Trek4Free Ingestion Pipeline Notes

Overview: This document outlines the initial ingestion pipeline strategy for the Trek4Free project. It is designed for future troubleshooting, onboarding, or rebuilding if needed.



Current Strategy (MVP Phase)

Language: JavaScript **Platform:** Netlify Functions **Storage:** GitHub JSON (/data/trail_cards.json) **Trigger:** Manual for now (via fetch() or upload)

Pipeline Flow:

- 1. Source Identification: Identify manual or API sources like AllTrails, RIDB, USGS.
- 2. **Fetch** (optional): Use | fetch() | in Netlify function or local script to grab remote data.
- 3. **Parse**: Clean/transform data into trail_cards.json schema.
- 4. Save: Write/update the local JSON file and commit to GitHub.
- 5. **Render**: The trail-notes.html file loads and renders from trail cards.json.

∅ Benefits

- SEO-Friendly
- Low-cost (Netlify + GitHub = free)
- Fast local development
- Full control

Limitations

- No real-time updates
- · No backend DB filtering or sorting
- · Manual updates or scripted only

🔓 Future Upgrade Path

Language: Python (via Firebase Functions) Storage: Firebase Firestore (cloud NoSQL database) Pipeline Flow:

- 1. Schedule ingestion jobs via cron (e.g., daily)
- 2. Scrape/APIs into Firestore
- 3. Render | trail-notes.html | dynamically or hydrate front-end from Firestore
- 4. Enable search/filtering/sorting client-side via Firestore queries

Bonus Options:

- AI summaries, tags, trail highlights
- Weather integrations
- Community review ingestion

```
[
    "name": "Devil's Waterhole",
    "location": "Inks Lake State Park, Texas",
    "activity": "Swimming",
    "difficulty": "Easy",
    "length": "0.25 mi",
    "description": "A popular swimming and cliff-jumping spot in the Highland
Lakes.",
    "map_url": "https://example.com/devils-waterhole",
    "image_url": "images/devils-waterhole.png"
  }
]
```

Team Note: Revisit this document anytime we hit ingestion, data scale, or performance issues. This is our living roadmap.

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