## Introduction to 8086 Assembly

Lecture 10

Passing Arguments, Calling Conventions, Local Variables



Write a subprogram that takes m, n as arguments and returns  $m^n$ 

```
powfunc.c
int pow(int m, int n) {
  int p = 1;
 while (n > 0) {
    p *= m;
    n--;
  return p;
```



Write a subprogram that takes m, n as arguments and returns  $m^n$ 

1. Use registers

```
powfunc.c
int pow(int m, int n) {
  int p = 1;
 while (n > 0) {
    p *= m;
    n--;
 return p;
```

Write a subprogram taking m,n as

```
powfunc.c
int caller_func() {
 pow(3,4);
int pow(int m, int n) {
  int p = 1;
 while (n > 0) {
    p *= m;
    n--;
  return p;
```

arguments, returning m<sup>n</sup>

```
K. N. Toosi
University of Technology
```

```
powfunc1.asm
    mov ebx, 3
    mov eax, 4
    call pow
    call print_int
    call print nl
pow:
    mov ecx, eax
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul ebx
    loop loop1
    ret
```

Write a subprogram taking m, n as arguments, returning  $m^n$ 

```
powfunc.c
int caller_func() {
 pow(3,4);
int pow(int m, int n) {
  int p = 1;
 while (n > 0) {
    p *= m;
    n--;
  return p;
```



```
powfunc1.asm
    mov ebx, 3
    mov eax, 4
    call pow
                            return value in eax
    call print int
    call print nl
pow:
    mov ecx, eax
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul ebx
    loop loop1
    ret
                              return value in eax
```

Write a subprogram taking m, n as arguments, returning  $m^n$ 

```
powfunc.c
int caller_func() {
 pow(3,4);
int pow(int m, int n) {
  int p = 1;
 while (n > 0) {
    p *= m;
    n--;
  return p;
```



```
powfunc1.asm
    mov ebx, 3
    mov eax, 4
    call pow
                            return value in eax
    call print int
    call print nl
pow:
    mov ecx, eax
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul ebx
                                    what registers
                                    get changed?
    loop loop1
    ret
```

Write a subprogram taking m,n as arguments, returning  $m^n$ 

```
powfunc.c
int caller_func() {
 pow(3,4);
int pow(int m, int n) {
  int p = 1;
 while (n > 0) {
    p *= m;
    n--;
  return p;
```



```
powfunc1.asm
    mov ebx, 3
    mov eax, 4
    call pow
                            return value in eax
    call print int
    call print nl
pow:
    mov ecx, eax
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul ebx
                                   what registers
                                   get changed?
    loop loop1
                                   EAX, ECX, EDX
    ret
```

Write a subprogram taking m, n as arguments, returning  $m^n$ 

```
powfunc.c
int caller_func() {
 pow(3,4);
int pow(int m, int n) {
  int p = 1;
 while (n > 0) {
    p *= m;
    n--;
  return p;
```



```
powfunc1.asm
    mov ebx, 3
    mov eax, 4
    call pow
                            return value in eax
    call print int
    call print nl
pow:
    mov ecx, eax
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul ebx
                                   what registers
                                   get changed?
    loop loop1
                                   EAX, ECX, EDX
    ret
```

Write a subprogram taking m, n as arguments, returning  $m^n$ 

```
powfunc.c
int caller_func() {
 pow(3,4);
int pow(int m, int n) {
  int p = 1;
  while (n > 0) {
    p *= m;
    n--;
  return p;
```

```
powfunc2.asm
    mov ebx, 3
    mov eax, 4
    call pow
    call print_int
    call print nl
pow:
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, eax
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul ebx
    loop loop1
     pop edx
    pop ecx
    ret
```



Write a subprogram taking m, n as arguments, returning  $m^n$ 

```
powfunc.c
int caller_func() {
 pow(3,4);
int pow(int m, int n) {
  int p = 1;
  while (n > 0) {
    p *= m;
    n--;
  return p;
```

```
powfunc2.asm
    mov ebx, 3
    mov eax, 4
    call pow
    call print_int
    call print nl
pow:
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, eax
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul ebx
    loop loop1
     pop edx
    pop ecx
    ret
```



Is this really necessary?



- 1. User registers
- 2. ?

K. N. Toosi
University of Technology

- 1. User registers
- 2. Use Stack

#### Passing parameters on stack

Write a subprogram taking m, n as arguments, returning  $m^n$ 

```
powfunc.c
int caller_func() {
 pow(3,4);
int pow(int m, int n) {
  int p = 1;
 while (n > 0) {
    p *= m;
    n--;
  return p;
```

```
powfunc2.asm
    ;; pow(3,4)
    push 4
              ; push n
    push 3; push m
    call pow
    add esp, 8
    call print_int
    call print nl
pow:
    mov ecx. [esp+8]
    mov eax. 1
loop1:
    imul dword [esp+4]
    loop loop1
    ret
```



#### Passing parameters on stack

K. N. Toosi

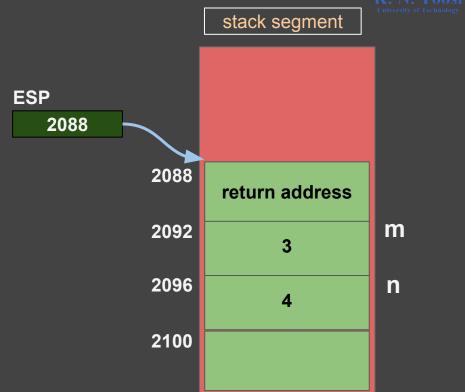
Write a subprogram taking m, n as arguments, returning  $m^n$ 

```
powfunc.c
int caller_func() {
 pow(3,4);
int pow(int m, int n) {
  int p = 1;
 while (n > 0) {
    p *= m;
    n--;
 return p;
```

```
powfunc2.asm
    ;; pow(3,4)
    push 4
             ; push n
    push 3; push m
    call pow
    add esp, 8
    call print_int
    call print nl
pow:
    mov ecx, [esp+8]
    mov eax. 1
loop1:
    imul dword [esp+4]
    loop loop1
    ret
```

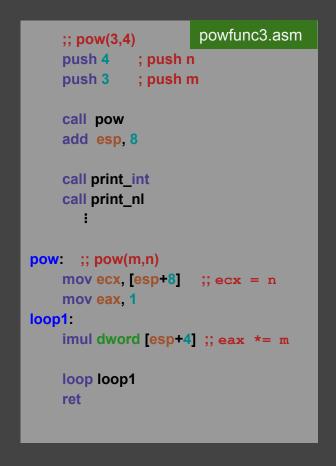
```
powfunc3.asm
    ;; pow(3,4)
    push 4
              ; push n
    push 3
             ; push m
    call pow
    add esp, 8
    call print_int
    call print_nl
pow: ;; pow(m,n)
    mov ecx, [esp+8] ;; ecx = n
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [esp+4] ;; eax *= m
    loop loop1
    ret
```

