# Homework 6 - Berkeley STAT 157

Your name: caojilin, SID 3033278367, teammates A,B,C (Please add your name, SID and teammates to ease Ryan and Rachel to grade.)

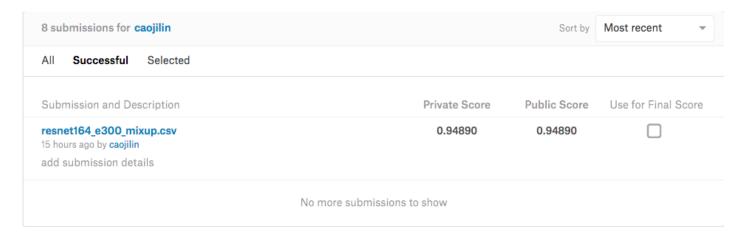
Handout 3/5/2019, due 3/12/2019 by 4pm. Please submit through gradescope.

In this homework, we will train a CNN model on CIFAR-10 and submit the results into <u>Kaggle</u> (https://www.kaggle.com/c/cifar-10). The rule is similar to homework 4:

- · work as a team
- · submit your results into Kaggle
- · take a screen shot of your best score and insert it below
- · the top 3 teams/individuals will be awarded with 500 dollar AWS credits

The rest of this notebook contains a baseline ResNet-15 model to train on CIFAR-10. Please use it as a starting point. The end of this notebooks has several hints to improve your results.

First, import the packages or modules required for the competition.



```
In [1]: import d21
    from mxnet import autograd, gluon, init
    from mxnet.gluon import data as gdata, loss as gloss, nn
    import os
    import pandas as pd
    import shutil
    import time
```

# **Obtain and Organize the Data Sets**

The competition data is divided into a training set and testing set. The training set contains 50,000 images. The testing set contains 300,000 images, of which 10,000 images are used for scoring, while the other 290,000 non-scoring images are included to prevent the manual labeling of the testing set and the submission of labeling results. The image formats in both data sets are PNG, with heights and widths of 32 pixels and three color channels (RGB). The images cover 10 categories: planes, cars, birds, cats, deer, dogs, frogs, horses, boats, and trucks. The upper-left corner of Figure 9.16 shows some images of planes, cars, and birds in the data set.

#### **Download the Data Set**

After logging in to Kaggle, we can click on the "Data" tab on the CIFAR-10 image classification competition webpage shown in Figure 9.16 and download the training data set "train.7z", the testing data set "test.7z", and the training data set labels "trainlabels.csv".

#### **Unzip the Data Set**

The training data set "train.7z" and the test data set "test.7z" need to be unzipped after downloading. After unzipping the data sets, store the training data set, test data set, and training data set labels in the following respective paths:

- ../data/kaggle\_cifar10/train/[1-50000].png
- ../data/kaggle\_cifar10/test/[1-300000].png
- ../data/kaggle cifar10/trainLabels.csv

To make it easier to get started, we provide a small-scale sample of the data set mentioned above. "train\_tiny.zip" contains 100 training examples, while "test\_tiny.zip" contains only one test example. Their unzipped folder names are "train\_tiny" and "test\_tiny", respectively. In addition, unzip the zip file of the training data set labels to obtain the file "trainlabels.csv". If you are going to use the full data set of the Kaggle competition, you will also need to change the following demo variable to False.

```
In [2]: demo = True # You need to change demo to False for this homework.
if demo:
    import zipfile
    for f in ['train_tiny.zip', 'test_tiny.zip', 'trainLabels.csv.zip']:
        with zipfile.ZipFile('../data/kaggle_cifar10/' + f, 'r') as z:
        z.extractall('../data/kaggle_cifar10/')
```

#### **Organize the Data Set**

We need to organize data sets to facilitate model training and testing. The following <code>read\_label\_file</code> function will be used to read the label file for the training data set. The parameter <code>valid\_ratio</code> in this function is the ratio of the number of examples in the validation set to the number of examples in the original training set.

```
In [3]: def read_label_file(data_dir, label_file, train_dir, valid_ratio):
    with open(os.path.join(data_dir, label_file), 'r') as f:
        # Skip the file header line (column name)
        lines = f.readlines()[1:]
        tokens = [l.rstrip().split(',') for l in lines]
        idx_label = dict(((int(idx), label) for idx, label in tokens))
        labels = set(idx_label.values())
        n_train_valid = len(os.listdir(os.path.join(data_dir, train_dir)))
        n_train = int(n_train_valid * (1 - valid_ratio))
        assert 0 < n_train < n_train_valid
        return n_train // len(labels), idx_label</pre>
```

Below we define a helper function to create a path only if the path does not already exist.

```
In [4]: def mkdir_if_not_exist(path):
    if not os.path.exists(os.path.join(*path)):
        os.makedirs(os.path.join(*path))
```

