# Motorcomm YT8512C YT8512H Datasheet

FAST ETHERNET TRANSCEIVER

V1.11 DATE 2020/04/24



## Revision History

Revision	Release Date	Summary	
1.0	2019/07/11	Add POS, WOL description	
		Update Register table	
1.01	2019/09/04	Update Electrical Characteristics	
1.02	2019/09/11	Modify RBIAS resistor to 2.49k ohm	
1.03	2019/10/16	Modify errors	
1.04	2019/11/05	Update Register	
1.05	2019/11/12	Update Block diagram	
1.06	2020/01/13	Add EPAD description	
1.07	2020/03/16	Modify package information, ordering information	
		Add thermal resistance	
1.08	2020/03/23	Add Copyright Statement and Disclaimer	
		Add Reg ext 0x200a	
		Modify Rbias pin description	
1.09	2020/03/26	Add Packaging Type	
	(-)	Release	
1.10	2020/04/22	Modify Thermal resistance description	
		Pin 30,31,32 pin Description	
1.11	2020/04/24	Update Register	
		Modify RMII description	



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## CONTENT

1.	General Description	8
	Target Application	8
	Block Diagram	9
2.	Feature	10
3.	Pin Assigment	
	YT8512C YT8512H QFN32 5x5mm	11
	Pin Descriptions	12
	Power on strapping	16
	Mode config	17
	PHY address	17
	Wake on LAN selection	
3	Function Description	
	Application Diagram	19
	100Base-Tx/10Base-Te application	19
	MII interface	19
	RMII interface	20
	Management interface	20
	DAC	20
	ADC	20
	Adaptive equalizer	21
	Auto- negotiation	21
	Polarity detection and auto correction	21
	EEE	21
4	Operational Description	22
	Reset	22
	PHY Address	22

## Motorcomm YT8512C YT8512H Datasheet



	XMII interface	23
	MII	23
	RMII	23
	REMII interface	24
	Loopback mode	25
	Internal loopback:	25
	External loopback	25
	Remote loopback	
	WoL Wake on lan	27
	WOL	
	WOL mechanism	27
	WOL Interrupt	28
5	Register Overview	
	MII Management Interface Clause 22 Register Programming	
	MII Registers	30
	Mii register 00h: Basic control register	30
	Mii register 01h: Basic status register	31
	Mii register 02h: PHY identification register1	33
	Mii register 03h: PHY identification register2	33
	MII register 04h: Auto-Negotiation advertisement	33
	MII register 05h: Auto-Negotiation link partner ability	36
	MII register 06h: Auto-Negotiation expansion register	38
	MII register 07h: Auto-Negotiation Next Page register	39
	MII register 08h: Auto-Negotiation link partner Received Next Page register	39
	MII register 0Ah: MASTER-SLAVE status register	40
	MII register 0Dh: MMD access control register	
	MII register 0Eh: MMD access data register	
	Mii register 0Fh: Extended status register	
	MII register 10h: PHY specific function control register	
		+∠

## Motorcomm YT8512C YT8512H Datasheet



	MII register 11h: PHY specific status register	. 43
	MII register 12h: Interrupt Mask Register	. 45
	MII register 13h: Interrupt Status Register	. 46
	MII register 14h: Speed Auto Downgrade Control Register	. 47
	MII register 15h: Rx Error Counter Register	. 48
	MII register 1Eh: Debug Register's Address Offset Register	. 48
	MII register 1Fh: Debug Register's Data Register	. 48
Ext	ended register	. 49
	EXT 200Ah: 10BT Power control, Register	. 49
	EXT 4000h: extended combo control1	. 49
	EXT 4001h: extended pad control	. 50
	EXT 4003h: extended combo control2	
	EXT 4004h: WOL MAC Address	. 51
	EXT 4005h: WOL MAC Address	.51
	EXT 4006h: WOL MAC Address	. 51
	EXT 40A0h: pkg_selftest control	. 52
	EXT 40A1h: pkg_selftest control	. 53
	EXT 40A2h: pkg_selftest control	. 53
	EXT 40A3h: pkg_selftest status	. 53
	EXT 40A4h: pkg_selftest status	. 53
	EXT 40A5h: pkg_selftest status	. 54
	EXT 40A6h: pkg_selftest status	. 54
	EXT 40A7h: pkg_selftest status	. 54
	EXT 40A8h: pkg_selftest status	. 54
	EXT 40A9h: pkg_selftest status	. 54
	EXT 40Aah: pkg_selftest status	. 55
	EXT 40Abh: pkg_selftest status	. 55
	EXT 40Ach: pkg_selftest status	. 55
	EXT 40Adh: nkg selftest status	55



	EXT 40Aeh: pkg_selftest status	55
	EXT 40Afh: pkg_selftest status	56
	EXT 40B0h: pkg_selftest status	56
	EXT 40B1h: pkg_selftest status	56
	EXT 40B2h: pkg_selftest status	56
	EXT 40B3h: pkg_selftest status	56
	EXT 40B4h: pkg_selftest status	56
	EXT 40B5h: pkg_selftest status	57
	EXT 40B6h: pkg_selftest status	57
	EXT 40B7h: pkg_selftest control	57
	EXT 40B8h: pkg_selftest control	57
	EXT 40B9h: pkg_selftest control	57
	EXT 40BAh: pkg_selftest control	58
	EXT 40C0h: LED0 control	58
	EXT 40C1h: LED0/1 control	61
	EXT 40C2h: LED0/1 control	62
	EXT 40C3h: LED1 control.	63
6	Timing and electrical characteristics	66
	Absolute Maximum Ratings	66
	Recommended Operating Condition	66
	Crystal Requirement	66
	Oscillator/External Clock Requirement	67
	DC Characteristics	67
	MDC/MDIO Timing	68
	Power On Sequence/Clock/Reset	68
	MII Transmission Cycle Timing	69
	MII Reception Cycle Timing	70
	RMII Transmission and Reception Cycle Timing	71
7	Power Requirements	72





	Power consumption	72
	MII mode	72
	RMII mode	72
	Maximum Power Consumption MII MODE	72
8	Package information	73
	RoHS-Compliant Packaging	73
	Thermal resistance	
9	Mechanical Information	74
10	Ordering Information	76



#### 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The YT8512C YT8512H is a low power single-port 10/100 Mbps Ethernet PHY. It provides all physical layer functions needed to transmit and receive data over both standard twisted pair cables transceiver. Additionally, the YT8512C YT8512H provides flexibility to connect to a MAC through a standard MII and RMII interface.

The YT8512C YT8512H uses mixed-signal processing to perform equalization, data recovery, and error correction to achieve robust operation over CAT5 twisted-pair cable.

The YT8512C YT8512H offers integrated built-in self-test and loopback capabilities for ease of use.

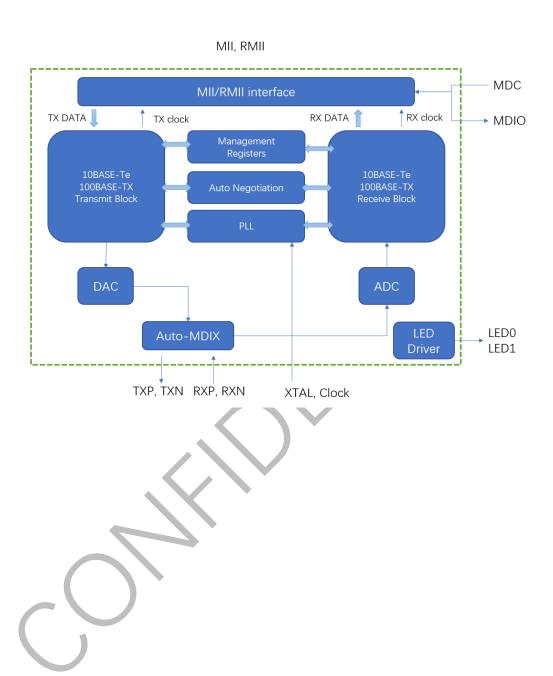
The YT8512C YT8512H offers innovative and robust approach for reducing power consumption through EEE, WoL and other programmable energy savings modes.

#### TARGET APPLICATION

- General Embedded Applications
- Video Surveillance
- Industrial Controls
- Factory Automation



#### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**





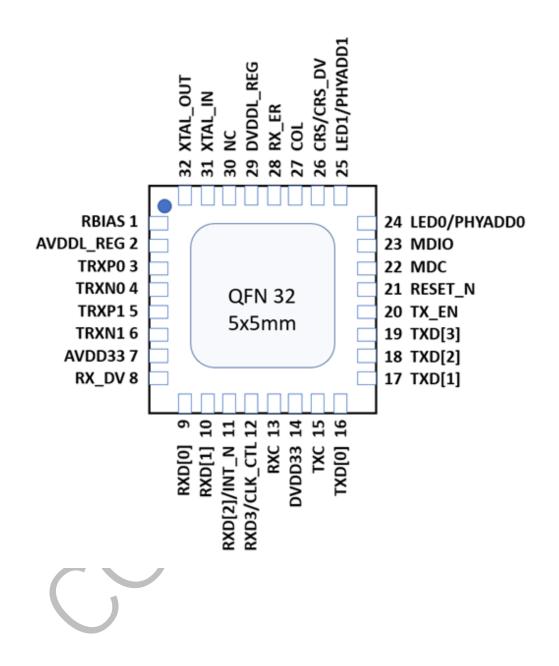
## 2. FEATURE

- EEE 802.3az, EEE
- 100Base-TX
- 10Base-Te
- MII mode
- RMII mode
- Full/Half duplex
- Auto-negotiation
- Power down mode
- Base Line Wander (BLW) compensation
- Auto MDIX
- Interrupt function
- WOL, Wake on Lan
- Automatic Polarity correction
- 2 sets LED indicator
- 25 MHz crystal or OSC
- Provide 50Mhz clock source for MAC
- Single Power supply, internal LDO
- Package QFN 32, 5x 5mm



#### 3. PIN ASSIGMENT

#### YT8512C YT8512H QFN32 5X5MM





#### PIN DESCRIPTIONS

- $\bullet \qquad I = Input$
- $\bullet$  O = Output
- I/O = Bidirectional
- OD = Open-drain output
- PU = Internal pull-up
- PD = Internal pull-down
- HZ= High Impendence during power on reset
- PWR= Power related
- XT= Crystal related



No.	Name	Type	Description
1	RBIAS	I	Bias Resistor.
•			An external 2.49 k $\Omega$ ±1% resistor must be connected
			between the RBIAS pin and GND
2	AVDDL_REG	PWR/O	Power Output.
_	11,222_122	1 1110	Be sure to connect a 1uF +0.1uF ceramic capacitor for
			decoupling purposes.
3	TRXP0	IO	Transmit/Receive Pairs for channel 0. Differential data
			from copper media is transmitted and received on the
			single TRD± signal pair. There are 50Ω internal
4	TRXN0	IO	terminations on each pin. Since this device incorporates
			voltage driven DAC, it does not require a center-tap
			power supply.
5	TRXP1	IO	Transmit/Receive Pairs for channel 1. Differential data
			from copper media is transmitted and received on the
			single TRD± signal pair. There are 50Ω internal
			terminations on each pin. Since this device incorporates
6	TRXN1	IO	voltage driven DAC, it does not require a center-tap
			power supply.
7	AVDD33	PWR	3.3V Analog Power Input.
			3.3V power supply for analog circuit; should be well
			decoupled.
8	RX_DV	O/PD	Receive Data Valid.
			This pin's signal is asserted high when received data is
			present on the RXD[3:0] lines. The signal is de-asserted
			at the end of the packet. The signal is valid on the rising
			edge of the RXC.
			This pin should be pulled low when operating in MII
			mode.
			Power On Strapping for MII/RMII selection.
	1		0: MII mode
			1: RMII mode
			An internal weakly pulled low resistor sets this to the
			default of MII mode. It is possible to use an external
			$4.7K\Omega$ pulled high resistor to enable RMII mode.
			After power on, the pin operates as the Receive Data
			Valid pin.
9	RXD[0]	O/PD	Receive Data [0]
10	RXD[1]	O/PD	Receive Data [1]
			An internal weakly pulled low resistor sets RXD[1] to the
			LED function (default). Use an external $4.7K\Omega$ pulled
			high resistor to enable the WOL function.



