

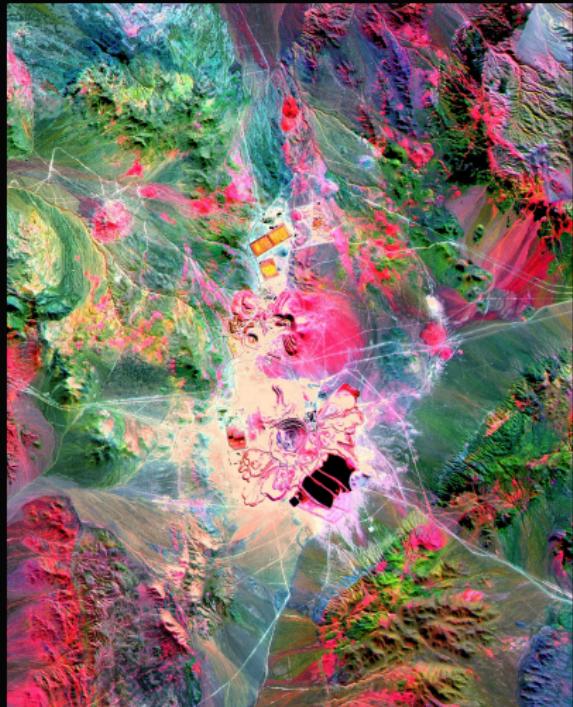
# COAL: Coal and Open-pit surface mining impacts on American Lands

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Xiaomei Wang  
Group 18

CS 462: Senior Capstone Winter 2017  
Oregon State University

# Introduction

- Team Name: COAL  
(Coal and Open-pit surface mining impacts on American Lands)
- Team Members: Taylor Alexander Brown, Heidi Ann Clayton, and Xiaomei Wang
- Client: Dr. Lewis John McGibbney
- Organization: Jet Propulsion Laboratory



Infrared imagery of a mine [1]

# Goal

- Algorithm
  - Mineral Training and Classification
  - Mine Identification Training and Classification
  - Environmental Correlation
  - Temporal Analysis
- Free Library, Documentation, and Data
- Case Study
- Public Results
  - Website
  - Publication



Open-pit mine [2]

# What

- Input
  - Imaging Spectroscopy Data
  - GIS Environmental Data
- Algorithm processing pipeline
- Output
  - Analyze
  - Visualize

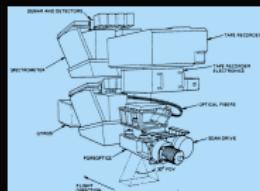


# Definitions

- Bitmap
- Imaging Spectroscopy
- AVIRIS:  
Airborne  
Visible/Infrared  
Imaging  
Spectrometer



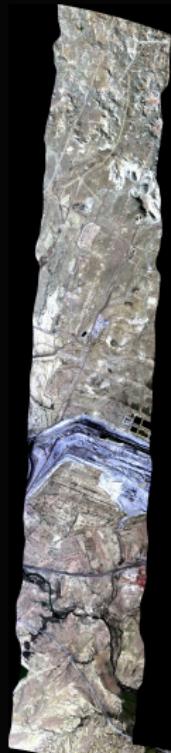
AVIRIS illustration [3]



AVIRIS instrument [4]



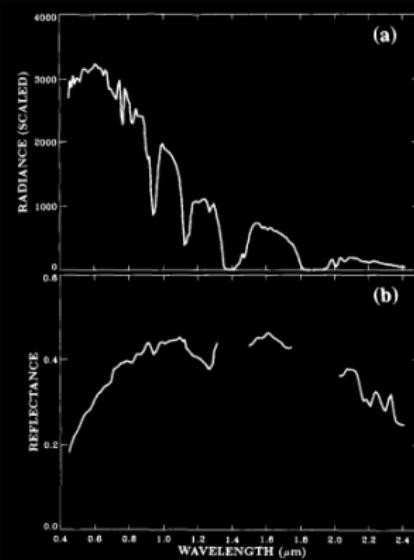
AVIRIS aboard a plane [5]



