Astha Patel - AU1940312 CSE-332 : Operating System Section-2 End sem Lab exam - Code

Question 1 (b):

Code:

```
// ASTHA PATEL - AU1940312
//QUESTION 1 (b)
#include <pthread.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
pthread mutex t mutex = PTHREAD MUTEX INITIALIZER;
pthread cond t* cond = NULL;
int threads;
volatile int cnt = 0;
void* foo(void* arg) //to synchronize threads
  int turn = *(int*)arg; //to identify thread
    pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
    if (turn != cnt) //which thread to enter into critical action
       // put all thread except one thread in waiting
       // state
       pthread cond wait(&cond[turn], &mutex);
```

```
printf("%d", turn + 1);
     if (cnt < threads - 1) //thread schedular
       cnt++;
     else
       cnt = 0;
     pthread cond signal(&cond[cnt]);
     pthread mutex unlock(&mutex);
  return NULL;
}
int main()
  pthread t* tid;
  volatile int i;
  int* arr;
  printf("\nEnter number of threads: ");
  scanf("%d", &threads);
  // allocate memory to cond (conditional variable),
  // thread id's and array of size threads
  cond = (pthread_cond_t*)malloc(sizeof(pthread_cond_t)
                      * threads);
  tid = (pthread t*)malloc(sizeof(pthread t) * threads);
  arr = (int*)malloc(sizeof(int) * threads);
  // Initialize cond(conditional variable)
  for (int i = 0; i < threads; i++) {
```

```
if (pthread_cond_init(&cond[i], NULL) != 0) {
    perror("pthread_cond_init() error");
    exit(1);
}

// create threads
for (i = 0; i < threads; i++)
{
    arr[i] = i;
    pthread_create(&tid[i], NULL, foo, (void*)&arr[i]);
}

// wait for thread
for (i = 0; i < threads; i++)
{
    pthread_join(tid[i], NULL);
}

return 0;
}</pre>
```

Question 2 (a):

Code:

ROUND ROBIN

```
//ASTHA PATEL - AU1940312
//QUESTION-2 (a)
//ROUND ROBIN

#include<stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int i, limit, total = 0, x, counter = 0, time_quantum;
    int WT = 0, TAT = 0, AT[10], BT[10], temp[10];
    float average_wait_time, average_turnaround_time;
```

```
printf("Enter total number of processes:");
scanf("%d", &limit);
x = limit;
printf("\nPROCESS DETAILS ");
printf("\n-----");
for(i = 0; i < limit; i++)
   printf("\n Process: \%d", i + 1);
   printf("\nArrival Time: ");
   scanf("%d", &AT[i]);
   printf("Burst Time: ");
   scanf("%d", &BT[i]);
   temp[i] = BT[i];
   printf("\n----");
}
printf("\nTime Quantum: ");
scanf("%d", &time quantum);
printf("\n-----");
printf("\nProcess ID \t Burst Time \t Turnaround Time \t Waiting Time \n");
for(total = 0, i = 0; x != 0;)
  if(temp[i] \leq time quantum && temp[i] > 0)
      total = total + temp[i];
      temp[i] = 0;
```

```
counter = 1;
   else if(temp[i] > 0)
       temp[i] = temp[i] - time quantum;
       total = total + time_quantum;
   }
   if(temp[i] == 0 \&\& counter == 1)
       X--;
       printf("\n\%d\t\t\%d\t\t\%d", i + 1, BT[i], total - AT[i], total - AT[i] - BT[i]);
       WT = WT + total - AT[i] - BT[i];
       TAT = TAT + total - AT[i];
       counter = 0;
   }
   if(i == limit - 1)
    {
       i = 0;
   else if(AT[i + 1] \le total)
       i++;
   else
       i = 0;
}
average wait time = WT * 1.0 / limit;
average turnaround time = TAT * 1.0 / limit;
printf("\n\nAverage Waiting Time: %f", average wait time);
printf("\nAverage Turnaround Time: %f\n", average turnaround time);
return 0;
```