11	DADIJIMA M	O/OD/	Racaiva Data [2]
11	RXD[2]/INT_N	PD	Receive Data [2] When in PMII made this pin is used for the interrupt
		PD	When in RMII mode, this pin is used for the interrupt function.
12	RXD[3]/CLK CTL O/PD		Receive Data [3]
12	RXD[3]/CLK_CTL	U/PD	
			RXD[3]/CLK_CTL pin is the Power On Strapping in
			RMII Mode.
			1: REF_CLK input mode, RMII1 mode
			0: REF_CLK output mode, RMII2 mode
			Note: An internal weakly pulled low resistor sets
12	DVC	O/DD	RXD[3]/CLK_CTL to REF_CLK output mode (default).
13	RXC	O/PD	Receive Clock.
			This pin provides a continuous clock reference for
			RX_DV and RXD [0:3] signals. RXC is 25MHz in
1.4	DVDD22	DWD	100Mbps mode and 2.5MHz in 10Mbps mode.
14	DVDD33	PWR	3.3V Digital Power Input.
			3.3V power supply for digital circuit.
15	TXC	IO/PD	MII Mode
			Transmit Clock.
			This pin provides a continuous clock as a timing
			reference for TXD [3:0] and TXEN signals.
			TXC is 25MHz in 100Mbps mode and 2.5MHz in
			10Mbps mode
			RMII Mode
			Synchronous 50MHz Clock Reference for Receive,
			Transmit, and Control Interface.
			The default direction is reference clock output mode if
1.6	TTVD [0]	T/DID	RXD[3]/CLK_CTL pin floating.
16	TXD[0]	I/PD	Transmit Data [0]
17	TXD[1]	I/PD	Transmit Data [1]
18	TXD[2]	I/PD	Transmit Data [2]
19	TXD[3]	I/PD	Transmit Data [3]
20	TX_EN	I/PD	MII/RMII Mode
			Transmit Enable.
			The input signal indicates the presence of valid nibble
			data on TXD [3:0]. An internal weakly pulled low
9.5	DEGET :		resistor prevents the bus floating.
21	RESET_N	I,HZ	RESET. Active-low, reset pin for chip.
22	MDC	I/PU	Management Data Clock. This pin provides a clock
			synchronous to MDIO, which may be asynchronous to
			the transmit TXC and receive RXC clocks. The clock
			rate can be up to 12.5MHz.
			Use an internal weakly pulled high resistor to prevent the
			bus floating.



23	MDIO	IO/PU	Management Data Input/Output.	
			This pin provides the bi-directional signal used to	
			transfer management information	
24	LED0/	O/OD/	LED 0, Link 10Mpbs On, Active blink.	
	PHYAD[0]	PD	PHY address 0 selection	
25	LED1/	O/PD	LED 1, Link 100Mpbs On, Active blink.	
	PHYAD[1]		PHY address 1 selection	
26	CRS/CRS_DV	O/PD	MI mode:	
			Carrier Sense.	
			This pin's signal is asserted high if the media is not in	
			Idle state.	
			RMII mode:	
			Carrier Sense/Receive Data Valid. CRS_DV shall be	
			asserted by the PHY when the receive medium is non-	
			idle.	
27	COL	O/PD	Collision Detect.	
			COL is asserted high when a collision is detected	
			on the media.	
28	RXER	O/PD	Receive Error.	
29	DVDDL_REG	PWR/O	DVDDL Power Output.	
			Be sure to connect a 1uF +0.1uF ceramic capacitor for	
			decoupling purposes.	
30	NC		NC	
			Connect to AVDD33 is not obstructed	
31	XTAL_IN	XT	25 MHz Crystal Input Pin.	
			If use external oscillator or clock from another device.	
			1. When an external 25Hhz oscillator or clock from	
			another device drivers XTAL_OUT. XTAL_IN must	
			be shorted to GND	
			2. When an external 25Hhz oscillator or clock from	
			another device drivers XTAL_IN; keep the	
	1		XTAL_OUT floating.	
32	XTAL_OUT	XT	25 MHz Crystal Output Pin.	
			If use external oscillator or clock from another device.	
			1. When an external 25Hhz oscillator or clock from	
			another device drivers XTAL_OUT. XTAL_IN must	
			be shorted to GND	
			2. When an external 25Hhz oscillator or clock from	
			another device drivers XTAL_IN; keep the	
			XTAL_OUT floating.	
EPAD	EPAD	GND	Exposed ground pad on back of the chip, tie to ground	
<u></u>				



#### POWER ON STRAPPING

No.	Name	POS	Internal Pull/Down	Description
24	LED0/ PHYAD[0]	phy_address[0]	Pull Down	The power-on strapping value of PAD RXD1, wol_led_sel, determines the PAD LED0 working as LED0 or PMEB.  Wol_led_sel=0, this PAD works as LED0, it could be external PU or PD,  Wol_led_sel=1, this PAD works as PMEB, it shall be external pull-up, then phy_address[0] always =1;
25	LED1/ PHYAD[1]	phy_address[1]	Pull Down	The PHY address is 00000~00011 config by phy_address[1:0]
10	RXD[1]	Wol_led_sel (Wake on LAN selection)	Pull Down	The power-on strapping value of PAD RXD1, Wol_led_sel, determines the PAD LED0 working as LED0 or PMEB.  1, LED0 works as PMEB (WOL interrupt)  0, LED0 works as LED0.
8	RXD[3]/CLK_CTL  RX_DV	Clock control  MII mode selection	Pull Down	The power-on strapping value of {RX_DV, RXD3} determines the xMII mode: {RX_DV, RXD3}=2'b00 means MII mode; {RX_DV, RXD3}=2'b01 means ReMII mode;



	{RX_DV, RXD3}=2'b10 means
	RMII2 mode; TXC 50Mhz
	reference clock is output
	{RX_DV, RXD3}=2'b11 means RMII1 mode; TXC 50Mhz reference clock is input

#### MODE CONFIG

Pin 8	Pin 12	Mode
RX_DV (PD)	RXD3 (PD)	
0	0	MII
0	1	ReMII,
		Reverse MII Mode
1	0	RMII2,
		TXC 50Mhz reference clock is output by default
1	1	RMIII,
		TXC 50Mhz reference clock is input

## PHY ADDRESS

Pin 24	Pin 25	PHY address
LED0/PHYAD[0] (PD)	LED1/PHYAD[1] (PD)	
0	0	00000
0	1	00010
1	0	00001
1	1	00011



#### WAKE ON LAN SELECTION

Pin 10	Function	Mote
RXD1 (PD)		
0	LED Mode	Pin 24 is LED0
1	WOL Mode	Pin 24 is PMEB,
		Must external pull up



## 3 FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

#### APPLICATION DIAGRAM

#### 100BASE-TX/10BASE-TE APPLICATION



#### MII INTERFACE

The Media Independent Interface (MII) is the digital data interface between the MAC and the physical layer that can be enabled when the device is functioning in 10BASE-Te, 100BASE-TX,. The original MII transmit signals include TX\_EN, TXC, TXD[3:0], and TX\_ER. The receive signals include RX\_DV, RXC, RXD[3:0], and RX\_ER. The media status signals include CRS and COL. Due to pincount limitations, the YT8512 supports a subset of MII signals. This subset includes all MII signals except TX\_ER.



#### RMII INTERFACE

Reduced media-independent interface (RMII) is a standard which was developed to reduce the number of signals required to connect a PHY to a MAC. If this interface is active, the number of data signal pins required to and from the MAC is reduced to half by doubling clock frequency.

#### MANAGEMENT INTERFACE

The Status and Control registers of the device are accessible through the MDIO and MDC serial interface. The functional and electrical properties of this management interface comply with IEEE 802.3, Section 22 and also support MDC clock rates up to 12.5 MHz

#### DAC

The digital-to-analog converter (DAC) transmits MLT3, and Manchester coded symbols. The transmit DAC performs signal wave shaping that reduces electromagnetic interference (EMI). The transmit DAC uses voltage driven output with internal terminations and hence does not require external components or magnetic supply for operation.

#### ADC

Receive channel has its own analog-to-digital converter (ADC) that samples the incoming data on the receive channel and feeds the output to the digital data path.



#### ADAPTIVE EQUALIZER

The digital adaptive equalizer removes inter-symbol interference (ISI) created by the channel. The equalizer accepts sampled data from the analog-to-digital converter (ADC) on channel and produces equalized data. The coefficients of the equalizer are adaptive to accommodate varying conditions of cable quality and cable length.

#### **AUTO- NEGOTIATION**

The YT8512 negotiates its operation mode using the auto negotiation mechanism according to IEEE 802.3 clause 28 over the copper media. Auto negotiation supports choosing the mode of operation automatically by comparing its own abilities and received abilities from link partner. The advertised abilities include:

- a) Speed: 10/100Mbps
- b) Duplex mode: full duplex and/or half duplex
- c) Pause

Auto negotiation is initialized when the following scenarios happen:

- a) Power-up/Hardware/Software reset
- b) Auto negotiation restart
- c) Transition from power-down to power up
- d) Link down

Auto negotiation is enabled for YT8512 by default, and can be disable by software control.

#### POLARITY DETECTION AND AUTO CORRECTION

YT8512 can detect and correct two types of cable errors: swapping of pairs within the UTP cable and swapping of wires within a pair.

For 10BASE-Te/100BASE-TX, YT8512 can handle both cable errors at the same time.

#### EEE

EEE is IEEE 802.3az, an extension of the IEEE 802.3 standard. EEE defines support for the PHY to operate in Low Power Idle (LPI) mode which, when enabled, supports QUIET times during low link utilization allowing both link partners to disable portions of each PHY's circuitry and save power.



#### 4 OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION

#### RESET

YT8512 have a hardware reset pin(RESET\_N) which is low active. RESET\_N should be active for at least 10ms to make sure all internal logic is reset to a known state. Hardware reset should be applied after power up.

RESET\_N is also used as enable for power on strapping. After RESET\_N is released, YT8512 latches input value on POS related pins are used as configuration information which provides flexibility in application without mdio access.

YT8512 also provides a software reset control registers which are used to reset all internal logic except some mdio configuration registers. For detailed information about what register will be reset by software reset, please refer to register table.

#### PHY ADDRESS

For YT8512, phy\_address[1:0] is used to generate phy address.

Please refer to the POS setting as below. PHY address

Pin 24	Pin 25	PHY address
LED0/PHYAD[0] (PD)	LED1/PHYAD[1] (PD)	
0	0	00000
0	1	00010
1	0	00001
1	1	00011



#### XMII INTERFACE

YT8512 support 4 kinds of MII related interfaces: MII, RMII1, RMII2 and REMII.

MII

The Media Independent Interface (MII) is the digital data interface between the MAC and the physical layer that can be enabled when the device is functioning in 10BASE-Te, 100BASE-TX, The original MII transmit signals include TX\_EN, TXC, TXD[3:0], and TX\_ER. The receive signals include RX\_DV, RXC, RXD[3:0], and RX\_ER. The media status signals include CRS and COL. Due to pin-count limitations, the YT8512 supports a subset of MII signals. This subset includes all MII signals except TX\_ER. For 100M application, TXC and RXC are 25MHz; for 10M application, TXC and RXC are 2.5MHz. TXC and RXC are output in this case.

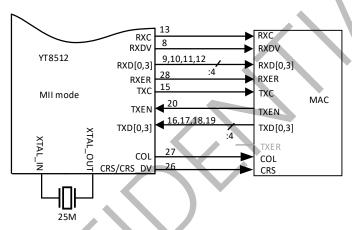


Figure . connection diagram of MII

#### **RMII**

Reduced media-independent interface (RMII) is a standard which was developed to reduce the number of signals required to connect a PHY to a MAC. If this interface is active, the number of data signal pins required to and from the MAC is reduced to half by doubling clock speed compared to MII. It has 7 signals: REF\_CLK, TX\_EN, TXD[1:0], RX\_DV and RXD[1:0]. In YT8512, we use TXC as REF\_CLK. For 100M application, REF\_CLK is 50MHz; for 10M application, REF\_CLK is still 50MHz, data will be duplicated for 10 times in 20ns cycles. YT8512 supports two types of connection method;

- 1. RMII1 mode: This is fully conforming to RMII standard.
- 2. RMII2 mode: TXC will be 50MHz output to MAC.



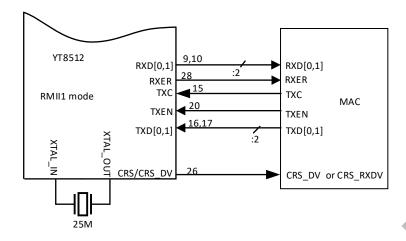


Figure .connection diagram of RMII1(with 25MHz and 50MHz clock)

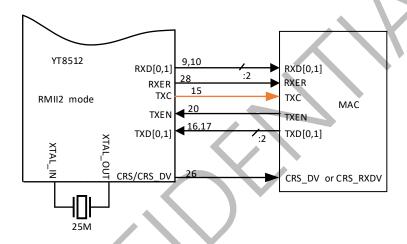


Figure .connection diagram of RMII2

#### REMII INTERFACE

Reverse media independent interface is the opposite of MII interface. The only difference is the direction of tx clock and rx clock. For MII, tx clock and rx clock are output; for REMII, tx clock and rx clock are input. REMII interface are used for back to back connection of two phys.