Next, we define the <code>reorg\_train\_valid</code> function to segment the validation set from the original training set. Here, we use <code>valid\_ratio=0.1</code> as an example. Since the original training set has 50,000 images, there will be 45,000 images used for training and stored in the path "<code>input\_dir/train</code>" when tuning hyper-parameters, while the other 5,000 images will be stored as validation set in the path "<code>input\_dir/valid</code>". After organizing the data, images of the same type will be placed under the same folder so that we can read them later.

```
In [5]: def reorg train valid(data dir, train dir, input dir, n train per label,
                               idx label):
            label count = {}
            for train file in os.listdir(os.path.join(data_dir, train_dir)):
                idx = int(train file.split('.')[0])
                label = idx label[idx]
                mkdir if not exist([data dir, input dir, 'train valid', label])
                shutil.copy(os.path.join(data dir, train dir, train file),
                             os.path.join(data dir, input dir, 'train valid', lab
        el))
                if label not in label count or label count[label] < n train per</pre>
        label:
                    mkdir if not exist([data dir, input dir, 'train', label])
                     shutil.copy(os.path.join(data dir, train dir, train file),
                                 os.path.join(data_dir, input_dir, 'train', label
        ))
                     label count[label] = label count.get(label, 0) + 1
                else:
                    mkdir if not exist([data dir, input dir, 'valid', label])
                     shutil.copy(os.path.join(data dir, train dir, train file),
                                 os.path.join(data_dir, input_dir, 'valid', label
        ))
```

The reorg test function below is used to organize the testing set to facilitate the reading during prediction.

Finally, we use a function to call the previously defined reorg\_test, reorg\_train\_valid, and reorg\_test functions.

We use only 100 training example and one test example here. The folder names for the training and testing data sets are "train\_tiny" and "test\_tiny", respectively. Accordingly, we only set the batch size to 1. During actual training and testing, the complete data set of the Kaggle competition should be used and batch\_size should be set to a larger integer, such as 128. We use 10% of the training examples as the validation set for tuning hyper-parameters.

# **Image Augmentation**

(We will cover image augmentation next week, you can ignore it for this homework.)

To cope with overfitting, we use image augmentation. For example, by adding transforms.RandomFlipLeftRight(), the images can be flipped at random. We can also perform normalization for the three RGB channels of color images using transforms.Normalize(). Below, we list some of these operations that you can choose to use or modify depending on requirements.

```
In [9]: transform train = gdata.vision.transforms.Compose([
            # Magnify the image to a square of 40 pixels in both height and widt
        h
            gdata.vision.transforms.Resize(40),
            # Randomly crop a square image of 40 pixels in both height and width
        to
            # produce a small square of 0.64 to 1 times the area of the original
            # image, and then shrink it to a square of 32 pixels in both height
         and
            # width
            gdata.vision.transforms.RandomResizedCrop(32, scale=(0.64, 1.0),
                                                       ratio=(1.0, 1.0)),
            gdata.vision.transforms.RandomFlipLeftRight(),
            gdata.vision.transforms.ToTensor(),
            # Normalize each channel of the image
            qdata.vision.transforms.Normalize([0.4914, 0.4822, 0.4465],
                                               [0.2023, 0.1994, 0.2010])])
```

In order to ensure the certainty of the output during testing, we only perform normalization on the image.

#### Read the Data Set

Next, we can create the ImageFolderDataset instance to read the organized data set containing the original image files, where each data instance includes the image and label.

```
In [11]: # Read the original image file. Flag=1 indicates that the input image ha
s
    # three channels (color)
    train_ds = gdata.vision.ImageFolderDataset(
        os.path.join(data_dir, input_dir, 'train'), flag=1)
    valid_ds = gdata.vision.ImageFolderDataset(
        os.path.join(data_dir, input_dir, 'valid'), flag=1)
    train_valid_ds = gdata.vision.ImageFolderDataset(
        os.path.join(data_dir, input_dir, 'train_valid'), flag=1)
    test_ds = gdata.vision.ImageFolderDataset(
        os.path.join(data_dir, input_dir, 'test'), flag=1)
```

We specify the defined image augmentation operation in <code>DataLoader</code>. During training, we only use the validation set to evaluate the model, so we need to ensure the certainty of the output. During prediction, we will train the model on the combined training set and validation set to make full use of all labelled data.

### **Define the Model**

(We will cover hybridize next week. It often makes your model run faster, but you can ignore what it means for this homework.)

Here, we build the residual blocks based on the HybridBlock class, which is slightly different than the implementation described in the <u>"Residual networks (ResNet)" (http://d2l.ai/chapter\_convolutional-neural-networks/resnet.html)</u> section. This is done to improve execution efficiency.

```
In [13]: class Residual(nn.HybridBlock):
             def init (self, num channels, use 1x1conv=False, strides=1, **kwa
         rgs):
                 super(Residual, self).__init__(**kwargs)
                 self.conv1 = nn.Conv2D(num channels, kernel size=3, padding=1,
                                         strides=strides)
                 self.conv2 = nn.Conv2D(num_channels, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
                 if use_1x1conv:
                     self.conv3 = nn.Conv2D(num channels, kernel size=1,
                                             strides=strides)
                 else:
                     self.conv3 = None
                 self.bn1 = nn.BatchNorm()
                 self.bn2 = nn.BatchNorm()
             def hybrid_forward(self, F, X):
                 Y = F.relu(self.bn1(self.conv1(X)))
                 Y = self.bn2(self.conv2(Y))
                 if self.conv3:
                     X = self.conv3(X)
                 return F.relu(Y + X)
```