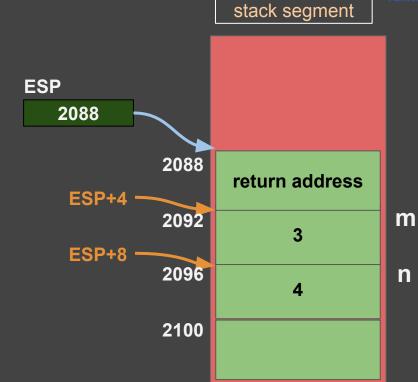






```
K. N. Toosi
University of Technology
```







```
powfunc3.asm
     ;; pow(3,4)
      push 4
               ; push n
                                                                     stack segment
      push 3
              ; push m
      call pow
      add esp, 8
                                            ESP
      call print_int
                                                2088
      call print_nl
                                                             2088
                                                                     return address
  pow: ;; pow(m,n)
                                                  ESP+4
      mov ecx, [esp+8] ;; ecx = n
                                                             2092
                                                                                         m
      mov eax, 1
 loop1:
                                                  ESP+8
                                                             2096
      imul dword [esp+4] ;; eax *= m
                                                                                         n
      loop loop1
                                                             2100
      ret
b.nasihatkon@kntu:lecture10$ ./run.sh powfunc3
81
```

```
powfunc3.asm
    ;; pow(3,4)
    push 4
            ; push n
    push 3; push m
    call pow
    add esp, 8
    call print_int
    call print nl
pow: ;; pow(m,n)
    mov ecx, [esp+8] ;; ecx = n
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [esp+4] ;; eax *= m
    loop loop1
    ret
```

```
powfunc4.asm
    ;; pow(3,4)
    push 4 ; push n
    push 3; push m
    call pow
    add esp, 8
    call print_int
    call print_nl
pow: ;; pow(m,n)
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [esp+8] ;; ecx = n
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [esp+4] ;; eax *= m
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
    ret
```



```
K. N. Toosi
University of Technology
```

```
powfunc3.asm
    ;; pow(3,4)
    push 4
              ; push n
            ; push m
    push 3
    call pow
    add esp, 8
    call print_int
    call print nl
pow: ;; pow(m,n)
    mov ecx. [esp+8] ;; ecx = n
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [esp+4] ;; eax *= m
    loop loop1
    ret
```

```
powfunc4.asm
    ;; pow(3,4)
    push 4
              ; push n
    push 3; push m
    call pow
    add esp, 8
    call print int
    call print_nl
pow: ;; pow(m,n)
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [esp+8] ;; ecx = n
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [esp+4] ;; eax *= m
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
```

```
K. N. Toosi
University of Technology
```

```
powfunc3.asm
    ;; pow(3,4)
    push 4
              ; push n
            ; push m
    push 3
    call pow
    add esp, 8
    call print_int
    call print nl
pow: ;; pow(m,n)
    mov ecx. [esp+8] ;; ecx = n
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [esp+4] ;; eax *= m
    loop loop1
    ret
```

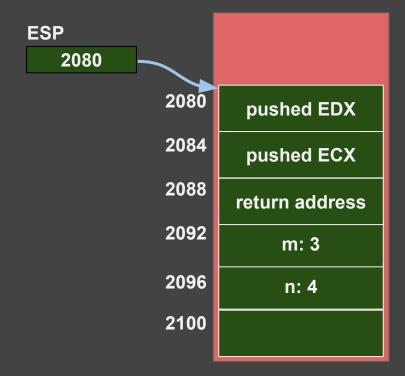
```
powfunc4.asm
    ;; pow(3,4)
    push 4
              ; push n
              ; push m
    push 3
    call pow
    add esp, 8
    call print int
    call print_nl
pow: ;; pow(m,n)
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [esp+8] ;; ecx = n
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [esp+4] ;; eax *= m
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
```

what's wrong?

ret b.nasihatkon@kntu:lecture10\$ ./run.sh powfunc4

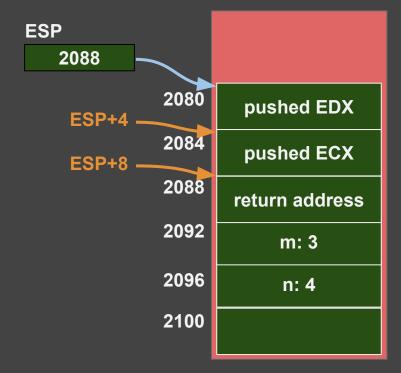


```
powfunc4.asm
    ;; pow(3,4)
    push 4
              ; push n
    push 3
             ; push m
    call pow
    add esp, 8
    call print_int
    call print_nl
pow: ;; pow(m,n)
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [esp+8] ;; ecx = n
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [esp+4] ;; eax *= m
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
    ret
```



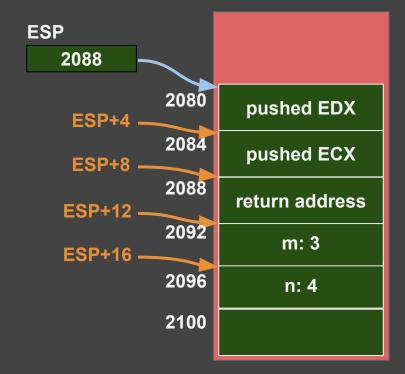


```
powfunc4.asm
    ;; pow(3,4)
    push 4
              ; push n
    push 3
             ; push m
    call pow
    add esp, 8
    call print_int
    call print_nl
pow: ;; pow(m,n)
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [esp+8] ;; ecx = n
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [esp+4] ;; eax *= m
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
    ret
```



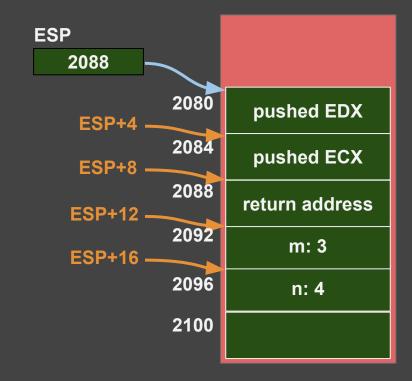


```
powfunc4.asm
    ;; pow(3,4)
    push 4
              ; push n
    push 3
             ; push m
    call pow
    add esp, 8
    call print_int
    call print nl
pow: ;; pow(m,n)
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [esp+8] ;; ecx = n
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [esp+4] ;; eax *= m
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
    ret
```





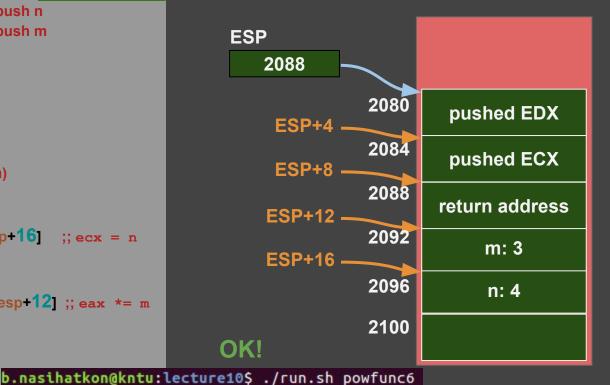
```
powfunc6.asm
    ;; pow(3,4)
    push 4
             ; push n
    push 3; push m
    call pow
    add esp, 8
    call print_int
    call print_nl
pow: ;; pow(m,n)
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [esp+16] ;; ecx = n
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [esp+12] ;; eax *= m
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
    ret
```





```
powfunc6.asm
    ;; pow(3,4)
             ; push n
    push 4
    push 3; push m
    call pow
    add esp, 8
    call print_int
    call print nl
pow: ;; pow(m,n)
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [esp+16] ;; ecx = n
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [esp+12] ;; eax *= m
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
    ret
```