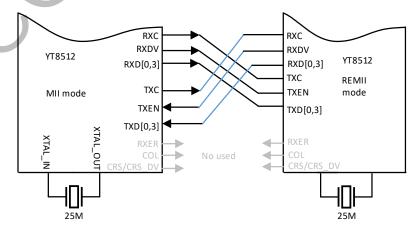


Figure .connection diagram of REMII



#### LOOPBACK MODE

There are three loopback modes in YT8512.

#### INTERNAL LOOPBACK:

In Internal loopback mode, YT8512 feed transmit data to receive path in chip.

Configure bit 14 of mii register(address 0h0) to enable internal loopback mode. For 10Base-Te and 100Base-Tx, YT8512 feeds digital DAC data to ADC directly.

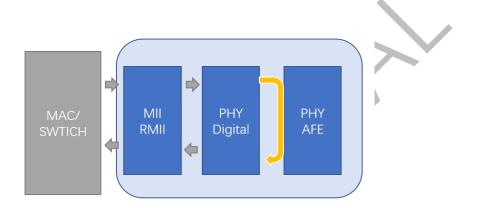


Figure . Internal loopback

#### EXTERNAL LOOPBACK

In external loopback mode, YT8512 feed transmit data to receive path out of chip. For 10Base-Te and 100Base-Tx, just connect TRX\_P0/N0 to TRX\_P1/N1.

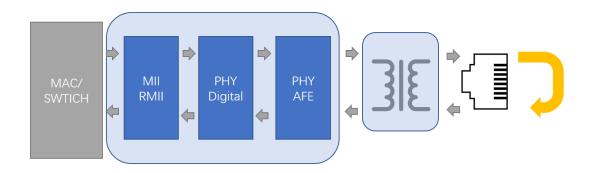
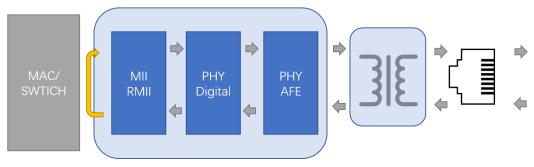


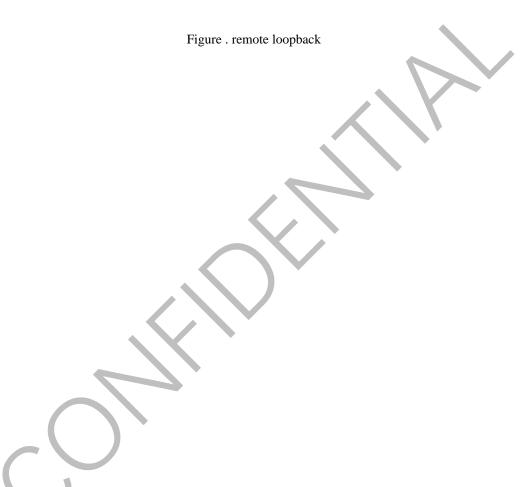
Figure . external loopback

#### REMOTE LOOPBACK

In remote loopback mode, YT8512 feed MII receive data to transmit path in chip. Configure bit 11 of extended register(address 0h4000) and for TRX interface, just connect to link partner normally.









#### WOL WAKE ON LAN

WOL

Wake-on-LAN (WOL) is a mechanism to manage and regulate the total network power consumption.

#### **WOL MECHANISM**

YT8512 supports automatic detection of a specific frame and notification via dedicated hardware interrupt pin or general PHY interrupt pin. The specific frame contains a specific data sequence located anywhere inside the packet. The data sequence consists of 6 bytes of consecutive 1 (0xFFFFFFFFFFF), followed by 16 repetitions of the MAC address of the computer to be waked up. The 48-bit MAC address is written in EXT 0x4004, 0x4005, 0x4006 registers.

For example, to write a specific MAC address (0xAAAABBBBCCCC) to PHY, write EXT 0x4004 = 0xAAAA, 0x4005 = 0xBBBB, and 0x4006 = 0xCCCC. The PHY internal MAC address can be set to any value.

NOTE: The MAC address is not a real MAC address and is only a symbol to indicate the content of the frame.

The WOL mechanism is enabled via EXT 0x4000 bit2. POS RXD[1] can't control enable or disable the WOL mechanism but only control pad LED0 working as WOL interrupt.



#### WOL INTERRUPT

YT8512 support dedicated WOL interrupt pin. When the pad RXD[1] is externally PULL UP, pad LED0 will work as WOL interrupt.

If EXT 0x4003 bit7 is 0, the dedicated WOL interrupt is programmed to a level, otherwise, it's programmed to a pulse; either is active low. When it's programmed to a pulse, the pulse width can be programmed via EXT 0x4003 bit9:8.

WOL interrupt is also wire-and to general PHY interrupt RXD[2]\_INTN when the bit6 INT\_WOL in Interrupt enable register (MII Register 0x12) is set to 1. If the general PHY interrupt is triggered by WOL, it can be cleared by reading MII register 0x13 bit6.

#### NOTE:

When general PHY interrupt is used to monitor WOL interrupt, EXT 0x4003 bit7 should be 1, otherwise, the general PHY interrupt can't be read cleared.

Because PHY requires to receive packets from the line side, PHY cannot be powered down. If the link partner supports Energy Efficient Ethernet function, both ends can use EEE mode to save more power.

MII register 0x0 bit10 ISOLATE: When this bit is set to 1, the xMII output pins are HighZ. The xMII inputs are ignored.



## 5 REGISTER OVERVIEW

#### MII MANAGEMENT INTERFACE CLAUSE 22 REGISTER PROGRAMMING

The YT8512 transceiver is designed to be fully compliant with the MII clause of the IEEE 802.3u Ethernet specification.

The MII management interface registers are written and read serially, using the MDIO and MDC pins.

A clock of up to 12.5 MHz must drive the MDC pin of the YT8512. Data transferred to and from the MDIO pin is synchronized with the MDC clock. The following sections describe what each MII read or write instruction contains.

Notation	Description
RW	Read and write
SC	Self-clear
RO	Read only
LH	Latch high
LL	Latch Low
RC	Read clear
SWC	Software reset clear



#### MII REGISTERS

MIL REGISTER 00H: BASIC CONTROL REGISTER

Symbol	Access	Default	Description		
			T.		
Reset	RW SC	1'b0	PHY Software Res	set. Writing 1 to th	nis bit causes
			immediate PHY re	eset. Once the oper	ration is done, this
			bit is cleared autor	natically.	
			0: Normal operation	on	
			1: PHY reset		
Loopback	RW	1'b0	Internal loopback	control	
	SWC		1'b0: disable loop	back	
			1'b1: enable loopb	pack	
Speed	RW	1'b0	LSB of speed_sele	ection[1:0]. Link s	peed can be
Selection(LSB)			selected via either	the Auto-Negotian	tion process, or
			manual speed sele	ction speed_select	ion[1:0].
			Speed_selection[1	:0] is valid when A	Auto-Negotiation
			is disabled by clea	ring bit 0.12 to zer	ro.
			Bit 6	Bit 13	
			1	1	Reserved
			1	0	1000Mb/s
			0	1	100Mb/s
			0	0	10Mb/s
Autoneg_En	RW	1'b1	1: to enable auto-r	negotiation;	
			0: auto-negotiation	ı is disabled.	
Power_down	RW	1'b0	=1: Power down		
	SWC		=0: Normal operat	tion	
			When the port is s	witched from pow	er down to
			normal operation,	software reset and	Auto-
			Negotiation are pe	erformed even bit[]	15] RESET and
			bit[9] RESTART_	AUTO_NEGOTI	ATION are not
			set by the user.		
	Speed Selection(LSB)  Autoneg_En	Speed RW Selection(LSB)  Autoneg_En RW  Power_down RW	Speed RW 1'b0 Selection(LSB)  Autoneg_En RW 1'b1  Power_down RW 1'b0	bit is cleared autor 0: Normal operation 1: PHY reset  Loopback  RW 1'b0 Internal loopback 1'b0: disable loop 1'b1: enable loopb Speed Selection(LSB)  RW 1'b0 LSB of speed_sele selected via either manual speed sele Speed_selection[1 is disabled by clean  Bit 6  1  1  0  0  0  Autoneg_En  RW 1'b1 1: to enable autor 0: auto-negotiation  Power_down  RW 1'b0 =1: Power down  SWC  =0: Normal operation, Negotiation are pe bit[9] RESTART_	Autoneg_En RW 1'b0 Internal loopback control 1'b0: disable loopback  Swc 1'b1: enable loopback  LSB of speed_selection[1:0]. Link selected via either the Auto-Negotial manual speed selection speed_select Speed_selection[1:0] is valid when the disabled by clearing bit 0.12 to zero selected via either the Auto-Negotiation; or all the Auto-Negotiation; or all the Auto-Negotiation; or auto-negotiation; or auto-negotiation; or auto-negotiation is disabled.  Power_down RW 1'b0 = 1: Power down = 0: Normal operation



10	Isolate	RW	1'b0	Isolate phy from MII/RMII: PHY will not respond to
	Isolate	SWC		xMII TXD/TX_EN, and present high impedance on
		SWC		
				RXD/RX_DV.
				1'b0: Normal mode
				1'b1: Isolate mode
9	Re_Autoneg	RW	1'b0	Auto-Negotiation automatically restarts after
		SWS		hardware or software reset regardelss of bit[9]
		SC		RESTART.
				=1: Restart Auto-Negotiation Process
				=0: Normal operation
8	Duplex_Mode	RW	1'b1	The duplex mode can be selected via either the Auto-
				Negotiation process or manual duplex selection.
				Manual duplex selection is allowed when Auto-
				Negotiation is disabled by setting bit[12]
				AUTO_NEGOTIATION to 0.
				=1: Full Duplex
				-1. Full Duplex
				=0: Half Duplex
7	Collision_Test	RW	1'b0	Setting this bit to 1 makes the COL signal asserted
		SWC		whenever the TX_EN signal is asserted.
				=1: Enable COL signal test
				=0: Disable COL signal test
6	Speed_	RW	1'b1	See bit13.
	Selection(MSB)	,		
5:0	Reserved	RO	5'b0	Reserved. Write as 0, ignore on read

#### MII REGISTER 01H: BASIC STATUS REGISTER

17111 1	MIT REGISTER OTH. BASIC STATOS REGISTER						
Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description			
15	100Base-T4	RO	1'b0	PHY doesn't support 100BASE-T4			
14	100Base-X_Fd	RO	1'b1	PHY supports 100BASE-X_FD			



13	100Base-X_Hd	RO	1'b1	PHY supports 100BASE-X_HD
12	10Mbps_Fd	RO	1'b1	PHY supports 10Mbps_Fd
11	10Mbps_Hd	RO	1'b1	PHY supports 10Mbps_Hd
10	100Base-T2_Fd	RO	1'b0	PHY doesn't support 100Base-T2_Fd
9	100Base-T2_Hd	RO	1'b0	PHY doesn't support 100Base-T2_Hd
8	Extended_Status	RO	1'b1	Whether support extended status register in 0Fh
				0: Not supported
				1: Supported
7	Unidirect_Ability	RO	1'b0	1'b0: PHY able to transmit from MII only
				when the PHY has determined that a valid
				link has been established
				1'b1: PHY able to transmit from MII
				regardless of whether the PHY has
				determined that a valid link has been
				established
6	Mf_Preamble_Sup	RO	1'b1	1'b0: PHY will not accept management
	pression			frames with preamble suppressed
				1'b1: PHY will accept management frames
				with preamble suppressed
5	Autoneg_Complet	RO	1'b0	1'b0: Auto-negotiation process not completed
	e	SWC		1'b1: Auto-negotiation process completed
4	Remote_Fault	RO RC	1'b0	1'b0: no remote fault condition detected
	)	SWC		1'b1: remote fault condition detected
		LH		
3	Autoneg_Ability	RO	1'b1	1'b0: PHY not able to perform Auto-negotiation
				1'b1: PHY able to perform Auto-negotiation
2	Link_Status	RO	1'b0	Link status
		LL		1'b0: Link is down
		SWC		1'b1: Link is up