Next, we define the ResNet-18 model.

```
In [14]: def resnet18(num classes):
             net = nn.HybridSequential()
             net.add(nn.Conv2D(64, kernel size=3, strides=1, padding=1),
                      nn.BatchNorm(), nn.Activation('relu'))
             def resnet block(num channels, num residuals, first block=False):
                 blk = nn.HybridSequential()
                  for i in range(num residuals):
                      if i == 0 and not first block:
                          blk.add(Residual(num channels, use 1x1conv=True, strides
         =2))
                      else:
                          blk.add(Residual(num channels))
                 return blk
             net.add(resnet block(64, 2, first block=True),
                      resnet block(128, 2),
                     resnet block(256, 2),
                      resnet block(512, 2))
             net.add(nn.GlobalAvgPool2D(), nn.Dense(num classes))
             return net
```

```
In [ ]: class Residual_v2_bottleneck(nn.HybridBlock):
            def init (self, channels, same shape=True, **kwargs):
                super(Residual_v2_bottleneck, self).__init__(**kwargs)
                self.same shape = same shape
                with self.name scope():
                    strides = 1 if same shape else 2
                    self.bn1 = nn.BatchNorm()
                    self.conv1 = nn.Conv2D(channels=channels//4, kernel size=1,
        use_bias=False)
                    self.bn2 = nn.BatchNorm()
                    self.conv2 = nn.Conv2D(channels=channels//4, kernel size=3,
        strides=strides, padding=1, use bias=False)
                    self.bn3 = nn.BatchNorm()
                    self.conv3 = nn.Conv2D(channels=channels, kernel size=1, use
        _bias=False)
                    self.bn4 = nn.BatchNorm() # add this
                    if not same shape:
                        self.conv4 = nn.Conv2D(channels=channels, kernel size=1,
        strides=strides, use bias=False)
            def hybrid_forward(self, F, x):
                out = self.conv1(self.bn1(x)) # remove relu
                out = self.conv2(F.relu(self.bn2(out)))
                out = self.conv3(F.relu(self.bn3(out)))
                out = self.bn4(out)
                                               # add this
                if not self.same shape:
                    x = self.conv4(x)
                return out + x
        class ResNet164 v2(nn.HybridBlock):
            def init (self, num classes, verbose=False, **kwargs):
                super(ResNet164_v2, self).__init__(**kwargs)
                self.verbose = verbose
                with self.name scope():
                    net = self.net = nn.HybridSequential()
                    net.add(nn.Conv2D(channels=64, kernel size=3, padding=1, str
        ides=1, use bias=False))
                    # block 2
                    for in range(27):
                        net.add(Residual v2 bottleneck(channels=64))
                    # block 3
                    net.add(Residual v2 bottleneck(128, same shape=False))
                    for _ in range(26):
                        net.add(Residual v2 bottleneck(channels=128))
                    # block4
                    net.add(Residual v2 bottleneck(256, same shape=False))
                    for in range(26):
                        net.add(Residual v2 bottleneck(channels=256))
                    # block 5
                    net.add(nn.BatchNorm())
                    net.add(nn.Activation(activation='relu'))
```

```
net.add(nn.AvgPool2D(pool_size=8))
    net.add(nn.Flatten())
    net.add(nn.Dense(num_classes))

def hybrid_forward(self, F, x):
    out = x
    for i, b in enumerate(self.net):
        out = b(out)
        if self.verbose:
            print "Block %d output %s" % (i+1, out.shape)
    return out
```

The CIFAR-10 image classification challenge uses 10 categories. We will perform Xavier random initialization on the model before training begins.

```
In [15]: def get_net(ctx):
    num_classes = 10
    net = ResNet164_v2(num_classes)
    net.initialize(ctx=ctx, init=init.Xavier())
    return net

loss = gloss.SoftmaxCrossEntropyLoss()
```

# **Define the Training Functions**

We will select the model and tune hyper-parameters according to the model's performance on the validation set. Next, we define the model training function train. We record the training time of each epoch, which helps us compare the time costs of different models.

```
In [16]: def train(net, train iter, valid iter, num epochs, lr, wd, ctx, lr perio
         d,
                   lr decay):
             trainer = gluon.Trainer(net.collect_params(), 'sgd',
                                      {'learning_rate': lr, 'momentum': 0.9, 'wd':
         wd})
             for epoch in range(num epochs):
                 train 1 sum, train acc sum, n, start = 0.0, 0.0, 0, time.time()
                 if epoch > 0 and epoch % lr_period == 0:
                     trainer.set_learning_rate(trainer.learning_rate * lr_decay)
                 for X, y in train iter:
                     y = y.astype('float32').as in context(ctx)
                     with autograd.record():
                         y hat = net(X.as in context(ctx))
                         l = loss(y hat, y).sum()
                     1.backward()
                     trainer.step(batch size)
                     train 1 sum += 1.asscalar()
                     train_acc_sum += (y_hat.argmax(axis=1) == y).sum().asscalar
         ()
                     n += y.size
                 time_s = "time %.2f sec" % (time.time() - start)
                 if valid_iter is not None:
                     valid acc = d21.evaluate accuracy(valid iter, net, ctx)
                     epoch s = ("epoch %d, loss %f, train acc %f, valid acc %f, "
                                 % (epoch + 1, train_l_sum / n, train_acc_sum / n,
                                 valid acc))
                 else:
                     epoch s = ("epoch %d, loss %f, train acc %f, " %
                                 (epoch + 1, train l sum / n, train acc sum / n))
                 print(epoch_s + time_s + ', lr ' + str(trainer.learning_rate))
```