AVIRIS flight line

# Identify Minerals

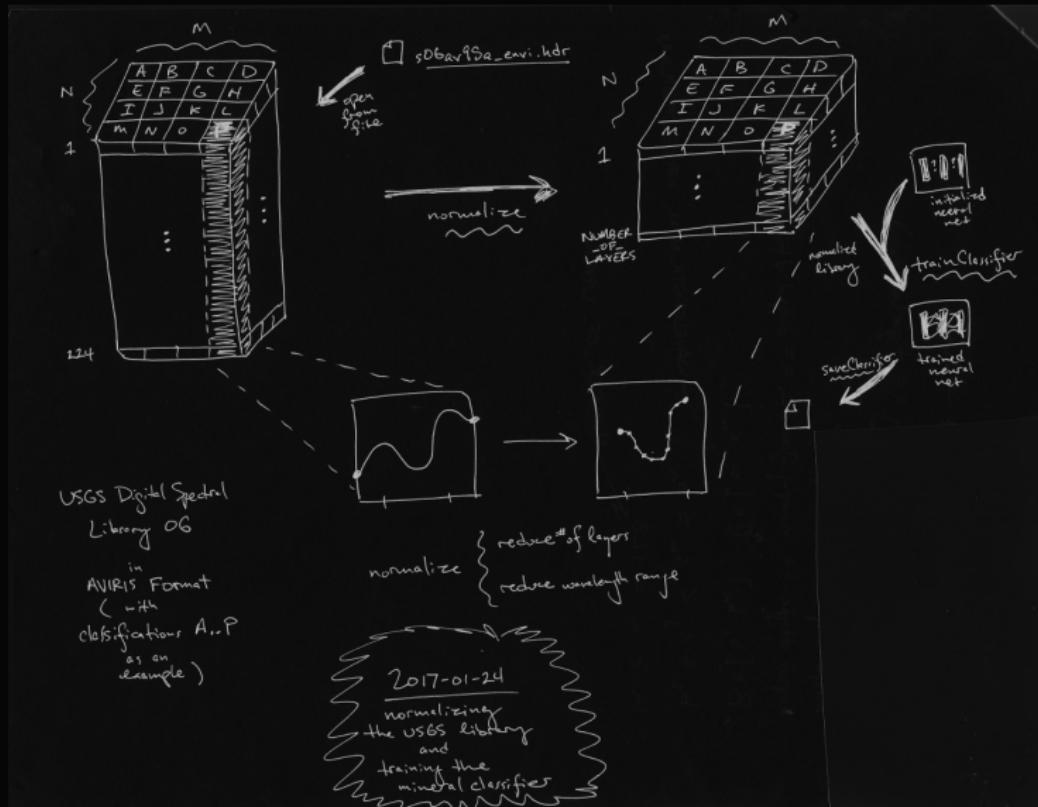
- Minerals have unique signatures
- Spectral Python [6]
- Training with Spectral Libraries
  - USGS Digital Spectral Library 06
  - ASTER
- Classification with Neural Networks



Example AVIRIS mineral spectrum [7]

