```
tomato
3  → m = 3 .The size of the soldPrice
array
15.00  → soldPrice =[15, 300.90,10.00]
300.90
10.00
```

Sample Output 1

1

Explanation 1

Given the following:

- products = ["chocolate", "cheese", "tomato"]
- productPrices = [15.00, 300.90, 23.44]
- productSold = ["chocolate", "cheese", "tomato"]
- soldPrice = [15.00, 300.90, 10.00]

Only the *tomato* sale does not match the price list. So, the number of sale prices that were entered incorrectly is 1.

Question - 2 The Robot Class

We need a *Robot* class that can move around on a two dimensional plane. It needs to be able to change its position, report its position and report its last move as described below. Implement a *Robot* class per the following specifications:

Fields			
Data Type	Name	Description	
integer	currentX	The robot's current x-coordinate in the 2D plane.	
integer	currentY	The robot's current y-coordinate in the 2D plane.	
integer	previousX	The robot's x-coordinate in the 2D plane prior to its most recent movement.	
integer	previousY	The robot's y- coordinate in the 2D plane prior to its most recent movement.	

Note: The robot's initial location is at (x, y) coordinate (0, 5).

Parameterized Constructor				

Data Type	Param. Name	Description
integer	х	The value of currentX for the new Robot.
integer	У	The value of currentY for the new Robot.

Note: The robot created by this constructor is considered to have spawned at (0, 5) and moved to (currentX, currentY) so (previousX, previousY) starts as (0, 5).

		Methods		
Return Typ	eMethod Na	mæram. Typ	e Param. Na	m © escriptio
void	moveX	integer	dx	Move the robot from current position (x, y) to new position $(x + dx, y)$. Remembe r to maintain previousX.
void	moveY	integer	dy	Move the robot from current position (x, y) to new position (x, y + dy). Remembe r to maintain previous Y.
void	printCurr	ent ũo o pdí r	ameeers	Print two space- separated integers describin g the robot's current x and y coordinat es.

void	printLast	Coordinatemeters	Print two space-separated integers describin g the robot's previous Y coordinat es. This will be called after the robot has moved from position (0, 5) at least once.
void	printLast	Moveo parameters	Print two space-separated values describin g the robot's most recent movemen t: • If the last move Was move X(dx), print x dx where x is the actual l character x and dx is the distance move d in the x-direction

durin g the last call to move Χ. • If the last move was move Y(dy), print y dy wher e y is the actua l chara cter y and dy is the dista nce move d in the ydirec tion durin g the last call to move Υ.

The code provided has a complete definition for a main method that creates *Robot* objects and tests the class' methods. Implement the *Robot* class according to the criteria above to pass all test cases.

Constraints

• $-100 \le x$, y, dx, $dy \le 100$

▼ Input Format for Custom Testing

Input from stdin will be processed as follows and passed to the *Robot* class' constructor and methods.

The first line contains an integer x. The second line contains an integer y. The next line contains an integer dx. The last line contains an integer dy.

▼ Sample Case 0

Sample Input 0

2			
1			
1			
1			

Sample Output 0

```
0 5
2 1
x 1
3 1
3 1
x 2
5 2
5 2
```

Explanation 0

- The *firstRobot* object is initially at position (0, 5), so the call to *firstRobot.printCurrentCoordinates()* prints 0 5.
- For the secondRobot object created with the parameterized constructor, it was created and moved from (0, 5) → (2, 1) so secondRobot.printCurrentCoordinates() prints 2 1. Next, we call the following sequence of methods on the secondRobot object:
 - 1. secondRobot.moveX(1) moves the robot 1 unit from $(2, 1) \rightarrow (3, 1)$.
 - 2. secondRobot.printLastMove() prints x 1 as its last movement was moveX(1).
 - 3. secondRobot.printCurrentCoordinates() prints 3 1 because it moved from (2, 1) \rightarrow (3, 1).
 - 4. secondRobot.moveY(1) moves the robot 1 unit from (3, 1) \rightarrow (3, 2).
 - 5. secondRobot.printLastCoordinates() prints 3 1 because its last movement was $(3, 1) \rightarrow (3, 2)$, so the coordinates of its last location prior to the movement was (3, 1).
 - At this point, test code adds 1 to $dx \Rightarrow dx = 2$ and subtracts 1 from $dy \Rightarrow dy = 0$.
 - 6. secondRobot.moveX(2) moves the robot from the $(3, 2) \rightarrow (5, 2)$.
 - 7. secondRobot.printLastMove() prints x 2 as its last movement was moveX(2).
 - 8. secondRobot.printCurrentCoordinates() prints 5 2 because it moved from $(3, 2) \rightarrow (5, 2)$.
 - 9. secondRobot.moveY(0) moves the robot 0 units from $(5, 2) \rightarrow (5, 2)$.
 - 10. secondRobot.printLastCoordinates() prints 5 2 because its last movement was $(5, 2) \rightarrow (5, 2)$.

Question - 3

Which is the right answer to the following?