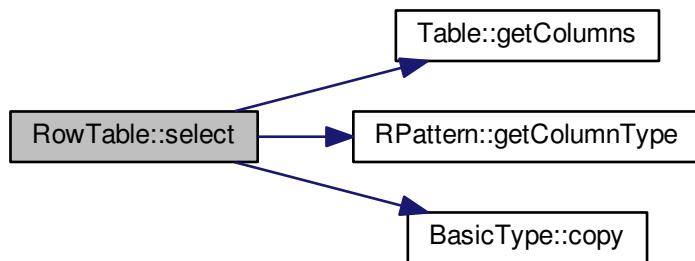
<code>row_pointer</code>	the pointer of a row
<code>dest</code>	buffer to store result

Return values

<code>true</code>	success
<code>false</code>	failure

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.28.3.19 `bool RowTable::selectCol (int64_t record_rank, int64_t column_rank, char * dest) [virtual]`

select one column data.

Parameters

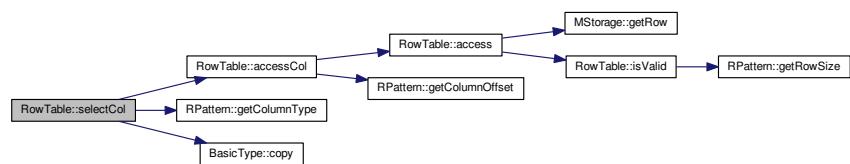
<i>record_rank</i>	the n th row in the table storage
<i>column_rank</i>	the n th column in table pattern
<i>dest</i>	buffer to store result

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.28.3.20 bool RowTable::selectCol (char * *row_pointer*, int64_t *column_rank*, char * *dest*) [virtual]

select one column data by pointer of a row.

Parameters

<i>row_pointer</i>	the pointer of a row
<i>column_rank</i>	the n th column in table pattern
<i>dest</i>	buffer to store result

Return values

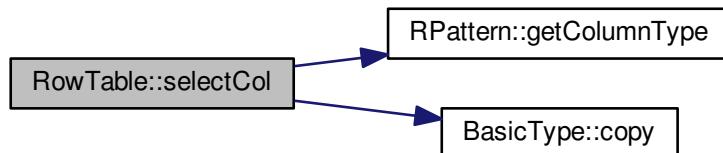
<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Return values

<i>false</i>	failure
--------------	---------

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.28.3.21 `bool RowTable::selectCols (int64_t record_rank, int64_t column_total, int64_t * column_ranks, char * dest) [virtual]`

select several column data.

Parameters

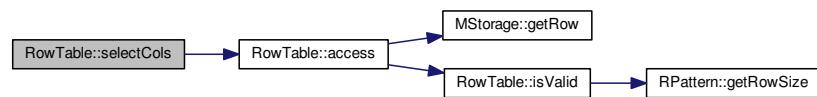
<i>record_rank</i>	the n th row in the table storage
<i>column_total</i>	total number of columns to select
<i>column_ranks</i>	array of column_rank, column_rank is the n th column in table pattern
<i>dest</i>	buffer to store result

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.28.3.22 `bool RowTable::selectCols (char * row_pointer, int64_t column_total, int64_t * column_ranks, char * dest) [virtual]`

select several column data.

Parameters

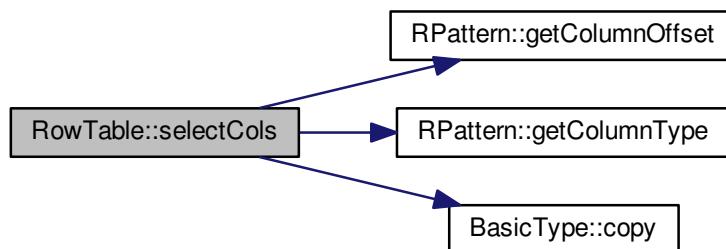
<i>row_pointer</i>	the pointer of a row
<i>column_total</i>	total number of columns to select
<i>column_ranks</i>	array of column_rank, column_rank is the n th column in table pattern
<i>dest</i>	buffer to store result

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:

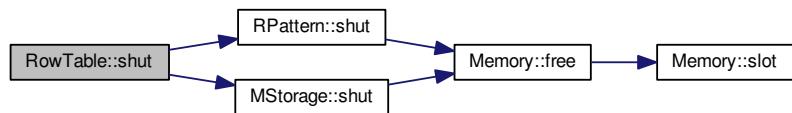


4.28.3.23 `bool RowTable::shut (void) [virtual]`

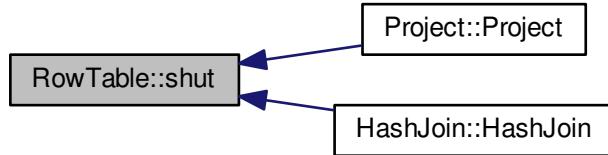
shut down r_pattern and r_storage, free their memory.

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.28.3.24 `bool RowTable::updateCol (char * row_pointer, int64_t column_rank, char * source) [virtual]`

update a column data.

Parameters

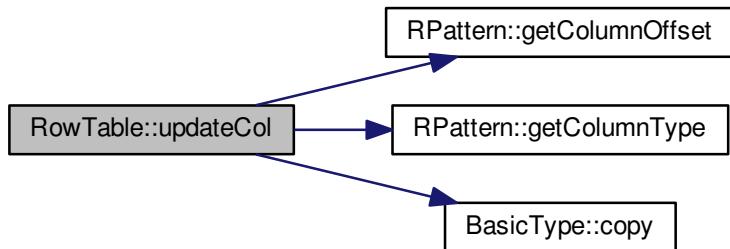
<i>row_pointer</i>	the pointer of a row
<i>column_rank</i>	the n th column in table pattern
<i>source</i>	buffer to store data to change for

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.28.3.25 bool RowTable::updateCol (int64_t record_rank, int64_t column_rank, char * source) [virtual]

update a column data.

Parameters

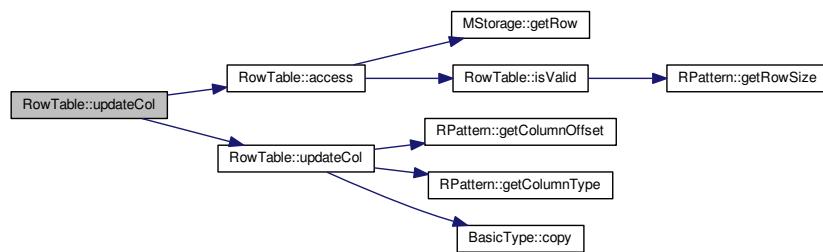
<i>record_rank</i>	the n th row in the table storage
<i>column_rank</i>	the n th column in table pattern
<i>source</i>	buffer to store data to change for

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.28.3.26 bool RowTable::updateCols (int64_t record_rank, int64_t column_total, int64_t * column_ranks, char * source) [virtual]

update several column data.

Parameters

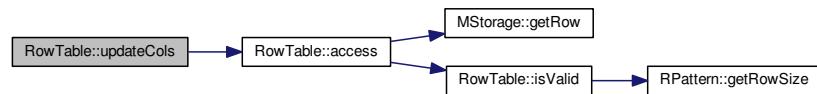
<i>record_rank</i>	the n th row in the table storage
<i>column_total</i>	total number of columns to select
<i>column_ranks</i>	array of column_rank, column_rank is the n th column in table pattern
<i>source</i>	buffer to store data to change for

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.28.3.27 `bool RowTable::updateCols (char * row_pointer, int64_t column_total, int64_t * column_ranks, char * source) [virtual]`

update several column data.

Parameters

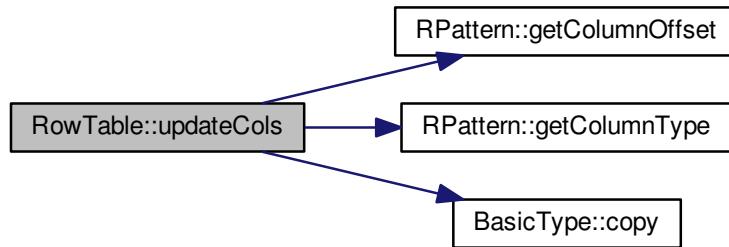
<i>row_pointer</i>	the pointer of a row
<i>column_total</i>	total number of columns to select
<i>column_ranks</i>	array of column_rank, column_rank is the n th column in table pattern
<i>source</i>	buffer to store data to change for

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.28.3.28 `bool RowTable::updateCols (int64_t record_rank, int64_t column_total, int64_t * column_ranks, char * source[]) [virtual]`

update several column data.

Parameters

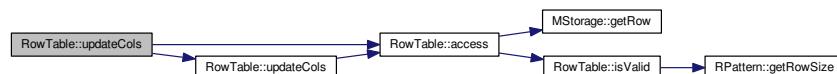
<i>record_rank</i>	the n th row in the table storage
<i>column_total</i>	total number of columns to select
<i>column_ranks</i>	array of column_rank, column_rank is the n th column in table pattern
<i>source</i>	array of columns' pointers, each points a column data to change for

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.28.3.29 `bool RowTable::updateCols (char * row_pointer, int64_t column_total, int64_t * column_ranks, char * source[]) [virtual]`

update several column data.

Parameters

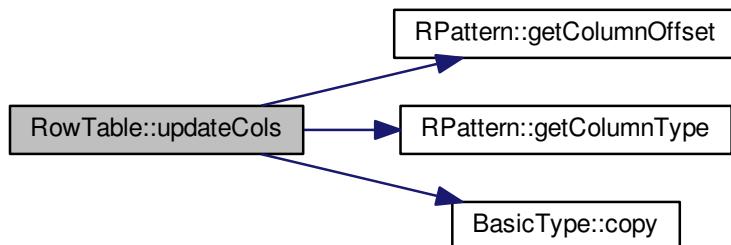
<code>row_pointer</code>	the pointer of a row
<code>column_total</code>	total number of columns to select
<code>column_ranks</code>	array of column_rank, column_rank is the n th column in table pattern
<code>source</code>	array of columns' pointers, each points a column data to change for

Return values

<code>true</code>	success
<code>false</code>	failure

Reimplemented from [Table](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.28.4 Member Data Documentation

4.28.4.1 **RPattern** `RowTable::r_pattern` [private]

pattern of row

4.28.4.2 **MStorage** `RowTable::r_storage` [private]

storage of table

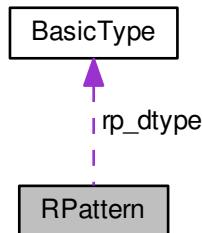
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [system/rowtable.h](#)
- [system/rowtable.cc](#)

4.29 RPattern Class Reference

```
#include <rowtable.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for RPattern:



Public Member Functions

- bool `addColumn (BasicType *col_type)`
- int64_t `getColumnOffset (int64_t col_rank)`
- `BasicType * getColumnType (int64_t col_rank)`
- int64_t `getRowSize (void)`
- bool `init (int64_t col_num)`
- int64_t `print (char *r_ptr)`
- void `reset (void)`
- void `shut (void)`

Private Attributes

- char `par [128-3 *sizeof(void *)-4 *sizeof(int64_t)]`
- int64_t `rp_colnum`
- int64_t `rp_current`
- `BasicType ** rp_dtype`
- int64_t `rp_mem_sz`
- char * `rp_memory`
- int64_t * `rp_offset`
- int64_t `rp_row_sz`

4.29.1 Detailed Description

definition of class `RPattern`, describe row struture.

4.29.2 Member Function Documentation

4.29.2.1 bool RPattern::addColumn (`BasicType * col_type`) [inline]

add column infomation.

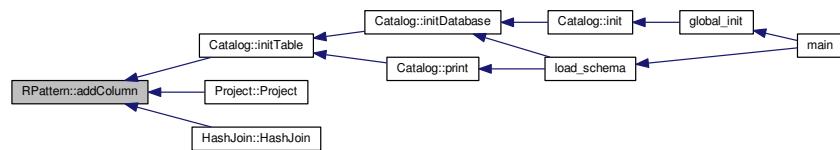
Parameters

<code>col_type</code>	data type of the column
-----------------------	-------------------------

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.29.2.2 `int64_t RPattern::getColumnOffset(int64_t col_rank) [inline]`

get offset of column in a row record.

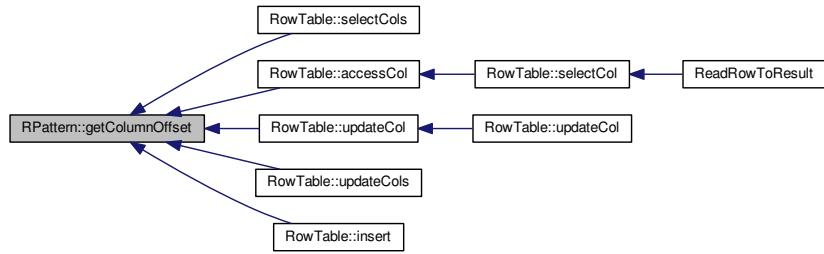
Parameters

<code>col_rank</code>	the n th column in the table
-----------------------	------------------------------

Return values

<code>>=0</code>	valid offset
<code>== -1</code>	input error

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.29.2.3 `BasicType* RPattern::getColumnType(int64_t col_rank) [inline]`

get data type of column.

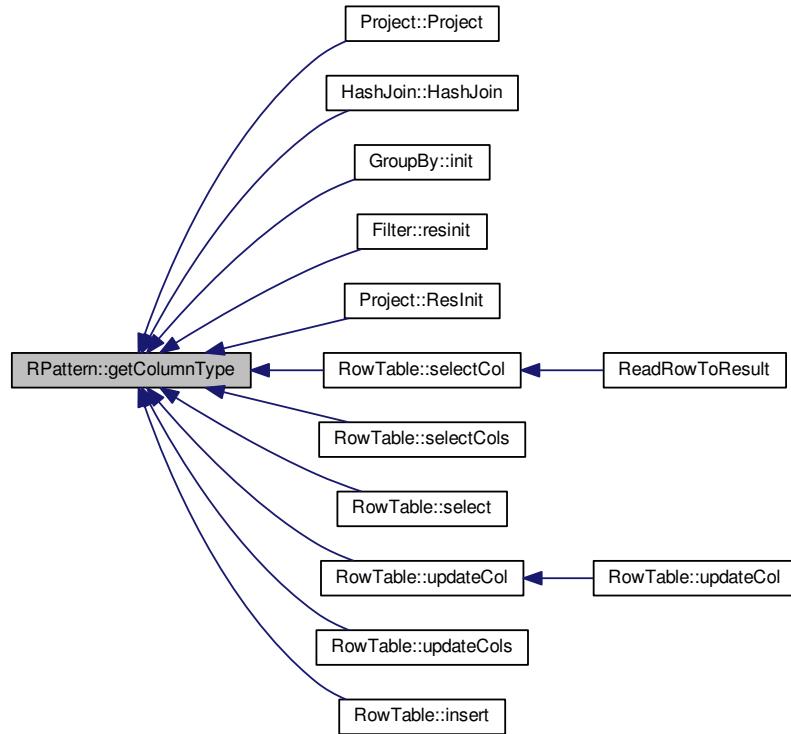
Parameters

<code>col_rank</code>	the n th column in the table
-----------------------	------------------------------

Return values

<code>!=</code>	NULL valid pointer
<code>==</code>	NULL input error

Here is the caller graph for this function:



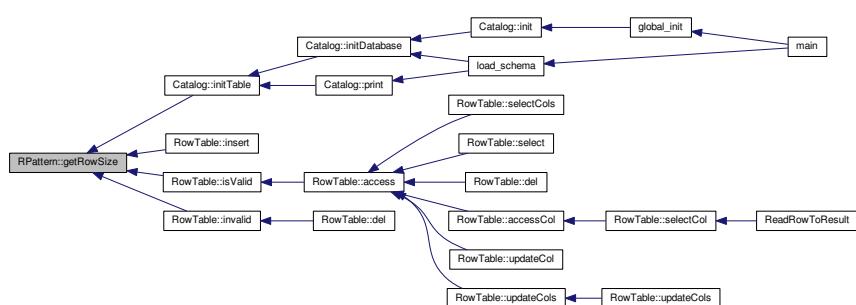
4.29.2.4 int64_t RPattern::getRowSize (void) [inline]

get size of a row record.

Return values

<code>the</code>	size of a row record
------------------	----------------------

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.29.2.5 bool RPattern::init(int64_t col_num) [inline]

init, alloc memory and initial setting.

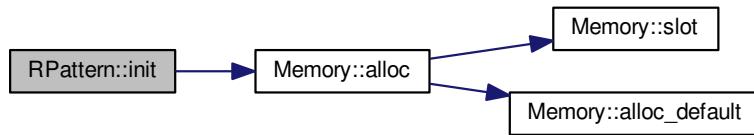
Parameters

<code>col_num</code>	number of columns, from class Table
----------------------	---

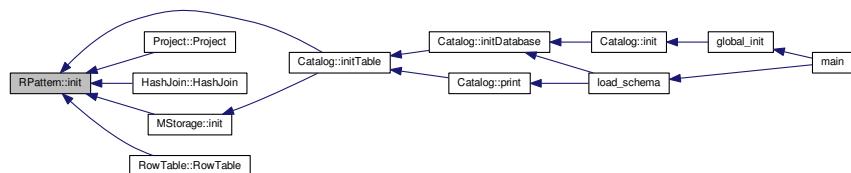
Return values

<code>true</code>	success
<code>false</code>	failure

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.29.2.6 int64_t RPattern::print(char * r_ptr) [inline]

print a row following this pattern.

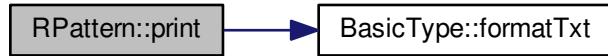
Parameters

<code>r_ptr</code>	pointer of a row
--------------------	------------------

Return values

<code>==rp_row_size</code>	success
<code>!=rp_row_size</code>	error

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



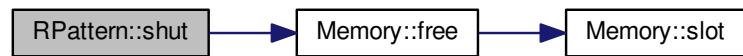
4.29.2.7 void RPattern::reset(void) [inline]

reset if addcolumn error happen.

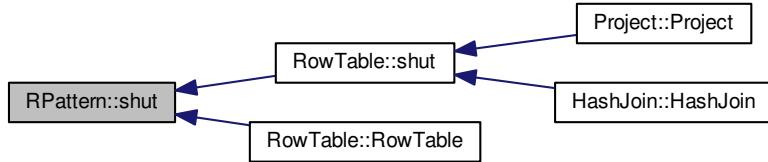
4.29.2.8 void RPattern::shut(void) [inline]

shut down, free memory allocated from g_memory.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.29.3 Member Data Documentation

4.29.3.1 char RPattern::par[128-3 *sizeof(void *)-4 *sizeof(int64_t)] [private]

make the sizeof `RPattern` 128, managed by `g_memory`

4.29.3.2 int64_t RPattern::rp_colnum [private]

total columns

4.29.3.3 int64_t RPattern::rp_current [private]

current columns already set offset and datatype

4.29.3.4 BasicType RPattern::rp_dtype [private]**

array of pointers to each column's data type

4.29.3.5 int64_t RPattern::rp_mem_sz [private]

memory size

4.29.3.6 char* RPattern::rp_memory [private]

memory to store rp_offset and rp_datatype

4.29.3.7 int64_t* RPattern::rp_offset [private]

offset of column in a row

4.29.3.8 int64_t RPattern::rp_row_sz [private]

size of a row record

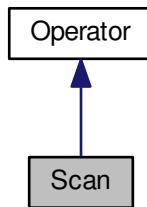
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/rowtable.h](#)

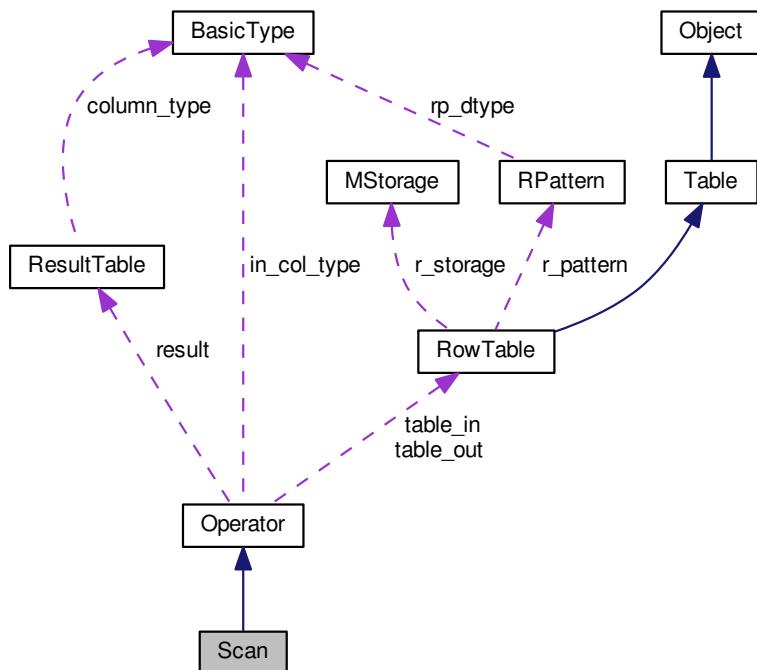
4.30 Scan Class Reference