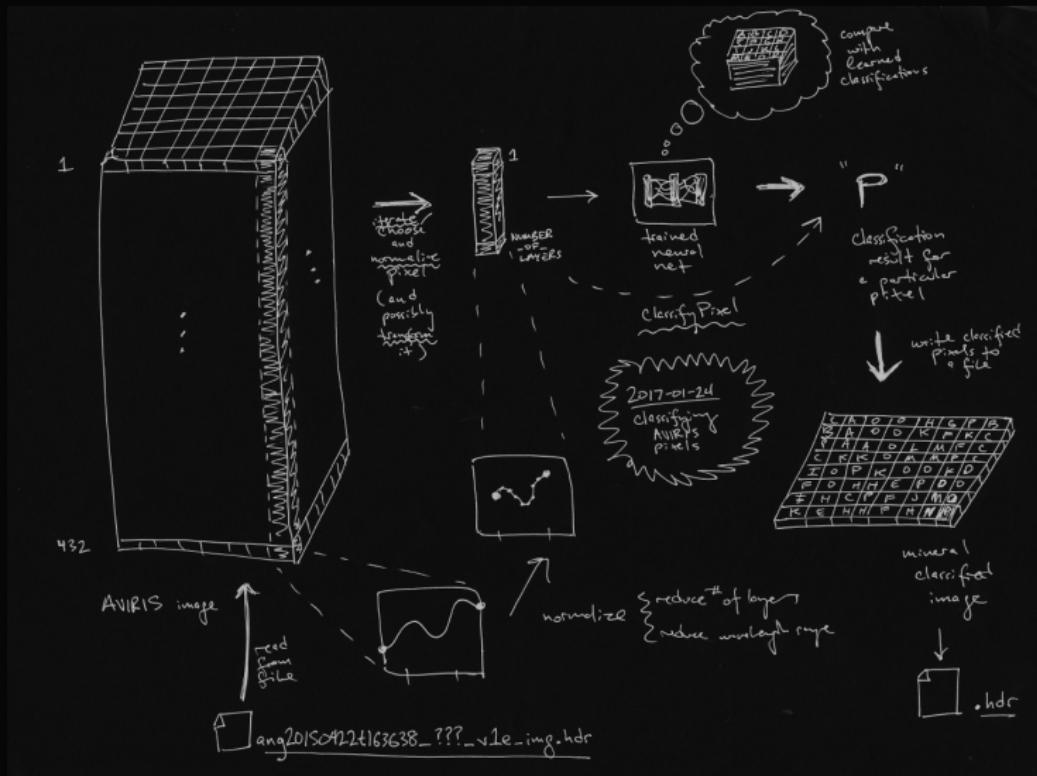
# Identify Minerals

## Training



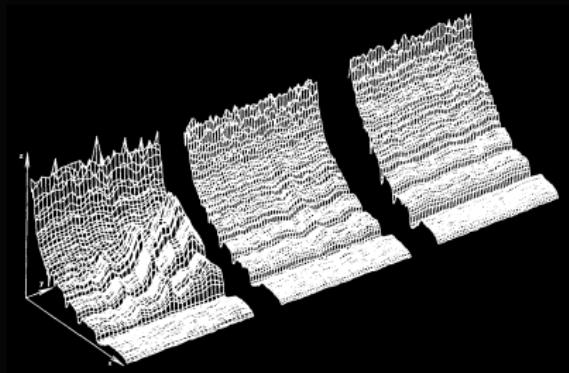
# Identify Minerals

## Classification



# Identify Mining

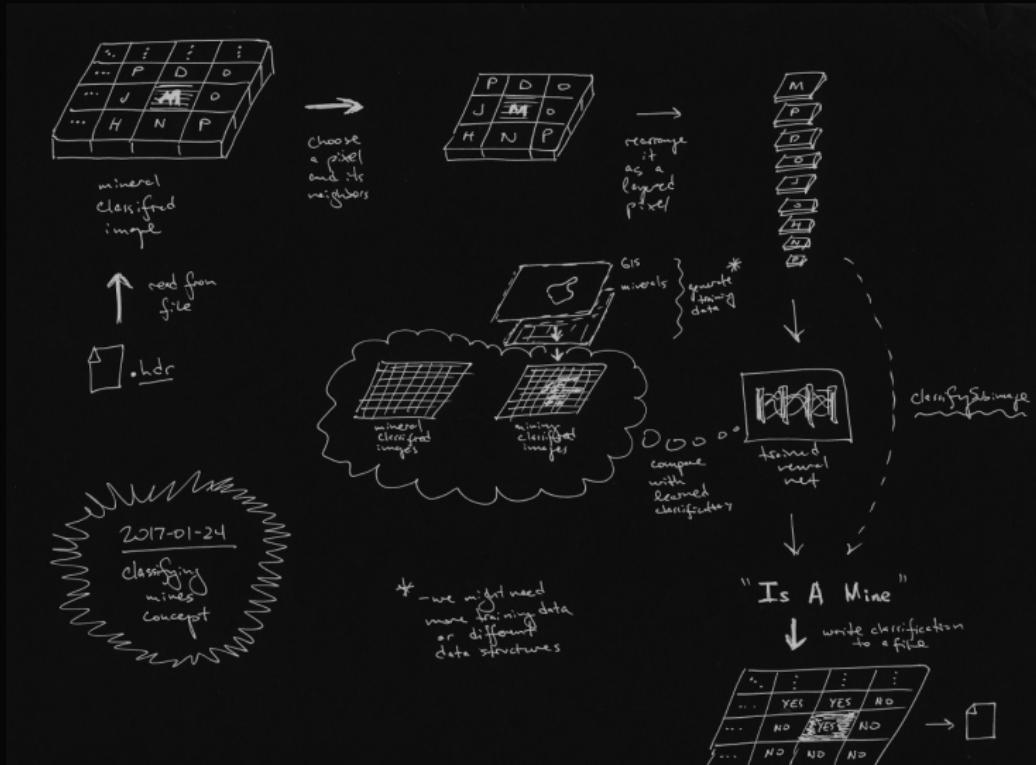
- Use Classified Minerals and Known Mine Data
- Generate Training Data
- Train (and Retrain) the Classifier
- Classifying Mines



Example spectral radiance curves [8]

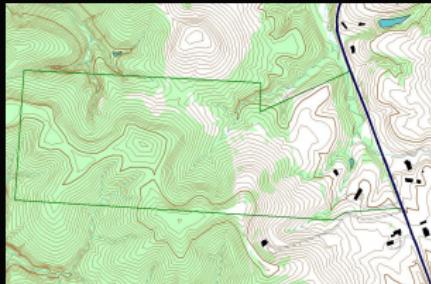
# Identify Mining

## Training and Classification

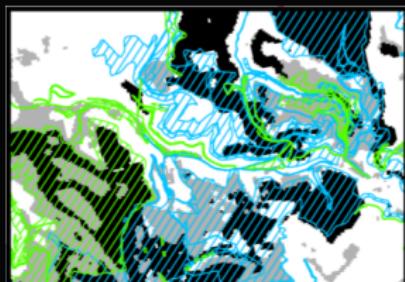


# Environmental Impact

- Use Classified Mines
- Use GIS Data on Watersheds and Environmental Monitoring
- Correlate



