

SQL: single table queries I

Credit Dr. Bruns

What are the patients' last names?

| patient_no | last_name | first_name | sex | date_of_birth | ward |
|------------|-----------|------------|-----|---------------|------|
| 454 | Smith | John | M | 14.08.78 | 6 |
| 223 | Jones | Peter | M | 07.12.85 | 8 |
| 597 | Brown | Brenda | F | 17.06.61 | 3 |
| 234 | Jenkins | Alan | M | 29.01.72 | 7 |
| 244 | Wells | Chris | M | 25.02.95 | 6 |

The question in SQL:

```
select last_name from patient;
```

Evaluating the query

| patient_no | last_name | first_name | sex | date_of_birth | ward |
|------------|-----------|------------|-----|---------------|------|
| 454 | Smith | John | M | 14.08.78 | 6 |
| 223 | Jones | Peter | M | 07.12.85 | 8 |
| 597 | Brown | Brenda | F | 17.06.61 | 3 |
| 234 | Jenkins | Alan | M | 29.01.72 | 7 |
| 244 | Wells | Chris | M | 25.02.95 | 6 |

select last_name from patient;

last_name

Smith

Jones

Brown

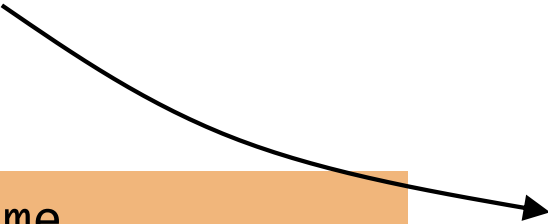
Jenkins

Wells

What are patients' names?

| patient_no | last_name | first_name | sex | date_of_birth | ward |
|------------|-----------|------------|-----|---------------|------|
| 454 | Smith | John | M | 14.08.78 | 6 |
| 223 | Jones | Peter | M | 07.12.85 | 8 |
| 597 | Brown | Brenda | F | 17.06.61 | 3 |
| 234 | Jenkins | Alan | M | 29.01.72 | 7 |
| 244 | Wells | Chris | M | 25.02.95 | 6 |

```
select first_name,  
       last_name from patient;
```



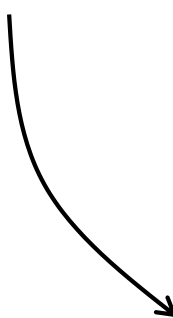
| first_name | last_name |
|------------|-----------|
| John | Smith |
| Peter | Jones |
| Brenda | Brown |
| Alan | Jenkins |
| Chris | Wells |

note: result of the query is a **table**

Which patients in ward 6?

| patient_no | last_name | first_name | sex | date_of_birth | ward |
|------------|-----------|------------|-----|---------------|------|
| 454 | Smith | John | M | 14.08.78 | 6 |
| 223 | Jones | Peter | M | 07.12.85 | 8 |
| 597 | Brown | Brenda | F | 17.06.61 | 3 |
| 234 | Jenkins | Alan | M | 29.01.72 | 7 |
| 244 | Wells | Chris | M | 25.02.95 | 6 |

```
select patient_no  
from patient  
where ward = 6;
```

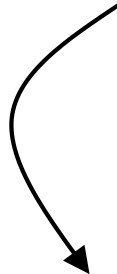


| patient_no |
|------------|
| 454 |
| 244 |

What is the patient info for ward 6?

| patient_no | last_name | first_name | sex | date_of_birth | ward |
|------------|-----------|------------|-----|---------------|------|
| 454 | Smith | John | M | 14.08.78 | 6 |
| 223 | Jones | Peter | M | 07.12.85 | 8 |
| 597 | Brown | Brenda | F | 17.06.61 | 3 |
| 234 | Jenkins | Alan | M | 29.01.72 | 7 |
| 244 | Wells | Chris | M | 25.02.95 | 6 |

```
select * from patient
where ward = 6;
```



| patient_no | last_name | first_name | sex | date_of_birth | ward |
|------------|-----------|------------|-----|---------------|------|
| 454 | Smith | John | M | 14.08.78 | 6 |
| 244 | Wells | Chris | M | 25.02.95 | 6 |

Queries we've seen so far

```
select last_name from patient;
```

```
select first_name, last_name from patient;
```

```
select patient_no from patient where ward = 6;
```

```
select * from patient where ward = 6;
```

General form:

```
select columns from table where condition
```

Exercise questions

We know some operations of relational algebra, including:

- **union**
- **select**
- **project**

In this query:

```
select patient_no from patient where ward = 6
```

1. Is the blue part of the query a union, select, or project?
2. Is the orange part of the query a union, select, or project?