```
#include <executor.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Scan:



Collaboration diagram for Scan:



Public Member Functions

- `Scan (char *tablename)`
- `bool close ()`
- `bool equalornot ()`
- `bool get_Next (ResultTable *result)`
- `bool init ()`
- `bool is_End ()`
- `bool writeRow (char *buffer, ResultTable *result)`

Private Attributes

- `int64_t col_num`
- `int64_t current_row`

Additional Inherited Members

4.30.1 Detailed Description

definition of `Scan` operator.

4.30.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

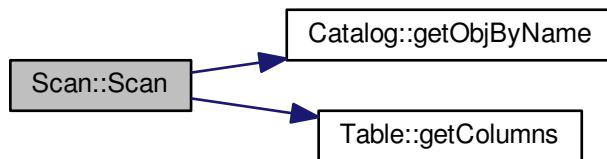
4.30.2.1 Scan::Scan (`char * tablename`)

`Scan` rowtable from `table_in`

Parameters

<code>tablename</code>	the <code>table_in</code> that this function will scan
------------------------	--

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.30.3 Member Function Documentation

4.30.3.1 bool Scan::close (void) [virtual]

close scan and release memory

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Implements [Operator](#).

4.30.3.2 bool Scan::equalornot () [inline]

4.30.3.3 bool Scan::get_Next (ResultTable * result) [virtual]

get next record of scan

Parameters

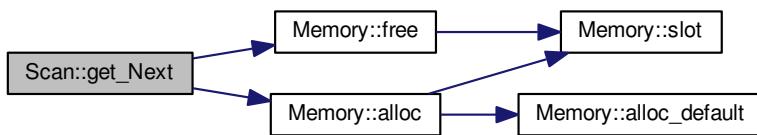
<i>result</i>	the buffer to store result of scan
---------------	------------------------------------

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Implements [Operator](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.30.3.4 bool Scan::init (void) [virtual]

init scan operator

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Implements [Operator](#).

4.30.3.5 bool Scan::is_End (void) [virtual]

judge where scan is end

Return values

<i>false</i>	not end
<i>true</i>	run end

Implements [Operator](#).

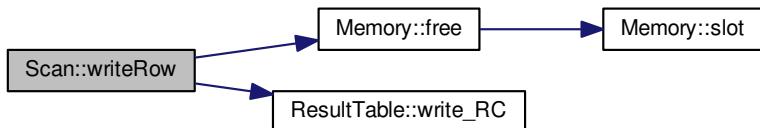
4.30.3.6 bool Scan::writeRow (char * *buffer*, ResultTable * *result*) [inline]

write a row in resulttable

Return values

<i>false</i>	for failure
<i>true</i>	for success

Here is the call graph for this function:



4.30.4 Member Data Documentation

4.30.4.1 int64_t Scan::col_num [private]

number of columns

4.30.4.2 int64_t Scan::current_row [private]

row number has been scanned.

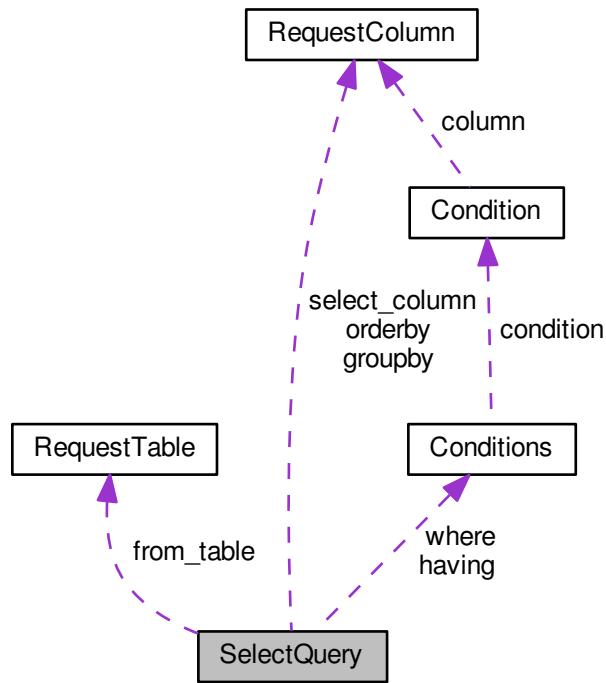
The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- [system/executor.h](#)
- [system/executor.cc](#)

4.31 SelectQuery Class Reference

```
#include <executor.h>
```

Collaboration diagram for SelectQuery:



Public Attributes

- `int64_t database_id`
- `int from_number`
- `RequestTable from_table [4]`
- `RequestColumn groupby [4]`
- `int groupby_number`
- `Conditions having`
- `RequestColumn orderby [4]`
- `int orderby_number`
- `RequestColumn select_column [4]`
- `int select_number`
- `Conditions where`

4.31.1 Detailed Description

definition of selectquery.

4.31.2 Member Data Documentation

4.31.2.1 int64_t SelectQuery::database_id

database to execute

4.31.2.2 int SelectQuery::from_number

number of tables to select from

4.31.2.3 RequestTable SelectQuery::from_table[4]

tables to select from, maximum 4

4.31.2.4 RequestColumn SelectQuery::groupby[4]

columns to groupby

4.31.2.5 int SelectQuery::groupby_number

number of columns to groupby

4.31.2.6 Conditions SelectQuery::having

groupby conditions

4.31.2.7 RequestColumn SelectQuery::orderby[4]

columns to orderby

4.31.2.8 int SelectQuery::orderby_number

number of columns to orderby

4.31.2.9 RequestColumn SelectQuery::select_column[4]

columns to select, maximum 4

4.31.2.10 int SelectQuery::select_number

number of column to select

4.31.2.11 Conditions SelectQuery::where

where meets conditions, maximum 4 & conditions

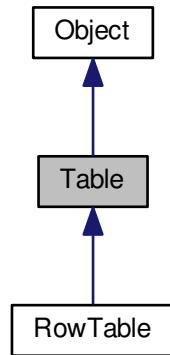
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/executor.h](#)

