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Q1.Print the following Pattern : A 1 a B 2 b C 3 c ... Y 25 y Z 26 z B. Multithreads

```
Code:
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<pthread.h>
#include<time.h>
pthread_t tid[3];
pthread_mutex_t mutex;
unsigned int rc;
//prototypes for callback functions
int upper Case = 65;
int lowerCase = 97;
int number = 1;
int flag = 0;
void* PrintCapitalAlpabets(void*);
void* PrintLowerNumber(void*);
void* PrintNumber(void*);
void main(void)
  pthread_create(&tid[0],0,&PrintCapitalAlpabets,0);
  pthread_create(&tid[1],0,&PrintNumber,0);
  pthread_create(&tid[2],0,&PrintLowerNumber,0);
 //sleep(3);
  pthread_join(tid[0],NULL);
  pthread_join(tid[1],NULL);
  pthread_join(tid[2],NULL);
}
```

```
void* PrintCapitalAlpabets(void *ptr)
  rc = pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
  while(upperCase<=90)
  if(flag%3==0){
      printf("%c ",upperCase);
             upperCase++;
             flag++;
   }
  else{
      rc=pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
void* PrintLowerNumber(void* ptr1)
  rc = pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
  while(lowerCase<=122)
   if(flag%3==2){
   printf("%c ",lowerCase);
             lowerCase++;
             flag++;
   else{
      rc=pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
void* PrintNumber(void* ptr1)
```

Q2. Describe and implement any one of the following
B. Describe the Buddy's Algorithm for Memory Allocation and
Deallocation along with an example and implement it in C or C++.

Code:

```
/*AU1940118
Raj Gariwala*/
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int size;
vector<pair<int, int>> arr[100000];
map<int, int> mp;
void Buddy(int s)
{
int n = ceil(log(s) / log(2));
size = n + 1;
```

```
for(int i = 0; i \le n; i++)
arr[i].clear();
arr[n].push_back(make_pair(0, s - 1));
void allocate(int s)
int x = ceil(log(s) / log(2));
if (arr[x].size() > 0)
pair<int, int> temp = arr[x][0];
arr[x].erase(arr[x].begin());
cout << "Memory from " << temp.first</pre>
<< " to " << temp.second
<< " allocated" << "\n";
mp[temp.first] = temp.second - temp.first + 1;
}
else
int i;
for(i = x + 1; i < size; i++)
if (arr[i].size() != 0)
break;
if (i == size)
cout << "Sorry, failed to allocate memory\n";</pre>
```

```
else
pair<int, int> temp;
temp = arr[i][0];
arr[i].erase(arr[i].begin());
i---;
for(;i >= x; i--)
pair<int, int> pair1, pair2;
pair1 = make_pair(temp.first, temp.first + (temp.second - temp.first) / 2);
pair2 = make_pair(temp.first + (temp.second - temp.first + 1) / 2, temp.second);
arr[i].push_back(pair1);
arr[i].push_back(pair2);
temp = arr[i][0];
arr[i].erase(arr[i].begin());
cout << "Memory from " << temp.first
<< " to " << temp.second
<< " allocate" << "\n";
mp[temp.first] = temp.second -
temp.first + 1;
void deallocate(int id)
if(mp.find(id) == mp.end())
cout << "Sorry, invalid free request\n";</pre>
return;
```

```
}
int n = ceil(log(mp[id]) / log(2));
int i, buddyNumber, buddyAddress;
arr[n].push_back(make_pair(id,
id + pow(2, n) - 1);
cout << "Memory block from " << id
<< " to "<< id + pow(2, n) - 1
<< " freed\n";
buddyNumber = id / mp[id];
if (buddyNumber \% 2 != 0)
buddyAddress = id - pow(2, n);
else
buddyAddress = id + pow(2, n);
for(i = 0; i < arr[n].size(); i++)
if (arr[n][i].first == buddyAddress)
{
if (buddyNumber \% 2 == 0)
arr[n + 1].push_back(make_pair(id,
id + 2 * (pow(2, n) - 1)));
cout << "Coalescing of blocks starting at "
<< id << " and " << buddyAddress
<< " was done" << "\n";
else
arr[n + 1].push_back(make_pair(
buddyAddress, buddyAddress +
2 * (pow(2, n)));
```

```
cout << "Coalescing of blocks starting at "
<< buddyAddress << " and "
<< id << " was done" << "\n";
arr[n].erase(arr[n].begin() + i);
arr[n].erase(arr[n].begin() +
arr[n].size() - 1);
break;
mp.erase(id);
// Driver code
int main()
{
Buddy(128);
allocate(16);
allocate(16);
allocate(16);
allocate(16);
deallocate(0);
deallocate(9);
deallocate(32);
deallocate(16);
return 0;
```

Q3. Describe what is Producer Consumer Problem and its solution in detail using Semaphores and Mutex and implement it in ${\bf C}$.

Code:

```
/*AU1940118
Raj Gariwala*/
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MaxItems 5
#define BufferSize 5
sem_t empty;
sem_t full;
int in = 0;
int out = 0;
int buffer[BufferSize];
pthread_mutex_t mutex;
void *producer(void *pno)
  int item;
  for(int i = 0; i < MaxItems; i++) {
    item = rand();
    sem_wait(&empty);
    pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
    buffer[in] = item;
    printf("Producer %d: Insert Item %d at %d\n", *((int *)pno),buffer[in],in);
    in = (in+1)\% BufferSize;
    pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
    sem_post(&full);
  }
}
void *consumer(void *cno)
  for(int i = 0; i < MaxItems; i++) {
    sem_wait(&full);
    pthread_mutex_lock(&mutex);
    int item = buffer[out];
    printf("Consumer %d: Remove Item %d from %d\n",*((int *)cno),item, out);
    out = (out+1)%BufferSize;
    pthread_mutex_unlock(&mutex);
    sem_post(&empty);
  }
}
int main()
```

```
{
  pthread_t pro[5],con[5];
  pthread_mutex_init(&mutex, NULL);
  sem_init(&empty,0,BufferSize);
  sem_init(&full,0,0);
  int a[5] = \{1,2,3,4,5\};
  for(int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    pthread_create(&pro[i], NULL, (void *)producer, (void *)&a[i]);
  for(int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    pthread_create(&con[i], NULL, (void *)consumer, (void *)&a[i]);
  }
  for(int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    pthread_join(pro[i], NULL);
  for(int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
    pthread_join(con[i], NULL);
  }
  pthread_mutex_destroy(&mutex);
  sem_destroy(&empty);
  sem_destroy(&full);
  return 0;
```