

This guide explains, in simple terms, everything we set up for your URL shortener.  
It is written for a complete beginner.

## 1) WHAT YOU BUILT

You built a clean URL shortener app called cap.ly.

Tech stack:

- HTML (page structure)
- CSS (styling)
- JavaScript (logic)
- Node.js (simple local server for development)
- Cloudflare Pages (hosting on the internet)
- GitHub (code backup/version control)
- Namecheap + Cloudflare DNS (custom domain: cap-ly.com)

Important: this version does NOT use a database.  
Links are saved in the browser's local storage only.

## 2) PROJECT FILES (WHAT EACH FILE DOES)

In your project folder:

- public/index.html  
The user interface (form, buttons, result area).
- public/styles.css  
App styling (layout, colors, spacing, typography).
- public/script.js  
URL shortener logic in JavaScript.
  - Validates links
  - Generates custom/random short codes
  - Saves mappings to localStorage
  - Redirects when a short path is opened
- index.js  
Small Node server for local testing.  
Serves files from /public.
- package.json  
Project metadata and scripts.  
Main scripts:
  - npm start
  - npm run deploy:cloudflare
- wrangler.toml  
Cloudflare Pages config.  
Project name: surl  
Output folder: public
- DEPLOY.md  
Quick deployment instructions.

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### 3) HOW THE SHORTENER WORKS (CURRENT VERSION)

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When user enters a long URL and clicks "Create Short Link":

Step A:

- JavaScript reads the long URL and optional custom code.

Step B:

- It validates URL format (must be http/https).

Step C:

- If custom code was entered:
  - It is sanitized (letters, numbers, - and \_ only).
  - If that code already exists, app creates a random code instead.

Step D:

- App builds short URL using your domain:  
`https://cap-ly.com/<code>`

Step E:

- App stores mapping in browser localStorage.  
Storage key: `caply.links.v1`

Step F:

- App shows short link and copy button.

When someone opens a short path (example /abc123):

- `script.js` reads the path.
- If code exists in localStorage of THAT browser, it redirects.
- If not, it shows "code not found".

Very important:

- localStorage is per browser/device.
- Links are NOT shared globally.
- This is fine for demo/learning, not for production SaaS.

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### 4) GITHUB SETUP (WHAT YOU DID)

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You connected the project to:

- `https://github.com/captaine13/url-shortner`

You also cleaned old git history and previous remote relation, then pushed the current clean project state.

Current branch:

- master

Current remote:

- origin -> `git@github.com:captaine13/url-shortner.git`

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### 5) CLOUDFLARE PAGES DEPLOY (WHAT YOU DID)

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You created Cloudflare Pages project:

- surl

Default Pages URL:

- <https://surl-eri.pages.dev>

Deploy command used by npm script:

- `npx wrangler pages deploy public --project-name surl`

So every deploy uploads your `/public` folder as the live website.

## 6) CUSTOM DOMAIN SETUP (NAMECHEAP + CLOUDFLARE)

You bought domain:

- [cap-ly.com](https://cap-ly.com)

Then you:

Step 1:

- Added [cap-ly.com](https://cap-ly.com) to Cloudflare.

Step 2:

- Cloudflare gave 2 nameservers.  
(They look like random words, for example: [alice.ns.cloudflare.com](https://alice.ns.cloudflare.com))

Step 3:

- In Namecheap, replaced default nameservers with Cloudflare nameservers.

Step 4:

- Waited for propagation (can take minutes to 24h).

Step 5:

- In Cloudflare Pages project (surl), added custom domains:
  - [cap-ly.com](https://cap-ly.com)
  - [www.cap-ly.com](https://www.cap-ly.com)

Step 6:

- SSL became active.

## 7) WWW TO ROOT REDIRECT RULE (WHY IT EXISTS)

Rule name:

- `www-to-apex`

Behavior:

- If user opens <https://www.cap-ly.com/>\*
- Redirect to <https://cap-ly.com/{1}>
- Status code 301
- Query string preserved

Meaning:

- One canonical domain ([cap-ly.com](https://cap-ly.com))
- Better consistency and SEO
- Prevents split traffic between `www` and `non-www`

Example:

- Input: `https://www.cap-ly.com/abc?x=1`
- Output: `https://cap-ly.com/abc?x=1`

## 8) SSL ERROR YOU SAW AND WHAT IT MEANT

Error seen:

- `ERR_SSL_VERSION_OR_CIPHER_MISMATCH`

Typical reason in your flow:

- DNS/nameservers were not fully active yet
- or certificate was not issued/propagated yet

After nameservers and Cloudflare domain status turned Active, SSL worked correctly.

## 9) WHY EDITS SOMETIMES DID NOT REFLECT IMMEDIATELY

Common reasons:

- Changes were local only (not deployed yet)
- Browser cache showed old files
- Cloudflare edge cache had old response briefly

Fix process:

1. Save code changes.
2. Deploy again.
3. Hard refresh browser (Cmd + Shift + R on macOS).

## 10) SIMPLE DEPLOY WORKFLOW FOR FUTURE (RECOMMENDED)

Every time you change code:

1. Open terminal in project folder.
2. Run:

```
git add .
git commit -m "Describe your change"
git push origin master
npm run deploy:cloudflare
```

3. Open:  
`https://cap-ly.com`

If page looks old:

- Hard refresh with Cmd + Shift + R.

## 11) OPTIONAL AUTO DEPLOY FROM GITHUB

You can make deployments automatic:

In Cloudflare Dashboard:

- Workers & Pages -> surl -> Settings -> Builds & deployments
- Connect your GitHub repo: captain13/url-shortner
- Production branch: master
- Build command: (empty)
- Build output directory: public

Then future deploy flow becomes:

- `git add .`
- `git commit -m "..."`
- `git push origin master`

Cloudflare deploys automatically.

## 12) WHERE LINKS ARE STORED (IMPORTANT)

Right now:

- Stored in `localStorage` in each browser.
- Not in a backend database.

So if another person opens your site:

- They will NOT see links created on your browser.

To make it like `bit.ly`, you need:

- Backend API (Node/Express or Cloudflare Worker)
- Database (D1, Supabase, Postgres, etc.)
- Save codes centrally
- Read codes centrally on redirect

## 13) HOW BIT.LY-LIKE LINKS WORK (HIGH LEVEL)

For a real global shortener:

1. User sends long URL to backend.
2. Backend creates unique code (for example `4qxdqTz`).
3. Backend stores: code -> long URL in database.
4. Short link shared: `https://cap-ly.com/4qxdqTz`
5. Any device opening that link hits backend.
6. Backend looks up code in DB and sends redirect.

That is the major difference from `localStorage` demos.

## 14) QUICK TROUBLESHOOTING CHECKLIST

If site does not load:

- Check domain status in Cloudflare (Active)
- Check SSL/TLS status in Cloudflare
- Confirm DNS records are correct

If code changes not visible:

- Confirm deployment succeeded
- Hard refresh browser
- Test in incognito window

If short links fail on other devices:  
- Expected in current app (no database)

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## 15) WHAT YOU HAVE NOW

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You now have:

- A working beginner-friendly URL shortener UI
- A custom branded domain: <https://cap-ly.com>
- Working Cloudflare hosting + SSL
- GitHub-connected codebase for version control
- Clear deploy process for future updates

This is a strong base. Next upgrade is adding a real backend + database.