81

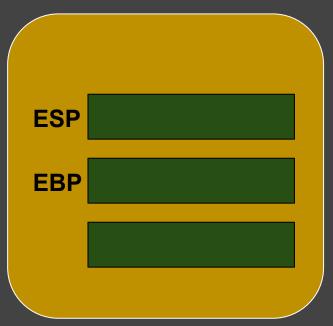




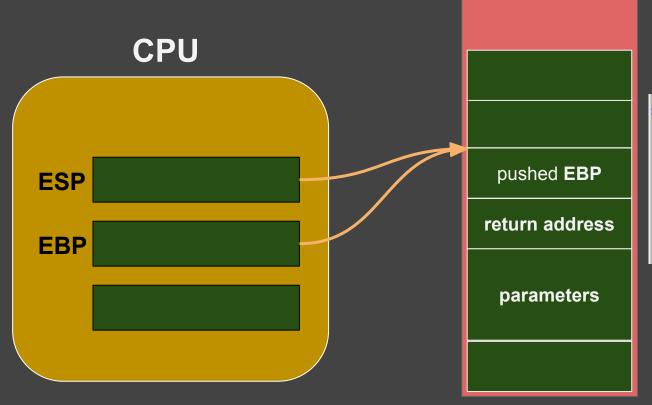
- ESP may change several times inside a function due to stack operations
- Relative address of a parameter w.r.t. ESP is not constant



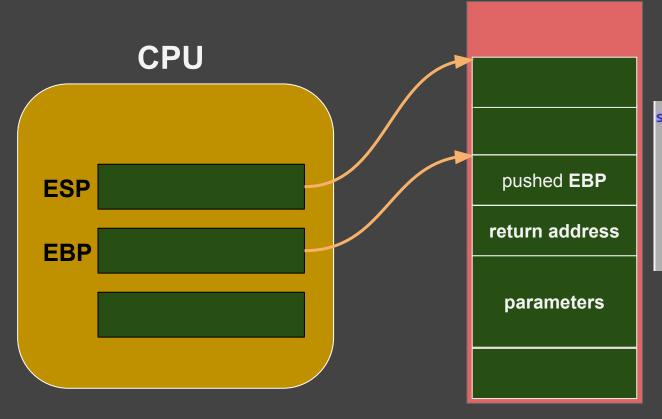
**x86 32-bit CPU** 



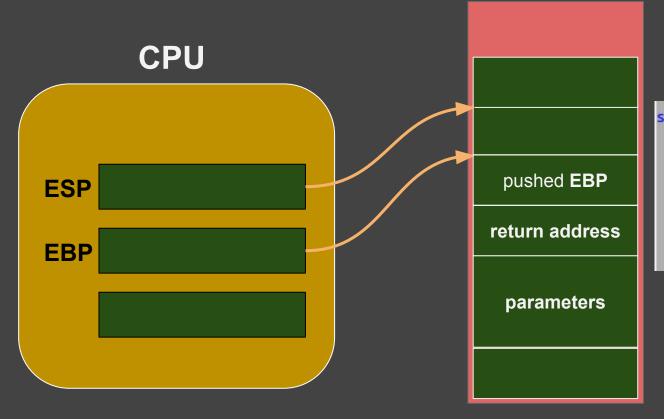




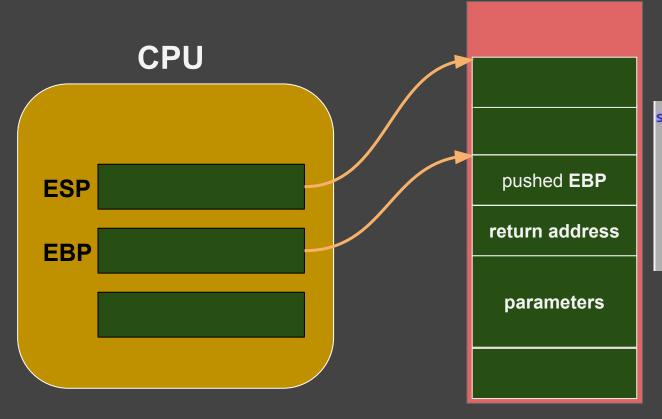




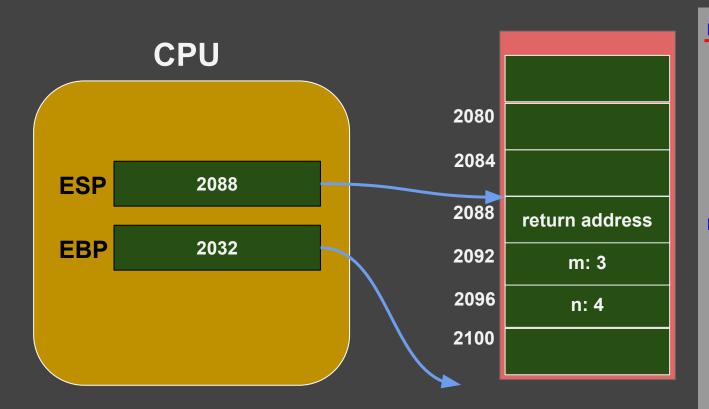






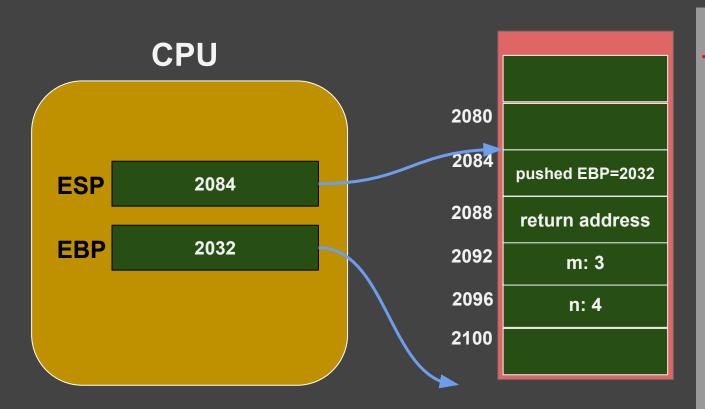






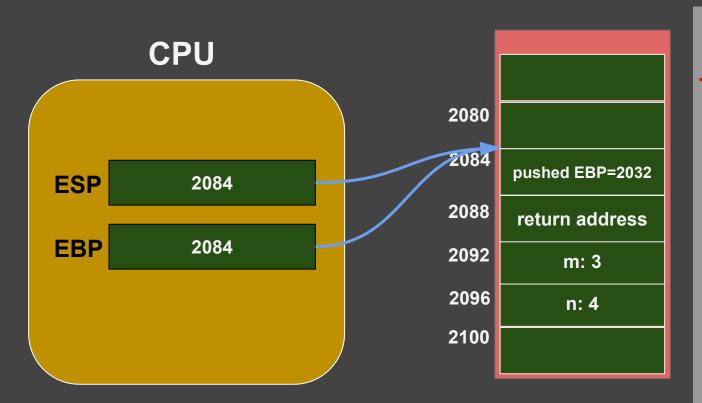
```
powfunc7.asm
pow:
    push ebp
    mov ebp, esp
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [ebp+12]
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [ebp+8]
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
    pop ebp
    ret
```