Computing the query result

We can compute the answer to this query

```
select patient_no from patient where ward = 6
```

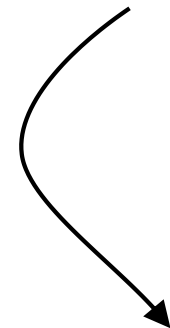
With the relational algebra expression:

$$\Pi_{\text{patient_no}} (\sigma_{\text{ward}=6} (\text{patient}))$$

Which patients in ward 6 or 7?

| patient_no | last_name | first_name | sex | date_of_birth | ward |
|------------|-----------|------------|-----|---------------|------|
| 454 | Smith | John | M | 14.08.78 | 6 |
| 223 | Jones | Peter | M | 07.12.85 | 8 |
| 597 | Brown | Brenda | F | 17.06.61 | 3 |
| 234 | Jenkins | Alan | M | 29.01.72 | 7 |
| 244 | Wells | Chris | M | 25.02.95 | 6 |

```
select patient_no
from patient
where ward = 6 or ward = 7;
```

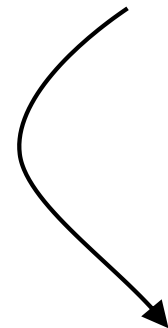


| patient_no |
|------------|
| 454 |
| 234 |
| 244 |

Which male patients in ward 6 or 7?

| patient_no | last_name | first_name | sex | date_of_birth | ward |
|------------|-----------|------------|-----|---------------|------|
| 454 | Smith | John | M | 14.08.78 | 6 |
| 223 | Jones | Peter | M | 07.12.85 | 8 |
| 597 | Brown | Brenda | F | 17.06.61 | 3 |
| 234 | Jenkins | Alan | M | 29.01.72 | 7 |
| 244 | Wells | Chris | F | 25.02.95 | 6 |

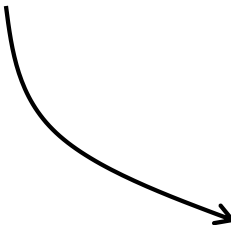
```
select patient_no  
from patient  
where (ward = 6 or ward = 7)  
and sex = M;
```



| patient_no |
|------------|
| 454 |
| 234 |

Who are the patients, ordered by ward?

| patient_no | last_name | first_name | sex | date_of_birth | ward |
|------------|-----------|------------|-----|---------------|------|
| 454 | Smith | John | M | 14.08.78 | 6 |
| 223 | Jones | Peter | M | 07.12.85 | 8 |
| 597 | Brown | Brenda | F | 17.06.61 | 3 |
| 234 | Jenkins | Alan | M | 29.01.72 | 7 |
| 244 | Wells | Chris | M | 25.02.95 | 6 |

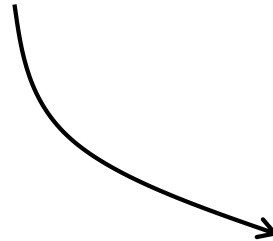


```
select * from  
patient order  
by ward;
```

| patient_no | last_name | first_name | sex | date_of_birth | ward |
|------------|-----------|------------|-----|---------------|------|
| 597 | Brown | Brenda | F | 17.06.61 | 3 |
| 244 | Wells | Chris | M | 25.02.95 | 6 |
| 454 | Smith | John | M | 14.08.78 | 6 |
| 234 | Jenkins | Alan | M | 29.01.72 | 7 |
| 223 | Jones | Peter | M | 07.12.85 | 8 |

Reverse ordering

| patient_no | last_name | first_name | sex | date_of_birth | ward |
|------------|-----------|------------|-----|---------------|------|
| 454 | Smith | John | M | 14.08.78 | 6 |
| 223 | Jones | Peter | M | 07.12.85 | 8 |
| 597 | Brown | Brenda | F | 17.06.61 | 3 |
| 234 | Jenkins | Alan | M | 29.01.72 | 7 |
| 244 | Wells | Chris | F | 25.02.95 | 6 |



```
select first_name, last_name  
from patient  
order by last_name desc;
```

| first_name | last_name |
|------------|-----------|
| Chris | Wells |
| John | Smith |
| Peter | Jones |
| Alan | Jenkins |
| Brenda | Brown |

Summary

- We looked at simple SQL queries of the form
select columns **from** table **where** condition
- **select** columns **from** (**select** * **from** table) **where** condition

Some people write SQL keywords in caps:

```
SELECT first_name, last_name FROM patient;
```