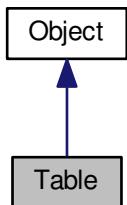
4.32 Table Class Reference

```
#include <schema.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for Table:



Collaboration diagram for Table:



Public Member Functions

- `Table` (int64_t *t_id*, const char **t_name*, TableType *t_type*)
- virtual ~`Table` (void)
- virtual bool `addColumn` (int64_t *column_id*)
- virtual bool `addIndex` (int64_t *index_id*)
- virtual bool `del` (int64_t *record_rank*)
- virtual bool `del` (char **row_pointer*)
- virtual bool `del` (char **columns*[])
- virtual bool `finish` (void)
- int64_t `getColumnRank` (int64_t *c_id*)
- std::vector< int64_t > & `getColumns` (void)
- int64_t `getIndexRank` (int64_t *i_id*)
- std::vector< int64_t > & `getIndexes` (void)
- int64_t `getRank` (std::vector< int64_t > &*vec*, int64_t *id*)
- virtual int64_t `getRecordNum` (void)
- virtual void * `getRecordPtr` (int64_t *row_rank*)
- TableType `getTtype` (void)
- virtual bool `init` (void)
- virtual bool `insert` (char **source*)
- virtual bool `insert` (char **columns*[])
- virtual bool `loadData` (const char **filename*)
- virtual void `print` (void)
- virtual void `printData` (void)
- virtual bool `select` (int64_t *record_rank*, char **dest*)
- virtual bool `select` (char **row_pointer*, char **dest*)
- virtual bool `selectCol` (int64_t *record_rank*, int64_t *column_rank*, char **dest*)
- virtual bool `selectCol` (char **row_pointer*, int64_t *column_rank*, char **dest*)
- virtual bool `selectCols` (int64_t *record_rank*, int64_t *column_total*, int64_t **column_ranks*, char **dest*)
- virtual bool `selectCols` (char **row_pointer*, int64_t *column_total*, int64_t **column_ranks*, char **dest*)
- virtual bool `shut` (void)
- virtual bool `updateCol` (int64_t *record_rank*, int64_t *column_rank*, char **source*)
- virtual bool `updateCol` (char **row_pointer*, int64_t *column_rank*, char **source*)
- virtual bool `updateCols` (int64_t *record_rank*, int64_t *column_total*, int64_t **column_ranks*, char **source*)
- virtual bool `updateCols` (char **row_pointer*, int64_t *column_total*, int64_t **column_ranks*, char **source*[])
- virtual bool `updateCols` (char **row_pointer*, int64_t *column_total*, int64_t **column_ranks*, char **source*[])

Private Attributes

- std::vector< int64_t > *t_columns*
- std::vector< int64_t > *t_index*
- TableType *t_type*

4.32.1 Detailed Description

definition of class `Table`.

4.32.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.32.2.1 virtual Table::~Table(void) [inline], [virtual]

destructor.

4.32.2.2 `Table::Table (int64_t t_id, const char * t_name, TableType t_type) [inline]`

constructor.

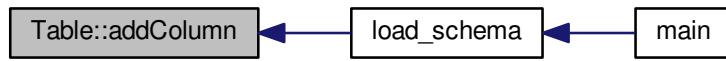
Parameters

<i>t_id</i>	table identifier
<i>t_name</i>	table name
<i>t_type</i>	table type

4.32.3 Member Function Documentation**4.32.3.1 virtual bool Table::addColumn(int64_t column_id) [inline], [virtual]**

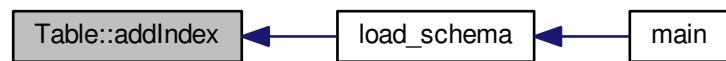
add column identifier to this table.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

**4.32.3.2 virtual bool Table::addIndex(int64_t index_id) [inline], [virtual]**

add index identifier to this table.

Here is the caller graph for this function:

**4.32.3.3 virtual bool Table::del(int64_t record_rank) [inline], [virtual]**

del a row.

Parameters

<i>row_rank</i>	the n th record of the table
-----------------	------------------------------

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.3.4 virtual bool Table::del(char * *row_pointer*) [inline], [virtual]

del a row(not in use).

Parameters

<i>row_pointer</i>	the pointer of a row
--------------------	----------------------

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.3.5 virtual bool Table::del(char * *columns[]*) [inline], [virtual]

del a row(not in use).

Parameters

<i>columns</i>	array of the pointers in a row
----------------	--------------------------------

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

4.32.3.6 virtual bool Table::finish(void) [inline], [virtual]

finish, important interface for son class

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.3.7 int64_t Table::getColumnRank(int64_t *c_id*) [inline]

get column rank in this table

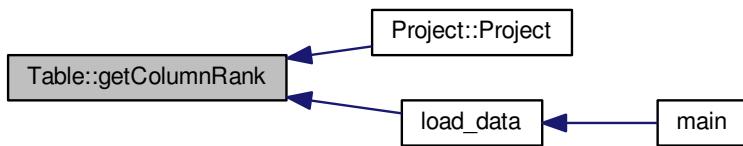
Parameters

$c \leftarrow$	column identifier
$_id$	

Return values

≥ 0	0 valid rank
< 0	invalid, not exist

Here is the caller graph for this function:

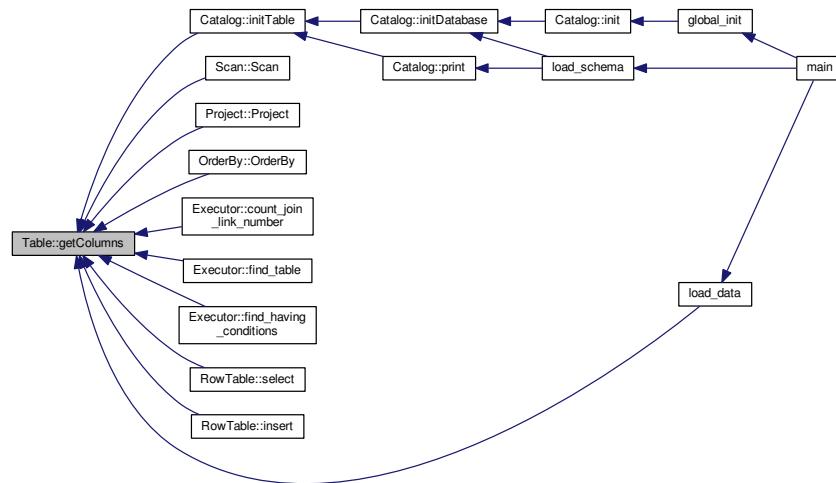
**4.32.3.8 `std::vector<int64_t>& Table::getColumns (void) [inline]`**

get column identifier vector.

Return values

<code>vector</code>	of column identifiers
---------------------	-----------------------

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.32.3.9 int64_t Table::getIndexRank(int64_t i_id) [inline]

get index rank in this table

Parameters

$i \leftarrow$	column identifier
$_id$	

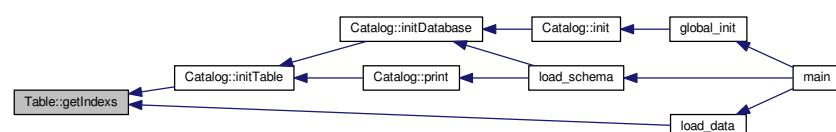
Return values

\geq	0 valid rank
< 0	invalid, not exist

4.32.3.10 std::vector< int64_t >& Table::getIndexes(void) [inline]

get index identifier vector.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.32.3.11 int64_t Table::getRank (std::vector< int64_t > & vec, int64_t id) [inline]

get rank in a vector

Parameters

<i>vec</i>	vector to search in
<i>id</i>	object identifier

Return values

≥ 0	valid rank
< 0	invalid, not exist

4.32.3.12 virtual int64_t Table::getRecordNum (void) [inline], [virtual]

get record number.

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.32.3.13 virtual void* Table::getRecordPtr (int64_t row_rank) [inline], [virtual]

get record pointer.

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.32.3.14 `TableType Table::getTtype(void) [inline]`

get table type.

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.32.3.15 `virtual bool Table::init(void) [inline], [virtual]`

init, important interface for son class

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.3.16 `virtual bool Table::insert(char * source) [inline], [virtual]`

insert a row.

Parameters

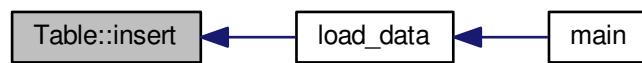
<code>source</code>	buffer of a row in pattern
---------------------	----------------------------

Return values

<code>true</code>	success
<code>false</code>	failure

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.32.3.17 `virtual bool Table::insert(char * columns[]) [inline], [virtual]`

insert a row.

Parameters

<code>columns</code>	each element of the array pointed to a column data
----------------------	--

Return values

<code>true</code>	success
<code>false</code>	failure

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.3.18 virtual bool Table::loadData (const char * *filename*) [inline], [virtual]

load data(not in use).

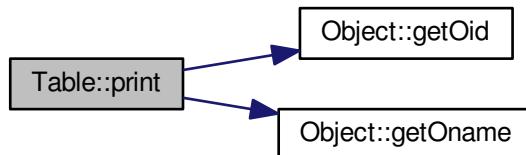
Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.3.19 virtual void Table::print (void) [inline], [virtual]

print table information.

Reimplemented from [Object](#).

Here is the call graph for this function:

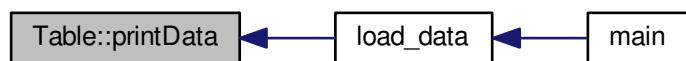


4.32.3.20 virtual bool Table::printData (void) [inline], [virtual]

print data in table.

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

Here is the caller graph for this function:



4.32.3.21 virtual bool Table::select(int64_t *record_rank*, char * *dest*) [inline], [virtual]

select all columns' data.

Parameters

<i>record_rank</i>	the n th row in the table storage
<i>dest</i>	buffer to store result

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.3.22 virtual bool Table::select(char * *row_pointer*, char * *dest*) [inline], [virtual]

select all columns' data.

Parameters

<i>row_pointer</i>	the pointer of a row
<i>dest</i>	buffer to store result

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.3.23 virtual bool Table::selectCol(int64_t *record_rank*, int64_t *column_rank*, char * *dest*) [inline], [virtual]

select one column data.

Parameters

<i>record_rank</i>	the n th row in the table storage
<i>column_rank</i>	the n th column in table pattern
<i>dest</i>	buffer to store result

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.3.24 virtual bool Table::selectCol (*char * row_pointer, int64_t column_rank, char * dest*) [inline], [virtual]

select one column data by pointer of a row.

Parameters

<i>row_pointer</i>	the pointer of a row
<i>column_rank</i>	the n th column in table pattern
<i>dest</i>	buffer to store result

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.3.25 virtual bool Table::selectCols (*int64_t record_rank, int64_t column_total, int64_t * column_ranks, char * dest*) [inline], [virtual]

select several column data.

Parameters

<i>record_rank</i>	the n th row in the table storage
<i>column_total</i>	total number of columns to select
<i>column_ranks</i>	array of column_rank, column_rank is the n th column in table pattern
<i>dest</i>	buffer to store result

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.3.26 virtual bool Table::selectCols (*char * row_pointer, int64_t column_total, int64_t * column_ranks, char * dest*) [inline], [virtual]

select several column data.

Parameters

<i>row_pointer</i>	the pointer of a row
<i>column_total</i>	total number of columns to select
<i>column_ranks</i>	array of column_rank, column_rank is the n th column in table pattern
<i>dest</i>	buffer to store result

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.3.27 virtual bool Table::shut(void) [inline], [virtual]

shut, important interface for son class

Reimplemented from [Object](#).

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.3.28 virtual bool Table::updateCol(int64_t record_rank, int64_t column_rank, char * source) [inline], [virtual]

update one column data.

Parameters

<i>record_rank</i>	the n th row in the table storage
<i>column_rank</i>	the n th column in table pattern
<i>source</i>	buffer to store data to change for

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.3.29 virtual bool Table::updateCol(char * row_pointer, int64_t column_rank, char * source) [inline], [virtual]

update one column data.

Parameters

<i>row_pointer</i>	the pointer of a row
<i>column_rank</i>	the n th column in table pattern
<i>source</i>	buffer to store data to change for

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Return values

<i>false</i>	failure
--------------	---------

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.3.30 `virtual bool Table::updateCols(int64_t record_rank, int64_t column_total, int64_t *column_ranks, char *source) [inline], [virtual]`

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.3.31 `virtual bool Table::updateCols(char *row_pointer, int64_t column_total, int64_t *column_ranks, char *source) [inline], [virtual]`

update several column data.

Parameters

<i>row_pointer</i>	the pointer of a row
<i>column_total</i>	total number of columns to select
<i>column_ranks</i>	array of column_rank, column_rank is the n th column in table pattern
<i>source</i>	buffer to store data to change for

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.3.32 `virtual bool Table::updateCols(int64_t record_rank, int64_t column_total, int64_t *column_ranks, char *source[]) [inline], [virtual]`

update several column data.

Parameters

<i>record_rank</i>	the n th row in the table storage
<i>column_total</i>	total number of columns to select
<i>column_ranks</i>	array of column_rank, column_rank is the n th column in table pattern
<i>source</i>	array of columns' pointers, each points a column data to change for

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.3.33 `virtual bool Table::updateCols (char * row_pointer, int64_t column_total, int64_t * column_ranks, char * source[]) [inline], [virtual]`

update several column data.

Parameters

<i>row_pointer</i>	the pointer of a row
<i>column_total</i>	total number of columns to select
<i>column_ranks</i>	array of column_rank, column_rank is the n th column in table pattern
<i>source</i>	array of columns' pointers, each points a column data to change for

Return values

<i>true</i>	success
<i>false</i>	failure

Reimplemented in [RowTable](#).

4.32.4 Member Data Documentation

4.32.4.1 `std::vector< int64_t > Table::t_columns [private]`

vector of columns' identifier

4.32.4.2 `std::vector< int64_t > Table::t_index [private]`

vector of index's identifier

4.32.4.3 `TableType Table::t_type [private]`

table type

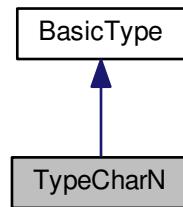
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/schema.h](#)

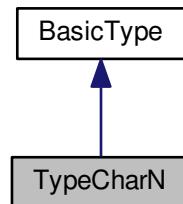
4.33 TypeCharN Class Reference

```
#include <datatype.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for TypeCharN:



Collaboration diagram for TypeCharN:



Public Member Functions

- [TypeCharN](#) (int64_t typesize)
- [TypeCharN](#) (TypeCode typecode=CHARN_TC, int64_t typesize=32)
- bool [cmpEQ](#) (void *data1, void *data2)
- bool [cmpGE](#) (void *data1, void *data2)
- bool [cmpGT](#) (void *data1, void *data2)
- bool [cmpLE](#) (void *data1, void *data2)
- bool [cmpLT](#) (void *data1, void *data2)
- int [copy](#) (void *dest, void *data)
- int [formatBin](#) (void *dest, void *data)
- int [formatTxt](#) (void *dest, void *data)

Additional Inherited Members

4.33.1 Detailed Description

definition of class [TypeCharN](#),please refer to [BasicType](#),it's same.

4.33.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.33.2.1 TypeCharN::TypeCharN (`int64_t typesize`) [inline]

constructor.

4.33.2.2 TypeCharN::TypeCharN (`TypeCode typecode = CHARN_TC`, `int64_t typesize = 32`) [inline]

4.33.3 Member Function Documentation

4.33.3.1 bool TypeCharN::cmpEQ (`void * data1`, `void * data2`) [inline], [virtual]

equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.33.3.2 bool TypeCharN::cmpGE (`void * data1`, `void * data2`) [inline], [virtual]

greater than or equal to

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.33.3.3 bool TypeCharN::cmpGT (`void * data1`, `void * data2`) [inline], [virtual]

greater than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.33.3.4 bool TypeCharN::cmpLE (`void * data1`, `void * data2`) [inline], [virtual]

less than or equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.33.3.5 bool TypeCharN::cmpLT (`void * data1`, `void * data2`) [inline], [virtual]

less than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.33.3.6 int TypeCharN::copy (void * *dest*, void * *data*) [inline], [virtual]

copy from data to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.33.3.7 int TypeCharN::formatBin (void * *dest*, void * *data*) [inline], [virtual]

extract bin format from data(txt) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.33.3.8 int TypeCharN::formatTxt (void * *dest*, void * *data*) [inline], [virtual]

extract txt format from data(bin) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

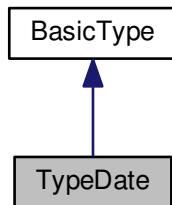
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/datatype.h](#)

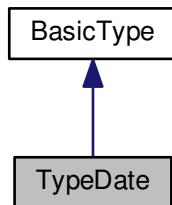
4.34 TypeDate Class Reference

```
#include <datatype.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for TypeDate:



Collaboration diagram for TypeDate:



Public Member Functions

- `TypeDate (TypeCode typecode=DATE_TC, int64_t typesize=sizeof(time_t))`
- `bool cmpEQ (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpGE (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpGT (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpLE (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpLT (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `int copy (void *dest, void *data)`
- `int formatBin (void *dest, void *data)`
- `int formatTxt (void *dest, void *data)`

Additional Inherited Members

4.34.1 Detailed Description

definition of class [TypeDate](#),please refer to [BasicType](#),it's same.

4.34.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.34.2.1 `TypeDate::TypeDate (TypeCode typecode = DATE_TC, int64_t typesize = sizeof(time_t)) [inline]`

constructor.

4.34.3 Member Function Documentation

4.34.3.1 `bool TypeDate::cmpEQ (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.34.3.2 `bool TypeDate::cmpGE (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

greater than or equal to

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.34.3.3 `bool TypeDate::cmpGT (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

greater than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.34.3.4 `bool TypeDate::cmpLE (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

less than or equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.34.3.5 `bool TypeDate::cmpLT (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

less than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.34.3.6 `int TypeDate::copy (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

copy from data to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.34.3.7 `int TypeDate::formatBin (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

extract bin format from data(txt) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.34.3.8 `int TypeDate::formatTxt (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

extract txt format from data(bin) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

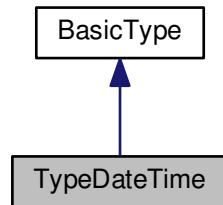
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/datatype.h](#)

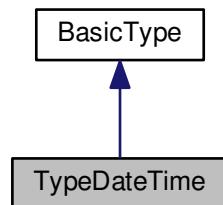
4.35 TypeDateTime Class Reference

```
#include <datatype.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for TypeDateTime:



Collaboration diagram for TypeDateTime:



Public Member Functions

- `TypeDateTime (TypeCode typecode=DATETIME_TC, int64_t typesize=sizeof(time_t))`
- `bool cmpEQ (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpGE (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpGT (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpLE (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpLT (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `int copy (void *dest, void *data)`
- `int formatBin (void *dest, void *data)`
- `int formatTxt (void *dest, void *data)`

Additional Inherited Members

4.35.1 Detailed Description

definition of class [TypeDateTime](#),please refer to [BasicType](#),it's same.

4.35.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.35.2.1 `TypeDateTime::TypeDateTime (TypeCode typecode = DATETIME_TC, int64_t typesize = sizeof(time_t)) [inline]`

constructor.

4.35.3 Member Function Documentation

4.35.3.1 `bool TypeDateTime::cmpEQ (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.35.3.2 `bool TypeDateTime::cmpGE (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

greater than or equal to

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.35.3.3 `bool TypeDateTime::cmpGT (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

greater than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.35.3.4 `bool TypeDateTime::cmpLE (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

less than or equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.35.3.5 `bool TypeDateTime::cmpLT (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

less than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.35.3.6 `int TypeDateTime::copy (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

copy from data to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.35.3.7 int TypeDateTime::formatBin(void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]

extract bin format from data(txt) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.35.3.8 int TypeDateTime::formatTxt(void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]

extract txt format from data(bin) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

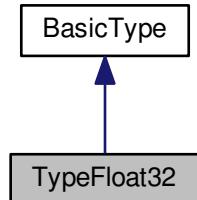
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/datatype.h](#)

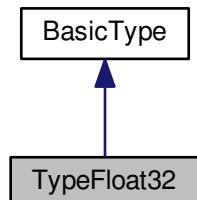
4.36 TypeFloat32 Class Reference

```
#include <datatype.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for TypeFloat32:



Collaboration diagram for TypeFloat32:



Public Member Functions

- `TypeFloat32 (TypeCode typecode=FLOAT32_TC, int64_t typesize=sizeof(float))`
- `bool cmpEQ (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpGE (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpGT (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpLE (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpLT (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `int copy (void *dest, void *data)`
- `int formatBin (void *dest, void *data)`
- `int formatTxt (void *dest, void *data)`

Additional Inherited Members

4.36.1 Detailed Description

definition of class [TypeFloat32](#),please refer to [BasicType](#),it's same.

4.36.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.36.2.1 `TypeFloat32::TypeFloat32 (TypeCode typecode = FLOAT32_TC, int64_t typesize = sizeof(float)) [inline]`

constructor.

4.36.3 Member Function Documentation

4.36.3.1 `bool TypeFloat32::cmpEQ (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.36.3.2 `bool TypeFloat32::cmpGE (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

greater than or equal to

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.36.3.3 `bool TypeFloat32::cmpGT (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

greater than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.36.3.4 `bool TypeFloat32::cmpLE (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

less than or equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.36.3.5 `bool TypeFloat32::cmpLT (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

less than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.36.3.6 `int TypeFloat32::copy (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

copy from data to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.36.3.7 `int TypeFloat32::formatBin (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

extract bin format from data(txt) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.36.3.8 `int TypeFloat32::formatTxt (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

extract txt format from data(bin) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

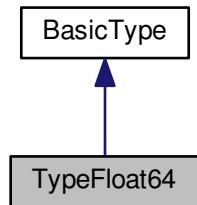
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/datatype.h](#)

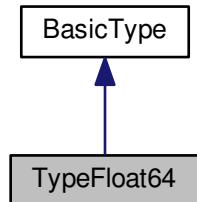
4.37 TypeFloat64 Class Reference

```
#include <datatype.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for TypeFloat64:



Collaboration diagram for TypeFloat64:



Public Member Functions

- [TypeFloat64 \(TypeCode typecode=FLOAT64_TC, int64_t typesize=sizeof\(double\)\)](#)
- [bool cmpEQ \(void *data1, void *data2\)](#)
- [bool cmpGE \(void *data1, void *data2\)](#)
- [bool cmpGT \(void *data1, void *data2\)](#)
- [bool cmpLE \(void *data1, void *data2\)](#)
- [bool cmpLT \(void *data1, void *data2\)](#)
- [int copy \(void *dest, void *data\)](#)
- [int formatBin \(void *dest, void *data\)](#)
- [int formatTxt \(void *dest, void *data\)](#)

Additional Inherited Members

4.37.1 Detailed Description

definition of class [TypeFloat64](#),please refer to [BasicType](#),it's same.