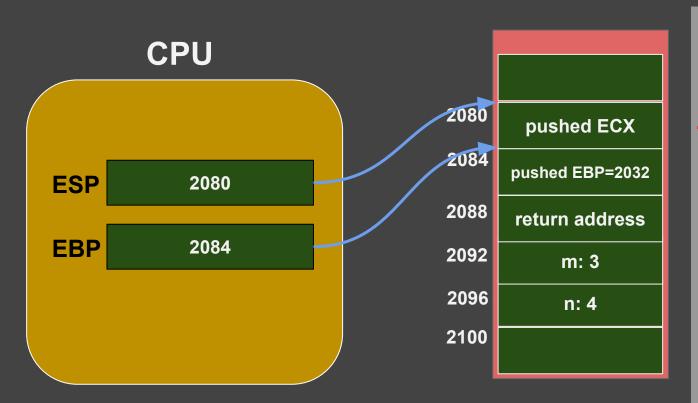
```
powfunc7.asm
pow:
   push ebp
    mov ebp, esp
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [ebp+12]
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [ebp+8]
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
    pop ebp
    ret
```





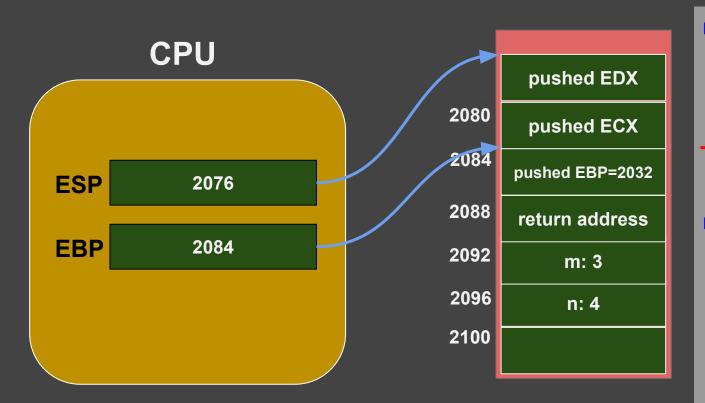
```
powfunc7.asm
pow:
    push ebp
    mov ebp, esp
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [ebp+12]
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [ebp+8]
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
    pop ebp
    ret
```





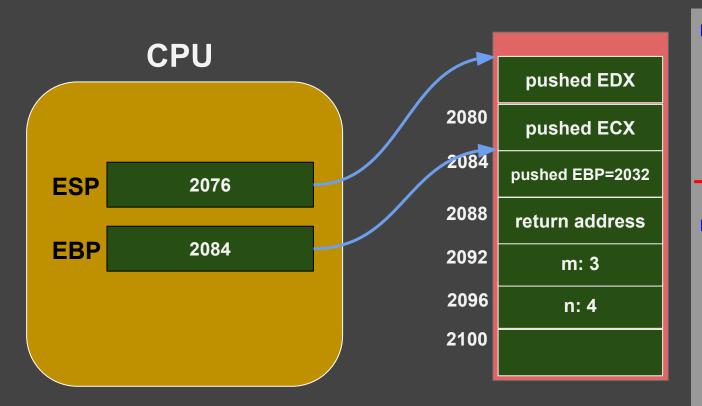
```
powfunc7.asm
pow:
    push ebp
    mov ebp, esp
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [ebp+12]
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [ebp+8]
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
    pop ebp
    ret
```





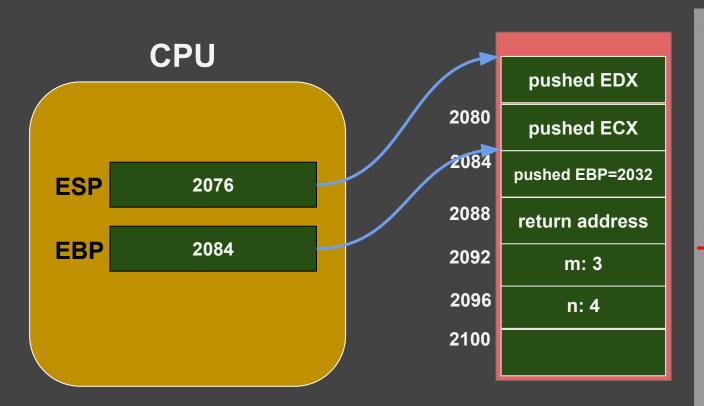
```
powfunc7.asm
pow:
    push ebp
    mov ebp, esp
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [ebp+12]
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [ebp+8]
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
    pop ebp
    ret
```





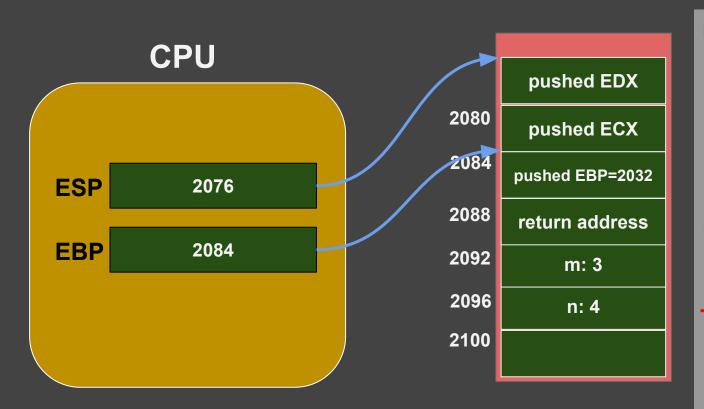
```
powfunc7.asm
pow:
    push ebp
    mov ebp, esp
    push ecx
    push edx
 mov ecx, [ebp+12]
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [ebp+8]
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
    pop ebp
    ret
```





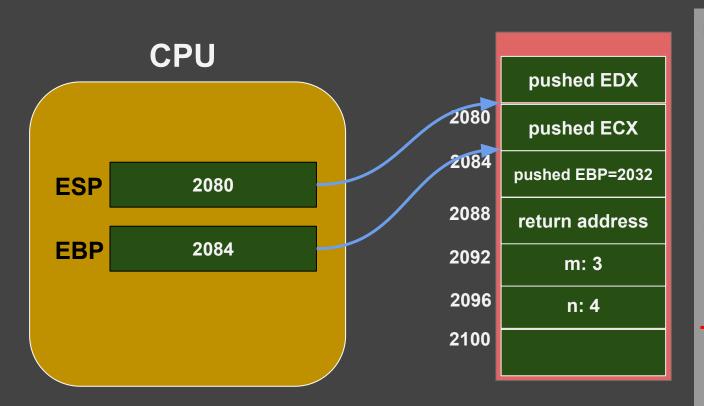
```
powfunc7.asm
pow:
    push ebp
    mov ebp, esp
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [ebp+12]
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
 imul dword [ebp+8]
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
    pop ebp
    ret
```