1	Jabber_Detect	RO RC	1'b0	10BaseTe jabber detected
		LH SWC		1'b0: no jabber condition detected 1'b1: Jabber condition detected
0	Extended_Capabili ty	RO	1'b1	To indicate whether support EXTs, to access from address register 1Eh and data register 1Fh  1'b0: Not supported  1'b1: Supported

## MII REGISTER 02H: PHY IDENTIFICATION REGISTER1

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15:0	Phy_Id	RO	16'b0	Bits 3 to 18 of the Organizationally Unique Identifier

## MII REGISTER 03H: PHY IDENTIFICATION REGISTER2

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15:10	Phy_Id	RO	6'b0	Bits 19 to 24 of the Organizationally Unique Identifier
9:4	Type_No	RO	6'h12	
3:0	Revision_No	RO	4'h8	4 bits manufacturer's revision number

#### MII REGISTER 04H: AUTO-NEGOTIATION ADVERTISEMENT

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15	Next_Page	RW	1'b0	This bit is updated immediately after the writing
				operation; however the configuration does not take effect
				until any of the following occurs:
				Software reset is asserted by writing register 0x0 bit[15]
				Restart Auto-Negotiation is triggered by writing register 0x0 bit[9]
				The port is switched from power down to normal
				operation by writing register 0x0 bit[11]



14	Reserved Remote_Fault	RO RW	1'b0 1'b0	• Link goes down  If 1000BASE-T is advertised, the required next pages are automatically transmitted. This bit must be set to 0 if no additional next page is needed.  =1: Advertise  =0: Not advertised  Reserved  =1: Set Remote Fault bit
				=0: Do not set Remote Fault bit
12	Extended_Next _Page	RW	1'b1	Extended next page enable control bit  =1: Local device supports transmission of extended next pages  =0: Local device does not support transmission of extended next pages.
11	Asymmetric_Pa use	RW	1'b1	This bit is updated immediately after the writing operation; however the configuration does not take effect until any of the following occurs:  • Software reset is asserted by writing register 0x0 bit[15]  • Restart Auto-Negotiation is triggered by writing register 0x0 bit[9]  • The port is switched from power down to normal operation by writing register 0x0 bit[11]  • Link goes down  =1: Asymmetric Pause  =0: No asymmetric Pause
10	Pause	RW	1'b1	This bit is updated immediately after the writing operation; however the configuration does not take effect until any of the following occurs:  • Software reset is asserted by writing register 0x0 bit[15]  • Restart Auto-Negotiation is triggered by writing register 0x0 bit[9]  • The port is switched from power down to normal



		1		
	1000 407 77	P.O.	1110	operation by writing register 0x0 bit[11]  • Link goes down  =1: MAC PAUSE implemented  =0: MAC PAUSE not implemented
9	100BASE-T4	RO	1'b0	=1: Able to perform 100BASE-T4
				=0: Not able to perform 100BASE-T4
				Always 0
8	100BASE-	RW	1'b1	This bit is updated immediately after the writing
	TX_Full_Duple			operation; however the configuration does not take effect
	x			until any of the following occurs:
				• Software reset is asserted by writing register 0x0
				bit[15]
				• Restart Auto-Negotiation is triggered by writing register 0x0 bit[9]
				The port is switched from power down to normal
				operation by writing register 0x0 bit[11]
				Link goes down
				=1: Advertise
				=0: Not advertised
7	100BASE-	RW	1'b1	This bit is updated immediately after the writing
	TX_Half_Duple			operation; however the configuration does not take effect
	x			until any of the following occurs:
				Software reset is asserted by writing register 0x0
				bit[15]
		1		Restart Auto-Negotiation is triggered by writing      Restart Over Negotiation
				register 0x0 bit[9]  The port is switched from power down to normal
				operation by writing register 0x0 bit[11]
				Link goes down
				=1: Advertise
				=0: Not advertised
6	10BASE-	RW	1'b1	This bit is updated immediately after the writing
	Te_Full_Duplex			operation; however the configuration does not take effect
				until any of the following occurs:
				• Software reset is asserted by writing register 0x0 bit[15]



				<ul> <li>Restart Auto-Negotiation is triggered by writing register 0x0 bit[9]</li> <li>The port is switched from power down to normal operation by writing register 0x0 bit[11]</li> <li>Link goes down</li> <li>=1: Advertise</li> <li>=0: Not advertised</li> </ul>
5	10BASE- Te_Half_Duple x	RW	1'b1	This bit is updated immediately after the writing operation; however the configuration does not take effect until any of the following occurs:  • Software reset is asserted by writing register 0x0 bit[15]  • Restart Auto-Negotiation is triggered by writing register 0x0 bit[9]  • The port is switched from power down to normal operation by writing register 0x0 bit[11]  • Link goes down =1: Advertise =0: Not advertised
4:0	Selector_Field	RW	5'b00001	Selector Field mode. $00001 = IEEE 802.3$

# MII REGISTER 05H: AUTO-NEGOTIATION LINK PARTNER ABILITY

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15	1000Base-X_Fd	RO SWC	1'b0	Received Code Word Bit 15 =1: Link partner is capable of next page =0: Link partner is not capable of next page
14	ACK	RO SWC	1'b0	Acknowledge. Received Code Word Bit 14  =1: Link partner has received link code word  =0: Link partner has not received link code word
13	REMOTE_FAULT	RO SWC	1'b0	Remote Fault. Received Code Word Bit 13  =1: Link partner has detected remote fault



				=0: Link partner has not detected remote fault
12	RESERVED	RO SWC	1'b0	Technology Ability Field. Received Code Word Bit 12
11	ASYMMETRIC_PAUSE	RO SWC	1'b0	Technology Ability Field. Received Code  Word Bit 11  =1: Link partner requests asymmetric pause
				=0: Link partner does not request asymmetric pause
10	PAUSE	RO SWC	1'b0	Technology Ability Field. Received Code Word Bit 10  =1: Link partner supports pause operation  =0: Link partner does not support pause operation
9	100BASE-T4	RO SWC	1'b0	Technology Ability Field. Received Code Word Bit 9 =1: Link partner supports 100BASE-T4 =0: Link partner does not support100BASE-T4
8	100BASE- TX_FULL_DUPLEX	RO SWC	1'b0	Technology Ability Field. Received Code Word Bit 8  =1: Link partner supports 100BASE-TX full- duplex  =0: Link partner does not support 100BASE- TX full-duplex
7	100BASE- TX_HALF_DUPLEX	RO SWC	1'b0	Technology Ability Field. Received Code Word Bit 7  =1: Link partner supports 100BASE-TX half-duplex



				=0: Link partner does not support 100BASE-
				half-duplex
6	10BASE-	RO	1'b0	Technology Ability Field. Received Code
	Te_FULL_DUPLEX	SWC		Word Bit 6
				=1: Link partner supports 10BASE-Te full-duplex
				=0: Link partner does not support 10BASE- Te full-duplex
5	10BASE-	RO	1'b0	Technology Ability Field, Received Code
	Te_HALF_DUPLEX	SWC		Word Bit 5
				=1: Link partner supports 10BASE-Te half-
				duplex
			7	=0: Link partner does not support 10BASE-
				Te half-duplex
4:0	SELECTOR_FIELD	RO SWC	5'h0	Selector Field Received Code Word Bit 4:0

# MII REGISTER 06H: AUTO-NEGOTIATION EXPANSION REGISTER

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15:5	Reserved	RO	11'h0	Always 0
4	Parallel_Detection_fault	RO RC LH SWC	1'b0	=1: Fault is detected =0: No fault is detected
3	Link_partner_next_page able	RO LH SWC	1'b0	=1: Link partner supports Next page =0: Link partner does not support next page
2	Local_Next_Page_able	RO	1'b1	=1: Local Device supports Next Page =0: Local Device does not Next Page



1	Page_received	RO RC LH	1'b0	=1: A new page is received
				=0: No new page is received
0	Link_Partner_Auto_negotiati	RO	1'b0	=1: Link partner supports auto-
	on_able			negotiation
				=0: Link partner does not support auto-negotiation

# MII REGISTER 07H: AUTO-NEGOTIATION NEXT PAGE REGISTER

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15	Next_Page	RW	1'b0	Transmit Code Word Bit 15
				=1: The page is not the last page
				=0: The page is the last page
14	Reserved	RO	1'b0	Transmit Code Word Bit 14
13	Message_page_mode	RW	1'b1	Transmit Code Word Bit 13
				=1: Message Page
				=0: Unformatted Page
12	Ack2	RW	1'b0	Transmit Code Word Bit 12
				=1: Comply with message
		7)		=0: Cannot comply with message
11	Toggle	RO	1'b0	Transmit Code Word Bit 11
				=1: This bit in the previously exchanged Code
				Word is logic 0
				=0: The Toggle bit in the previously exchanged
				Code Word is logic 1
10:0	Message_Unformatte	RW	11'h1	Transmit Code Word Bits [10:0].
	D_Field			These bits are encoded as Message Code Field
				when bit[13] is set to 1, or as Unformatted Code
				Field when bit[13] is set to 0.

MII REGISTER 08H: AUTO-NEGOTIATION LINK PARTNER RECEIVED NEXT PAGE REGISTER



Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15	Next_Page	RO	1'b0	Received Code Word Bit 15
				=1: This page is not the last page
				=0: This page is the last page
14	Reserved	RO	1'b0	Received Code Word Bit 14
13	Message_page_mode	RO	1'b0	Received Code Word Bit 13
				=1: Message Page
				=0: Unformatted Page
12	Ack2	RO	1'b0	Received Code Word Bit 12
				=1: Comply with message
				=0: Cannot comply with message
11	Toggle	RO	1'b0	Received Code Word Bit 11
				=1: This bit in the previously exchanged Code
				Word is logic 0
				=0: The Toggle bit in the previously exchanged
				Code Word is logic 1
10:0	Message_Unformatte	RO	11'b0	Received Code Word Bit 10:0
	D_Field			These bits are encoded as Message Code Field
		7		when bit[13] is set to 1, or as Unformatted Code
				Field when bit[13] is set to 0.

# MII REGISTER 0AH: MASTER-SLAVE STATUS REGISTER

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15	Master_Slave_Conf iguration_Fault	RO RC SWC LH	1'b0	This register bit will clear on read, rising of MII  0.12 and rising of AN complete.  =1: Master/Slave configuration fault detected  =0: No fault detected
14	Master_Slave_Conf iguration_Resolutio n	RO	1'b0	This bit is not valid unless register 0x1 bit5 is 1.  =1: Local PHY configuration resolved to Master  =0: Local PHY configuration resolved to Slave



13	Local_Receiver_Sta	RO	1'b0	=1: Local Receiver OK
12	tus  Remote_Receiver_	RO	1'b0	=0: Local Receiver of OK  Always 0.  =1: Remote Receiver OK
12	Status Status	KO	1 00	=0: Remote Receiver not OK  Always 0.
11	Link Partner_  1000Base- T_Full_Duplex_Ca pability	RO	1'b0	This bit is not valid unless register 0x1 bit5 is 1.  =1: Link Partner supports 1000BASE-T half duplex  =0: Link Partner does not support 1000BASE-T half duplex
10	Link_Partner_1000  Base- T_Half_Duplex_Ca pability	RO	1'b0	This bit is not valid unless register 0x1 bit5 is 1.  =1: Link Partner supports 1000Base-T full duplex  =0: Link Partner does not support 1000Base-T full duplex
9:8	Reserved	RO	2'b0	Always 0
7:0	Idle_Error_Count	RO SC	8'b0	Counter for Idle errors

# MII REGISTER 0DH: MMD ACCESS CONTROL REGISTER

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15:14	Function	RW	2'b0	00 = Address  01 = Data, no post increment  10 = Data, post increment on reads and writes  11 = Data, post increment on writes only
12.5	D 1	D.O.	0.11.0	
13:5	Reserved	RO	9'b0	Always 0
4:0	DEVAD	RW	5'b0	MMD register device address. $00001 = \text{MMD1}$ $00011 = \text{MMD3}$
				00111 = MMD7



#### MII REGISTER 0EH: MMD ACCESS DATA REGISTER

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15:0	Address_data	RW	16'b0	If register 0xD bits [15:14] are 00, this register is used as MMD DEVAD address register.  Otherwise, this register is used as MMD DEVAD data register as indicated by its address register.