}

MODIFIED ROUND ROBIN

```
//ASTHA PATEL - AU1940312
//QUESTION-2 (a)
//Modified RR
#include<stdio.h>
struct process
  int WT,AT,BT,TAT,PT;
};
struct process a[10];
int main()
  int n,temp[10],t,count=0,short p;
  float total WT=0,total TAT=0,Avg WT,Avg TAT;
  printf("Enter total number of the processes: ");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("\nEnter the arrival time,burst time and priority of the process");
  printf("\n----");
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    printf("\n Process: \%d", i + 1);
      printf("\nArrival Time: ");
       scanf("%d", &a[i].AT);
      printf("Burst Time: ");
       scanf("%d", &a[i].BT);
      printf("Priority: ");
      scanf("%d", &a[i].PT);
```

```
// copying the burst time in
  // a temp array fot futher use
  temp[i]=a[i].BT;
}
a[9].PT=10000;
for(t=0;count!=n;t++)
  short p=9;
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    if(a[short p].PT>a[i].PT && a[i].AT<=t && a[i].BT>0)
     {
       short_p=i;
  a[short_p].BT=a[short_p].BT-1;
  if(a[short p].BT==0) // if any process is completed
     count++; // one process is completed : count is incremented
    a[short p].WT=t+1-a[short p].AT-temp[short p];
    a[short p].TAT=t+1-a[short p].AT;
    // total calculation
    total WT=total WT+a[short p].WT;
    total_TAT=total_TAT+a[short_p].TAT;
Avg WT=total WT/n;
Avg_TAT=total_TAT/n;
// printing of the answer
```

```
printf("\nProcess ID \t Burst Time \t Turnaround Time \t");
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
{
    printf("\n%d\t\t%d\t\t%d",i+1,a[i].WT,a[i].TAT);
}

printf("\n-----");
printf("\nAverage waiting time %f\n",Avg_WT);
printf("\nAverage turnaround time %f\n",Avg_TAT);

return 0;
}</pre>
```

Question 3:

Code:

PRODUCER-CONSUMER PROBLEM

for(int i = 0; i < MaxItems; i++) {

```
//ASTHA PATEL - AU1940312
//QUESTION 3
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#define MaxItems 5 // Max items a producer can produce/consumer can consume
#define BufferSize 5 // Size of the buffer
sem_t empty;
sem_t full;
int in = 0;
int out = 0;
int buffer[BufferSize];
pthread mutex t mutex;
void *producer(void *p no)
  int item;
```

```
item = rand(); // Produces a random item
    sem wait(&empty);
    pthread mutex lock(&mutex);
    buffer[in] = item;
    printf("Producer %d: Insert Item %d at %d\n", *((int *)p no),buffer[in],in);
     in = (in+1)\%BufferSize;
    pthread mutex unlock(&mutex);
    sem post(&full);
  }
}
void *consumer(void *c no)
  for(int i = 0; i < MaxItems; i++) {
    sem wait(&full);
    pthread mutex lock(&mutex);
    int item = buffer[out];
    printf("Consumer %d: Remove Item %d from %d\n",*((int *)c no),item, out);
    out = (out+1)%BufferSize;
    pthread mutex unlock(&mutex);
    sem post(&empty);
  }
}
int main()
  pthread t pro[5],con[5];
  pthread mutex init(&mutex, NULL);
  sem init(&empty,0,BufferSize);
  sem init(&full,0,0);
  int a[5] = \{1,2,3,4,5\}; //Just used for numbering the producer and consumer
  for(int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    pthread create(&pro[i], NULL, (void *)producer, (void *)&a[i]);
  for(int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    pthread create(&con[i], NULL, (void *)consumer, (void *)&a[i]);
  }
```

```
for(int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    pthread_join(pro[i], NULL);
}
for(int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    pthread_join(con[i], NULL);
}

pthread_mutex_destroy(&mutex);
sem_destroy(&empty);
sem_destroy(&full);
return 0;
}</pre>
```