



Conflicting Appointments (medium)

We'll cover the following



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Problem Statement

Given an array of intervals representing 'N' appointments, find out if a person can **attend all the appointments**.

Example 1:

Appointments: `[[1,4], [2,5], [7,9]]`

Output: `false`

Explanation: Since `[1,4]` and `[2,5]` overlap, a person cannot attend both of these appointments.

Example 2:

Appointments: [[6,7], [2,4], [8,12]]

Output: true

Explanation: None of the appointments overlap, therefore a person can attend all of them.



Example 3:

Appointments: [[4,5], [2,3], [3,6]]

Output: false

Explanation: Since [4,5] and [3,6] overlap, a person cannot attend both of these appointments.

Try it yourself

Try solving this question here:

Java

Python3

JS

C++

```
1 def can_attend_all_appointments(intervals):
2     # TODO: Write your code here
3     if len(intervals)<2:
4         return True
5     # sort
6     intervals.sort(key=lambda x:x[0])
7     # iterate
8     # find overlap - start > next.end
9     for i in range(1,len(intervals)):
10         if intervals[i][0]<intervals[i-1][1]:
11             return False
12     return True
13
14
15
16
17 def main():
18     print("Can attend all appointments: " + str(can_attend_all_appointments([6,7], [2,4], [8,12])))
19     print("Can attend all appointments: " + str(can_attend_all_appointments([4,5], [2,3], [3,6])))
20     print("Can attend all appointments: " + str(can_attend_all_appointments([10,12], [7,9], [4,5], [2,3], [1,4])))
21
22
```



```
23 main()
24
```



Output

0.45s

```
Can attend all appointments: False
Can attend all appointments: True
Can attend all appointments: False
```

Solution

The problem follows the Merge Intervals

(<https://www.educative.io/collection/page/5668639101419520/5671464854355968/5652017242439680/>) pattern. We can sort all the intervals by start time and then check if any two intervals overlap. A person will not be able to attend all appointments if any two appointments overlap.

Code

Here is what our algorithm will look like:

Java

Python3

C++

JS

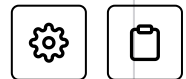
```
1 def can_attend_all_appointments(intervals):
2     intervals.sort(key=lambda x: x[0])
3     start, end = 0, 1
4     for i in range(1, len(intervals)):
5         if intervals[i][start] < intervals[i-1][end]
6             # please note the comparison above, it is
7             # while merging we needed "<=" comparison,
8             # intervals having condition "intervals[i]
9             # such intervals don't represent conflict
```



```

9      # such intervals don't represent conflicts
10     # after the other
11     return False
12     return True
13
14
15 def main():
16     print("Can attend all appointments: " + str(canAttendAllAppointments(intervals)))
17     print("Can attend all appointments: " + str(canAttendAllAppointments(intervals)))
18     print("Can attend all appointments: " + str(canAttendAllAppointments(intervals)))
19
20
21 main()
22

```



Time complexity

The time complexity of the above algorithm is $O(N * \log N)$, where 'N' is the total number of appointments. Though we are iterating the intervals only once, our algorithm will take $O(N * \log N)$ since we need to sort them in the beginning.

Space complexity

The space complexity of the above algorithm will be $O(N)$, which we need for sorting. For Java, `Arrays.sort()` uses Timsort (<https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Timsort>), which needs $O(N)$ space.

Similar Problems

Problem 1: Given a list of appointments, find all the conflicting appointments.

Example:

Appointments: `[[4,5], [2,3], [3,6], [5,7], [7,8]]`



Output:

`[4,5]` and `[3,6]` conflict.

`[3,6]` and `[5,7]` conflict.

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Intervals Intersection (medium)

Problem Challenge 1



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an Issue



Ask a Question

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