#### MII REGISTER 0FH: EXTENDED STATUS REGISTER

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15	1000Base-X_Fd	RO	1'b0	PHY not able to support 1000Base-X_Fd
14	1000Base-	RO	1'b0	PHY not able to support 1000Base-X_Hd
	X_Hd			
13	1000Base-T_Fd	RO	1'b0	PHY not able to support 1000Base-T_Fd
12	1000Base-	RO	1'b0	PHY not able to support 1000Base-T_Hd
	T_Hd			
11:8	Reserved	RO	1'b0	Reserved
7	100Base-T1	RO	1'b1	Reserved
6	1000Base-T1	RO	1'b0	Reserved
5:0	Reserved	RO	6'b0	Reserved

# MII REGISTER 10H: PHY SPECIFIC FUNCTION CONTROL REGISTER

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15:7	Reserved	RO	9'b0	Always 0.
6:5	Cross_md	RW	2'b11	Changes made to these bits disrupt normal operation, thus a software reset is mandatory after the change. And the configuration does not take effect until software reset.  00 = Manual MDI configuration  01 = Manual MDIX configuration  10 = Reserved



				11 = Enable automatic crossover for all modes
4	Int_polar_sel	RW	1'b0	No use.
3	Crs_on_tx	RW	1'b0	This bit is effective in 10BASE-Te half-duplex mode and 100BASE-TX mode:  =1: Assert CRS on transmitting or receiving  =0: Never assert CRS on transmitting, only assert it on receiving.
2	En_sqe_test	RW	1'b0	=1: SQE test enabled =0: SQE test disabled Note: SQE Test is automatically disabled in full-duplex mode regardless the setting in this bit.
1	En_pol_inv	RW	1'b1	If polarity reversal is disabled, the polarity is forced to be normal in 10BASE-Te.  =1: Polarity Reversal Enabled  =0: Polarity Reversal Disabled
0	Dis_jab	RW	1'b0	Jabber takes effect only in 10BASE-Te =1: Disable jabber function =0: Enable jabber function

# MII REGISTER 11H: PHY SPECIFIC STATUS REGISTER

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15:14	Speed_mode	RO	2'b00	This status bit is valid only when bit11 is  1. Bit11 is set when Auto-Negotiation is completed or Auto-Negotiation is disabled.  11 = Reserved  10 = 1000 Mbps  01 = 100 Mbps
				00 = 10 Mbps



13	Duplex	RO	1'b0	This status bit is valid only when bit11 is  1. Bit11 is set when Auto-Negotiation is completed or Auto-Negotiation is disabled.  =1: Full-duplex  =0: Half-duplex
12	Page_Received _real-time	RO	1'b0	=1: Page received =0: Page not received
11	Speed_and_Du plex_Resolved	RO	1'b0	This bit is set when Auto-Negotiation is completed or Auto-Negotiation is disabled =1: Resolved =0: Not resolved
10	Link_status_re al-time	RO	1'b0	=1: Link up =0: Link down
9:7	Reserced	RO	3'b111	Always 3'b111.
6	MDI_Crossove r_Status	RO	1'b0	This status bit is valid only when bit11 is  1. Bit11 is set when Auto-Negotiation is completed or Auto-Negotiation is disabled.  The bit value depends on register 0x10  "PHY specific function control register" bits6~bit5 configurations. Register 0x10 configurations take effect after software reset.  =1: MDIX  =0: MDI
5	Wirespeed_do wngrade	RO	1'b0	=1: Downgrade
4.2	_	P.O.	221-0	=0: No Downgrade
4:2	Reserved	RO	3'b0	Always 0.
1	Polarity_Real_ Time	RO	1'b0	=1: Reverted polarity =0: Normal polarity





0	Jabber_Real_T	RO	1'b0	=1: Jabber is asserted.
	ime			=0: No jabber

#### MII REGISTER 12H: INTERRUPT MASK REGISTER

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15	Auto-	RW	1'b0	=1: Interrupt enable
	Negotiation_Error_int _mask			=0: Interrupt disable
	_			
14	Speed_Changed_int_ma	RW	1'b0	=1: Interrupt enable
	sk			=0: Interrupt disable
13	Duplex_changed_int_m	RW	1'b0	=1: Interrupt enable
	ask			=0: Interrupt disable
12	Page_Received_int_mas	RW	1'b0	=1: Interrupt enable
	k			=0: Interrupt disable
11	Link_Failed_int_mask	RW	1'b0	=1: Interrupt enable
				=0: Interrupt disable
10	Link_Succeed_int_mask	RW	1'b0	=1: Interrupt enable
				=0: Interrupt disable
9	Reserved	RW	1'b0	Reserved
8	Reserved	RW	1'b0	Reserved
7	Reserved	RW	1'b0	Reserved
6	WOL_int_mask	RW	1'b0	=1: Interrupt enable
				=0: Interrupt disable
5	Wirespeed_downgraded	RW	1'b0	=1: Interrupt enable
	_int_mask			=0: Interrupt disable
4:2	Reserved	RW	3'b0	No used.
1	Polarity_changed_int_m	RW	1'b0	=1: Interrupt enable
	ask			=0: Interrupt disable

# Motorcomm YT8512C YT8512H Datasheet



0	Jabber_Happened_int_	RW	1'b0	=1: Interrupt enable
	mask			=0: Interrupt disable

## MII REGISTER 13H: INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15	Auto- Negotiation_Error_ INT	RO RC	1'b0	Error can take place when any of the following happens:  MASTER/SLAVE does not resolve correctly Parallel detect fault No common HCD Link does not come up after negotiation is complete Selector Field is not equal flp_receive_idle=true while Autoneg Arbitration FSM is in NEXT PAGE WAIT state =1: Auto-Negotiation Error takes place =0: No Auto-Negotiation Error takes place
14	Speed_Changed_IN T	RO RC	1'b0	=1: Speed changed =0: Speed not changed
13	Duplex_changed_I NT	RO RC	1'b0	=1: duplex changed =0: duplex not changed
12	Page_Received_IN T	RO RC	1'b0	=1: Page received =0: Page not received
11	Link_Failed_INT	RO RC	1'b0	=1: Link down takes place =0: No link down takes place
10	Link_Succeed_INT	RO RC	1'b0	=1: Link up takes place =0: No link up takes place
9	Reserved	RO	1'b0	Always 0.



D	DO.	121.0	A 1 O
Reserved	RU	1 00	Always 0.
Reserved	RO	1'b0	Always 0.
WOL_INT	RO RC	1'b0	=1: PHY received WOL magic
			frame.
			=0: PHY didn't receive WOL magic frame.
Wirespeed_downgr	RO RC	1'b0	=1: speed downgraded.
aded_INT			=0: Speed didn't downgrade.
Reserved	RO	3'b0	Always 0.
Polarity_changed_I	RO RC	1'b0	=1: PHY revered MDI polarity
NT		•	=0: PHY didn't revert MDI polarity
Jabber_Happened_I	RO RC	1'b0	=1: 10BaseTe TX jabber
NT			happened
	<		=0: 10BaseTe TX jabber didn't happen
	WOL_INT  Wirespeed_downgr aded_INT  Reserved  Polarity_changed_I NT  Jabber_Happened_I	Reserved RO  WOL_INT RO RC  Wirespeed_downgr aded_INT  Reserved RO  Polarity_changed_I RO RC  NT  Jabber_Happened_I RO RC	Reserved RO 1'b0  WOL_INT RO RC 1'b0  Wirespeed_downgr aded_INT  Reserved RO 3'b0  Polarity_changed_I RO RC 1'b0  NT 1'b0  I abber_Happened_I RO RC 1'b0

# MII REGISTER 14H: SPEED AUTO DOWNGRADE CONTROL REGISTER

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15:12	Reserved	RO	4'b0	Always 0.
11	En_mdio_latch	RW	1'b1	=1: To latch MII/MMD register's read out value during MDIO read =0: Do not latch MII/MMD register's read out value during MDIO read
10:6	Reserved	RW SC	5'b0	Reserved
5	En_speed_downgrade	RW	1'b1	When this bit is set to 1, the PHY enables smart-speed function. Writing this bit requires a software reset to update.
4:2	Autoneg retry limit pre- downgrade	RW	3'b011	If these bits are set to 3, the PHY attempts five times (set value 3 + additional 2) before downgrading. The



				number of attempts can be changed by these bits.
1	Bp_autospd_timer	RW	1'b0	=1: the wirespeed downgrade FSM will bypass the timer used for link stability check; =0: not bypass the timer, then links that established but hold for less than 2.5s would still be taken as failure, autoneg retry counter will increase by 1.
0	Reserved	RO	1'b0	Always 0.

# MII REGISTER 15H: RX ERROR COUNTER REGISTER

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15:0	Rx_err_counter	RO	16'b0	This counter increase by 1 at the 1st rising of RX_ER when RX_DV is 1.  The counter will hold at maximum 16'hFFFF and not roll over.  If speed mode is 2'b01, it counts for fe_100 RX_ER;
				Else, it's 0.

#### MII REGISTER 1EH: DEBUG REGISTER'S ADDRESS OFFSET REGISTER

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15:0	Extended_Register_Addr	RW	16'h0	It's the address offset of the EXT
	ess _Offset			that will be Write or Read

#### MII REGISTER 1FH: DEBUG REGISTER'S DATA REGISTER

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15:0	Extended_Register_Datas	RW	16'b0	It's the data to be written to the EXT indicated by the address offset in register 0x1E, or the data read out from that debug register.



#### EXTENDED REGISTER

#### EXT 200AH: 10BT POWER CONTROL, REGISTER

Bit	Symbol	Access	Default	Description
15:11	Reserved	RW	5'b11001	Reserved
10	En_10bt_idl	RW	1'b1	=1: In 10BT mode, if there's no data or NLP to transmit, shut off DAC; otherwise turn on the DAC; =0: In 10BT, DAC will not be turn off.
9:0	Reserved	RW	10'b1000001000	Reserved

#### EXT 4000H: EXTENDED COMBO CONTROL1

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:12	Reserved	RO	4'b0	
11	Remote_Loopback	RW	1'b0	Remote loopback control
				1'b0: disable
				1'b1: enable
10:9	Reserved	RW	2'b0	Reserved
8	Reserved	RW	1'b0	Reserved
7:6	Reserved	RW	2'b00	Reserved
5	Jumbo_Enable	RW	1'b0	Enable Jumbo frame reception up to
				18KB frame, when disabled only up to
				4.5KB frame supported
	1			0: disable jumbo frame reception
				1: enable jumbo frame reception
4	Rmii_RX_DV_sel	RW	1'b0	
<del>'1</del>	KIIII_KA_Dv_sei	IX VV	1 00	Drive PAD CRS_DV of RMII by
				CRS_DV or RX_DV.
				0: by CRS_DV
				1: by RX_DV
3	Reserved	RW	1'b0	Reserved



2	Wol_en	RW	1'b0	1: enable WOL mechanism.
				0: disable WOL.
1	Rmii_en	RW	1'b0	Its default value is determined by
				power on strapping.
				1: enable RMII mode;
				0: disable RMII mode.
0	Clk_sel	RW	1'b0	Its default value is determined by
				power on strapping.
				1: input TXC/RXC;
				0: output TXC/RXC.
				{rmii_en, clk_sel}:
				2'b00: MII mode;
			/5	2'b01: REMII mode;
				2'b10: RMII2 mode;
				2'b11: RMII1 mode.