#### **Train and Validate the Model**

Now, we can train and validate the model. The following hyper-parameters can be tuned. For example, we can increase the number of epochs. Because  $lr\_period$  and  $lr\_decay$  are set to 80 and 0.1 respectively, the learning rate of the optimization algorithm will be multiplied by 0.1 after every 80 epochs. For simplicity, we only train one epoch here.

```
In [ ]: def transform_train(data, label):
            im = data.asnumpy()
            im = np.pad(im, ((4, 4), (4, 4), (0, 0)), mode='constant', constant_
        values=0)
            im = nd.array(im, dtype='float32') / 255
            auglist = image.CreateAugmenter(data shape=(3, 32, 32), resize=0, ra
        nd mirror=True,
                                             rand crop=True,
                                            mean=np.array([0.4914, 0.4822, 0.4465
        ]),
                                            std=np.array([0.2023, 0.1994, 0.2010
        ]))
            for aug in auglist:
                im = aug(im)
            im = nd.transpose(im, (2, 0, 1)) # channel x width x height
            return im, nd.array([label]).astype('float32')
```

```
epoch 0, loss 2.16593, train acc 0.3018, valid acc 0.3185, Time 00:02:2
4,lr 0.1
epoch 1, loss 1.97320, train_acc 0.3922, valid_acc 0.3997, Time 00:02:4
3,lr 0.1
epoch 2, loss 1.87724, train_acc 0.4802, valid_acc 0.4904, Time 00:02:4
6,lr 0.1
epoch 3, loss 1.77747, train acc 0.5290, valid acc 0.5330, Time 00:02:5
1,lr 0.1
epoch 4, loss 1.70237, train_acc 0.6065, valid_acc 0.6088, Time 00:02:4
9,lr 0.1
epoch 5, loss 1.64160, train_acc 0.6250, valid_acc 0.6280, Time 00:02:5
0,lr 0.1
epoch 6, loss 1.59686, train_acc 0.6751, valid_acc 0.6758, Time 00:02:4
9,lr 0.1
epoch 7, loss 1.56121, train_acc 0.6758, valid_acc 0.6765, Time 00:02:5
0,lr 0.1
epoch 8, loss 1.52487, train acc 0.6424, valid acc 0.6397, Time 00:02:5
0,lr 0.1
epoch 9, loss 1.49709, train_acc 0.6987, valid_acc 0.6961, Time 00:02:5
0,lr 0.1
epoch 10, loss 1.50484, train_acc 0.7280, valid_acc 0.7212, Time 00:02:
46,lr 0.1
epoch 11, loss 1.47519, train acc 0.6725, valid acc 0.6656, Time 00:02:
48,lr 0.1
epoch 12, loss 1.45798, train acc 0.7600, valid acc 0.7484, Time 00:02:
52,lr 0.1
epoch 13, loss 1.44291, train acc 0.6156, valid acc 0.5938, Time 00:02:
51,lr 0.1
epoch 14, loss 1.45762, train acc 0.7605, valid acc 0.7583, Time 00:02:
51,lr 0.1
epoch 15, loss 1.43096, train acc 0.7232, valid acc 0.7098, Time 00:02:
51,lr 0.1
epoch 16, loss 1.41539, train acc 0.7631, valid acc 0.7487, Time 00:02:
53,lr 0.1
epoch 17, loss 1.41253, train acc 0.7540, valid acc 0.7345, Time 00:02:
51,lr 0.1
epoch 18, loss 1.40944, train acc 0.7716, valid acc 0.7644, Time 00:02:
49,lr 0.1
epoch 19, loss 1.40919, train acc 0.7287, valid acc 0.7108, Time 00:02:
51,lr 0.1
epoch 20, loss 1.39907, train acc 0.7800, valid acc 0.7620, Time 00:02:
51,lr 0.1
epoch 21, loss 1.39861, train acc 0.7807, valid acc 0.7715, Time 00:02:
52,lr 0.1
epoch 22, loss 1.39499, train acc 0.7514, valid acc 0.7349, Time 00:02:
51,lr 0.1
epoch 23, loss 1.37361, train acc 0.7128, valid acc 0.6935, Time 00:02:
55,lr 0.1
epoch 24, loss 1.37417, train acc 0.7443, valid acc 0.7253, Time 00:02:
53,lr 0.1
epoch 25, loss 1.37380, train acc 0.7866, valid acc 0.7695, Time 00:02:
43,lr 0.1
epoch 26, loss 1.37925, train acc 0.7879, valid acc 0.7765, Time 00:02:
46,lr 0.1
epoch 27, loss 1.37340, train acc 0.7796, valid acc 0.7598, Time 00:03:
16,lr 0.1
epoch 28, loss 1.37557, train acc 0.7398, valid acc 0.7125, Time 00:03:
```

```
10,lr 0.1
epoch 29, loss 1.36707, train acc 0.7860, valid acc 0.7735, Time 00:03:
15,lr 0.1
epoch 30, loss 1.36420, train acc 0.7993, valid acc 0.7810, Time 00:03:
23,lr 0.1
epoch 31, loss 1.35215, train_acc 0.8120, valid_acc 0.7932, Time 00:03:
17,lr 0.1
epoch 32, loss 1.35631, train acc 0.7857, valid acc 0.7702, Time 00:03:
14,lr 0.1
epoch 33, loss 1.35603, train acc 0.7815, valid acc 0.7667, Time 00:03:
12,lr 0.1
epoch 34, loss 1.34795, train acc 0.7454, valid acc 0.7367, Time 00:03:
10,lr 0.1
epoch 35, loss 1.34180, train acc 0.8172, valid acc 0.8031, Time 00:03:
14,lr 0.1
epoch 36, loss 1.35993, train_acc 0.7833, valid_acc 0.7733, Time 00:03:
12,lr 0.1
epoch 37, loss 1.33974, train_acc 0.7398, valid_acc 0.7188, Time 00:03:
15,lr 0.1
epoch 38, loss 1.36017, train acc 0.7912, valid acc 0.7699, Time 00:03:
15,lr 0.1
epoch 39, loss 1.34915, train_acc 0.7875, valid_acc 0.7749, Time 00:03:
05,lr 0.1
epoch 40, loss 1.32973, train acc 0.7747, valid acc 0.7594, Time 00:03:
01,lr 0.1
epoch 41, loss 1.33626, train acc 0.7625, valid acc 0.7478, Time 00:03:
03,lr 0.1
epoch 42, loss 1.34808, train acc 0.7849, valid acc 0.7636, Time 00:03:
03,lr 0.1
epoch 43, loss 1.34154, train acc 0.8158, valid acc 0.8040, Time 00:03:
04,lr 0.1
epoch 44, loss 1.33321, train acc 0.8199, valid acc 0.8063, Time 00:03:
04,lr 0.1
epoch 45, loss 1.33215, train acc 0.7801, valid acc 0.7579, Time 00:03:
04,lr 0.1
epoch 46, loss 1.33544, train acc 0.7546, valid acc 0.7470, Time 00:03:
07,lr 0.1
epoch 47, loss 1.34467, train acc 0.7803, valid acc 0.7600, Time 00:03:
03,lr 0.1
epoch 48, loss 1.32607, train acc 0.8112, valid acc 0.7971, Time 00:03:
03,lr 0.1
epoch 49, loss 1.33663, train acc 0.7947, valid acc 0.7833, Time 00:03:
05,lr 0.1
epoch 50, loss 1.34501, train acc 0.7905, valid acc 0.7728, Time 00:03:
07,lr 0.1
epoch 51, loss 1.32826, train acc 0.7878, valid acc 0.7675, Time 00:03:
05,lr 0.1
epoch 52, loss 1.32729, train acc 0.7810, valid acc 0.7703, Time 00:03:
05,lr 0.1
epoch 53, loss 1.32485, train_acc 0.8157, valid_acc 0.8082, Time 00:03:
11,lr 0.1
epoch 54, loss 1.33577, train acc 0.7834, valid acc 0.7568, Time 00:03:
04,lr 0.1
epoch 55, loss 1.32720, train acc 0.7768, valid acc 0.7620, Time 00:03:
05,lr 0.1
epoch 56, loss 1.33960, train acc 0.8235, valid acc 0.8161, Time 00:05:
52,lr 0.1
```

```
epoch 57, loss 1.31656, train_acc 0.7968, valid_acc 0.7894, Time 00:13:
25,lr 0.1
epoch 58, loss 1.31316, train_acc 0.8177, valid_acc 0.8108, Time 00:17:
19,lr 0.1
epoch 59, loss 1.33070, train_acc 0.8314, valid_acc 0.8126, Time 00:10:
16,lr 0.1
epoch 60, loss 1.32717, train acc 0.7980, valid acc 0.7887, Time 00:03:
17,lr 0.1
epoch 61, loss 1.32127, train_acc 0.8070, valid_acc 0.7889, Time 00:03:
09,lr 0.1
epoch 62, loss 1.32567, train_acc 0.7961, valid_acc 0.7795, Time 00:03:
10,lr 0.1
epoch 63, loss 1.33797, train acc 0.8074, valid acc 0.8001, Time 00:03:
04,lr 0.1
epoch 64, loss 1.29923, train_acc 0.7971, valid_acc 0.7815, Time 00:03:
12,lr 0.1
epoch 65, loss 1.31300, train acc 0.8078, valid acc 0.7979, Time 00:03:
34,lr 0.1
epoch 66, loss 1.32401, train acc 0.7414, valid acc 0.7237, Time 00:03:
22,lr 0.1
epoch 67, loss 1.31541, train_acc 0.8264, valid_acc 0.8114, Time 00:03:
07,lr 0.1
epoch 68, loss 1.32304, train acc 0.8025, valid acc 0.7884, Time 00:02:
59,lr 0.1
epoch 69, loss 1.33490, train_acc 0.7639, valid_acc 0.7398, Time 00:02:
57,lr 0.1
epoch 70, loss 1.34050, train acc 0.8351, valid acc 0.8208, Time 00:03:
01,lr 0.1
epoch 71, loss 1.31406, train acc 0.7746, valid acc 0.7570, Time 00:03:
02,lr 0.1
epoch 72, loss 1.29430, train acc 0.8064, valid acc 0.7842, Time 00:03:
05,lr 0.1
epoch 73, loss 1.31676, train acc 0.8037, valid acc 0.7839, Time 00:03:
06,lr 0.1
epoch 74, loss 1.31748, train acc 0.7416, valid acc 0.7223, Time 00:04:
37,lr 0.1
epoch 75, loss 1.30156, train acc 0.7944, valid acc 0.7782, Time 00:17:
31,lr 0.1
epoch 76, loss 1.32197, train acc 0.7859, valid acc 0.7640, Time 00:17:
31,lr 0.1
epoch 77, loss 1.32253, train acc 0.8163, valid acc 0.8001, Time 00:07:
10,lr 0.1
epoch 78, loss 1.33143, train acc 0.7925, valid acc 0.7768, Time 00:03:
26,lr 0.1
epoch 79, loss 1.31097, train acc 0.8077, valid acc 0.7898, Time 00:03:
04,lr 0.1
epoch 80, loss 1.20304, train acc 0.8780, valid acc 0.8592, Time 00:03:
19,lr 0.01
epoch 81, loss 1.14880, train acc 0.8944, valid acc 0.8764, Time 00:03:
14,lr 0.01
epoch 82, loss 1.14279, train acc 0.8997, valid acc 0.8846, Time 00:03:
06,lr 0.01
epoch 83, loss 1.12559, train acc 0.8999, valid acc 0.8835, Time 00:03:
19,lr 0.01
epoch 84, loss 1.14183, train acc 0.9056, valid acc 0.8877, Time 00:03:
07,lr 0.01
epoch 85, loss 1.10517, train_acc 0.9109, valid acc 0.8975, Time 00:03:
```