4.37.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.37.2.1 `TypeFloat64::TypeFloat64 (TypeCode typecode = FLOAT64_TC, int64_t typesize = sizeof(double)) [inline]`

constructor.

4.37.3 Member Function Documentation

4.37.3.1 `bool TypeFloat64::cmpEQ (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.37.3.2 `bool TypeFloat64::cmpGE (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

greater than or equal to

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.37.3.3 `bool TypeFloat64::cmpGT (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

greater than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.37.3.4 `bool TypeFloat64::cmpLE (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

less than or equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.37.3.5 `bool TypeFloat64::cmpLT (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

less than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.37.3.6 `int TypeFloat64::copy (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

copy from data to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.37.3.7 int TypeFloat64::formatBin (void * *dest*, void * *data*) [inline], [virtual]

extract bin format from data(txt) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.37.3.8 int TypeFloat64::formatTxt (void * *dest*, void * *data*) [inline], [virtual]

extract txt format from data(bin) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

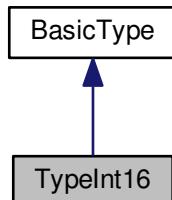
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/datatype.h](#)

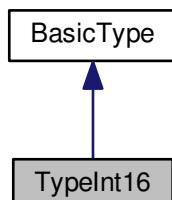
4.38 TypeInt16 Class Reference

```
#include <datatype.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for TypeInt16:



Collaboration diagram for TypeInt16:



Public Member Functions

- `TypeInt16 (TypeCode typecode=INT16_TC, int64_t typesize=sizeof(int16_t))`
- `bool cmpEQ (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpGE (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpGT (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpLE (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpLT (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `int copy (void *dest, void *data)`
- `int formatBin (void *dest, void *data)`
- `int formatTxt (void *dest, void *data)`

Additional Inherited Members

4.38.1 Detailed Description

definition of class [TypeInt16](#),please refer to [BasicType](#),it's same.

4.38.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.38.2.1 `TypeInt16::TypeInt16 (TypeCode typecode = INT16_TC, int64_t typesize = sizeof(int16_t)) [inline]`

constructor.

4.38.3 Member Function Documentation

4.38.3.1 `bool TypeInt16::cmpEQ (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.38.3.2 `bool TypeInt16::cmpGE (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

greater than or equal to

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.38.3.3 `bool TypeInt16::cmpGT (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

greater than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.38.3.4 `bool TypeInt16::cmpLE (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

less than or equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.38.3.5 `bool TypeInt16::cmpLT (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

less than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.38.3.6 `int TypeInt16::copy (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

copy from data to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.38.3.7 `int TypeInt16::formatBin (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

extract bin format from data(txt) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.38.3.8 `int TypeInt16::formatTxt (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

extract txt format from data(bin) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

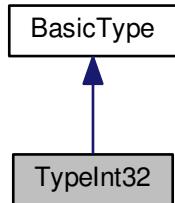
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/datatype.h](#)

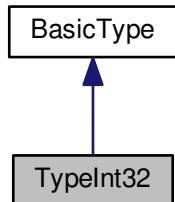
4.39 TypeInt32 Class Reference

```
#include <datatype.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for TypeInt32:



Collaboration diagram for TypeInt32:



Public Member Functions

- [TypeInt32 \(TypeCode typecode=INT32_TC, int64_t typesize=sizeof\(int32_t\)\)](#)
- [bool cmpEQ \(void *data1, void *data2\)](#)
- [bool cmpGE \(void *data1, void *data2\)](#)
- [bool cmpGT \(void *data1, void *data2\)](#)
- [bool cmpLE \(void *data1, void *data2\)](#)
- [bool cmpLT \(void *data1, void *data2\)](#)
- [int copy \(void *dest, void *data\)](#)
- [int formatBin \(void *dest, void *data\)](#)
- [int formatTxt \(void *dest, void *data\)](#)

Additional Inherited Members

4.39.1 Detailed Description

definition of class [TypeInt32](#),please refer to [BasicType](#),it's same.

4.39.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.39.2.1 `TypeInt32::TypeInt32 (TypeCode typecode = INT32_TC, int64_t typesize = sizeof(int32_t)) [inline]`

constructor.

4.39.3 Member Function Documentation

4.39.3.1 `bool TypeInt32::cmpEQ (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.39.3.2 `bool TypeInt32::cmpGE (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

greater than or equal to

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.39.3.3 `bool TypeInt32::cmpGT (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

greater than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.39.3.4 `bool TypeInt32::cmpLE (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

less than or equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.39.3.5 `bool TypeInt32::cmpLT (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

less than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.39.3.6 `int TypeInt32::copy (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

copy from data to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.39.3.7 int TypeInt32::formatBin (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]

extract bin format from data(txt) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.39.3.8 int TypeInt32::formatTxt (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]

extract txt format from data(bin) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

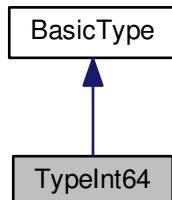
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/datatype.h](#)

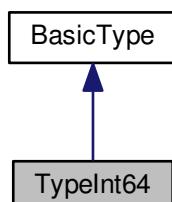
4.40 TypeInt64 Class Reference

```
#include <datatype.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for TypeInt64:



Collaboration diagram for TypeInt64:



Public Member Functions

- `TypeInt64 (TypeCode typecode=INT64_TC, int64_t typesize=sizeof(int64_t))`
- `bool cmpEQ (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpGE (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpGT (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpLE (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpLT (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `int copy (void *dest, void *data)`
- `int formatBin (void *dest, void *data)`
- `int formatTxt (void *dest, void *data)`

Additional Inherited Members

4.40.1 Detailed Description

definition of class [TypeInt64](#),please refer to [BasicType](#),it's same.

4.40.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.40.2.1 `TypeInt64::TypeInt64 (TypeCode typecode = INT64_TC, int64_t typesize = sizeof(int64_t)) [inline]`

constructor.

4.40.3 Member Function Documentation

4.40.3.1 `bool TypeInt64::cmpEQ (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.40.3.2 `bool TypeInt64::cmpGE (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

greater than or equal to

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.40.3.3 `bool TypeInt64::cmpGT (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

greater than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.40.3.4 `bool TypeInt64::cmpLE (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

less than or equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.40.3.5 `bool TypeInt64::cmpLT (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

less than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.40.3.6 `int TypeInt64::copy (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

copy from data to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.40.3.7 `int TypeInt64::formatBin (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

extract bin format from data(txt) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.40.3.8 `int TypeInt64::formatTxt (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

extract txt format from data(bin) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

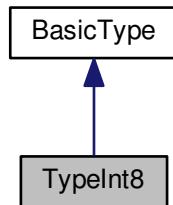
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/datatype.h](#)

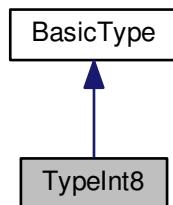
4.41 TypeInt8 Class Reference

```
#include <datatype.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for TypeInt8:



Collaboration diagram for TypeInt8:



Public Member Functions

- [TypeInt8 \(TypeCode typecode=INT8_TC, int64_t typesize=sizeof\(int8_t\)\)](#)
- [bool cmpEQ \(void *data1, void *data2\)](#)
- [bool cmpGE \(void *data1, void *data2\)](#)
- [bool cmpGT \(void *data1, void *data2\)](#)
- [bool cmpLE \(void *data1, void *data2\)](#)
- [bool cmpLT \(void *data1, void *data2\)](#)
- [int copy \(void *dest, void *data\)](#)
- [int formatBin \(void *dest, void *data\)](#)
- [int formatTxt \(void *dest, void *data\)](#)

Additional Inherited Members

4.41.1 Detailed Description

definition of class [TypeInt8](#),please refer to [BasicType](#),it's same.

4.41.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.41.2.1 `TypeInt8::TypeInt8(TypeCode typecode = INT8_TC, int64_t typesize = sizeof(int8_t)) [inline]`

constructor.

4.41.3 Member Function Documentation

4.41.3.1 `bool TypeInt8::cmpEQ(void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.41.3.2 `bool TypeInt8::cmpGE(void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

greater than or equal to

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.41.3.3 `bool TypeInt8::cmpGT(void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

greater than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.41.3.4 `bool TypeInt8::cmpLE(void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

less than or equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.41.3.5 `bool TypeInt8::cmpLT(void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

less than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.41.3.6 `int TypeInt8::copy(void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

copy from data to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.41.3.7 int TypeInt8::formatBin (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]

extract bin format from data(txt) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.41.3.8 int TypeInt8::formatTxt (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]

extract txt format from data(bin) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

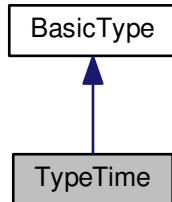
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/datatype.h](#)

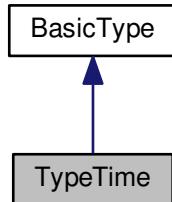
4.42 TypeTime Class Reference

```
#include <datatype.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for TypeTime:



Collaboration diagram for TypeTime:



Public Member Functions

- `TypeTime (TypeCode typecode=TIME_TC, int64_t typesize=sizeof(time_t))`
- `bool cmpEQ (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpGE (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpGT (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpLE (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `bool cmpLT (void *data1, void *data2)`
- `int copy (void *dest, void *data)`
- `int formatBin (void *dest, void *data)`
- `int formatTxt (void *dest, void *data)`

Additional Inherited Members

4.42.1 Detailed Description

definition of class [TypeTime](#),please refer to [BasicType](#),it's same.

4.42.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.42.2.1 `TypeTime::TypeTime (TypeCode typecode = TIME_TC, int64_t typesize = sizeof(time_t)) [inline]`

constructor.

4.42.3 Member Function Documentation

4.42.3.1 `bool TypeTime::cmpEQ (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.42.3.2 `bool TypeTime::cmpGE (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

greater than or equal to

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.42.3.3 `bool TypeTime::cmpGT (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

greater than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.42.3.4 `bool TypeTime::cmpLE (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

less than or equal to.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.42.3.5 `bool TypeTime::cmpLT (void * data1, void * data2) [inline], [virtual]`

less than.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.42.3.6 `int TypeTime::copy (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

copy from data to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.42.3.7 `int TypeTime::formatBin (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

extract bin format from data(txt) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

4.42.3.8 `int TypeTime::formatTxt (void * dest, void * data) [inline], [virtual]`

extract txt format from data(bin) to dest.

Reimplemented from [BasicType](#).

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [system/datatype.h](#)

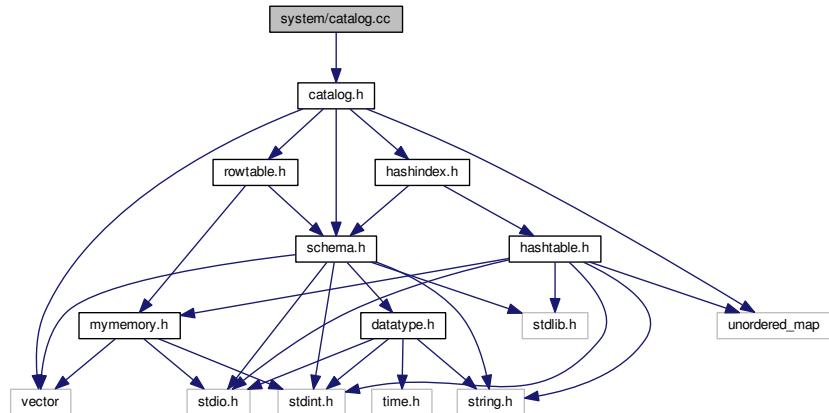
Chapter 5

File Documentation

5.1 debug/Makefile.c File Reference

5.2 system/catalog.cc File Reference

```
#include "catalog.h"
Include dependency graph for catalog.cc:
```



Variables

- Catalog g_catalog

5.2.1 Detailed Description

Author

liugang(liugang@ict.ac.cn)

Version

0.1

5.2.2 DESCRIPTION

this file provides an element container of database, which can be described as the stem of a tree with this [Catalog](#), the only one in global system, you can access all elements of system

basic usage:

(1) you use `g_catalog.createXXX[Database,Table,Column,Index]` to create objects. (2) you can get the pointer of [\[Database,Table,Column,Index\]](#) by call `g_catalog.getObjById/Name` (3) in [\[Database,Table,Column,Index\]](#), you can define the relation of different objects by adding operation in those object (4) when all relation defined in database, you must call `initDatabase` to actually getting the database prepared to be used. (5) shut will get everything shutup can free `shutDatabase` will only shutup the selected database (6) for more tips, you may learn from `debug_catalog.cc`

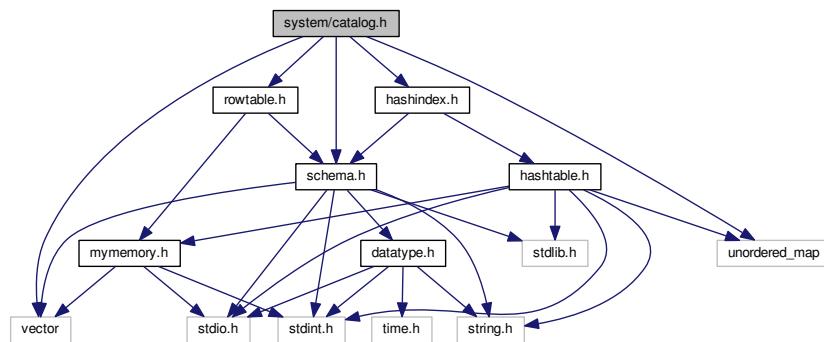
5.2.3 Variable Documentation

5.2.3.1 Catalog g_catalog

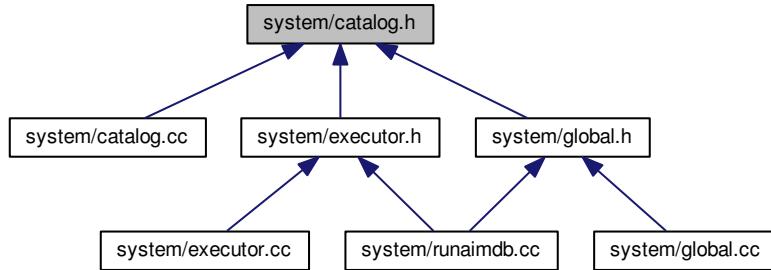
5.3 system/catalog.d File Reference

5.4 system/catalog.h File Reference

