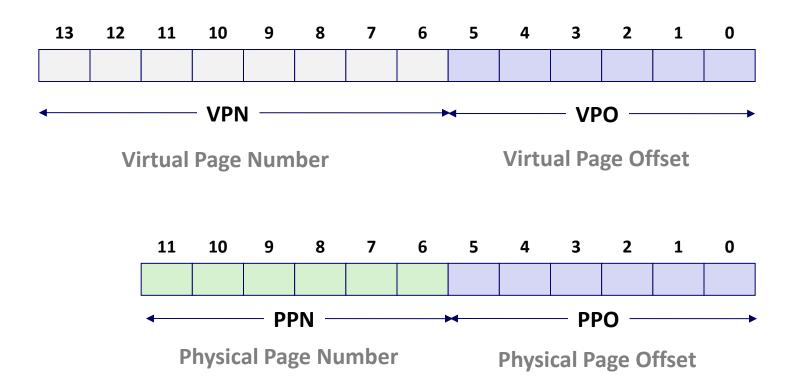
## **Section 9: Virtual Memory (VM)**

- Overview and motivation
- Indirection
- VM as a tool for caching
- Memory management/protection and address translation
- Virtual memory example

### **Simple Memory System Example**

### Addressing

- 14-bit virtual addresses
- 12-bit physical address
- Page size = 64 bytes



## **Simple Memory System Page Table**

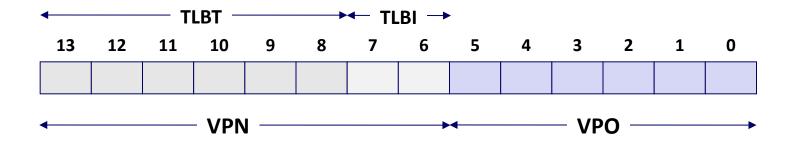
Only showing first 16 entries (out of 256)

VPN	PPN	Valid
00	28	1
01	_	0
02	33	1
03	02	1
04	_	0
05	16	1
06	_	0
07	_	0

VPN	PPN	Valid
08	13	1
09	17	1
<b>0</b> A	09	1
ОВ	_	0
ОС	_	0
0D	2D	1
0E	11	1
OF	0D	1

### **Simple Memory System TLB**

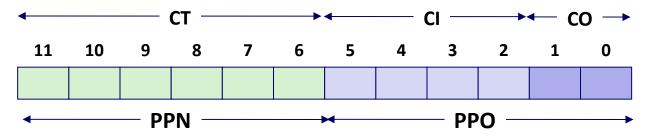
- 16 entries
- 4-way associative



Set	Tag	PPN	Valid									
0	03	_	0	09	0D	1	00	_	0	07	02	1
1	03	2D	1	02	_	0	04	_	0	0A	_	0
2	02	_	0	08	_	0	06	_	0	03	_	0
3	07	_	0	03	0D	1	0A	34	1	02	_	0

## **Simple Memory System Cache**

- 16 lines, 4-byte block size
- Physically addressed
- Direct mapped



ldx	Tag	Valid	В0	B1	B2	В3
0	19	1	99	11	23	11
1	15	0	_	_	_	-
2	1B	1	00	02	04	08
3	36	0	-	_	-	-
4	32	1	43	6D	8F	09
5	0D	1	36	72	F0	1D
6	31	0	_	_	_	_
7	16	1	11	C2	DF	03

Idx	Tag	Valid	B0	B1	B2	В3
8	24	1	3A	00	51	89
9	2D	0	_	_	_	_
Α	2D	1	93	15	DA	3B
В	0B	0	-	_	-	-
С	12	0	-	-	-	_
D	16	1	04	96	34	15
Е	13	1	83	77	1B	D3
F	14	0	_	_	_	_

# **Current state of caches/tables**

page size = 64 bytes

#### **TLB**

Set	Tag	PPN	Valid									
0	03	-	0	09	0D	1	00	-	0	07	02	1
1	03	2D	1	02	-	0	04	-	0	0A	-	0
2	02	-	0	08	-	0	06	-	0	03	-	0
3	07	-	0	03	0D	1	0A	34	1	02	-	0

VPN	PPN	Valid
00	28	1
01	-	0
02	33	1
03	02	1
04	-	0
05	16	1
06	-	0
07	-	0

VPN	PPN	Valid
08	13	1
09	17	1
0A	09	1
ОВ	-	0
OC	-	0
0D	2D	1
0E	11	1
OF	0D	1

#### Page table

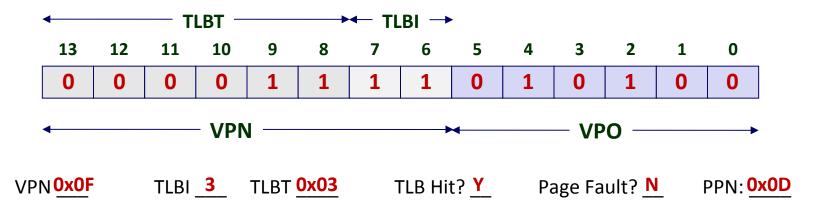
#### Cache

ldx	Tag	Valid	В0	B1	B2	В3
0	19	1	99	11	23	11
1	15	0	ı	1	ı	ı
2	1B	1	00	02	04	08
3	36	0	-	-	_	1
4	32	1	43	6D	8F	09
5	0D	1	36	72	F0	1D
6	31	0	_	. 1		-
7	16	1	11	C2	DF	03