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09,lr 0.01
epoch 86, loss 1.12380, train acc 0.9147, valid acc 0.8973, Time 00:03:
07,lr 0.01
epoch 87, loss 1.10470, train acc 0.9093, valid acc 0.8908, Time 00:03:
09,lr 0.01
epoch 88, loss 1.09398, train_acc 0.9128, valid_acc 0.8927, Time 00:03:
09,lr 0.01
epoch 89, loss 1.09117, train acc 0.9117, valid acc 0.8899, Time 00:03:
11,lr 0.01
epoch 90, loss 1.09854, train acc 0.9201, valid acc 0.9009, Time 00:03:
06,lr 0.01
epoch 91, loss 1.09604, train_acc 0.9193, valid_acc 0.8959, Time 00:03:
06,lr 0.01
epoch 92, loss 1.07482, train acc 0.9182, valid acc 0.8973, Time 00:03:
15,lr 0.01
epoch 93, loss 1.09745, train_acc 0.9165, valid_acc 0.8902, Time 00:06:
27,lr 0.01
epoch 94, loss 1.07607, train_acc 0.9263, valid_acc 0.9030, Time 00:17:
37,lr 0.01
epoch 95, loss 1.07369, train acc 0.9214, valid acc 0.8996, Time 00:17:
45,lr 0.01
epoch 96, loss 1.07177, train_acc 0.9225, valid_acc 0.8964, Time 00:05:
32,lr 0.01
epoch 97, loss 1.06274, train_acc 0.9271, valid_acc 0.8991, Time 00:03:
19,lr 0.01
epoch 98, loss 1.09669, train acc 0.9258, valid acc 0.8999, Time 00:03:
18,lr 0.01
epoch 99, loss 1.07988, train acc 0.9306, valid acc 0.9061, Time 00:06:
53,lr 0.01
epoch 100, loss 1.08015, train acc 0.9270, valid acc 0.9012, Time 00:1
7:35,lr 0.01
epoch 101, loss 1.08203, train acc 0.9295, valid acc 0.9018, Time 00:1
7:38,lr 0.01
epoch 102, loss 1.08058, train acc 0.9311, valid acc 0.9021, Time 00:0
5:31,lr 0.01
epoch 103, loss 1.08665, train acc 0.9260, valid acc 0.9001, Time 00:0
3:25,lr 0.01
epoch 104, loss 1.08120, train acc 0.9300, valid acc 0.9021, Time 00:0
3:10,lr 0.01
epoch 105, loss 1.05957, train acc 0.9265, valid acc 0.8975, Time 00:0
3:10,lr 0.01
epoch 106, loss 1.05478, train acc 0.9266, valid acc 0.8982, Time 00:0
3:13,lr 0.01
epoch 107, loss 1.06689, train acc 0.9312, valid acc 0.9001, Time 00:0
3:11,lr 0.01
epoch 108, loss 1.06822, train acc 0.9312, valid acc 0.9061, Time 00:0
3:13,lr 0.01
epoch 109, loss 1.06758, train acc 0.9385, valid acc 0.9105, Time 00:0
3:14,lr 0.01
epoch 110, loss 1.07110, train acc 0.9270, valid acc 0.8968, Time 00:0
3:13,lr 0.01
epoch 111, loss 1.06828, train acc 0.9307, valid acc 0.8983, Time 00:0
3:13,lr 0.01
epoch 112, loss 1.05636, train acc 0.9328, valid acc 0.9036, Time 00:0
3:21,lr 0.01
epoch 113, loss 1.07447, train acc 0.9359, valid acc 0.9053, Time 00:0
4:34,lr 0.01
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epoch 114, loss 1.07265, train_acc 0.9332, valid_acc 0.9059, Time 00:1
7:39,lr 0.01
epoch 115, loss 1.05529, train_acc 0.9348, valid_acc 0.9028, Time 00:1
7:39,lr 0.01
epoch 116, loss 1.05023, train acc 0.9256, valid acc 0.8970, Time 00:0
7:46,lr 0.01
epoch 117, loss 1.04672, train acc 0.9373, valid acc 0.9057, Time 00:0
3:22,lr 0.01
epoch 118, loss 1.03829, train_acc 0.9320, valid_acc 0.9025, Time 00:0
3:32,lr 0.01
epoch 119, loss 1.08419, train_acc 0.9336, valid_acc 0.9012, Time 00:0
3:19,lr 0.01
epoch 120, loss 1.05413, train acc 0.9351, valid acc 0.9056, Time 00:1
4:12,lr 0.01
epoch 121, loss 1.04569, train_acc 0.9354, valid_acc 0.9079, Time 00:1
7:39,lr 0.01
epoch 122, loss 1.07001, train acc 0.9415, valid acc 0.9089, Time 00:1
2:30,lr 0.01
epoch 123, loss 1.07387, train_acc 0.9355, valid_acc 0.9066, Time 00:0
3:40,lr 0.01
epoch 124, loss 1.05514, train_acc 0.9285, valid_acc 0.8993, Time 00:0
3:26,lr 0.01
epoch 125, loss 1.04990, train acc 0.9395, valid acc 0.9066, Time 00:0
3:27,lr 0.01
epoch 126, loss 1.05501, train_acc 0.9334, valid_acc 0.9089, Time 00:0
3:22,lr 0.01