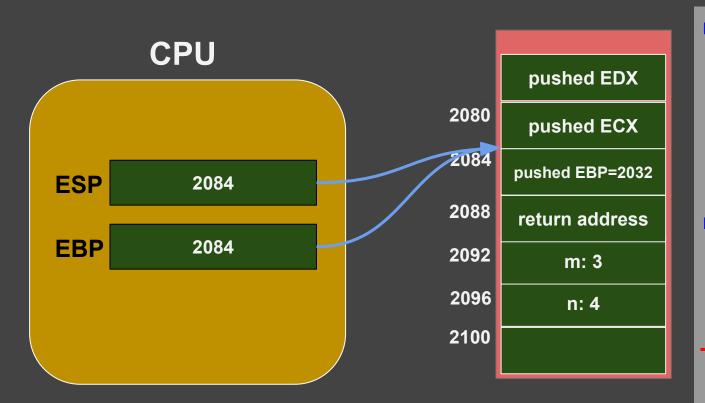
```
powfunc7.asm
pow:
    push ebp
    mov ebp, esp
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [ebp+12]
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [ebp+8]
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
    pop ebp
    ret
```





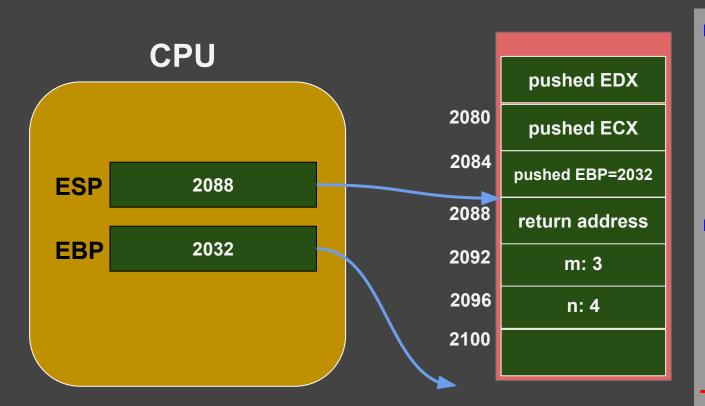
```
powfunc7.asm
pow:
    push ebp
    mov ebp, esp
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [ebp+12]
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [ebp+8]
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
    pop ebp
    ret
```





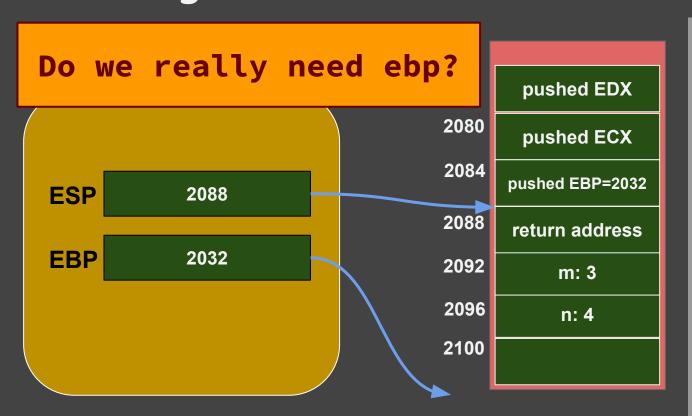
```
powfunc7.asm
pow:
    push ebp
    mov ebp, esp
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [ebp+12]
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [ebp+8]
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
    pop ebp
    ret
```





```
powfunc7.asm
pow:
    push ebp
    mov ebp, esp
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [ebp+12]
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [ebp+8]
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
    pop ebp
    ret
```



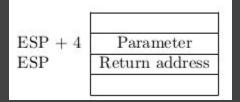


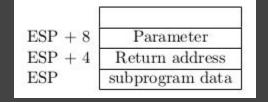
```
powfunc7.asm
pow:
    push ebp
    mov ebp, esp
    push ecx
    push edx
    mov ecx, [ebp+12]
    mov eax, 1
loop1:
    imul dword [ebp+8]
    loop loop1
    pop edx
    pop ecx
    pop ebp
```

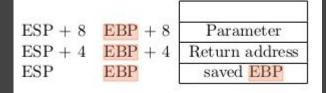
# Figures from the book



#### memory drawn in reverse order:







Carter, PC Assembly Language, 2007.