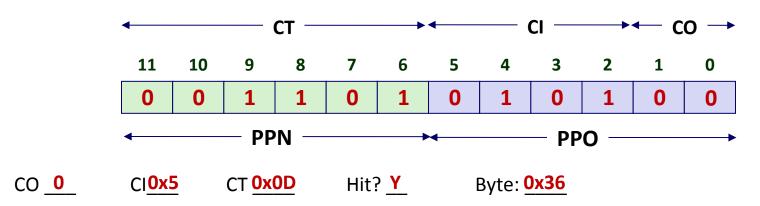
ldx	Tag	Valid	В0	B1	B2	В3
8	24	1	3A	00	51	89
9	2D	0	-	_	-	_
Α	2D	1	93	15	DA	3B
В	0B	0	_	_	_	_
С	12	0	_	_	-	-
D	16	1	04	96	34	15
Е	13	1	83	77	1B	D3
F	14	0	_	-	-	_

### **Address Translation Example #1**

Virtual Address: 0x03D4

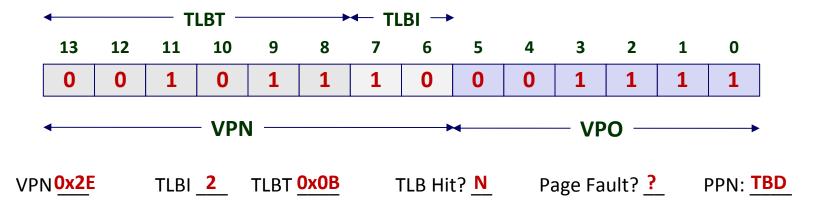


### **Physical Address**

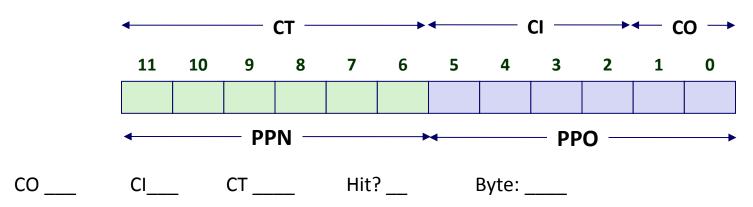


## **Address Translation Example #2**

Virtual Address: 0x0B8F

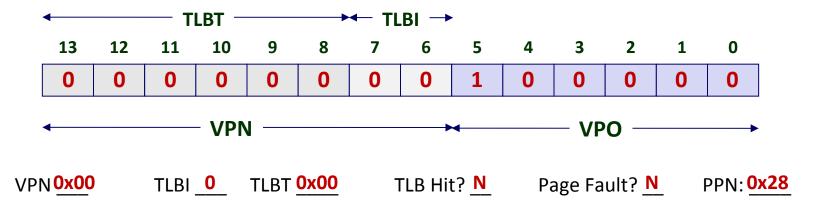


#### **Physical Address**

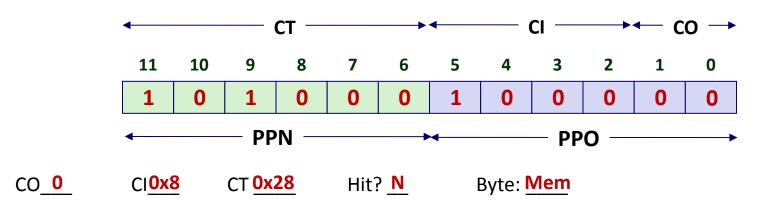


## **Address Translation Example #3**

Virtual Address: 0x0020



#### **Physical Address**



## **Summary**

#### Programmer's view of virtual memory

- Each process has its own private linear address space
- Cannot be corrupted by other processes

#### System view of virtual memory

- Uses memory efficiently by caching virtual memory pages
  - Efficient only because of locality
- Simplifies memory management and sharing
- Simplifies protection by providing a convenient interpositioning point to check permissions

### **Memory System Summary**

### ■ L1/L2 Memory Cache

- Purely a speed-up technique
- Behavior invisible to application programmer and (mostly) OS
- Implemented totally in hardware

#### Virtual Memory

- Supports many OS-related functions
  - Process creation, task switching, protection
- Software
  - Allocates/shares physical memory among processes
  - Maintains high-level tables tracking memory type, source, sharing
  - Handles exceptions, fills in hardware-defined mapping tables
- Hardware
  - Translates virtual addresses via mapping tables, enforcing permissions
  - Accelerates mapping via translation cache (TLB)