epoch 127, loss 1.06621, train_acc 0.9315, valid_acc 0.9032, Time 00:1
2:21,lr 0.01
epoch 128, loss 1.04811, train acc 0.9385, valid acc 0.9048, Time 00:1
8:00,lr 0.01
epoch 129, loss 1.05576, train acc 0.9301, valid acc 0.8980, Time 00:1
3:53,lr 0.01
epoch 130, loss 1.07707, train acc 0.9334, valid acc 0.9005, Time 00:0
4:08,lr 0.01
epoch 131, loss 1.03549, train acc 0.9359, valid acc 0.9057, Time 00:0
8:16,lr 0.01
epoch 132, loss 1.04940, train acc 0.9345, valid acc 0.9013, Time 00:1
7:44,lr 0.01
epoch 133, loss 1.05732, train acc 0.9322, valid acc 0.9077, Time 00:1
4:53,lr 0.01
epoch 134, loss 1.06246, train_acc 0.9346, valid_acc 0.9062, Time 00:0
3:42,lr 0.01
epoch 135, loss 1.05425, train acc 0.9290, valid acc 0.8943, Time 00:0
3:27,lr 0.01
epoch 136, loss 1.04927, train acc 0.9318, valid acc 0.8996, Time 00:0
3:25,lr 0.01
epoch 137, loss 1.03976, train_acc 0.9398, valid_acc 0.9097, Time 00:0
3:30,lr 0.01
epoch 138, loss 1.04665, train acc 0.9309, valid acc 0.8946, Time 00:0
3:27,lr 0.01
epoch 139, loss 1.04799, train acc 0.9379, valid acc 0.9074, Time 00:0
3:24,lr 0.01
epoch 140, loss 1.05712, train acc 0.9353, valid acc 0.9042, Time 00:0
3:28,lr 0.01
epoch 141, loss 1.05111, train acc 0.9382, valid acc 0.9080, Time 00:0
3:27,lr 0.01
epoch 142, loss 1.03855, train_acc 0.9345, valid acc 0.9018, Time 00:0
```

3:25,lr 0.01 epoch 143, loss 1.02854, train acc 0.9428, valid acc 0.9129, Time 00:0 3:27,lr 0.01 epoch 144, loss 1.04087, train acc 0.9386, valid acc 0.9081, Time 00:0 3:19,lr 0.01 epoch 145, loss 1.03890, train\_acc 0.9356, valid\_acc 0.9010, Time 00:0 3:22,lr 0.01 epoch 146, loss 1.03986, train acc 0.9304, valid acc 0.9002, Time 00:0 3:26,lr 0.01 epoch 147, loss 1.04848, train acc 0.9377, valid acc 0.9056, Time 00:0 3:32,lr 0.01 epoch 148, loss 1.04825, train\_acc 0.9367, valid\_acc 0.9075, Time 00:0 3:29,lr 0.01 epoch 149, loss 1.04058, train acc 0.9272, valid acc 0.8968, Time 00:0 3:26,lr 0.01 epoch 150, loss 1.01519, train\_acc 0.9564, valid\_acc 0.9250, Time 00:0 3:20,lr 0.001 epoch 151, loss 1.00549, train\_acc 0.9589, valid\_acc 0.9281, Time 00:0 3:25,lr 0.001 epoch 152, loss 0.97932, train acc 0.9622, valid acc 0.9313, Time 00:0 3:29,lr 0.001 epoch 153, loss 0.98294, train\_acc 0.9609, valid\_acc 0.9287, Time 00:0 3:16,lr 0.001 epoch 154, loss 0.97573, train\_acc 0.9608, valid\_acc 0.9279, Time 00:0 3:12,lr 0.001 epoch 155, loss 0.95079, train acc 0.9650, valid acc 0.9313, Time 00:0 3:08,lr 0.001 epoch 156, loss 0.95617, train acc 0.9647, valid acc 0.9294, Time 00:0 3:09,lr 0.001 epoch 157, loss 0.96072, train acc 0.9658, valid acc 0.9312, Time 00:0 3:08,lr 0.001 epoch 158, loss 0.96697, train acc 0.9661, valid acc 0.9323, Time 00:0 3:10,lr 0.001 epoch 159, loss 0.96537, train acc 0.9680, valid acc 0.9333, Time 00:0 3:07,lr 0.001 epoch 160, loss 0.97062, train acc 0.9683, valid acc 0.9312, Time 00:0 3:10,lr 0.001 epoch 161, loss 0.95298, train\_acc 0.9687, valid acc 0.9325, Time 00:0 3:08,lr 0.001 epoch 162, loss 0.96177, train acc 0.9658, valid acc 0.9306, Time 00:0 3:09,lr 0.001 epoch 163, loss 0.95081, train acc 0.9690, valid acc 0.9339, Time 00:0 3:09,lr 0.001 epoch 164, loss 0.93594, train acc 0.9696, valid acc 0.9326, Time 00:0 3:11,lr 0.001 epoch 165, loss 0.95492, train acc 0.9687, valid acc 0.9345, Time 00:0 3:09,lr 0.001 epoch 166, loss 0.97178, train acc 0.9704, valid acc 0.9322, Time 00:0 3:08,lr 0.001 epoch 167, loss 0.95078, train acc 0.9702, valid acc 0.9324, Time 00:0 3:10,lr 0.001 epoch 168, loss 0.96071, train acc 0.9689, valid acc 0.9326, Time 00:0 3:10,lr 0.001 epoch 169, loss 0.93886, train acc 0.9710, valid acc 0.9342, Time 00:0 3:10,lr 0.001 epoch 170, loss 0.94743, train acc 0.9728, valid acc 0.9334, Time 00:0 3:11,lr 0.001