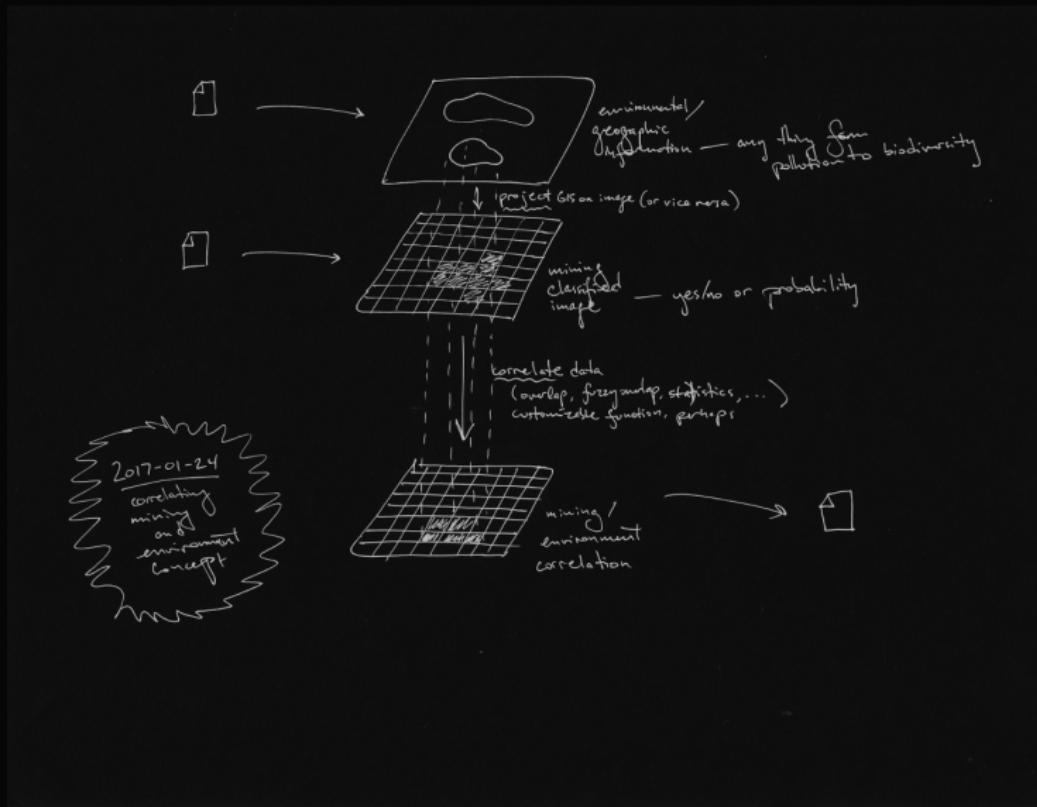
Example GIS data [9]



Comparing mines with permit boundaries [10]

