#### Number of Moves

Given a chess board of n rows (top to bottom) and n columns (left to right). In each move, a knight moves either:

- *2* column positions and 1 row position
- 2 row positions and 1 column position

In other words, a move is 2 steps along one axis and 1 step along a perpendicular axis.

Given a starting position A and ending position B, calculate the minimum number of moves needed by the knight to move from A to B if it is possible. If it is not possible, return -1.

#### Example

```
n = 9

startRow = 4

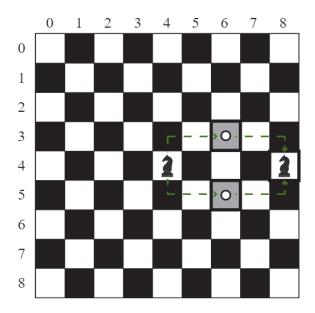
startCol = 4

endRow = 4

endCol = 8
```

The chess board has a size of  $9 \times 9$ .

- Starts at the position (startRow, startCol) = (4, 4).
- Move 1 step up or down, then 2 steps right to reach either the position (3, 6) or (5,6).
- Move 2 steps right and 1 step down or up as necessary to reach the position (4,8).
- The minimum number of moves to move from the position (4, 4) to the position (4, 8) is 2.



#### **Function Description**

Complete the function *minMoves* in the editor below.

minMoves has the following parameters:

int n: the width and height of the square board

int startRow: the row of the starting location

int startCol: the column of the starting location

int endRow: the row of the target location

int endCol: the column of the target location

#### Returns:

*int:* a single integer that denotes the number of moves required or -1 if it is not possible to reach the target location.

#### **Constraints**

- $4 \le n \le 150$
- $0 \le startRow$ , startCol, endRow, endCol < n

**Input Format For Custom Testing** 

The first line of input contains an integer n.

The next 4 lines contain the integer values *startRow*, *startCol*, *endRow*, and *endCol*. Sample Case 0

### **Sample Input For Custom Testing**

```
STDIN Function

----

10 \rightarrow n = 10

0 \rightarrow startRow = 0

0 \rightarrow startCol = 0

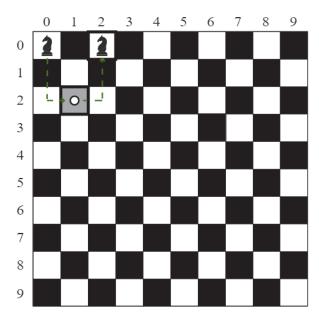
0 \rightarrow endRow = 0

2 \rightarrow endCol = 2
```

### **Sample Output**

2

## **Explanation**



The chessboard is of size  $10 \times 10$ .

- Start at the position (0, 0).
- Move 2 steps down and 1 step right to reach the position (2, 1).
- Move 1 step right and 2 steps up to reach the position (0, 2).
- The minimum number of moves to move from the position (0, 0) to the position (0, 2) is 2.

### Sample Case 1

# **Sample Input For Custom Testing**

```
STDIN Function
-----
6 → n = 6
5 → startRow = 5
1 → startCol = 1
```

```
0 \rightarrow \text{endRow} = 0
```

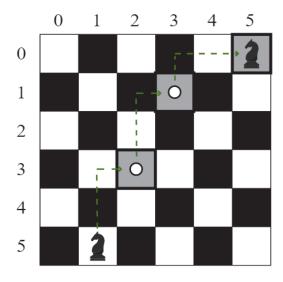
$$5 \rightarrow \text{endCol} = 5$$

## **Sample Output**

3

### **Explanation**

The chessboard is of size 6 x 6.



- Start at the position (5, 1).
- Move 2 steps up and 1 right to position (3, 2).
- Move 2 steps up and 1 right to position (1, 3).
- Move 1 step up and 2 steps right to reach the position (0, 5).
- The minimum number of moves to move from the position (5, 1) to the position (0, 5) is 3.