epoch 171, loss 0.94780, train\_acc 0.9717, valid\_acc 0.9340, Time 00:0 3:12,lr 0.001 epoch 172, loss 0.95980, train\_acc 0.9689, valid\_acc 0.9309, Time 00:0 3:09,lr 0.001 epoch 173, loss 0.94095, train acc 0.9727, valid acc 0.9347, Time 00:0 3:09,lr 0.001 epoch 174, loss 0.92987, train acc 0.9736, valid acc 0.9359, Time 00:0 3:09,lr 0.001 epoch 175, loss 0.95549, train\_acc 0.9696, valid\_acc 0.9308, Time 00:0 3:10,lr 0.001 epoch 176, loss 0.95595, train\_acc 0.9726, valid\_acc 0.9326, Time 00:0 3:09,lr 0.001 epoch 177, loss 0.92947, train\_acc 0.9738, valid\_acc 0.9339, Time 00:0 3:10,lr 0.001 epoch 178, loss 0.95370, train\_acc 0.9723, valid\_acc 0.9349, Time 00:0 3:08,lr 0.001 epoch 179, loss 0.93811, train acc 0.9701, valid acc 0.9328, Time 00:0 3:09,lr 0.001 epoch 180, loss 0.95937, train\_acc 0.9726, valid\_acc 0.9340, Time 00:0 3:11,lr 0.001 epoch 181, loss 0.93950, train\_acc 0.9752, valid\_acc 0.9367, Time 00:0 3:10,lr 0.001 epoch 182, loss 0.94722, train acc 0.9721, valid acc 0.9335, Time 00:0 3:12,lr 0.001 epoch 183, loss 0.93646, train\_acc 0.9719, valid\_acc 0.9325, Time 00:0 3:10,lr 0.001 epoch 184, loss 0.92570, train\_acc 0.9739, valid\_acc 0.9344, Time 00:0 3:13,lr 0.001 epoch 185, loss 0.93027, train acc 0.9747, valid acc 0.9343, Time 00:0 3:13,lr 0.001 epoch 186, loss 0.94062, train acc 0.9722, valid acc 0.9315, Time 00:0 3:12,lr 0.001 epoch 187, loss 0.92805, train acc 0.9750, valid acc 0.9347, Time 00:0 3:10,lr 0.001 epoch 188, loss 0.94461, train acc 0.9739, valid acc 0.9324, Time 00:0 3:10,lr 0.001 epoch 189, loss 0.94548, train\_acc 0.9754, valid acc 0.9353, Time 00:0 3:15,lr 0.001 epoch 190, loss 0.95523, train acc 0.9763, valid acc 0.9357, Time 00:0 3:14,lr 0.001 epoch 191, loss 0.93185, train acc 0.9758, valid acc 0.9360, Time 00:0 3:11,lr 0.001 epoch 192, loss 0.92303, train acc 0.9740, valid acc 0.9319, Time 00:0 3:13,lr 0.001 epoch 193, loss 0.93946, train acc 0.9757, valid acc 0.9315, Time 00:0 3:13,lr 0.001 epoch 194, loss 0.92639, train\_acc 0.9743, valid\_acc 0.9313, Time 00:0 3:14,lr 0.001 epoch 195, loss 0.94102, train acc 0.9752, valid acc 0.9319, Time 00:0 3:13,lr 0.001 epoch 196, loss 0.91991, train acc 0.9761, valid acc 0.9337, Time 00:0 3:13,lr 0.001 epoch 197, loss 0.94033, train acc 0.9772, valid acc 0.9347, Time 00:0 3:12,lr 0.001 epoch 198, loss 0.94253, train acc 0.9786, valid acc 0.9363, Time 00:0 3:12,lr 0.001

epoch 199, loss 0.92489, train\_acc 0.9776, valid\_acc 0.9347, Time 00:0 3:13,lr 0.001

# Classify the Testing Set and Submit Results on Kaggle

After obtaining a satisfactory model design and hyper-parameters, we use all training data sets (including validation sets) to retrain the model and classify the testing set.

After executing the above code, we will get a "submission.csv" file. The format of this file is consistent with the Kaggle competition requirements.

# **Hints to Improve Your Results**

- You should use the compete CIFAR-10 dataset to get meaningful results.
- You'd better use a GPU machine to run it, otherwise it'll be quite slow. (Please DON'T FORGET to stop or terminate your instance if you are not using it, otherwise AWS will change you)
- Change the batch\_size and number of epochs num\_epochs to 128 and 100, respectively. (It will take
  a while to run.)
- · Change to another network, such as ResNet-34 or Inception