# EXT 4001H: EXTENDED PAD CONTROL

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15	Output_int_or_wol	RW	1'b1	YT8512, control to output general
				INTn or WOL INTn to PAD
				LED0_INTN_PMEB, when
				power on strapping value of
				RXD[1] is 1.
				1'b1: output general INTn;
				1'b0: output WOL INTn.
14:6	Reserved	RW	9'b000000011	Reserved
5:4	Xmii_Dr	RW	2'b10	Xmii interface driver strength
				control in non-scan mode.
3:2	Mdio_Dr	RW	2'b11	Mdio pin driver strength control
				in non-scan mode.
1:0	Reserved	RW	2'b11	Reserved

## EXT 4003H: EXTENDED COMBO CONTROL2

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
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15	Reserved	RW	1'b0	Reserved
14	Slave_jitter_test	RW	1'b0	Mux clk_dac to rxc in slave jitter
				test mode
				1: enable
				0: disable
13:10	Reserved	RW	4'b0	Reserved
9:7	Wol_lth_sel	RW	3'b100	Wol_lth_sel[0] control WOL INTn
				to be a level or a pulse.
				1'b1: a pulse;
				1'b0: a level.
				Wol_lth_sel[2:1] control WOL
				INTn pulse width when
				Wol_lth_sel[0] is 1.
				2'b00: 10us;
				2'b01: 100us;
				2'b10: 1ms;
				2'b11: 10ms.
6	En_isolate_txc	RW	1'b1	When isolate (mii.0.10) is 1,
				control to make TXC input or not.
			X	1'b1: input;
	•			1'b0: keep TXC previous direction.
5	En_isolate_rxc	RW	1'b1	When isolate (mii.0.10) is 1,
				control to make RXC input or not.
				1'b1: input;
		_		1'b0: keep RXC previous direction.
4:0	Reserved	RW	5'b01111	Reserved

# EXT 4004H: WOL MAC ADDRESS

Bit Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0 Mac_addr_loc[47:32]	RW	16'b0	mac address for WOL

#### EXT 4005H: WOL MAC ADDRESS

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Mac_addr_loc[31:16]	RW	16'b0	mac address for WOL

#### EXT 4006H: WOL MAC ADDRESS

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Mac_addr_loc[15:0]	RW	16'b0	mac address for WOL



# EXT 40A0H: PKG\_SELFTEST CONTROL

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15	Pkg_chk_en	RW	1'b0	1: to enable RX/TX package checker. RX checker checks the MII data at transceiver's PCS RX; TX checker checks the MII data at mii_bridge's TX.
14	Pkg_en_gate	RW	1'b1	1: to enable gate all the clocks to package self- test module when bit15 pkg_chk_en is 0, bit13 bp_pkg_gen is 1 and bit12 pkg_gen_en is 0; 0: not gate the clocks.
13	Bp_pkg_gen	RW	1'b1	1: normal mode, to send xMII TX data from PAD; 0: test mode, to send out the MII data generated by pkg_gen module.
12	Pkg_gen_en	RW SC	1'b0	1: to enable pkg_gen generating MII packages. But, the data will only be sent to transceiver when Bit13 bp_pkg_gen is 1'b0.  If pkg_burst_size is 0, continuous packages will be generated and will be stopped only when pkg_gen_en is set to 0;  Otherwise, after the expected packages are generated, pkg_gen will stop, pkg_gen_en will be self-cleared.
11:8	Pkg_prm_lth	RW	4'd8	The preamble length of the generated packages, in Byte unit. Pkg_gen function only support >=2 Byte preamble length. Values smaller than 2 will be ignored by the pkg_gen module.
7:4	Pkg_ipg_lth	RW	4'd12	The IPG of the generated packages, in Byte unit. Pkg_gen function only support >=2 Byte preamble length. Values smaller than 2 will be ignored by the pkg_gen module.



3	Xmit_mac_force_	RW	1'b0	1: To enable pkg_gen to send out the
	gen			generated data even when the link is not
				established.
2	Pkg_corrupt_crc	RW	1'b0	1: to make pkg_gen to send out CRC error
				packages.
				0: pkg_gen sends out CRC good packages.
1:0	Pkg_payload	RW	2'b0	Control the payload of the generated packages.
				00: increased Byte payload;
				01: random payload;
				10: fix pattern 0x5AA55AA5
				11: reserved.

# EXT 40A1H: PKG\_SELFTEST CONTROL

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_length	RW	16'd64	To set the length of the generated packages.

# EXT 40A2H: PKG\_SELFTEST CONTROL

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_burst_size	RW	16'b0	To set the number of packages in a burst of package generation.  0: continuous packages will be generated.

# EXT 40A3H: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_ib_valid_high	RO	16'b0	Pkg_ib_valid[31:16], pkg_ib_valid is the number of RX packages from wire whose CRC are good and length are >=64Byte and <=1518Byte.

#### EXT 40A4H: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit Symbol Access default Description	
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# Motorcomm YT8512C YT8512H Datasheet



15:0	Pkg_ib_valid_low	RO	16'b0	Pkg_ib_valid[15:0], pkg_ib_valid is the
				number of RX packages from wire whose
				CRC are good and length are >=64Byte and
				<=1518Byte.

#### EXT 40A5H: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_ib_os_good_high	RO	16'b0	Pkg_ib_os_good[31:0], pkg_ib_os_good is the number of RX packages from wire whose CRC are good and length are >1518Byte.

#### EXT 40A6H: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_ib_os_good_low	RO	16'b0	Pkg_ib_os_good[15:0], pkg_ib_os_good is the number of RX packages from wire whose
			-\	CRC are good and length are >1518Byte.

# EXT 40A7H: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_ib_us_good_high	RO	16'b0	Pkg_ib_us_good[31:0], pkg_ib_us_good is the number of RX packages from wire whose CRC are good and length are <64Byte.

#### EXT 40A8H: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_ib_us_good_low	RO	16'b0	Pkg_ib_us_good[15:0], pkg_ib_us_good is
				the number of RX packages from wire whose
				CRC are good and length are >1518Byte.

#### EXT 40A9H: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit Symbol	Access	default	Description
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## Motorcomm YT8512C YT8512H Datasheet



15:0	Pkg_ib_err	RO	16'b0	pkg_ib_err is the number of RX packages
				from wire whose CRC are wrong and length
				are >=64Byte, <=1518Byte.

#### EXT 40AAH: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_ib_os_bad	RO	16'b0	pkg_ib_os_bad is the number of RX packages from wire whose CRC are wrong and length are >=1518Byte.

#### EXT 40ABH: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_ib_frag	RO	16'b0	pkg_ib_frag is the number of RX packages from wire whose length are <64Byte.

# EXT 40ACH: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_ib_nosfd	RO	16'b0	pkg_ib_nosfd is the number of RX packages from wire whose SFD is missed.

# EXT 40ADH: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_ob_valid_high	RO	16'b0	Pkg_ob_valid[31:16], pkg_ob_valid is the number of TX packages from MII whose CRC are good and length are >=64Byte and <=1518Byte.

#### EXT 40AEH: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_ob_valid_low	RO	16'b0	Pkg_ob_valid[15:0], pkg_ob_valid is the
				number of TX packages from MII whose
				CRC are good and length are >=64Byte and
				<=1518Byte.



#### EXT 40AFH: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_ob_os_good_high	RO	16'b0	Pkg_ob_os_good[31:0], pkg_ob_os_good is the number of TX packages from MII whose CRC are good and length are >1518Byte.

#### EXT 40B0H: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_ob_os_good_low	RO	16'b0	Pkg_ob_os_good[15:0], pkg_ob_os_good is the number of TX packages from MII whose CRC are good and length are >1518Byte.

#### EXT 40B1H: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_ob_us_good_high	RO	16'b0	Pkg_ob_us_good[31:0], pkg_ob_us_good is the number of TX packages from MII whose CRC are good and length are <64Byte.

# EXT 40B2H: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit	Symbol Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_ob_us_good_low RO	16'b0	Pkg_ob_us_good[15:0], pkg_ob_us_good is the number of TX packages from MII whose CRC are good and length are >1518Byte.

# EXT 40B3H: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_ob_err	RO	16'b0	pkg_ob_err is the number of TX packages from MII whose CRC are wrong and length are >=64Byte, <=1518Byte.

#### EXT 40B4H: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit Symbol Access default Description	Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
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# Motorcomm YT8512C YT8512H Datasheet



15:0	Pkg_ob_os_bad	RO	16'b0	pkg_ob_os_bad is the number of TX
				packages from MII whose CRC are wrong
				and length are >=1518Byte.

#### EXT 40B5H: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_ob_frag	RO	16'b0	pkg_ob_frag is the number of TX packages
				from MII whose length are <64Byte.

#### EXT 40B6H: PKG\_SELFTEST STATUS

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:0	Pkg_ob_nosfd	RO	16'b0	pkg_ob_nosfd is the number of TX packages from MII whose SFD is missed.

# EXT 40B7H: PKG\_SELFTEST CONTROL

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:1	Reserved	RO	15'b0	
1	Pkgchk_txsrc_sel	RW	1'b0	Control the source of packages for pkg checker in TX direction to check.  1'b1: from pkg_gen;
				1'b0: from xMII TX interface.
0	Pkgen_en_az	RW	1'b0	To send AZ LPI pattern during IPG of the packages sent by pkg_gen.

# EXT 40B8H: PKG\_SELFTEST CONTROL

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:11	Reserved	RW	5'b0	No use.
10:0	Pkgen_pre_az_t	RW	11'b0	Control the IDLE time after traffic and before sending LPI_IDLE, in unit us.

#### EXT 40B9H: PKG\_SELFTEST CONTROL

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description





15:11	Reserved	RW	5'b0	No use.
10:0	Pkgen_in_az_t	RW	11'b0	Control the time sending LPI_IDLE, in unit
				us.

#### EXT 40BAH: PKG\_SELFTEST CONTROL

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:11	Reserved	RW	5'b0	No use.
10:0	Pkgen_aft_az_t	RW	11'b0	Control the IDLE time from end of LPI_IDLE to the beginning of next package.

#### EXT 40C0H: LED0 CONTROL

	EDU CONTROL			
Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15	Led_force_en	RW	1'b0	To enable LED force mode.
14:13	Led_force_mode	RW	2'b0	Valid when bit15 led_force_en is set.
				00 = force LED OFF;
				01 = force LED ON;
				10 = force LED to blink at Blink Mode1;
				11 = force LED to blink at Blink Mode0.
				There are 4 Blink Mode, which are
				different at blink frequency.
				Refer to EXT 40C2 for detail of Blink
				Mode0~3.



12	Led_act_blk_ind	RW	1'b0	When traffic is present, make LED BLINK no matter the previous LED status is ON or OFF, or make LED blink only when the previous LED is ON.  when any *_blk_en in bit9~8 and bit3~1 is set and chip do work at corresponding status,
				=1: LED will blink, no matter bit11~10 (duplex control) and bit5~4 (speed control) are 1 or 0;
				=0: LED will not blink, unless one (more) of bit11~10 (duplex control) and bit5~4
				(speed control) is (are) 1 and related status is (are) matched (ON at certain speed or duplex mode is/are activated);.
11	Led_fdx_on_en	RW	1'b0	If BLINK status is not activated, when
				PHY link up and duplex mode is full duplex,
				=1: make LED ON; =0: don't make LED ON;
10	Led_hdx_on_en	RW	1'b0	If BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and duplex mode is half
				duplex,
				=1: make LED ON; =0: don't make LED ON;
9	Led_txact_blk_en	RW	1'b1	If bit12 Led_act_blk_ind is 1, or it is 0 and
	<del></del>			LED ON at certain speed or duplex more
				is/are activated, when PHY link up and TX
				is active,
				=1: make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or
				1 based on traffic weight;
				=0: don't make LED BLINK.