```
#include <vector>
#include <unordered_map>
#include "schema.h"
#include "rowtable.h"
#include "hashindex.h"
Include dependency graph for catalog.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class [Catalog](#)

Variables

- [Catalog g_catalog](#)

5.4.1 Detailed Description

Author

[liugang- liugang@ict.ac.cn](mailto:liugang@ict.ac.cn)

Version

0.1

5.4.2 DESCRIPTION

this file provides an element container of database, which can be described as the stem of a tree with this [Catalog](#), the only one in global system, you can access all elements of system

basic usage:

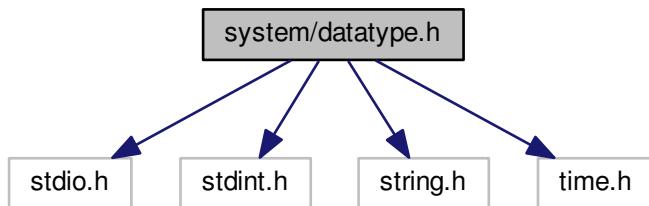
(1) you use `g_catalog.createXXX[Database,Table,Column,Index]` to create objects. (2) you can get the pointer of `[Database,Table,Column,Index]` by call `g_catalog.getObjById/Name` (3) in `[Database,Table,Column,Index]`, you can define the relation of different objects by adding operation in those object (4) when all relation defined in database, you must call `initDatabase` to actually getting the database prepared to be used. (5) `shut` will get everything shutup can free `shutDatabase` will only shutup the selected database (6) for more tips, you may learn from `debug_catalog.cc`

5.4.3 Variable Documentation

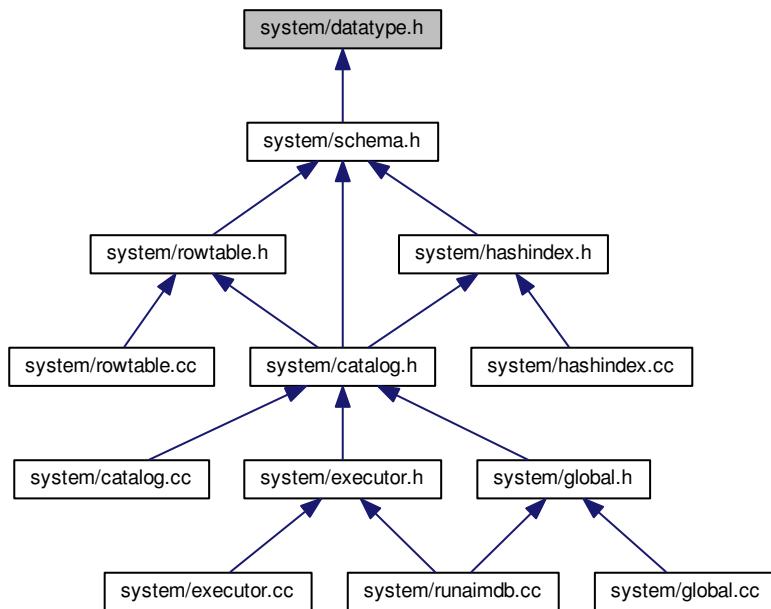
5.4.3.1 Catalog g_catalog

5.5 system/datatype.h File Reference

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <time.h>
Include dependency graph for datatype.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class `BasicType`
- class `TypeCharN`
- class `TypeDate`
- class `TypeDateTime`
- class `TypeFloat32`
- class `TypeFloat64`
- class `TypeInt16`
- class `TypeInt32`
- class `TypeInt64`
- class `TypeInt8`
- class `TypeTime`

Enumerations

- enum `TypeCode` {
`INVID_TC` = 0, `INT8_TC`, `INT16_TC`, `INT32_TC`,
`INT64_TC`, `FLOAT32_TC`, `FLOAT64_TC`, `CHARN_TC`,
`DATE_TC`, `TIME_TC`, `DATETIME_TC`, `MAXTYPE_TC` }

5.5.1 Detailed Description

Author

liugang(liugang@ict.ac.cn)

Version

0.1

5.5.2 DESCRIPTION

all datatype supported by this system

5.5.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

5.5.3.1 enum `TypeCode`

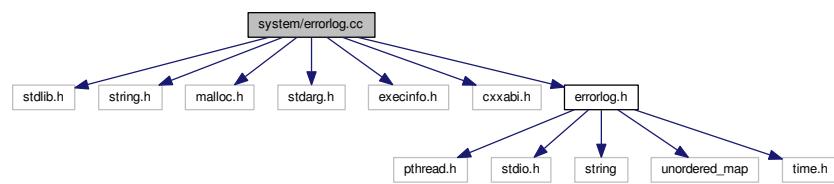
data type code.

Enumerator

`INVID_TC`
`INT8_TC` int8
`INT16_TC` int16
`INT32_TC` int32
`INT64_TC` int64
`FLOAT32_TC` float32
`FLOAT64_TC` float64
`CHARN_TC` charn
`DATE_TC` days from 1970-01-01 till current DATE
`TIME_TC` seconds from 00:00:00 till current TIME
`DATETIME_TC` seconds from 1970-01-01 00:00:00 till current DATETIME
`MAXTYPE_TC`

5.6 system/errorlog.cc File Reference

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <malloc.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include <execinfo.h>
#include <cxxabi.h>
#include "errorlog.h"
Include dependency graph for errorlog.cc:
```



Macros

- #define EL_TOTAL_FILES (sizeof(EL_src_file_name)/sizeof(char*))

Variables

- const char * EL_src_file_name []
- ErrorLog_Thread_local * thread_el = NULL

5.6.1 Detailed Description

Author

Shimin Chen chensm@ict.ac.cn

Version

0.1

5.6.2 Description

This file provides the error handling and logging utility.

5.6.3 Macro Definition Documentation

5.6.3.1 `#define EL_TOTAL_FILES (sizeof(EL_src_file_name)/sizeof(char*))`

5.6.4 Variable Documentation

5.6.4.1 `const char* EL_src_file_name[]`

Initial value:

```
= {
    "ErrorLog.h",
    "ErrorLog.cc",

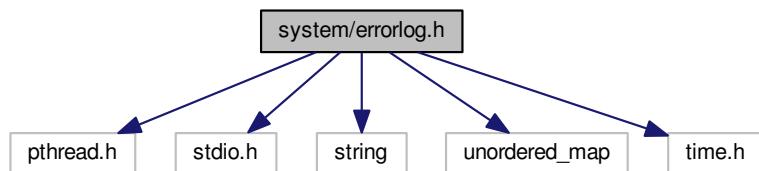
    "schema.h",
    "schema.cc",
    "rowtable.h",
    "rowtable.cc",
    "cursor.h",
    "cursor.cc",
    "hashindex.h",
    "hashindex.cc",
    "storeprocedure.h",
    "storeprocedure.cc",
    "tpcserver.h",
    "tpcserver.cc",
    "debug_Error.cc",
    NULL
}
```

5.6.4.2 `ErrorLog_Thread_local* thread_el = NULL`

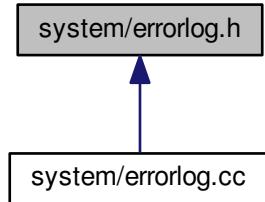
5.7 system/errorlog.d File Reference

5.8 system/errorlog.h File Reference

```
#include <pthread.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string>
#include <unordered_map>
#include <time.h>
Include dependency graph for errorlog.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class [ErrorLog](#)
an array of source file names

Macros

- `#define __Thread_local __thread`
- `#define EL_ASSERT(t)`
- `#define EL_BAD_FILEID (99999999)`
- `#define EL_DEBUG 1`
- `#define EL_ERRCODE() (thread_el->getErrorCode())`
- `#define EL_ERRMSG() (thread_el->getErrorMsg())`
- `#define EL_ERROR 4`
- `#define EL_ERROR_CODE(fileid, lineno) ((fileid)*100000 + (lineno))`
- `#define EL_GET_FILEID(errcode) ((errcode)/100000)`
- `#define EL_GET_FILENAME(errcode) (ErrorLog::id2Name(EL_GET_FILEID(errcode)))`
- `#define EL_GET_LINENO(errcode) ((errcode)%100000)`
- `#define EL_INFO 2`
- `#define EL_LEVEL_COMPILE EL_INFO`
- `#define EL_LOG_DEBUG(...)`
- `#define EL_LOG_ERROR(...) thread_el->log(EL_ERROR, __FILE__, __LINE__, __VA_ARGS__)`
- `#define EL_LOG_INFO(...)`
- `#define EL_LOG_SERIOUS(...) thread_el->log(EL_SERIOUS, __FILE__, __LINE__, __VA_ARGS__)`
- `#define EL_LOG_WARN(...)`
- `#define EL_OK (0)`
- `#define EL_RESET() (thread_el->reset())`
- `#define EL_SERIOUS 5`
- `#define EL_WARN 3`

Variables

- `const char * EL_src_file_name []`
- `__Thread_local ErrorLog * thread_el`

5.8.1 Detailed Description

Author

Shimin Chen chensm@ict.ac.cn

Version

0.1

5.8.2 Description

This file provides the error handling and logging utility.

1. error code The error code is a decimal number with 8 digits:

FFFFLLLL

The higher 3 digits show the source file ID, while the lower 5 digits indicate the line number in the source file, where the error occurs.

The following macros are useful:

```
EL_GET_FILEID(err_code)
EL_GET_FILENO(err_code)
EL_GET_FILENAME(err_code)
```

1. initialize

- (1) `main()` must call `ErrorLog::init(int level, const char *logfile);`
- (2) then every thread must new an `ErrorLog` instance:

```
thread_el= new ErrorLog("thread_name");
```

- (3) put source file names into `EL_src_file_name[]` in `ErrorLog.cc`

1. normal use

```
EL_LOG_DEBUG(format, args, ...); EL_LOG_INFO(format, args, ...); EL_LOG_WARN(format, args, ...); EL_LOG_ERROR(format, args, ...); EL_LOG_SERIOUS(format, args, ...);
```

The message will be written into the specified log file as follows

`[thread][level][file:lineno]` message a call stack trace will be shown for error and serious messages.

Moreover, an assertion can be written as:

```
EL_ASSERT(expression);
```

The expression is a test that evaluates to a True or False value. If the value is False, then a debug assertion message will be generated and written to the log.

2. In a worker thread:

- (1) reset and clear the error messages

```
EL_RESET();
```

- (2) then follow the above to log messages

- (3) finally, obtain error code and message as follows

```
int err_code= EL_ERRCODE(); const char *err_msg= EL_ERRMSG();
```

- (4) optionally, flush the log file

```
ErrorLog::flushLog();
```

3. Before exiting, call the following globally once

```
ErrorLog::closeLog();
```

5.8.3 Macro Definition Documentation

5.8.3.1 `#define _Thread_local __thread`

5.8.3.2 `#define EL_ASSERT(t)`

5.8.3.3 `#define EL_BAD_FILEID (99999999)`

5.8.3.4 `#define EL_DEBUG 1`

5.8.3.5 `#define EL_ERRCODE() (thread_el->getErrorCode())`

5.8.3.6 `#define EL_ERRMSG() (thread_el->getErrorMsg())`

5.8.3.7 `#define EL_ERROR 4`

5.8.3.8 `#define EL_ERROR_CODE(fileid, lineno) ((fileid)*100000 + (lineno))`

5.8.3.9 `#define EL_GET_FILEID(errcode) ((errcode)/100000)`

5.8.3.10 `#define EL_GET_FILENAME(errcode) (ErrorLog::id2Name(EL_GET_FILEID(errcode)))`

5.8.3.11 `#define EL_GET_LINENO(errcode) ((errcode)%100000)`

5.8.3.12 `#define EL_INFO 2`

5.8.3.13 `#define EL_LEVEL_COMPILE EL_INFO`

5.8.3.14 `#define EL_LOG_DEBUG(...)`

5.8.3.15 `#define EL_LOG_ERROR(...) thread_el->log(EL_ERROR,__FILE__,__LINE__,__VA_ARGS__)`

5.8.3.16 `#define EL_LOG_INFO(...)`

Value:

```
do{ if (EL_INFO>=ErrorLog::el_level) \
    thread_el->log(EL_INFO,__FILE__,__LINE__,__VA_ARGS__); }while(0)
```

5.8.3.17 `#define EL_LOG_SERIOUS(...) thread_el->log(EL_SERIOUS,__FILE__,__LINE__,__VA_ARGS__)`

5.8.3.18 `#define EL_LOG_WARN(...)`

Value:

```
do{ if (EL_WARN>=ErrorLog::el_level) \
    thread_el->log(EL_WARN,__FILE__,__LINE__,__VA_ARGS__); }while(0)
```

5.8.3.19 #define EL_OK (0)

5.8.3.20 #define EL_RESET() (thread_el->reset())

5.8.3.21 #define EL_SERIOUS 5

5.8.3.22 #define EL_WARN 3

5.8.4 Variable Documentation

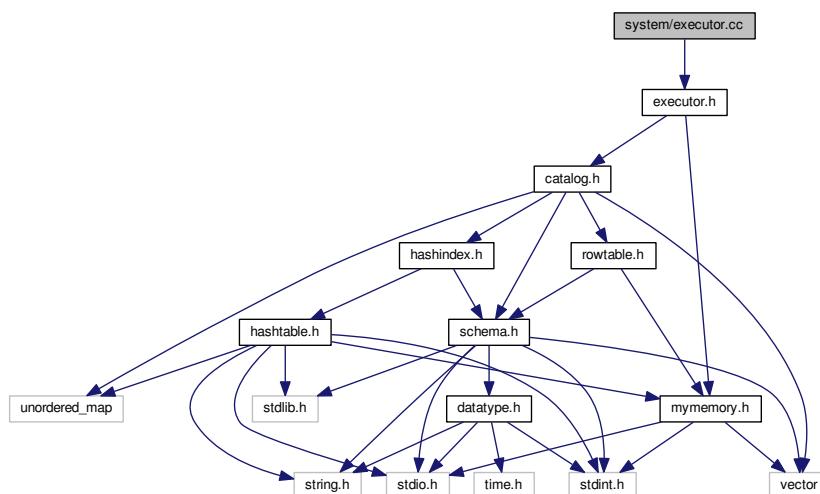
5.8.4.1 const char* EL_src_file_name[]

5.8.4.2 __Thread_local ErrorLog* thread_el

5.9 system/executor.cc File Reference

#include "executor.h"

Include dependency graph for executor.cc:



Functions

- `char * constchar2char (const char *str)`
- `uint32_t gethash (char *key, BasicType *type)`
- `string int2str (int64_t x)`
- `bool ReadRowToResult (RowTable *src, int64_t row_rank, int64_t col_num, ResultTable *dest)`
- `int64_t round2 (int64_t size)`

Variables

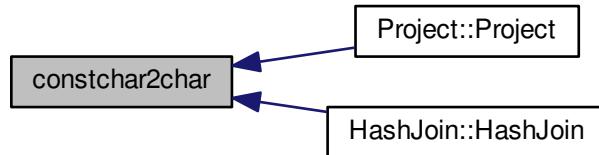
- `char ** hashjoin_cmpSrcB_tables = new char* [2]`
- `char * hashjoin_format_value = new char[128]`
- `int64_t project_tabout_id = 456`
- `int64_t tabout_id_hashjoin = 777`

5.9.1 Function Documentation

5.9.1.1 `char* constchar2char (const char * str)`

transfer const char to char

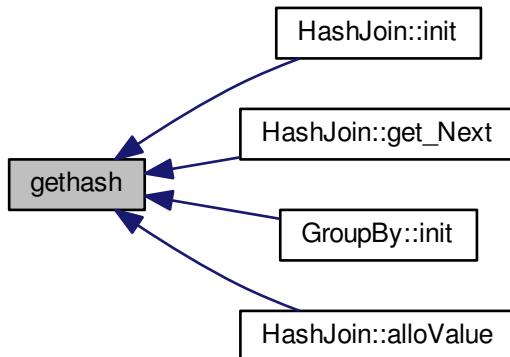
Here is the caller graph for this function:



5.9.1.2 `uint32_t gethash (char * key, BasicType * type)`

get hash number

Here is the caller graph for this function:



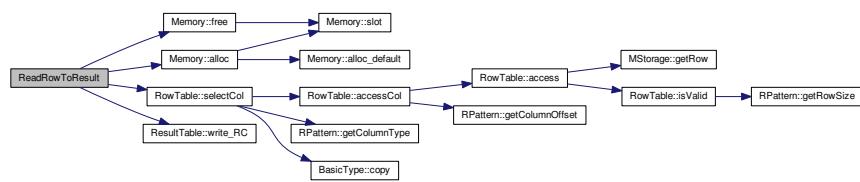
5.9.1.3 string int2str (int64_t x)

transfer int to string format

5.9.1.4 bool ReadRowToResult (RowTable * src, int64_t row_rank, int64_t col_num, ResultTable * dest)

read row to result table

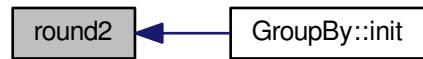
Here is the call graph for this function:



5.9.1.5 int64_t round2 (int64_t size)

get a number around size,powdered by 2

Here is the caller graph for this function:



5.9.2 Variable Documentation

5.9.2.1 char** hashjoin_cmpSrcB_tables = new char* [2]

5.9.2.2 char* hashjoin_format_value = new char[128]

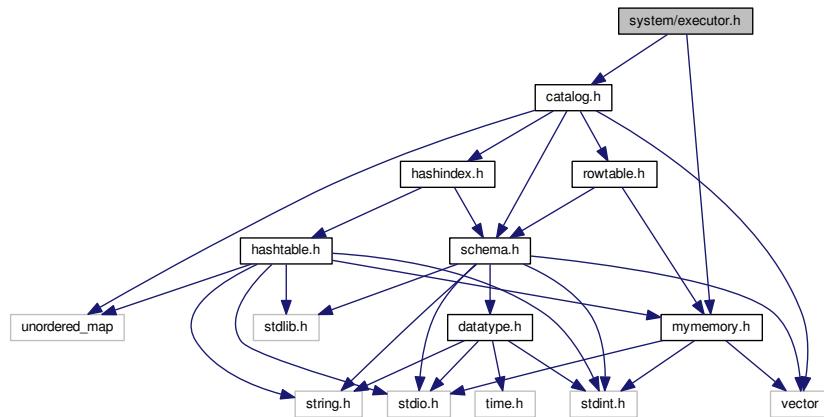
5.9.2.3 int64_t project_tabout_id = 456

5.9.2.4 int64_t tabout_id_hashjoin = 777

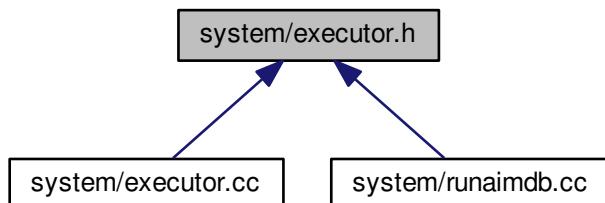
5.10 system/executor.d File Reference

5.11 system/executor.h File Reference

```
#include "catalog.h"
#include "mymemory.h"
Include dependency graph for executor.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- struct `Condition`
- struct `Conditions`
- class `Executor`
- class `Filter`
- class `GroupBy`
- class `HashJoin`
- class `Operator`
- class `OrderBy`
- class `Project`
- struct `RequestColumn`
- struct `RequestTable`
- class `ResultTable`
- class `Scan`
- class `SelectQuery`

Enumerations

- enum `AggrerateMethod` {
 `NONE_AM` = 0, `COUNT`, `SUM`, `AVG`,
 `MAX`, `MIN`, `MAX_AM` }
- enum `CompareMethod` {
 `NONE_CM` = 0, `LT`, `LE`, `EQ`,
 `NE`, `GT`, `GE`, `LINK`,
 `MAX_CM` }

Functions

- `uint32_t gethash (char *key, BasicType *type)`

5.11.1 Detailed Description

Author

liugang(`liugang@ict.ac.cn`)

Version

0.1

5.11.2 DESCRIPTION

definition of executor

5.11.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

5.11.3.1 enum AggrerateMethod

aggrerate method.

Enumerator

`NONE_AM` none
`COUNT` count of rows
`SUM` sum of data
`AVG` average of data
`MAX` maximum of data
`MIN` minimum of data
`MAX_AM`

5.11.3.2 enum CompareMethod

compare method.

Enumerator

NONE_CM

LT less than

LE less than or equal to

EQ equal to

NE not equal than

GT greater than

GE greater than or equal to

LINK join

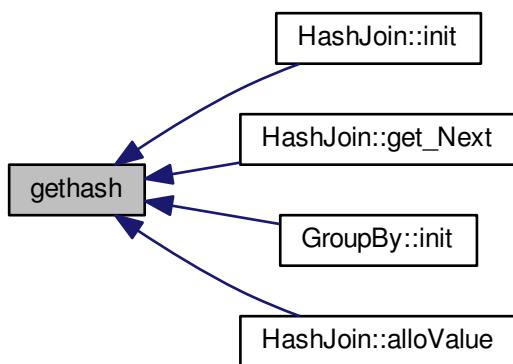
MAX_CM

5.11.4 Function Documentation

5.11.4.1 uint32_t gethash (`char * key, BasicType * type`)

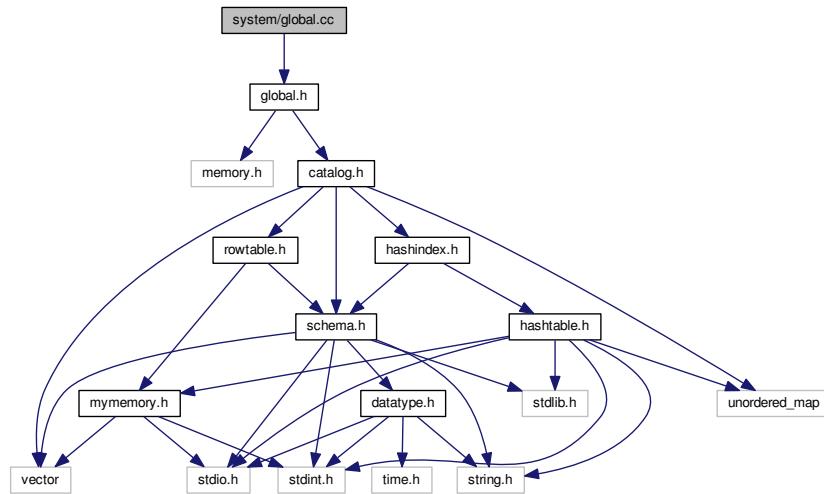
get hash number

Here is the caller graph for this function:



5.12 system/global.cc File Reference

```
#include "global.h"
Include dependency graph for global.cc:
```



Functions

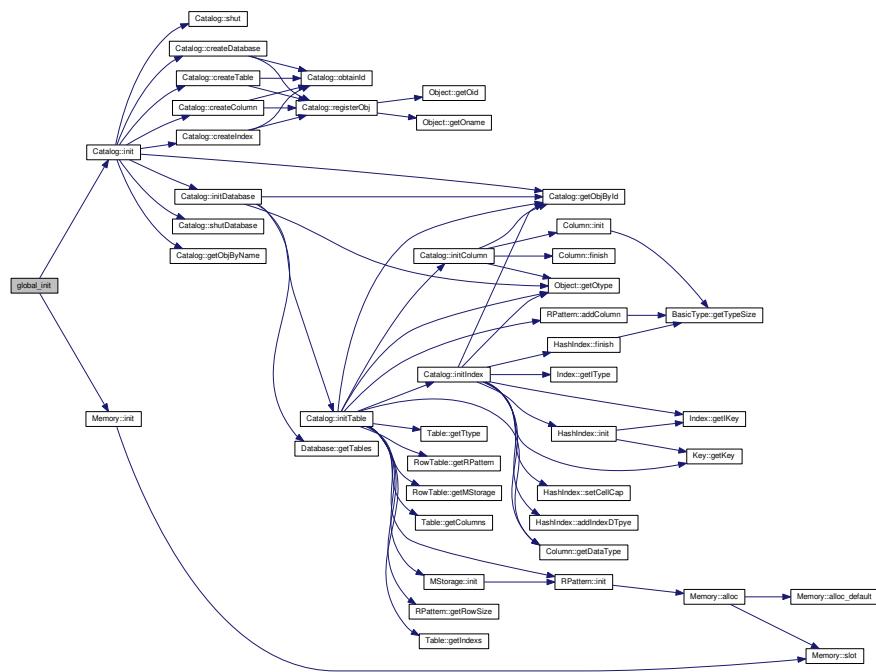
- int [global_init \(\)](#)
- int [global_shut \(\)](#)

5.12.1 Function Documentation

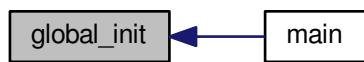
5.12.1.1 int [global_init \(\)](#)

init memory and catalog.

Here is the call graph for this function:



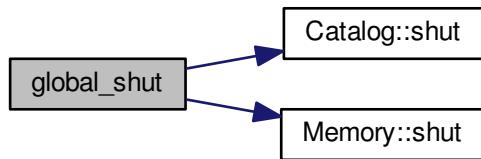
Here is the caller graph for this function:



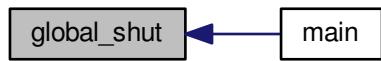
5.12.1.2 int global_shut()

shut down catalog and memory.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:

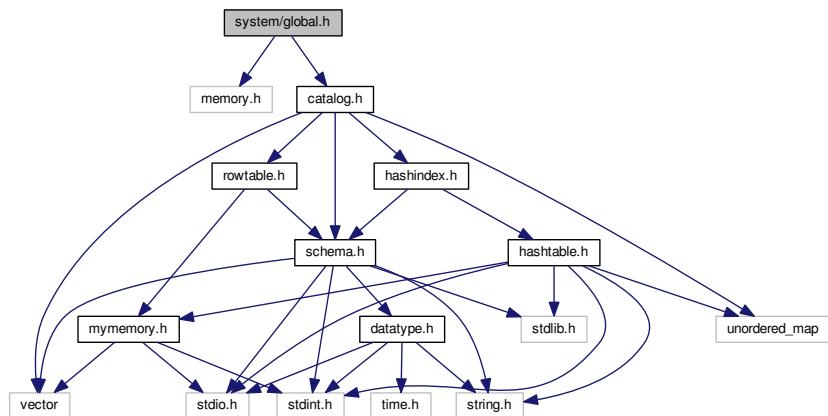


5.13 system/global.d File Reference

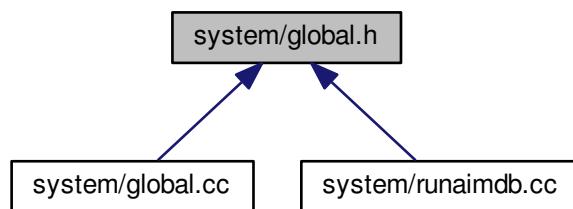
5.14 system/global.h File Reference

```
#include "memory.h"
#include "catalog.h"
```

Include dependency graph for global.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Macros

- `#define BNODE_POINTERS_NUM (16)`
 - `#define GLOBAL_MEMORY_MINIMUM (1L<< 3)`
 - `#define GLOBAL_MEMORY_SIZE (1L<<30)`

Functions

- int global_init ()
 - int global_shut ()

Variables

- Catalog g_catalog
 - Memory g_memory

5.14.1 Macro Definition Documentation

5.14.1.1 #define BNODE_POINTERS_NUM (16)

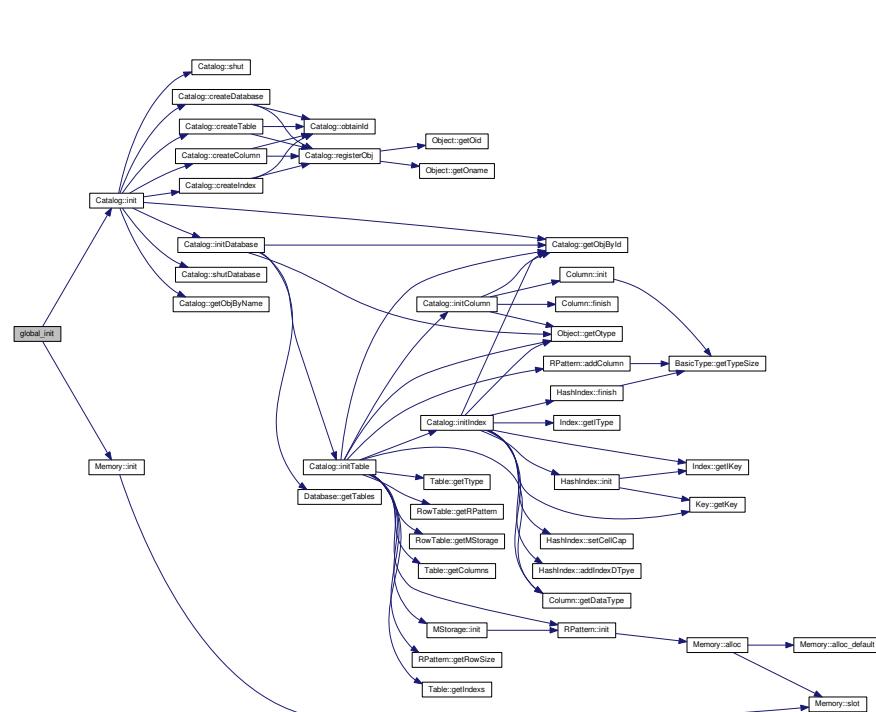
5.14.1.2 #define GLOBAL_MEMORY_MINIMUM (1L<< 3)

5.14.1.3 #define GLOBAL_MEMORY_SIZE

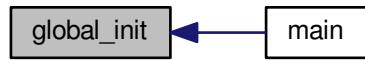
5.14.2 Function Docum

5.14.2.1 int global_init()

init memory and catalog.



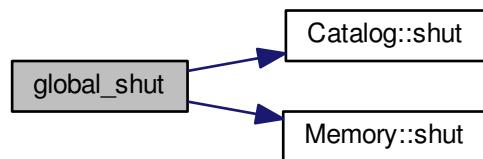
Here is the caller graph for this function:



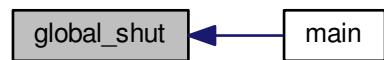
5.14.2.2 int global_shut()

shut down catalog and memory.

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



5.14.3 Variable Documentation

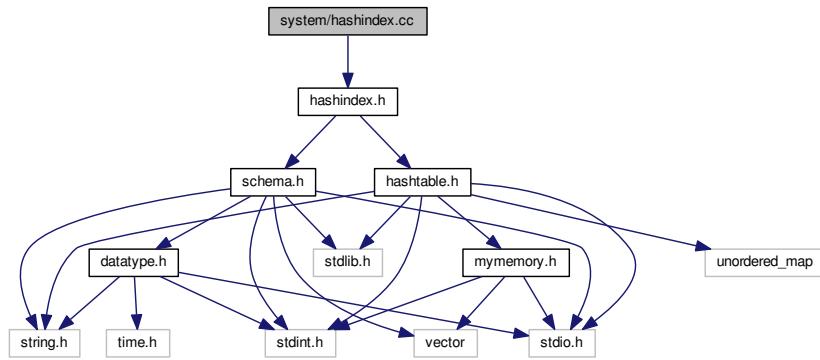
5.14.3.1 Catalog g_catalog

5.14.3.2 Memory g_memory

5.15 system/hashindex.cc File Reference