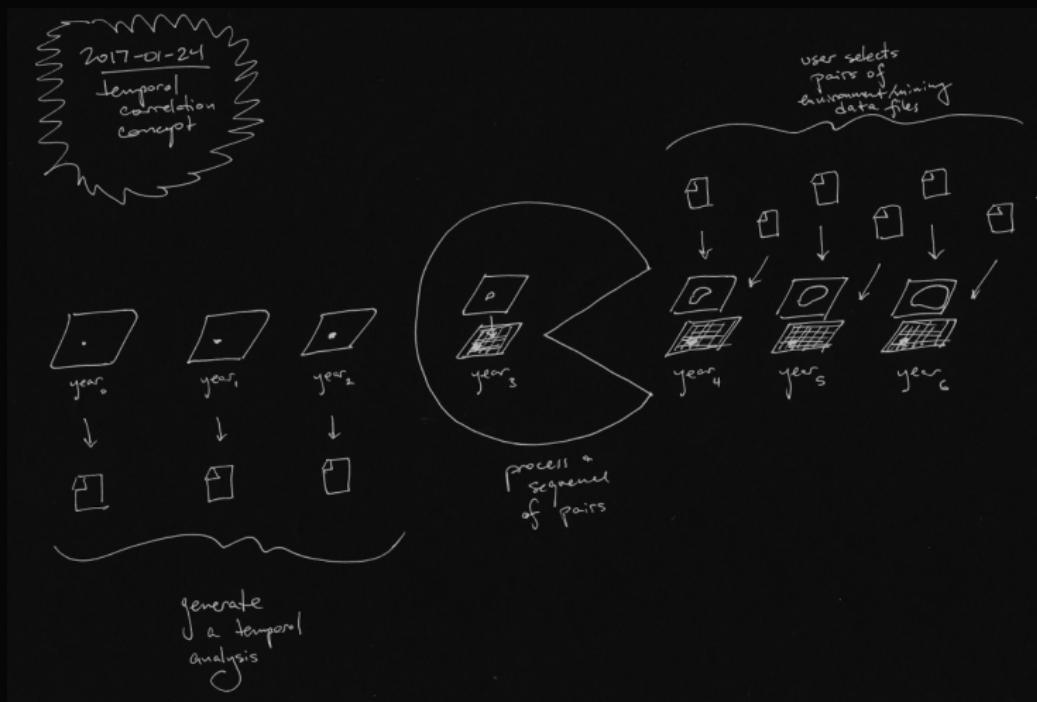
# Environmental Impact

## Preprocessing and Correlation



# Environmental Impact Over Time

- Process Historical Dataset
- Enabling Research
- Visualizing Changes



# API Documentation

- Sphinx
- Python 2 and 3 support
- Document each library as we go along

```
def trainClassifier(libraryFileName):
    """
    This takes the file name of the library to be used in the training and returns a
    classifier
    Args:
        | libraryFileName (str): the name of the training library
    Returns:
        | classifier (PerceptronClassifier): trained classifier
    """
    # open the digital spectral library
    # we may need to load it as an image instead
    library = spectral.io.envi.open(libraryFileName)

    # T000 convert units ?
    # see https://groups.google.com/d/msg/coal-capstone/6o9rdALy0dA/a_6VIuwbBAQ

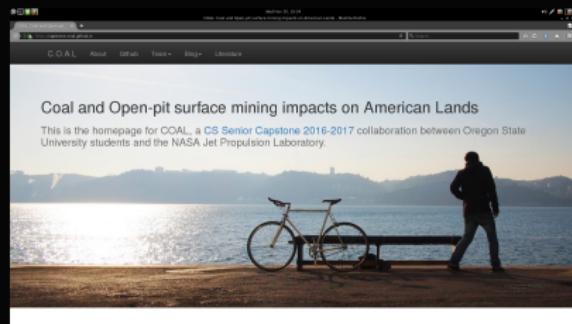
    # generate training data
    trainingData = ???(normalize(???[library])).

    # initialize and train a neural network using the training data
    classifier = spectral.classifiers.PerceptronClassifier(???)..
    classifier.train(trainingData, ???)
```

A Sphinx docstring in our code  
for mineral.py

# Website

- Content
- Backend: GitHub Pages with Jekyll
- Frontend: Bootstrap



Screenshot of website

# Challenges

- Understanding the Problem
  - Machine Learning
  - Data Formats
- Designing the Algorithm
  - Array Processing
  - Machine Learning Training and Classification
  - Geographic Data
- Libraries
  - Confusing Documentation
  - Complex APIs
  - Temporary files for intermediate data

# Conclusion

- Develop methods to analyze hyperspectral imagery and geographic information
- Enable environmental data research on effects of mining on waterways
- Publish free library and case study
- Future Work: Continue to Develop Each Module
- GitHub Organization: <https://github.com/capstone-coal>

## References

- [1] [https://www.nasa.gov/multimedia/imagegallery/image\\_feature\\_681.html](https://www.nasa.gov/multimedia/imagegallery/image_feature_681.html)
- [2] <https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Twincreeksblast.jpg>
- [3] <http://aviris.jpl.nasa.gov/aviris/index.html>
- [4] <http://aviris.jpl.nasa.gov/aviris/instrument.html>
- [5] <http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/missions/airborne-visible-infrared-imaging-spectrometer-aviris/>
- [6] <https://github.com/spectralpython>
- [7] Gao, Bo-Cai and Goetz, Alexander F. H., "Derivation of scaled surface reflectances from AVIRIS data," *Remote Sensing of Environment*, July 1993.
- [8] J. A. Benediktsson *et al*, "Classification and Feature Extraction of AVIRIS Data," *IEEE Trans. on Geoscience and Remote Sensing*, Vol. 33, No. 5, September 1995.
- [9] <https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Gislayers.jpg>
- [10] D. Nally, "Moving Mountaintops: Monitoring Surface Mine Expansion and Reclamation Using Landsat Imagery," Tufts Univ., Spring 2011.