## OS prac end-sem

## code

## AU1940121

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[NOTE: the code is editable and not a screen sort. It appears such because it is 1<sup>st</sup> written in VSCODE and then pasted in document]

```
Question 1:
Question 2b:
//AU1940121 Jinil
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
// Size of vector of pairs
int size;
vector<pair<int, int>> free_list[100000];
void initialize(int sz)
{
  int n = ceil(log(sz) / log(2));
  size = n + 1;
  for(int i = 0; i <= n; i++)
    free_list[i].clear();
  free_list[n].push_back(make_pair(0, sz - 1));
}
```

```
void allocate(int sz)
{
  int n = ceil(log(sz) / log(2));
  // Block available
  if (free_list[n].size() > 0)
  {
    pair<int, int> temp = free_list[n][0];
    // Remove block from free list
    free_list[n].erase(free_list[n].begin());
    cout << "Memory from " << temp.first</pre>
       << " to " << temp.second << " allocated"
       << "\n";
    mp[temp.first] = temp.second -
              temp.first + 1;
  }
  else
  {
    int i;
    for(i = n + 1; i < size; i++)
    {
       // Find block size greater than request
       if(free_list[i].size() != 0)
```

```
break;
}
if (i == size)
  cout << "Sorry, failed to allocate memory \n";</pre>
}
// If found
else
{
  pair<int, int> temp;
  temp = free_list[i][0];
  free_list[i].erase(free_list[i].begin());
  i--;
  for(; i >= n; i--)
  {
    // Divide block into twwo halves
     pair<int, int> pair1, pair2;
    pair1 = make_pair(temp.first,
               temp.first +
               (temp.second -
               temp.first) / 2);
    pair2 = make_pair(temp.first +
```

```
(temp.second -
                   temp.first + 1) / 2,
                   temp.second);
         free_list[i].push_back(pair1);
         // Push them in free list
         free_list[i].push_back(pair2);
         temp = free_list[i][0];
         // Remove first free block to
         // further split
         free_list[i].erase(free_list[i].begin());
      }
      cout << "Memory from " << temp.first</pre>
         << " to " << temp.second
         << " allocated" << "\n";
       mp[temp.first] = temp.second -
                temp.first + 1;
    }
  }
}
// Driver code
int main()
{
  initialize(128);
  allocate(32);
```

```
allocate(7);
 allocate(64);
 allocate(56);
 return 0;
}
Question 3:
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#define THREAD_NUM 8
sem_t semEmpty;
sem_t semFull;
pthread_mutex_t mutexBuffer;
int buffer[10];
int count = 0;
void* producer(void* args) {
    while (1) {
        // Produce
        int x = rand() % 100;
        sleep(1);
        // Add to the buffer
        sem_wait(&semEmpty);
        pthread_mutex_lock(&mutexBuffer);
        buffer[count] = x;
        count++;
        pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutexBuffer);
        sem_post(&semFull);
    }
```

```
void* consumer(void* args) {
    while (1) {
        int y;
        // Remove from the buffer
        sem_wait(&semFull);
        pthread_mutex_lock(&mutexBuffer);
        y = buffer[count - 1];
        count--;
        pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutexBuffer);
        sem_post(&semEmpty);
        // Consume
        printf("Got %d\n", y);
        sleep(1);
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
    srand(time(NULL));
    pthread_t th[THREAD_NUM];
    pthread_mutex_init(&mutexBuffer, NULL);
    sem_init(&semEmpty, 0, 10);
    sem_init(&semFull, 0, 0);
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < THREAD_NUM; i++) {</pre>
        if (i > 0) {
            if (pthread_create(&th[i], NULL, &producer, NULL) !=
0) {
                perror("Failed to create thread");
        } else {
            if (pthread_create(&th[i], NULL, &consumer, NULL) !=
0) {
                perror("Failed to create thread");
    for (i = 0; i < THREAD_NUM; i++) {</pre>
        if (pthread_join(th[i], NULL) != 0) {
            perror("Failed to join thread");
    sem_destroy(&semEmpty);
```

```
sem_destroy(&semFull);
pthread_mutex_destroy(&mutexBuffer);
return 0;
}
```