```
#include "hashindex.h"
```

Include dependency graph for hashindex.cc:



5.15.1 Detailed Description

Author

liugang(liugang@ict.ac.cn)

Version

0.1

5.15.2 DESCRIPTION

hash index, here we support all type data. and you can use multi-keys, and I will guarantee it's right the value accessed at Element is the pointer of related record. this implementation permits duplicated key with different value to be inserted, but not element with same key and value del operation will only del the first one which meet requirement, if you want delete all, you can call it many times till it returns false

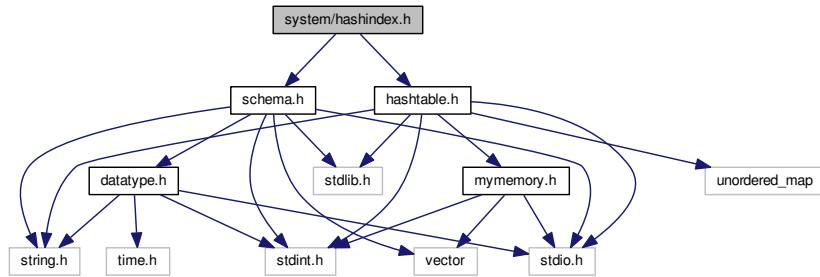
usage:

for each insert,del,look,scan, this file provides 2 same name method to handle 2 type data format you can use (1) for lookup, you should all use set_1s to set HashInfo with proper value, the first param is valid, leave the second to be NULL, HashInfo can help you iterately get values you need. (2) call lookup to get the value iterately.

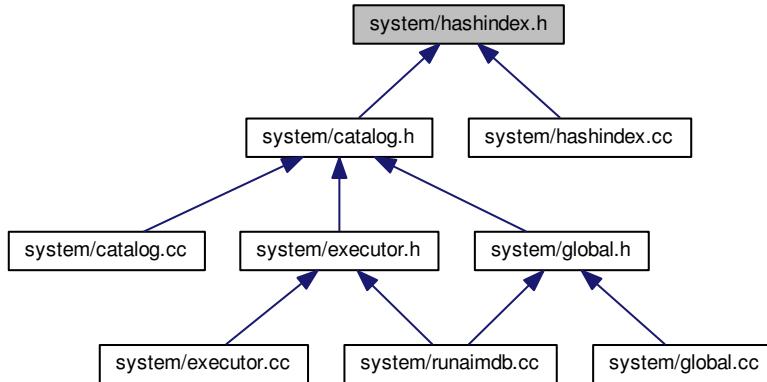
5.16 system/hashindex.d File Reference

5.17 system/hashindex.h File Reference

```
#include "schema.h"
#include "hashtable.h"
Include dependency graph for hashindex.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class [HashIndex](#)
- struct [HashInfo](#)

Macros

- `#define HASHINFO_CAPACITY (8)`

5.17.1 Detailed Description

Author

liugang(liugang@ict.ac.cn)

Version

0.1

5.17.2 DESCRIPTION

hash index, here we support all type data. and you can use multi-keys, and I will guarantee it's right the value accessed at Element is the pointer of related record. this implementation permits duplicated key with different value to be inserted, but not element with same key and value del operation will only del the first one which meet requirement, if you want delete all, you can call it many times till it returns false

usage:

for each insert,del,look,scan, this file provides 2 same name method to handle 2 type data format you can use (1) for lookup, you should all use set_1s to set HashInfo with proper value, the first param is valid, leave the second to be NULL, HashInfo can help you iterately get values you need. (2) call lookup to get the value iterately.

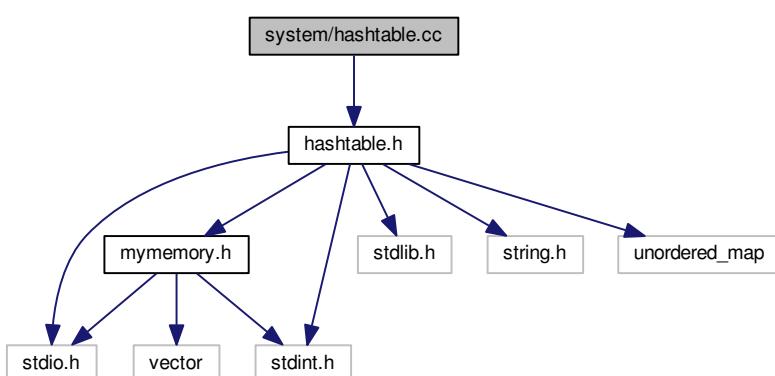
5.17.3 Macro Definition Documentation

5.17.3.1 #define HASHINFO_CAPACITY (8)

5.18 system/hashtable.cc File Reference

```
#include "hashtable.h"
```

Include dependency graph for hashtable.cc:



Macros

- `#define ESTIMATE_ERROR (1024)`

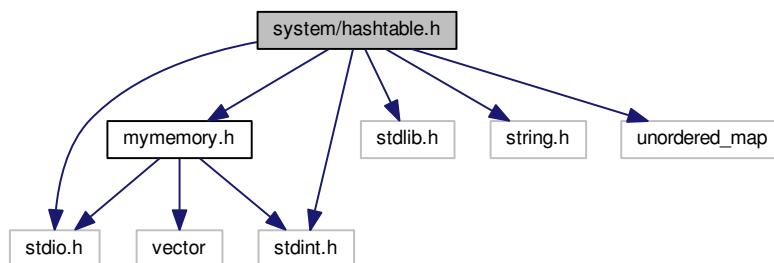
5.18.1 Macro Definition Documentation

5.18.1.1 `#define ESTIMATE_ERROR (1024)`

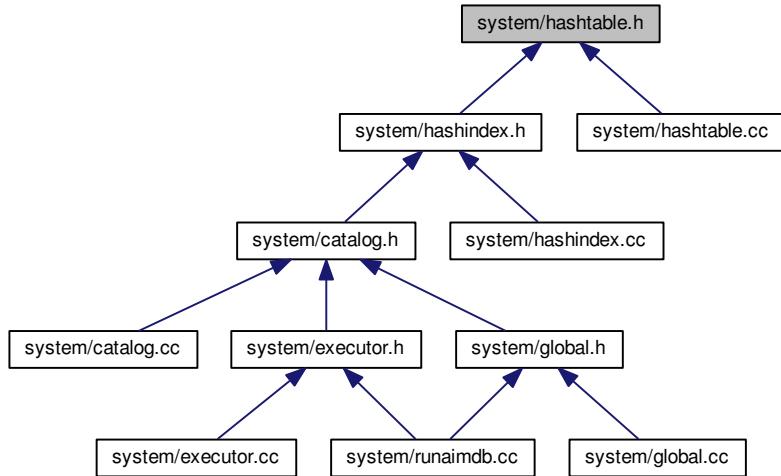
5.19 system/hashtable.d File Reference

5.20 system/hashtable.h File Reference

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unordered_map>
#include "mymemory.h"
Include dependency graph for hashtable.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class [HashCell](#)
- class [HashCode_Ptr](#)
- class [HashTable](#)

Macros

- `#define hc_capacity hc_union.num_2_or_more.capacity`
- `#define hc_ent hc_union.ent`
- `#define hc_ents hc_union.num_2_or_more.ents`

5.20.1 Macro Definition Documentation

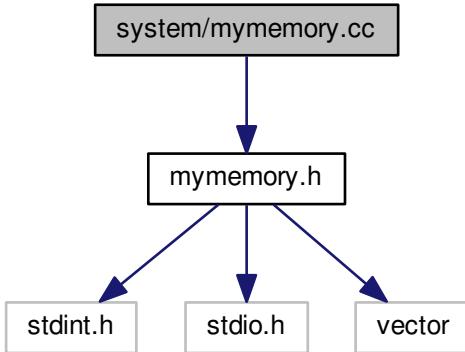
5.20.1.1 `#define hc_capacity hc_union.num_2_or_more.capacity`

5.20.1.2 `#define hc_ent hc_union.ent`

5.20.1.3 `#define hc_ents hc_union.num_2_or_more.ents`

5.21 system/mymemory.cc File Reference

```
#include "mymemory.h"
Include dependency graph for mymemory.cc:
```



Variables

- [Memory g_memory](#)

5.21.1 Detailed Description

liugang(liugang@ict.ac.cn)

Version

0.1

5.21.2 DESCRIPTION

[Memory](#) is system own manager to alloc and free slab of different size the minmax size is sizeof(void*), maxsize is given by m_array_list size

interface: int64_t alloc (char *&p, int64_t size) int64_t free (char *p, int64_t size) you should put down the size of memory allocated, when you free back, you need this data

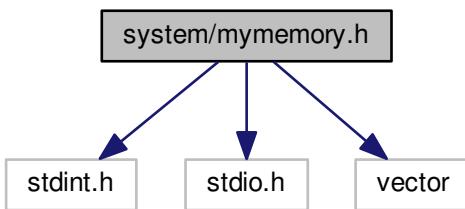
5.21.3 Variable Documentation

5.21.3.1 Memory g_memory

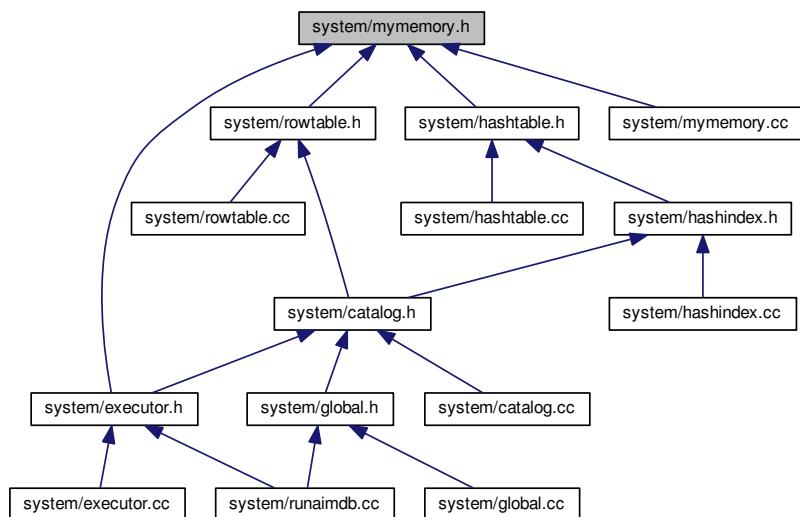
5.22 system/mymemory.d File Reference

5.23 system/mymemory.h File Reference

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <vector>
Include dependency graph for mymemory.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class [Memory](#)

Macros

- `#define MEMORY_OK 0`

Variables

- [Memory g_memory](#)

5.23.1 Detailed Description

liugang(liugang@ict.ac.cn)

Version

0.1

5.23.2 DESCRIPTION

[Memory](#) is system own manager to alloc and free slab of different size the minmax size is `sizeof(void*)`, maxsize is given by `m_array_list` size

interface: `int64_t alloc (char *&p, int64_t size)` `int64_t free (char *p, int64_t size)` you should put down the size of memory allocated, when you free back, you need this data

5.23.3 Macro Definition Documentation

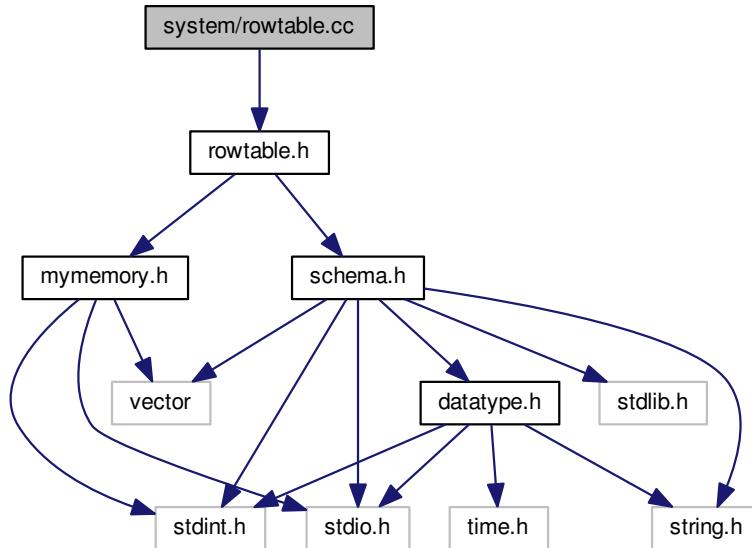
5.23.3.1 `#define MEMORY_OK 0`

5.23.4 Variable Documentation

5.23.4.1 [Memory g_memory](#)

5.24 system/rowtable.cc File Reference

```
#include "rowtable.h"
Include dependency graph for rowtable.cc:
```



5.24.1 Detailed Description

Author

liugang(liugang@ict.ac.cn)

Version

0.1

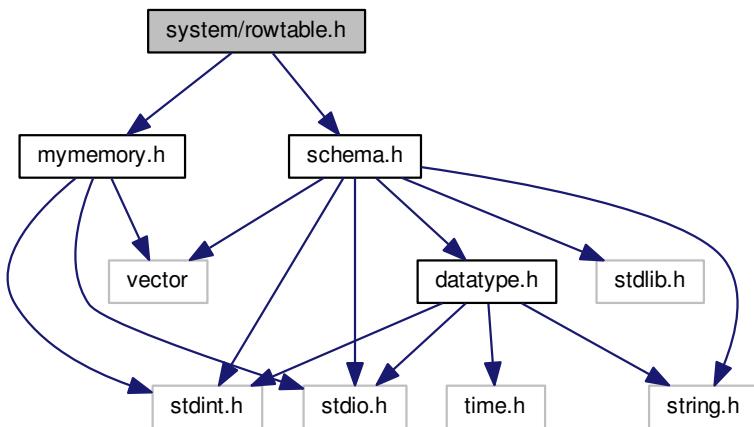
5.24.2 DESCRIPTION

rowtable implementation, this file implement all interface required by class table data space is managed by g_← memory, which decreases malloc overhead when create rowtable, I will make one more column to represent its validation. if delete a record, put down the label to set it "invalid" for index in this table, delete the entry inside index

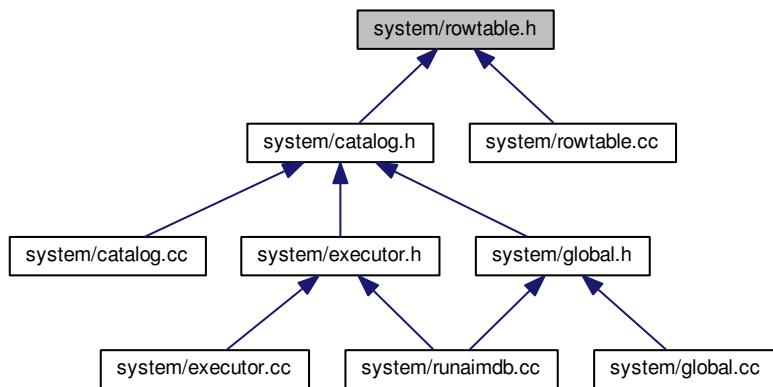
5.25 system/rowtable.d File Reference

5.26 system/rowtable.h File Reference

```
#include "mymemory.h"
#include "schema.h"
Include dependency graph for rowtable.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class [MStorage](#)
- class [RowTable](#)
- class [RPattern](#)

Variables

- Memory g_memory

5.26.1 Detailed Description

Author

liugang(liugang@ict.ac.cn)

Version

0.1

5.26.2 DESCRIPTION

rowtable implementation, this file implement all interface required by class table data space is managed by g_memory, which decreases malloc overhead when create rowtable, I will make one more column to represent its validation. if delete a record, put down the label to set it "invalid" for index in this table, delete the entry inside index basic usage: using rowtable interface surrounded by "-----" will be enough for you

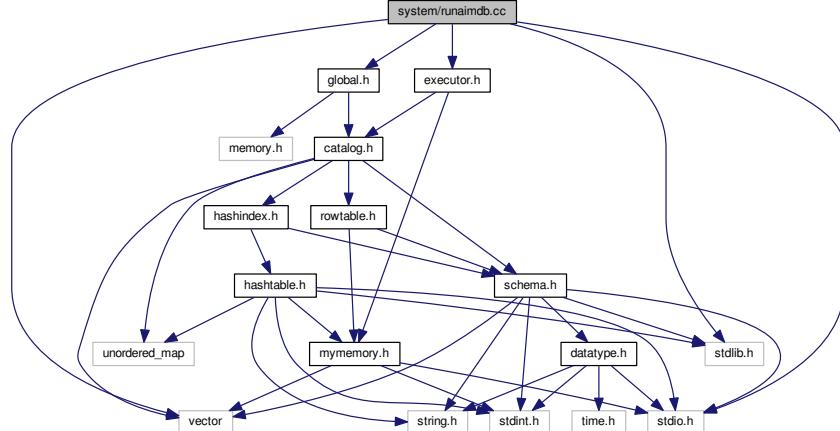
5.26.3 Variable Documentation

5.26.3.1 Memory g_memory

5.27 system/runaimdb.cc File Reference