LED ON at certain speed or duplex more is/are activated, when PHY link up and RX is active,  =1: make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1 based on traffic weight;  =0: don't make LED BLINK.  7 Led_txact_on_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and TX is active, make LED ON at least 2 second  6 Led_rxact_on_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and RX is active, make LED ON at least 2 second  5 Led_ht_on_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED ON;  4 Led_bt_on_en  RW 1'b1 =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED ON;  3 Led_col_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and collision happen, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1 based on 40C1h bit6 col_blk_sel;  2 Led_ht_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  0 Dis_led_an_try  RW 1'b1 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b2 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if BLINK at Bli	8	Led_rxact_blk_en	RW	1'b1	If bit12 Led_act_blk_ind is 1, or it is 0 and
is active,  =1: make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1 based on traffic weight;  =0: don't make LED BLINK.  7 Led_txact_on_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and TX is active, make LED ON at least 2 second  6 Led_rxact_on_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and RX is active, make LED ON at least 2 second  5 Led_ht_on_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED ON;  4 Led_bt_on_en  RW  1'b1  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED ON;  3 Led_col_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and collision happen, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1 based on 40C1h bit6 col_blk_sel;  2 Led_ht_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Ubd_bt_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Ubd_bt_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Ubd_bt_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Ubd_bt_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;					LED ON at certain speed or duplex more
is active,  =1: make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1 based on traffic weight;  =0: don't make LED BLINK.  7 Led_txact_on_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and TX is active, make LED ON at least 2 second  6 Led_rxact_on_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and RX is active, make LED ON at least 2 second  5 Led_ht_on_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED ON;  4 Led_bt_on_en  RW  1'b1  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED ON;  3 Led_col_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and collision happen, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1 based on 40C1h bit6 col_blk_sel;  2 Led_ht_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Ubd_bt_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Ubd_bt_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Ubd_bt_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  1 Ubd_bt_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;					is/are activated, when PHY link up and RX
1 based on traffic weight; =0: don't make LED BLINK.  7 Led_txact_on_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and TX is active, make LED ON at least 2 second  6 Led_txact_on_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and RX is active, make LED ON at least 2 second  5 Led_ht_on_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make 1ED ON;  4 Led_bt_on_en  RW  1'b1  =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED ON;  3 Led_col_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and collision happen, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1 based on 40C1h bit6 col_blk_sel;  2 Led_ht_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  10 Dis_led_an_try  RW  1'b1  when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status,  =1: LED will be on;					
=0: don't make LED BLINK.    Total   T					=1: make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or
The content of the					1 based on traffic weight;
PHY link up and TX is active, make LED ON at least 2 second  1'b0 =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and RX is active, make LED ON at least 2 second  Led_ht_on_en RW 1'b0 =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED ON;  Led_bt_on_en RW 1'b1 =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED ON;  Led_col_blk_en RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and collision happen, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1 based on 40C1h bit6 col_blk_sel;  Led_ht_blk_en RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  Led_bt_blk_en RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  O Dis_led_an_try RW 1'b1 when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;					=0: don't make LED BLINK.
ON at least 2 second    Construction	7	Led_txact_on_en	RW	1'b0	=1: if BLINK status is not activated, when
Color   Colo					PHY link up and TX is active, make LED
PHY link up and RX is active, make LED ON at least 2 second  Led_ht_on_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED ON;  Led_bt_on_en  RW 1'b1 =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED ON;  Led_col_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and collision happen, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1 based on 40C1h bit6 col_blk_sel;  Led_ht_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  Dis_led_an_try  RW 1'b1 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;					ON at least 2 second
ON at least 2 second  Led_ht_on_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED ON;  Led_bt_on_en  RW  1'b1  -1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED ON;  Led_col_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and collision happen, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1 based on 40C1h bit6 col_blk_sel;  Led_ht_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  Led_bt_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  when PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;	6	Led_rxact_on_en	RW	1'b0	=1: if BLINK status is not activated, when
5 Led_ht_on_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED ON;  4 Led_bt_on_en  RW 1'b1 =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED ON;  3 Led_col_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and collision happen, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1 based on 40C1h bit6 col_blk_sel;  2 Led_ht_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  0 Dis_led_an_try  RW 1'b1 when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;					PHY link up and RX is active, make LED
PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED ON;  4 Led_bt_on_en  RW 1'bl =I: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED ON;  3 Led_col_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and collision happen, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1 based on 40C1h bit6 col_blk_sel;  2 Led_ht_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  0 Dis_led_an_try  RW 1'b1 when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;					ON at least 2 second
make LED ON;  4 Led_bt_on_en  RW 1'bl =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED ON;  3 Led_col_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and collision happen, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1 based on 40C1h bit6 col_blk_sel;  2 Led_ht_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  0 Dis_led_an_try  RW 1'b1 when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;	5	Led_ht_on_en	RW	1'b0	=1: if BLINK status is not activated, when
4 Led_bt_on_en  RW 1'b1 =1: if BLINK status is not activated, when PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED ON;  3 Led_col_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and collision happen, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1 based on 40C1h bit6 col_blk_sel;  2 Led_ht_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  0 Dis_led_an_try  RW 1'b1 when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;					PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps,
PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED ON;  3 Led_col_blk_en RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and collision happen, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1 based on 40C1h bit6 col_blk_sel;  2 Led_ht_blk_en RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  1 Led_bt_blk_en RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  0 Dis_led_an_try RW 1'b1 when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;					make LED ON;
make LED ON;  1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and collision happen, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1 based on 40C1h bit6 col_blk_sel;  Led_ht_blk_en RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  Led_bt_blk_en RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  Dis_led_an_try RW 1'b1 when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;	4	Led_bt_on_en	RW	1'b1	=1: if BLINK status is not activated, when
3 Led_col_blk_en RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and collision happen, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1 based on 40C1h bit6 col_blk_sel;  2 Led_ht_blk_en RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  1 Led_bt_blk_en RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  0 Dis_led_an_try RW 1'b1 when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;					PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps,
make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1 based on 40C1h bit6 col_blk_sel;  2 Led_ht_blk_en RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  1 Led_bt_blk_en RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  0 Dis_led_an_try RW 1'b1 when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;					make LED ON;
based on 40C1h bit6 col_blk_sel;  2    Led_ht_blk_en    RW    1'b0    =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  1    Led_bt_blk_en    RW    1'b0    =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  0    Dis_led_an_try    RW    1'b1    when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;	3	Led_col_blk_en	RW	1'b0	=1: if PHY link up and collision happen,
2 Led_ht_blk_en RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  1 Led_bt_blk_en RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  0 Dis_led_an_try RW 1'b1 when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;					make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or 1
100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 2;  1 Led_bt_blk_en RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  0 Dis_led_an_try RW 1'b1 when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;					based on 40C1h bit6 col_blk_sel;
mode 2;  1 Led_bt_blk_en  RW  1'b0  =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  0 Dis_led_an_try  RW  1'b1  when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;	2	Led_ht_blk_en	RW	1'b0	=1: if PHY link up and speed mode is
1 Led_bt_blk_en RW 1'b0 =1: if PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  0 Dis_led_an_try RW 1'b1 when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;					100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink
10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode 3;  Dis_led_an_try  RW  1'b1 when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;					mode 2;
3;  Dis_led_an_try  RW  1'b1 when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;	1	Led_bt_blk_en	RW	1'b0	=1: if PHY link up and speed mode is
0 Dis_led_an_try RW 1'b1 when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;					10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode
at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status, =1: LED will be on;					3;
=1: LED will be on;	0	Dis_led_an_try	RW	1'b1	when PHY is active and auto-negotiation is
					at LINK_GOOD_CHECK status,
=0: LED will be off.					=1: LED will be on;
					=0: LED will be off.



EXT 40C1H: LED0/1 CONTROL

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15:10	Reserved	RO	6'b0	Always 0.
9	Invert_led_duty	RW	1'b0	=1: to invert the duty cycle of ON and OFF, namely make LED ON time short and OFF time long.
8	Lpbk_led_dis	RW	1'b0	=1: In internal loopback mode, LED will not blink; =0: In internal loopback mode, LED will still blink if it's configured to blink on activity.
7	Jabber_led_dis	RW	1'b1	=1: when 10Mbps Jabber happens, LED will not blink; =0: when 10Mbps Jabber happens, LED will still blink if it's configured to blink on TX.
6	Col_blk_sel	RW	1'b1	=1: when collision happens, LED blink at Blink Mode0; =0: when collision happens, LED blink at Blink Mode1;
5	En_led_act_level	RW	1'b0	=1: to make LED blink at different frequency (Blink mode 0) when traffic weight is high. =0: to make LED blink always at Blink mode 1 no matter what the traffic weight is.
4:0	Led_act_level_th	RW	5'd12	Traffic is heavy or not's threshold.  RX/TX traffic is monitored separately. In  1s interval, if RX or TX traffic active time > Led_act_level_th*42ms, then the traffic is heavy; otherwise, traffic is not heavy.



#### EXT 40C2H: LED0/1 CONTROL



11:8	Freq_sel_c1	RW	4'd12	Control the LED blink frequency in Blink mode 1.
				See description in bit15~12 Freq_sel_c0 for detail.
7:4	Freq_sel_c2	RW	4'd7	Control the LED blink frequency in Blink mode 2.  See description in bit15~12 Freq_sel_c0 for detail.
3:0	Freq_sel_c3	RW	4'd5	Control the LED blink frequency in Blink mode 3. See description in bit15~12 Freq_sel_c0 for detail.

#### EXT 40C3H: LED1 CONTROL

Bit	Symbol	Access	default	Description
15	Led_force_en	RW	1'b0	To enable LED force mode.
14:13	Led_force_mode	RW	2'b0	Valid when bit15 led_force_en is set.
				00 = force LED OFF; 01 = force LED ON;
				10 = force LED to blink at Blink Mode1;
				11 = force LED to blink at Blink Mode0.
				There are 4 Blink Mode, which are
				different at blink frequency.
				Refer to EXT 40C2 for detail of Blink
	)			Mode0~3.



12	Led_act_blk_ind	RW	1'b0	When traffic is present, make LED BLINK no matter the previous LED status is ON or OFF, or make LED blink only when the
				previous LED is ON.
				when any *_blk_en in bit9~8 and bit3~1 is
				set and chip do work at corresponding
				status,
				=1: LED will blink, no matter bit11~10
				(duplex control) and bit5~4 (speed control)
				are 1 or 0;
				=0: LED will not blink, unless one (more)
				of bit11~10 (duplex control) and bit5~4 (speed control) is (are) 1 and related status
				is (are) matched (ON at certain speed or
				duplex mode is/are activated);.
11	Led_fdx_on_en	RW	1'60	If BLINK status is not activated, when
				PHY link up and duplex mode is full
				duplex,
				=1: make LED ON;
				=0: don't make LED ON;
10	Led_hdx_on_en	RW	1'b0	If BLINK status is not activated, when
				PHY link up and duplex mode is half
				duplex,
				=1: make LED ON;
	1			=0: don't make LED ON;
9	Led_txact_blk_en	RW	1'b1	If bit12 Led_act_blk_ind is 1, or it is 0 and
				LED ON at certain speed or duplex more
				is/are activated, when PHY link up and TX
				is active,
				=1: make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or
				1 based on traffic weight;
				=0: don't make LED BLINK.



8	Led_rxact_blk_en	RW	1'b1	If bit12 Led_act_blk_ind is 1, or it is 0 and
				LED ON at certain speed or duplex more
				is/are activated, when PHY link up and RX
				is active,
				=1: make LED BLINK at Blink mode 0 or
				1 based on traffic weight;
				=0: don't make LED BLINK.
7	Led_txact_on_en	RW	1'b0	=1: if BLINK status is not activated, when
				PHY link up and TX is active, make LED
				ON at least 10ms;
6	Led_rxact_on_en	RW	1'b0	=1: if BLINK status is not activated, when
				PHY link up and RX is active, make LED
				ON at least 10ms;
5	Led_ht_on_en	RW	1'b1	=1: if BLINK status is not activated, when
				PHY link up and speed mode is 100Mbps,
				make LED ON;
4	Led_bt_on_en	RW	1'b0	=1: if BLINK status is not activated, when
				PHY link up and speed mode is 10Mbps,
				make LED ON;
3	Led_col_blk_en	RW	1'b0	=1: if PHY link up at FE and collision
				happen, make LED BLINK at Blink mode
				0 or 1 based on 40C1h bit6 col_blk_sel;
2	Led_ht_blk_en	RW	1'b0	=1: if PHY link up and speed mode is
				100Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink
				mode 2;
1	Led_bt_blk_en	RW	1'b0	=1: if PHY link up and speed mode is
				10Mbps, make LED BLINK at Blink mode
				3;
0	Reserved	RO	1'b0	Always 0.