- Parameters/return value can get passed in different ways
- A Calling Convention specifies standards about how a subprogram is implemented, such as
  - how the subprogram receive parameters,
  - how it returns a value (or multiple values),
  - what registers need to be unaltered,
  - o how to store local variables,
  - o etc.
- Varies among different programming languages (sometimes even different compilers)
- Here, we mainly discuss calling convention of the C programming language



```
callfunc.c
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int,int,int,int);
int main() {
 int c;
 c = sum(2,4,8,10);
return 0;
int sum(int a, int b, int c, int d) {
return a+b+c+d;
```



```
callfunc.c
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int,int,int,int);
int main() {
 int c:
 c = sum(2,4,8,10);
return 0;
int sum(int a, int b, int c, int d) {
return a+b+c+d:
```

```
create 32-bit
assembly
                 intel assembly
                 syntax
     compile to
     assembly
```



```
callfunc.c
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int,int,int,int);
int main() {
 int c:
 c = sum(2,4,8,10);
return 0:
int sum(int a, int b, int c, int d) {
return a+b+c+d:
```

```
callfunc.asm
    .file "callfunc.c"
    .intel syntax noprefix
    .text
    .alobl main
    .type main, @function
main:
.LFB0
     .cfi startproc
    lea ecx. [esp+4]
     .cfi def cfa 1, 0
    and esp. -16
    push DWORD PTR [ecx-4]
    push ebp
     .cfi escape 0x10,0x5,0x2,0x75,0
          ebp. esp
    push ecx
     .cfi escape 0xf,0x3,0x75,0x7c,0x6
    sub esp. 20
```

```
callfunc.asm (cont.)
push
     10
push
push
push
call
     sum
add
      esp. 16
      DWORD PTR [ebp-12], eax
mov eax, 0
      ecx, DWORD PTR [ebp-4]
.cfi def cfa 1, 0
leave
.cfi restore 5
lea esp, [ecx-4]
.cfi def cfa 4, 4
ret
.cfi endproc
```



```
callfunc.c
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int,int,int,int);
int main() {
 int c:
 c = sum(2,4,8,10);
return 0:
int sum(int a, int b, int c, int d) {
return a+b+c+d:
```

```
no cfi directives
(to get rid of the clutter)
```



```
callfunc.c
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int,int,int,int);
int main() {
 int c:
 c = sum(2,4,8,10);
return 0:
int sum(int a, int b, int c, int d) {
return a+b+c+d:
```

```
callfunc.asm
     .file "callfunc.c"
    .intel syntax noprefix
    text
     .alobl main
    .type main, @function
main:
         ecx, [esp+4]
    and esp. -16
    push DWORD PTR [ecx-4]
    push ebp
          ebp, esp
    push
          ecx
    sub
    push 10
    push 8
    push 4
         sum
          DWORD PTR [ebp-12], eax
```

```
callfunc.asm (cont.)
          ecx, DWORD PTR [ebp-4]
    leave
         esp, [ecx-4]
    ret
     .size main. .-main
    .globl sum
    .type sum, @function
sum:
    push ebp
          edx, DWORD PTR [ebp+8]
          eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+12]
    add
          eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+16]
    add
          eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+20]
    pop
    ret
```



```
callfunc.c
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int,int,int,int);
int main() {
 int c;
 c = sum(2,4,8,10);
return 0;
int sum(int a, int b, int c, int d) {
return a+b+c+d:
```

```
.file "callfunc.c"
                                callfunc.asm
    .intel syntax noprefix
    .text
    .globl main
    .type main, @function
main
    lea ecx, [esp+4]
    push DWORD PTR [ecx-4]
    push ecx
    sub esp, 20
    push
    push
    push
    push 2
            sum
    add
             esp, 16
         DWORD PTR [ebp-12], eax
    mov ecx, DWORD PTR [ebp-4]
    leave
```

```
lea esp, [ecx-4]
                      callfunc.asm (cont.)
   .size main, .-main
   .globl sum
   .type sum, @function
sum:
      push ebp
             ebp, esp
             edx, DWORD PTR [ebp+8]
             eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+12]
      add
             edx. eax
             eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+16]
             edx. eax
      add
             eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+20]
             eax, edx
      add
             ebp
      pop
     ret
      size sum. .-sum
     .ident "GCC: (Ubuntu 5.4.0-6ubuntu1~16.04.9) 5.4.0
20160609"
              .note.GNU-stack,"",@progbits
```



```
callfunc.c
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int,int,int,int);
int main() {
 int c;
 c = sum(2,4,8,10);
return 0:
int sum(int a, int b, int c, int d) {
return a+b+c+d:
```

```
.file "callfunc.c"
                              callfunc.asm
   .intel syntax noprefix
    .text
   .globl main
   .type main, @function
main
   lea ecx, [esp+4]
   push DWORD PTR [ecx-4]
   push ecx
   sub esp, 20
    push
                      last parameter
    push
                         pushed first
    push
    push 2
           sum
    add
            esp, 16
         DWORD PTR [ebp-12], eax
        ecx, DWORD PTR [ebp-4]
   leave
```

```
esp, [ecx-4]
                      callfunc.asm (cont.)
   .size main, .-main
    globl sum
   .type sum, @function
sum:
      push ebp
             ebp, esp
             edx, DWORD PTR [ebp+8]
             eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+12]
      add
             edx. eax
             eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+16]
             edx. eax
      add
             eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+20]
             eax, edx
      add
             ebp
      pop
     ret
      size sum. .-sum
     .ident "GCC: (Ubuntu 5.4.0-6ubuntu1~16.04.9) 5.4.0
20160609"
              .note.GNU-stack,"",@progbits
```



```
callfunc.c
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int,int,int,int);
int main() {
 int c:
 c = sum(2,4,8,10);
return 0;
int sum(int a, int b, int c, int d) {
return a+b+c+d:
```

```
.file "callfunc.c"
                            callfunc.asm
   .intel syntax noprefix
   .text
   .globl main
   .type main, @function
main: ——— caller
   lea ecx, [esp+4]
   and esp, -16
   push DWORD PTR [ecx-4]
   push ecx
   sub esp, 20
   push
   push
                     Caller clears
   push 4
                     the parameters
   push 2
                     from stack
          sum
           esp, 16
   add
        DWORD PTR [ebp-12], eax
   mov
   mov ecx, DWORD PTR [ebp-4]
   leave
```

```
lea esp, [ecx-4]
                      callfunc.asm (cont.)
   .size main, .-main
   .globl sum
   .type sum, @function
                 callee
sum:
     push ebp
            ebp, esp
             edx, DWORD PTR [ebp+8]
            eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+12]
     add
             edx. eax
             eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+16]
             edx. eax
     add
             eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+20]
             eax, edx
     add
             ebp
     pop
     ret
     size sum. .-sum
     .ident "GCC: (Ubuntu 5.4.0-6ubuntu1~16.04.9) 5.4.0
20160609"
              .note.GNU-stack,"",@progbits
```



```
callfunc.c
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int,int,int,int);
int main() {
 int c;
 c = sum(2,4,8,10);
return 0;
int sum(int a, int b, int c, int d) {
return a+b+c+d:
```

**ESP** pushed EBP return address 8 10

```
esp, [ecx-4]
                     callfunc.asm (cont.)
    size main, .-main
    globl sum
   .type sum, @function
                     callee
sum:
     push ebp
     mov ebp, esp
            edx, DWORD PTR [ebp+8]
            eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+12]
     add
             edx, eax
             eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+16]
             edx, eax
     add
            eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+20]
             eax, edx
     add
             ebp
      pop
     ret
      .size sum. .-sum
     .ident "GCC: (Ubuntu 5.4.0-6ubuntu1~16.04.9) 5.4.0
20160609"
              .note.GNU-stack,"",@progbits
```



```
callfunc.c
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int,int,int,int);
int main() {
 int c;
 c = sum(2,4,8,10);
return 0;
int sum(int a, int b, int c, int d) {
return a+b+c+d:
```

**ESP** pushed EBP return address 8 10

```
esp, [ecx-4]
                      callfunc.asm (cont.)
    size main, .-main
    globl sum
   .type sum, @function
                      callee
sum:
     push ebp
            ebp, esp
            edx, DWORD PTR [ebp+8]
             eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+12]
     add
             edx, eax
             eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+16]
             edx, eax
     add
             eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+20]
             eax, edx
     add
             ebp
     pop
     ret
      .size sum. .-sum
     .ident "GCC: (Ubuntu 5.4.0-6ubuntu1~16.04.9) 5.4.0
20160609"
              .note.GNU-stack,"",@progbits
```

**ESP** 



```
callfunc.c
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int,int,int,int);
int main() {
 int c;
 c = sum(2,4,8,10);
return 0;
int sum(int a, int b, int c, int d) {
return a+b+c+d:
```

pushed EBP return address 8 10

```
esp, [ecx-4]
                     callfunc.asm (cont.)
   size main, .-main
   .globl sum
   .type sum, @function
                     callee
sum:
     push ebp
     mov ebp, esp
            edx, DWORD PTR [ebp+8]
            eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+12]
     add
             edx, eax
             eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+16]
             edx, eax
     add
             eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+20]
             eax, edx
     add
             ebp
      pop
     ret
      .size sum. .-sum
     .ident "GCC: (Ubuntu 5.4.0-6ubuntu1~16.04.9) 5.4.0
20160609"
              .note.GNU-stack,"",@progbits
```

**ESP** 



```
callfunc.c
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int,int,int,int);
int main() {
 int c;
 c = sum(2,4,8,10);
return 0;
int sum(int a, int b, int c, int d) {
return a+b+c+d:
```

pushed EBP return address 8 10

```
esp, [ecx-4]
                     callfunc.asm (cont.)
   size main, .-main
   .globl sum
   .type sum, @function
                     callee
sum:
     push ebp
     mov ebp, esp
            edx, DWORD PTR [ebp+8]
            eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+12]
     add
            edx. eax
            eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+16]
            edx, eax
     add
            eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+20]
            eax, edx
     add
             ebp
                                           n EAX
     ret
      .size sum. .-sum
     .ident "GCC: (Ubuntu 5.4.0-6ubuntu1~16.04.9) 5.4.0
20160609"
              .note.GNU-stack,"",@progbits
```



- CDECL (C Declaration): default C convention
- STDCALL
- FASTCALL
- etc.
- For gcc-supported calling conventions look at
  - https://gcc.gnu.org/onlinedocs/gcc/x86-Function-Attributes.html
- For x86 calling conventions look at
  - o <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X86">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X86</a> calling conventions
  - https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/X86 Disassembly/Calling Conventions

### Second form of RET



#### ret immed

returns to the caller and pops immed bytes off the stack.