```
#include "global.h"
#include "executor.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <vector>
```

Include dependency graph for runaimdb.cc:



Functions

- int `load_data` (const char *tablename[], const char *data_dir, int number)
- int `load_schema` (const char *filename)
- int `main` (int argc, char *argv[])
- int `test` (void)
- int `testOne` (int which)

Variables

- int `print_flag` = false
- `SelectQuery queries` [22]
-----*tpch test*-----
- const char * `table_name` []

5.27.1 Detailed Description

Author

liugang(liugang@ict.ac.cn)

Version

0.1

5.27.2 DESCRIPTION

the main entrance of AIMDB

5.27.3 Function Documentation

5.27.3.1 int load_data (const char * tablename[], const char * data_dir, int number)

load table data from txt files

Parameters

<code>tablename</code>	names of tables
<code>data_dir</code>	the dir of data files corresponding to the table, end with '/'
<code>number</code>	number of tables to load data

Return values

0	success
<0	failure

naming rule of data files

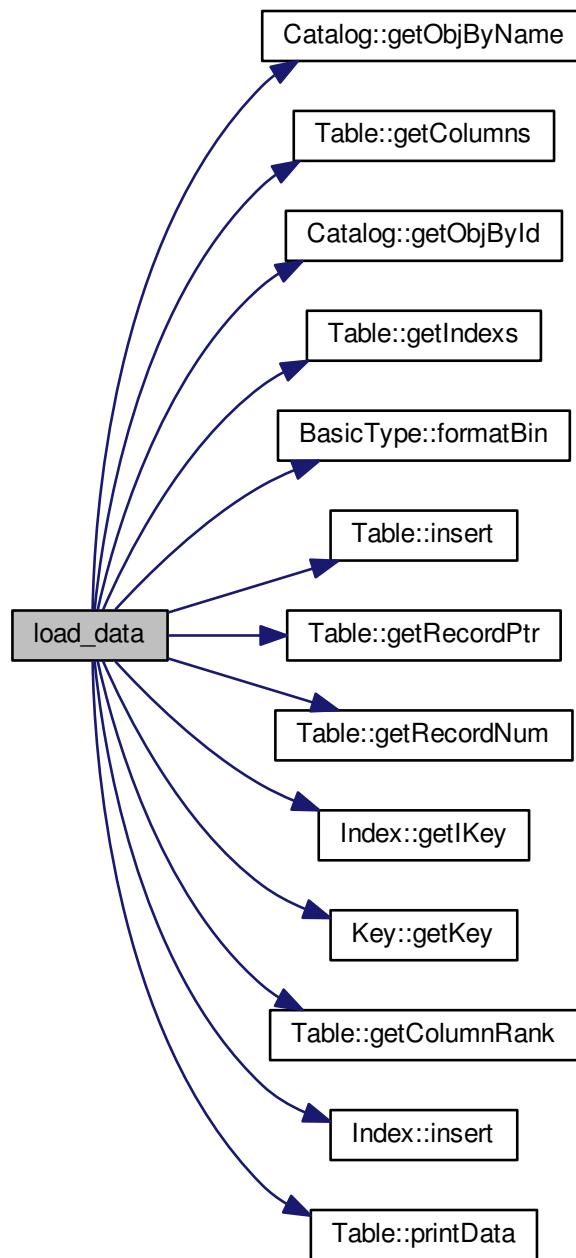
each data file should be named "table_name.tab" and meet the following requirement

data format

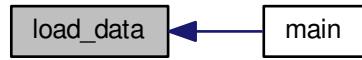
(1) split by one ", a row ends with '

' (2) no empty row

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



5.27.3.2 int load_schema (const char * *filename*)

load a database schema from a txt file.

Parameters

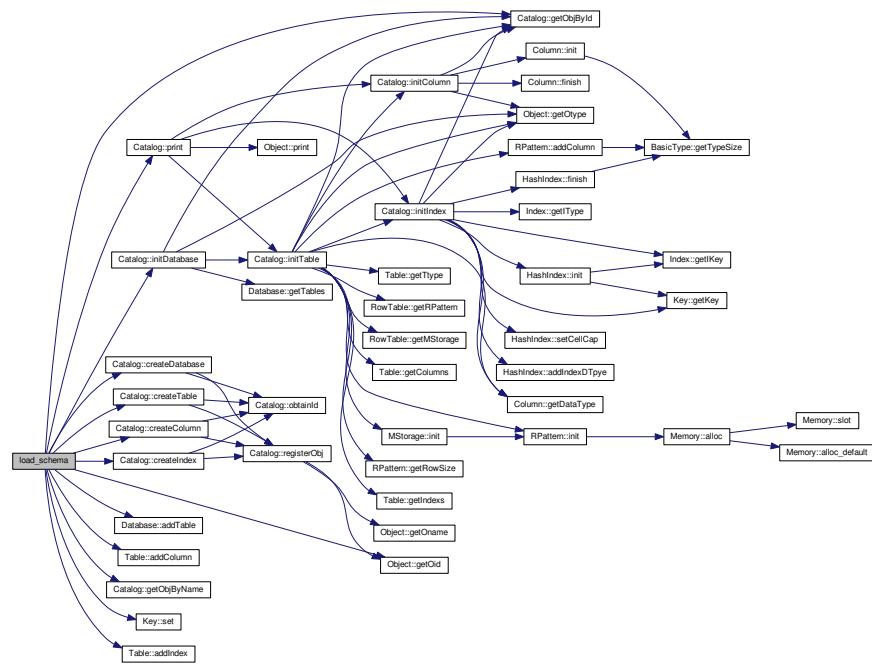
filename name of schema file, the schema must meet the following condition

Return values

0 success #retval <0 failure

schema format (1) split by one ", a row ends with '
(2) claim Database,Table,column,index in order (3) no empty row

Here is the call graph for this function:

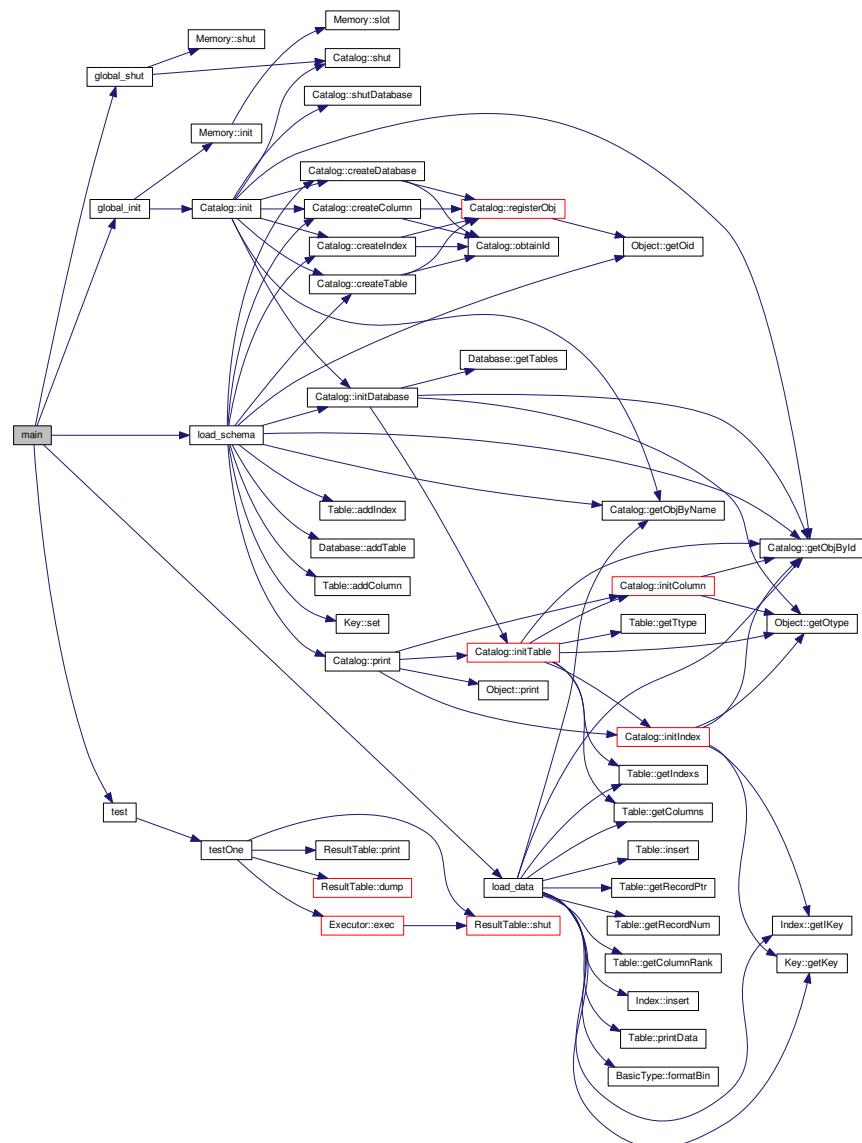


Here is the caller graph for this function:



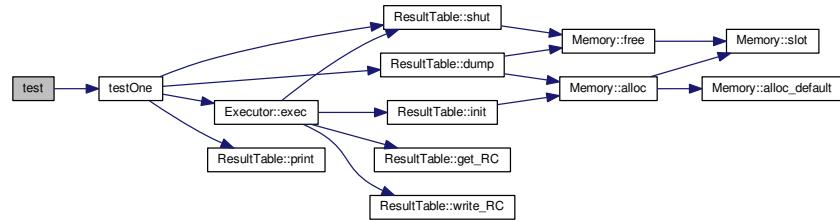
5.27.3.3 int main (int argc, char * argv[])

Here is the call graph for this function:



5.27.3.4 int test(void)

Here is the call graph for this function:

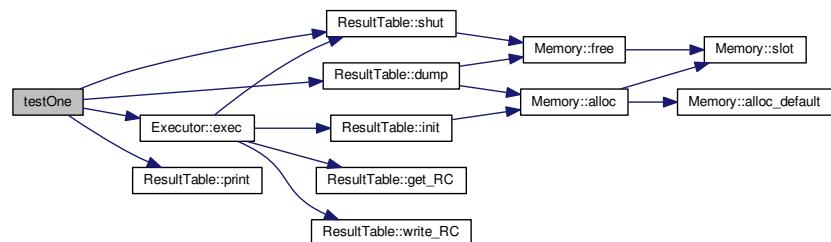


Here is the caller graph for this function:

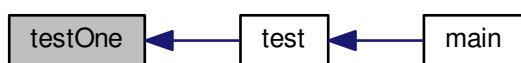


5.27.3.5 int testOne(int which)

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



5.27.4 Variable Documentation

5.27.4.1 int print_flag = false

5.27.4.2 SelectQuery querys[22]

-----tpch test-----

5.27.4.3 const char* table_name[]

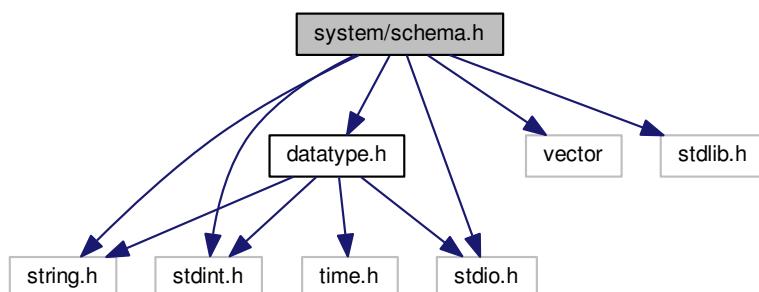
Initial value:

```
= {
    "part",
    "supplier",
    "partsupp",
    "customer",
    "nation",
    "lineitem",
    "region",
    "orders"
}
```

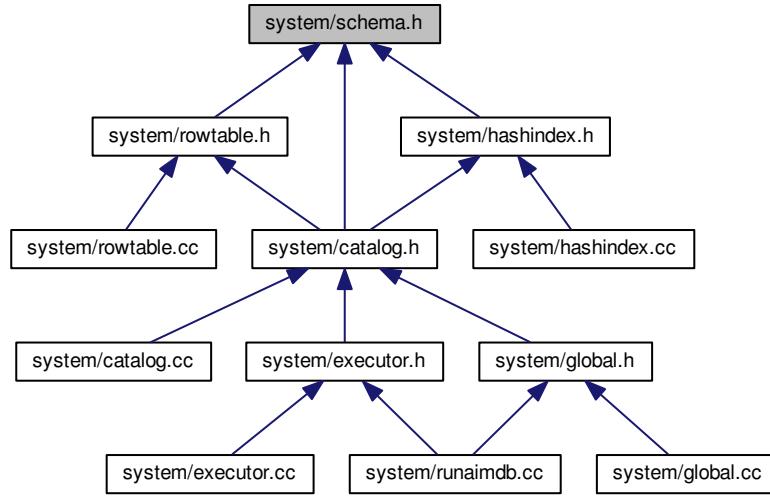
5.28 system/runaimdb.d File Reference

5.29 system/schema.h File Reference

```
#include <string.h>
#include <vector>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "datatype.h"
Include dependency graph for schema.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Classes

- class [Column](#)
- class [Database](#)
- class [Index](#)
- class [Key](#)
- class [Object](#)
- class [Table](#)

Macros

- #define [OBJ_NAME_MAX](#) (128)

Enumerations

- enum [ColumnType](#) {
 [INVID_C](#) = 0, [INT8](#), [INT16](#), [INT32](#),
[INT64](#), [FLOAT32](#), [FLOAT64](#), [CHARN](#),
[DATE](#), [TIME](#), [DATETIME](#), [MAXTYPE_C](#) }
- enum [IndexType](#) {
 [INVID_I](#) = 0, [HASHINDEX](#), [BPTREEINDEX](#), [ARTTREEINDEX](#),
[MAXTYPE_I](#) }
- enum [ObjectType](#) {
 [INVID_O](#) = 0, [DATABASE](#), [TABLE](#), [COLUMN](#),
[INDEX](#), [MAXTYPE_O](#) }
- enum [TableType](#) { [INVID_T](#) = 0, [ROWTABLE](#), [COLTABLE](#), [MAXTYPE_T](#) }

5.29.1 Detailed Description

Author

liugang(liugang@ict.ac.cn)

Version

0.1

5.29.2 DESCRIPTION

this file defines the abstract class of four primary elements of database system, these abstract classes provide uniform interface for upper application

basic interface: init,finish,shut,select,insert,update,del,selectCol,lookup,scan

notice: for insert,del,update, input data requires to be processed by `BasicType` method `formatBin`, then call above function to actually put the into table example: `char date[10] = 1970-01-01 TypeDate type; char buff[10]; type.format(buff, date); // in buff, it's stored as time_t with 4 Byte then, you can perform insert ()`

5.29.3 Macro Definition Documentation

5.29.3.1 #define OBJ_NAME_MAX (128)

5.29.4 Enumeration Type Documentation

5.29.4.1 enum ColumnType

an enum for column.

Enumerator

INVID_C
INT8 int8
INT16 int16
INT32 int32
INT64 int64
FLOAT32 float32
FLOAT64 float64
CHARN charn, fixed length string
DATE days from 1970-01-01 till current DATE
TIME seconds from 00:00:00 till current TIME
DATETIME seconds from 1970-01-01 00:00:00 till current DATETIME
MAXTYPE_C

5.29.4.2 enum IndexType

an enum for [Index](#).

Enumerator

INVID_I
HASHINDEX hash index
BPTREEINDEX bptree index
ARTTREEINDEX art tree index
MAXTYPE_I

5.29.4.3 enum ObjectType

an enum for ObjectType label.

Enumerator

INVID_O
DATABASE database
TABLE table
COLUMN column
INDEX index
MAXTYPE_O

5.29.4.4 enum TableType

an enum for [Table](#).

Enumerator

INVID_T
ROWTABLE row table
COLTABLE column table
MAXTYPE_T