# 6 TIMING AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Description	Min	Max	Unit
DVDD33	3.3 V power supply	-0.3	3.70	V
AVDD33	3.3 V power supply	-0.3	3.70	V
AVDDL	1.2 V power supply	-0.2	1.50	V
DVDDL	1.2 V power supply	-0.2	1.50	V

#### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

Description	Pins	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Power supply	DVDD33	2.97	3.30	3.63	V
	AVDD33	2.97	3.30	3.63	V
	AVDDL	1.08	1.20	1.32	V
	DVDDL	1.08	1.20	1.32	V
YT85120	C Ambient Operation Temperature Ta	0	-	70	°C
YT8512F	H Ambient Operation Temperature Ta	-40	1	85	
M	aximum Junction Temperature			125	°C

#### CRYSTAL REQUIREMENT

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
F ref	Crystal Reference	-	25	-	MHz
	Frequency				
F ref Tolerance	Crystal Reference	-50	-	50	ppm
	Frequency tolerance				
Duty Cycle	Reference clock input	40	-	60	%
	duty cycle				
ESR	Equivalent Series	-		50	ohm
	Resistance				
DL	Drive Level	-	-	0.5	mW
Vih	Crystal output high level	1.4	-	-	V
Vil	Crystal output low level	-	-	0.4	V



# OSCILLATOR/EXTERNAL CLOCK REQUIREMENT

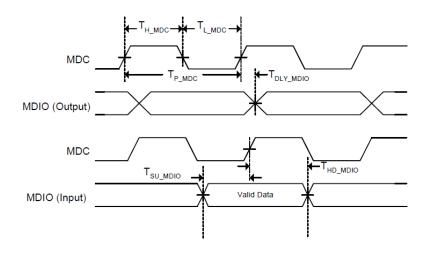
Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Frequency			25		MHz
Frequency tolerance	Ta= -40~85 C	-50		50	PPM
Duty Cycle		40	-	60	%
Peak to Peak Jitter				200	ps
Vih		1.4		AVDD33+0.3	V
Vil				0.4	V
Rise Time	10%~90%			10	ns
Fall Time	10%~90%			10	ns
Temperature Range	YT8512C	0		70	°C
Temperature Range	YT851H	-40		85	°C

# DC CHARACTERISTICS

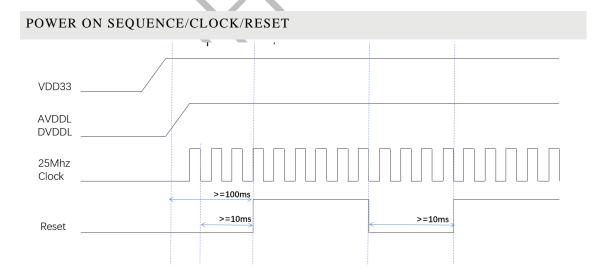
Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
DVDD33	3.3V power supply	2.97	3.3	3.63	V
AVDD33	3.3V power supply	2.97	3.3	3.63	V
DVDDL	1.2V power supply	1.08	1.2	1.32	V
AVDDL	1.2V power supply	1.08	1.2	1.32	V
Voh 3.3V	Minimum High Level Voltage Output	2.4	-	3.6	V
	Voltage				
Vol 3.3V	Minimum Low Level Voltage Output	-0.3	-	0.4	V
	Voltage				
Vih 3.3V	Maximum High Level Input Voltage	2	-	-	V
Vil 3.3V	Maximum Low Level Input Voltage	-	-	0.8	V



#### MDC/MDIO TIMING



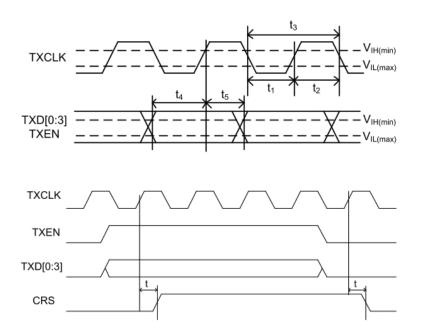
Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T <sub>DLY_MDIO</sub>	MDC to MDIO Output Delay Time			20	ns
T <sub>SU_MDIO</sub>	MDIO Input to MDC Setup Time	10			ns
T <sub>HD_MDIO</sub>	MDIO Input to MDC Hold Time	10			ns
T <sub>P_MDC</sub>	MDC Period	80			ns
T <sub>H_MDC</sub>	MDC High	30			ns
T <sub>L_MDC</sub>	MDC Low	30			ns
Maximum Frequ	nency = 12.5M Hz				



When using crystal, the clock is generated internally after power is stable. For a reliable power on reset, suggest to keep asserting the reset low long enough (100ms) to ensure the clock is stable and clock-to-reset 10ms requirement is satisfied.



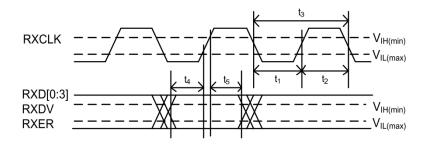
#### MII TRANSMISSION CYCLE TIMING

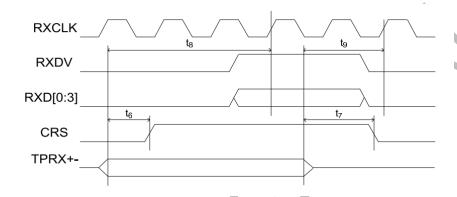


Symbol	Description		Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
t1	TXCLK High Pulse Width	100Mbps	14	20	26	ns
		10Mbps	140	200	260	ns
t2	TXCLK Low Pulse Width	100Mbps	14	20	26	ns
		10Mbps	140	200	260	ns
t3	TXCLK Period	100Mbps	-	40	-	ns
		10Mbps	-	400	-	ns
t4	TXEN, TXD[0:3]	100Mbps	10	-	-	ns
	Setup to TXCLK Rising Edge	10Mbps	5	-	-	ns
t5	TXEN, TXD[0:3]	100Mbps	0	-	-	ns
	Hold After TXCLK Rising Edge	10Mbps	0	-	-	ns
t6	TXEN Sampled to CRS High	100Mbps	-	-	40	ns
		10Mbps	-	-	400	ns
t7	TXEN Sampled to CRS Low	100Mbps	-	-	160	ns
		10Mbps	-	-	2000	ns



#### MII RECEPTION CYCLE TIMING

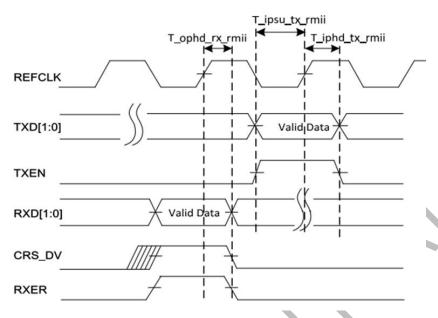




Symbol	Description		Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
t1	RXCLK High Pulse Width	100Mbps	14	20	26	ns
		10Mbps	14	200	260	ns
			0			
t2	RXCLK Low Pulse Width	100Mbps	14	20	26	ns
		10Mbps	14	200	260	ns
			0			
t3	RXCLK Period	100Mbps	-	40	-	ns
	( ) ,	10Mbps	-	400	-	ns
t4	RXER, RX_DV,RXD[0:3] Setup to RXCLK Rising Edge	100Mbps	10	-	-	ns
	Setup to KACLK RISING Edge	10Mbps	10	-	-	ns
t5	RXER, RX_DV, RXD[0:3]	100Mbps	10	-	-	ns
	Hold After RXCLK Rising Edge	10Mbps	10	-	-	ns
t6	Receive Frame to CRS High	100Mbps	-	-	130	ns
		10Mbps	-	-	2000	ns
t7	End of Receive Frame to CRS Low	100Mbps	-	-	240	ns
	Low	10Mbps	-	-	1000	ns
t8	Receive Frame to Sampled	100Mbps	-	-	150	ns
	Edge of RX_DV	10Mbps	-	-	3200	ns
t9	End of Receive Frame to	100Mbps	-	-	120	ns
	Sampled Edge of RX_DV	10Mbps	-	-	1000	ns



#### RMII TRANSMISSION AND RECEPTION CYCLE TIMING



Symbol	Description	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
REFCLK Frequency	Frequency of Reference Clock	-	50	-	MHz
REFCLK Duty Cycle	Duty Cycle of Reference Clock	35	-	65	%
T_ipsu_tx_rmii	TXD[1:0]/TXEN Setup Time to REFCLK	4	-	-	ns
T_iphd_tx_rmii	TXD[1:0]/TXEN Hold Time from REFCLK	2	-	-	ns
T_ophd_rx_rmii	RXD[1:0]/CRS_DV/RXER Output Delay Time from REFCLK	2	-	-	ns



# 7 POWER REQUIREMENTS

#### POWER CONSUMPTION

#### MII MODE

Cond	ition	3.3V(Pull up)	AVDD33	DVDD33	3.3V
					total(mA)
Res	set	0	5.2	0	5.2
Power	down	0	5.4	0.1	5.5
Hiber	nation	0	6	0.1	6.1
Act	ive	0	44.3	0.7	45
Link	10M	4.2	19.3	0.6	24.1
	100M	3.9	56.6	4.9	65.4
Traffic	10M	1.9	37.9	0.8	40.6
	100M	1.8	56.7	6	65.5

#### RMII MODE

Cond	lition	3.3V(Pull up)	AVDD33	DVDD33	3.3V
					total(mA)
Re	set	0	5.2	0	5.2
Power	down	0	5.4	0.1	5.5
Hiber	nation	0	6	0	6
Act	ive	0	44.3	0	44.3
Link	10M	4.1	19.4	0.1	23.6
	100M	3.9	56.6	0.2	60.7
Traffic	10M	2.2	37.2	0.3	39.7
	100M	2.1	56.8	1.1	60.9

#### Unit is mA

Note: The power consumption is measured under room temperature with typical process DUT.

#### MAXIMUM POWER CONSUMPTION MII MODE

Condition		3.3V(Pull up)	AVDD33	DVDD33	3.3V
					total(mA)
Traffic	100M	2.3	68.1	8	78.4

Note: The Maximum power consumption is measured under high temperature ( $T_A=85^{\circ}C$ ) with FF corner process (fast nmos and fast pmos)DUT.



# 8 PACKAGE INFORMATION

#### ROHS-COMPLIANT PACKAGING

Motor-comm offers a RoHS package that is compliant with RoHS

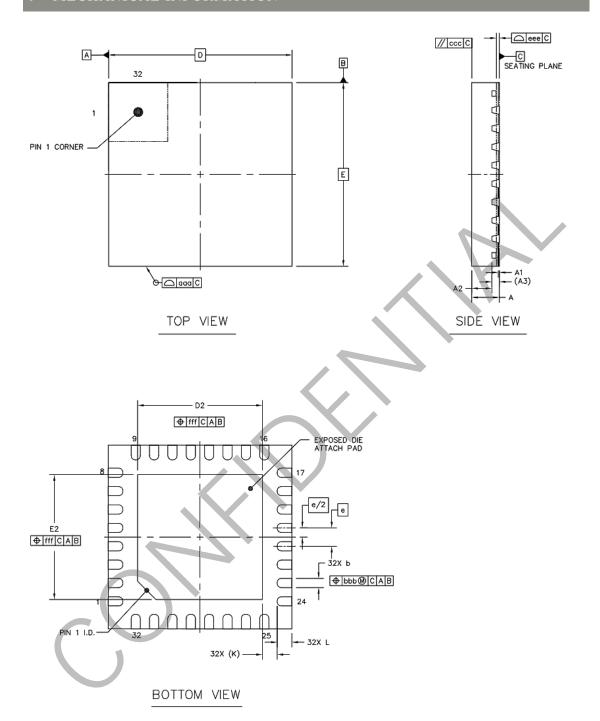
Part Number	Status	Package	Op temp (°C)	Note
YT8512C	Active	QFN 32 5x5mm	0 to 70	
YT8512H	Active	QFN 32 5x5mm	-40 to 85	

#### THERMAL RESISTANCE

Symbol	Parameter	Conditon	Тур	Units
$\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$	Thermal resistance - junction to ambient $\theta_{JA} = (T_J - T_A)/P$ $P = Total \ power \ dissipation$	JEDEC 3 in. x 4.5 in. 4-layer PCB with no air flow T <sub>A</sub> =25°C  JEDEC 3 in. x 4.5 in. 4-layer PCB with no air flow T <sub>A</sub> =125°C	37.8	°C/W
θις	Thermal resistance - junction to case $\theta_{JC} = (T_J - T_C)/  Ptop$ $Ptop =  Power  dissipation  from  the  top  of  the  package$	JEDEC with no air flow	35	°C/W
θ <sub>ЈВ</sub>	Thermal resistance – junction to board $\theta_{JB} = (T_J - T_B)/Pbottom$ $Pbottom = Power dissipation from the bottom of the package to the PCB surface.$	JEDEC with no air flow	16.3	°C/W



# 9 MECHANICAL INFORMATION





		SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX
TOTAL THICKNESS		A	0.7	0.75	0.8
STAND OFF		A1	0	0.02	0.05
MOLD THICKNESS		A2	0.55		
L/F THICKNESS		A3		0.203 REF	
LEAD WIDTH		b	0.2	0.25	0.3
BODY SIZE X		D		5 BSC	
DODT SIZE	Y	E		5 BSC	
LEAD PITCH		е		0.5 BSC	
EP SIZE	×	D2	3.3	3.4	3.5
LP 312L	Y	E2	3.3	3.4	3.5
LEAD LENGTH		L	0.3 0.4 0.5		0.5
LEAD TIP TO EXPOSED	PAD EDGE	К		0.4 REF	
PACKAGE EDGE TOLERANCE		aaa		0.1	
MOLD FLATNESS		ccc		0.1	
COPLANARITY		eee		0.08	
LEAD OFFSET		bbb	0.1		
EXPOSED PAD OFFSET		fff	0.1		
		1			
		1			
		1			



# 10 ORDERING INFORMATION

Part Number	Grade	Package	Packaging	Status	Operation temp(°C)
YT8512C	Consumer	QFN 32	3000ea ;Tape & Reel,	Mass	0 to 70 ℃
		5x5mm	4900ea ;Tray	Production	
YT8512H	Industrial	QFN 32	3000ea ;Tape & Reel,	Mass	-40 to 85 °C
		5x5mm	4900ea ;Tray	Production	

