





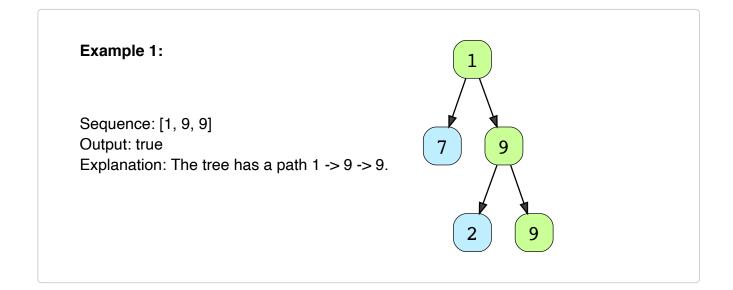
Path With Given Sequence (medium)

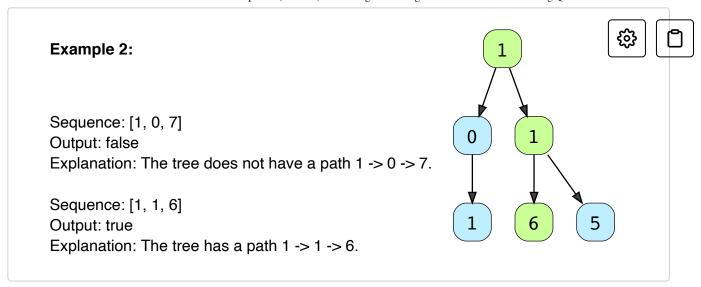
We'll cover the following

- Problem Statement
- Try it yourself
- Solution
- Code
 - Time complexity
 - Space complexity

Problem Statement

Given a binary tree and a number sequence, find if the sequence is present as a root-to-leaf path in the given tree.





Try it yourself

Try solving this question here:

```
👙 Java
            Python3
                         JS JS
                                     ○ C++
    class TreeNode:
 1
 2
      def __init__(self, val, left=None, right=None)
         self.val = val
 3
         self.left = left
 4
        self.right = right
 5
 6
 7
    def find_path(root, sequence):
 8
      # TODO: Write your code here
 9
      if not root:
10
         return len(sequence)==0
11
12
      return find_path_recursive(root,0,sequence)
13
    def find_path_recursive(node,index,sequence):
15
      if not node:
         return False
16
      seqLen = len(sequence)
17
      if index >= seqLen or node.val != sequence[inc
18
19
         return False
      if not node.left and not node.right and index
20
21
         return True
22
      return find_path_recursive(node.left,index+1,s
23
    def main():
24
```

Solution

This problem follows the Binary Tree Path Sum

(https://www.educative.io/collection/page/5668639101419520/5671464854355 968/5642684278505472/) pattern. We can follow the same **DFS** approach and additionally, track the element of the given sequence that we should match with the current node. Also, we can return false as soon as we find a mismatch between the sequence and the node value.

Code

Here is what our algorithm will look like:

```
👙 Java
            Python3
                         G C++
                                      JS JS
    class TreeNode:
 2
       def __init__(self, val, left=None, right=None)
 3
         self.val = val
 4
         self.left = left
 5
         self.right = right
 6
 7
 8
    def find_path(root, sequence):
       if not root:
```

```
Path With Given Sequence (medium) - Grokking the Coding Interview: Patterns for Coding Questions
10
          return len(sequence) == 0
11
12
      •return•find_path_recursive(root, •sequence, •0)
13
14
     def find_path_recursive(currentNode, sequence, s
15
16
17
       if currentNode is None:
          return False
18
19
20
       seqLen = len(sequence)
21
       if sequenceIndex >= seqLen or currentNode.val
22
          return False
23
24
       # if the current node is a leaf, add it is the
25
       if currentNode.left is None and currentNode.ri
26
          return True
27
28
       # recursively call to traverse the left and ri
                                                                                   []
 \triangleright
                                                                   \leftarrow
                                                                                  X
Output
                                                                             0.13s
 Tree has path sequence: False
 Tree has path sequence: True
```

Time complexity

The time complexity of the above algorithm is O(N), where 'N' is the total number of nodes in the tree. This is due to the fact that we traverse each node once.

Space complexity

The space complexity of the above algorithm will be O(N) in the worst case. This space will be used to store the recursion stack. The worst case will happen when the given tree is a linked list (i.e., every node has only one

child).





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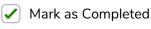






Sum of Path Numbers (medium)

Count Paths for a Sum (medium)



 ? Ask a Question

(https://discuss.educative.io/tag/path-with-given-sequence-medium_pattern-tree-depth-first-search_grokking-the-coding-interview-patterns-for-coding-questions)