### C Calling Conventions: Example



```
K. N. Toos
```

```
callfunc.c
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int,int,int,int);
int main() {
 int c:
 c = sum(2,4,8,10);
return 0:
int sum(int a, int b, int c, int d) {
return a+b+c+d:
```

```
callfunc2.c
#include <stdio.h>
int __attribute ((stdcall)) sum(int,int,int,int);
int main() {
 int c:
 c = sum(2,4,8,10);
return 0:
int __attribute ((stdcall)) sum(int a, int b, int c, int d) {
        a+b+c+d:
```

cdecl (default C convention)

stdcall convention

```
callfunc.asm
 main:
      push
      push
      push 4
      push 2
      call
            sum
      add
           esp, 16
           DWORD PTR [ebp-12], eax
      mov
 sum:
      push
            ebp
            ebp, esp
      mov
            edx, DWORD PTR [ebp+8]
      mov
            eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+12]
      mov
      add
            edx, eax
            eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+16]
      mov
      add
            edx, eax
            eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+20]
      mov
      add
            eax, edx
            ebp
      pop
      ret
cdecl (default C convention)
```

```
callfunc2.asm
main:
    push
          10
    push 8
    push 4
    push 2
    call
          sum
         DWORD PTR [ebp-12], eax
sum:
    push ebp
          ebp, esp
          edx, DWORD PTR [ebp+8]
    mov
          eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+12]
    mov
    add
          edx, eax
          eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+16]
    mov
    add
          edx, eax
          eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+20]
    mov
    add
          eax, edx
          ebp
    pop
    ret
          16
```

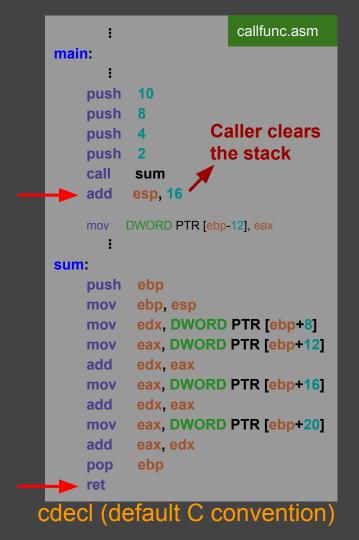


```
callfunc.asm
  main:
      push
      push
      push 4
      push 2
      call
            sum
      add
            esp, 16
           DWORD PTR [ebp-12], eax
      mov
  sum:
      push
            ebp
            ebp, esp
      mov
            edx, DWORD PTR [ebp+8]
      mov
            eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+12]
      mov
      add
            edx, eax
            eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+16]
      mov
      add
            edx, eax
            eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+20]
      mov
      add
            eax, edx
            ebp
      pop
cdecl (default C convention)
```

```
callfunc2.asm
main:
    push
          10
    push
    push 4
    push 2
    call
          sum
         DWORD PTR [ebp-12], eax
sum:
    push ebp
          ebp, esp
          edx, DWORD PTR [ebp+8]
    mov
          eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+12]
    mov
    add
          edx, eax
          eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+16]
    mov
    add
          edx, eax
          eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+20]
    mov
    add
          eax, edx
          ebp
    pop
          16
```



stdcall convention



```
callfunc2.asm
main:
    push
          10
    push
    push
    push 2
    call
          sum
         DWORD PTR [ebp-12], eax
sum:
    push ebp
          ebp, esp
          edx, DWORD PTR [ebp+8]
    mov
          eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+12]
    mov
    add
          edx, eax
          eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+16]
    mov
    add
          edx, eax
          eax, DWORD PTR [ebp+20]
    mov
    add
          eax. edx
                      Callee clears
          ebp
    pop
                      the stack
      stdcall convention
```

# x86-64 C Calling Conventions



- Very different from 32-bit conventions
- Look at
  - o https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/X86 calling conventions#x86-64 calling conventions
  - https://aaronbloomfield.github.io/pdr/book/x86-64bit-ccc-chapter.pdf



Use registers

```
subprogram:
```

C



- Use registers
- Use data segment

```
segment .data
subprogram_sum: dd 0
subprogram_i: dd 0
segment .text
subprogram:
```

C



- Use registers
- Use data segment
  - o Global Variables

```
segment .data
subprogram_sum: dd 0
subprogram_i: dd 0
segment .text
subprogram:
```

C



- Use registers
- Use data segment
  - Global Variables
  - Static Variables

```
segment .data
subprogram_sum: dd 0
subprogram_i: dd 0
segment .text
subprogram:
```

C



```
Use registers
   Use data segment
       Global Variables
                                  local variables

    Static Variables

    Use stack

                                    pushed EBP
        ESP
                                  return address
        EBP
                                    Parameters
```

```
subprogram:

push ebp

mov ebp, esp

sub esp, NO_OF_BYTES

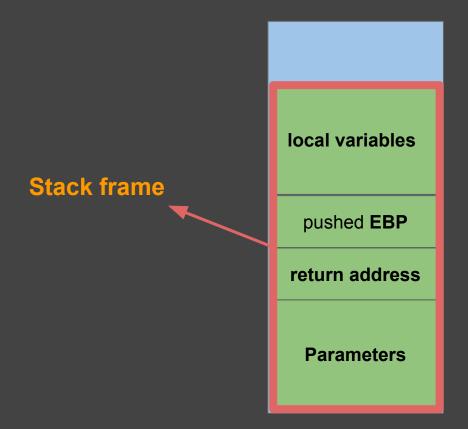
;; subprogram body

mov esp, ebp ; release locals

pop ebp

ret
```

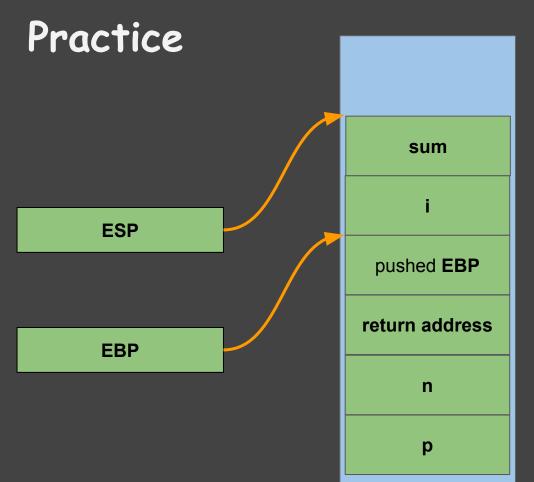




### Practice

```
store_sum.c
#include <stdio.h>
void store_sum(int, int*);
int a;
int main() {
 store_sum(10, &a);
 printf("%d\n", a);
return 0;
void store_sum(int n, int *p) {
 int sum, i;
 sum = 0;
for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
  sum += i;
 *p = sum;
```







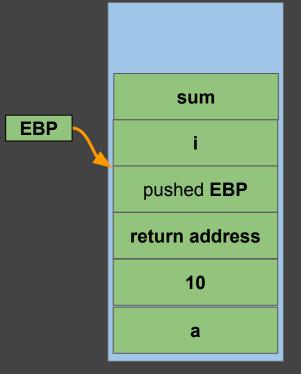
```
store_sum.c
#include <stdio.h>
void store_sum(int, int*);
int a;
int main() {
 store_sum(10, &a);
 printf("%d\n", a);
return 0;
void store_sum(int n, int *p) {
 int sum, i;
 sum = 0;
 for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
    sum += i;
 *p = sum;
```

