Group Project

Submit Assignment

Due May 12 by 11:59pm **Points** 50 **Submitting** a file upload **File Types** zip

Predator-Prey Game

For this task, you need to work as a group to finish this project. First, form the project group. Then discuss frequently inside the group using whatever software you like and divide the work. You must finish the program and the report on time and submit them as a zip file on Canvas. It is challenging to work together online. Be prepared and **start early**.

Sign up for one group here.

Read first: Important group project policy

You can only join one group. Each group allows 2 to 5 students. You must sign in one group in order to get the grade. If you don't join one group under this set, even if you submit something, your project will not be graded. Please also includes all the group member names in the final report (a pdf file).

Name your zip file **by the group number** (Group1.zip, etc.), don't add other words to the name. Each group only need to submit **one copy** on Canvas. So please communicate well to avoid multiple submissions. This project is due at the end of week 6 and **doesn't allow late submission**.

After you form the group, if your group member number is less than 5 and you want to lock your group to avoid other students from joining your group, you should email me (zhangluy@oregonstate.edu) as soon as possible to get it set on Canvas. If you already join one group and you withdraw the course in the middle, you should remove yourself from the group so there will be one spot available for others to join. Group work doesn't always go well. Once you form the group and start to work, if you want to switch your group, you should inform all your group members and you can only do that **within 5 days** after the group is formed.

Last but not least, every member in the group should contribute to your group project. No free ride, please.

Requirement

In this lab, you will use cellular automata to create a **2D predator–prey simulation** in your program. The preys are ants and the predators are doodlebugs.

Rules:

Ants and doodlebugs live in a 20 * 20 grid of cells. Only one critter may occupy a cell at a time. The grid is enclosed and no critter may move off the grid. Time is simulated in steps. Each critter performs some

actions every time step.

The ants behave according to the following model:

Move: For every time step, the ants randomly move up, down, left, or right. If the neighboring cell in
the selected direction is occupied or would move the ant off the grid, then the ant stays in the current
cell.

• Breed: If an ant survives for three time steps (not been eaten by doodlebugs), at the end of the time step (i.e., after moving) the ant will breed. This is simulated by creating a new ant in an adjacent (up, down, left, or right) cell that is empty randomly. If the cell that is picked is not empty, randomly attempt to pick another one. If there is no empty cell available, no breeding occurs. Once an offspring is produced, an ant cannot produce an offspring again until it has survived three more time steps.

The doodlebugs behave according to the following model:

- Move: For every time step, the doodlebug will firstly try to move to an adjacent cell containing an ant and eat the ant (you can decide if there are several ants in the adjacent cells, how the doodlebug will choose to move). If there are no ants in adjacent cells, the doodlebug moves according to the same rules as the ant. Note that a doodlebug cannot eat other doodlebugs.
- **Breed**: If a doodlebug survives for **eigh**t time steps, at the end of the time step, it will spawn off a new doodlebug in the same manner as the ant (the Doodlebug will only breed into an empty cell).
- Starve: If a doodlebug has not eaten an ant within three time steps, at the end of the third time step it will starve and die. The doodlebug should then be removed from the grid of cells.

Create a class named **Critter** that contains data and functions **common to ants and doodlebugs**. This class should have a **virtual function** named **move** that is defined in the **derived classes of Ant and Doodlebug**. Each class will be in its own source file.

Game play:

Initialize the world with **5 doodlebugs and 100 ants**. You will randomly place them on the grid. You will prompt the user to enter the number of time steps to run.

For each time step, do the following in your program: after moves, when breeding, eating, and starving are resolved, **display the resulting grid**. Draw the world using ASCII characters of "O" for an ant, "X" for a doodlebug and blank space for an empty space (the characters should be arranged to look like a grid). The doodlebugs will **move before** the ants in each time step. When you reach the time steps entered by the user, ask them to enter another number and start to run the simulation again or to exit the program. You must maintain the state of the current grid while creating the next display.

You should use a dynamic array to represent the grid. Each array element will be a pointer to a Critter. Get your program running and tested. You should see a cyclical pattern between the population of predators and prey, although random perturbations may lead to the elimination of one or both species.

For debugging your program, you should save the random placement until you have everything else working properly. In general, "random" is bad for testing and debugging.

Extra Credit: In addition to prompting the user for the number of time steps, ask them to enter the size of the grid rows and columns, the number of ants, and the number of doodlebugs. If you did the extra credit part, you must print a line on the screen at the beginning of your program to inform the grader that you did it.

What to submit:

- Your program files (.cpp .hpp).
- The reflections document (pdf), also include the work distribution in your group.
- A makefile.
- All the files must be submitted in a zip archive.

Grading:

- Programming style 10%
- Ant class is created and works correctly 20%
- Doodlebug class is created and works correctly 20%
- Virtual move() function works correctly 20%
- Simulation runs correctly, displaying the changes for each time step 20%
- Reflection 10%
- Extra credit: Allow the user to set the grid size, # of ants, and # of Doodlebugs 10%

Group Project

Criteria	Ratings	Pts
Programming Style		F.O.:.1-
Make File, Memory Leaks, Commenting		5.0 pts
Ant Class		10.0 pts
Inherit Critter Class Override Move Breed		
Doodlebug Class		10.0 mto
Inherit Critter Class Override Move Breed and Starve		10.0 pts
Virtual Move() Function		10.0 pts
Simulation Runs Correctly		40.0 mlm
Each Step Displayed Grid is Dynamic Array		10.0 pts
Reflection		5.0 pts
EC: User Set Grid Size, # Ant, # Doodlebugs (5 pts)		0.0 pts