#### Practice

```
K. N. Toosi
```

```
store_sum.c
#include <stdio.h>
void store_sum(int, int*);
int a;
int main() {
 store_sum(10, &a);
 printf("%d\n", a);
return 0;
void store_sum(int n, int *p) {
 int sum, i;
 sum = 0;
 for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
    sum += i;
 *p = sum;
```

```
store_sum.asm
segment .data
                ; reserve a dword
a:
     resd
segment .text
global asm_main
asm_main:
    push a ; push the address of a
    push 10
    call store_sum
    add esp, 8
    mov eax, [a]
    call print_int
    call print_nl
```

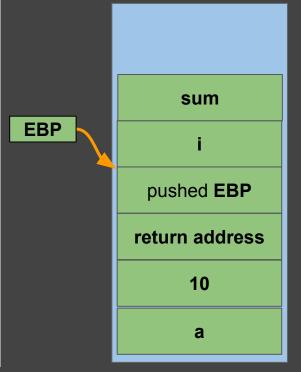


#### Practice

```
K. N. Toosi
```

```
store_sum.c
#include <stdio.h>
void store_sum(int, int*);
int a;
int main() {
 store_sum(10, &a);
 printf("%d\n", a);
return 0;
void store_sum(int n, int *p) {
 int sum, i;
 sum = 0;
 for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
    sum += i;
 *p = sum;
```

```
store_sum.asm
segment .bss
                ; reserve a dword
     resd
segment .text
global asm_main
asm_main:
    push a ; push the address of a
    push 10
    call store_sum
    add esp, 8
    mov eax, [a]
    call print_int
    call print_nl
```



```
store sum.c
#include <stdio.h>
void store_sum(int, int*);
int a;
int main() {
 store_sum(10, &a);
 printf("%d\n", a);
return 0;
void store_sum(int n, int *p) {
 int sum, i;
 sum = 0;
for (i = 1; i <= n; i++)
    sum += i;
 *p = sum;
```

```
store sum.asm
store sum:
    push ebp
    mov ebp, esp
                     ; local variables
    sub esp, 8
    mov dword [ebp-8], 0; sum = 0
    mov dword [ebp-4], 1 ; i = 1
forloop
    ; if (i > n) goto endloop
    mov eax, [ebp-4]; eax = i
    cmp eax, [ebp+8]
    ig endloop
                                      EBP
    ;; sum = sum + i
    add [ebp-8], eax ; NOTE: eax == i
    inc dword [ebp-4]; i++
    imp forloop
endloop:
    mov ecx, [ebp+12]
    mov eax, [ebp-8]
    mov [ecx], eax
    mov esp, ebp ; release local vars
    pop ebp
    ret
```



sum

i

pushed **EBP** 

return address

10

а

### ENTER and LEAVE instructions



local variables

pushed **EBP** 

EBP

return address

**Parameters** 

```
subprogram:
    push ebp
    mov ebp, esp
    sub esp, NO_OF_BYTES

;; subprogram body

mov esp, ebp
    pop ebp
    ret
```

```
subprogram:

enter NO_OF_BYTES, 0

;; subprogram body

leave
ret
```

```
store sum.asm
store sum:
    push ebp
    mov ebp, esp
    sub esp. 8
                     ; local variables
    mov dword [ebp-8], 0
                          ; sum = 0
    mov dword [ebp-4], 1
                          : i = 1
forloop
    ; if (i > n) goto endloop
    mov eax, [ebp-4]; eax = i
    cmp eax, [ebp+8]
    ig endloop
    ;; sum = sum + i
    add [ebp-8], eax ; NOTE: eax == i
    inc dword [ebp-4]
                       : j++
    imp forloop
endloop:
    mov ecx, [ebp+12]
    mov eax, [ebp-8]
    mov [ecx], eax
    mov esp, ebp ; release local vars
    pop ebp
    ret
```

```
store sum2.asm
store sum:
    enter 8.0
    mov dword [ebp-8], 0
                             : sum = 0
    mov dword [ebp-4], 1 ; i = 1
forloop:
    ; if (i > n) goto endloop
    mov eax, [ebp-4]; eax = i
    cmp eax, [ebp+8]
    ig endloop
                                    EBP
    ;; sum = sum + i
    add [ebp-8], eax ; NOTE: eax == i
    inc dword [ebp-4]; i++
    jmp forloop
endloop:
    mov ecx, [ebp+12]
    mov eax, [ebp-8]
    mov [ecx], eax
    leave
    ret
```



sum pushed **EBP** return address 10 a



```
without_bss.asm
segment .data
     resd
             10000000
segment .text
global asm_main
asm_main:
    mov [a], eax
```

```
with_bss.asm
segment .bss
   resd
            10000000
segment .text
global asm_main
asm_main:
    mov [a], eax
```

```
K. N. Toosi
```

```
without_bss.asm
```

```
section .data
             10000000
    resd
section .text
global asm_main
asm_main:
    mov [a], eax
```

```
with_bss.asm
section .bss
   resd
             10000000
section .text
global asm_main
asm_main:
    mov [a], eax
```



```
without bss.asm
                                                               with bss.asm
section .data
                                          section .bss
             10000000
                                              resd
                                                        10000000
     resd
section .text
                                          section .text
global asm main
                                          global asm main
                                   CS@kntu:lecture10$ nasm -f elf with bss.asm
asm main:
    mov [a], eax
                                               mov [a], eax
```

CS@kntu:lecture10\$ nasm -f elf without\_bss.asm
without\_bss.asm:7: warning: uninitialized space
declared in non-BSS section `.data': zeroing



```
without bss.asm
                                                                with bss.asm
section .data
                                           section .bss
     resd
             10000000
                                              resd
                                                         10000000
section .text
                                           section .text
                                           global asm main
global asm main
asm main:
                                           asm main:
    mov [a], eax
                                                mov [a], eax
```

```
CS@kntu:lecture10$ nasm -f elf without_bss.asm
without_bss.asm:7: warning: uninitialized space
declared in non-BSS section `.data': zeroing
```



```
without_bss.asm
                                                              with bss.asm
section .data
                                          section .bss
    resd
             10000000
                                             resd
                                                       10000000
section .text
                                          section .text
global asm_main
                                          global asm_main
asm_main:
                                          asm_main:
    mov [a], eax
                                               mov [a], eax
```

```
CS@kntu:lecture10$ du -sh without_bss.o with_bss.o
39M without_bss.o
8.0K with_bss.o
```



```
without bss.asm
                                                             with bss.asm
     section .data
                                           section .bss
                 10000000
                                              resd
                                                      10000000
         resd
      section .text
                                           section .text
     global asm_main
                                           global asm_main
                                           asm main:
     asm main:
CS@kntu:lecture10$ gcc -m32 -o without bss driver.o without bss.o asm io.o
CS@kntu:lecture10$ gcc -m32 -o with bss driver.o with bss.o asm io.o
CS@kntu:lecture10$ du -sh without bss with bss
        without bss
39M
        with bss
16K
```