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**Q1:**

ai)

Assuming  $a_1$  and  $a_2$  were not terminal, number of conditional plans =  $|A|^{|E|^d - 1}$   
 $= 3^{2^2 - 1} = 27$

Number of conditional plans starting with  $a_3 = 27/3 = 9$

ii)

$[a_3, \text{if Percept} = \text{left then } a_1 \text{ else } a_2]$

bi)

$$\alpha_{[a_1]} = p(100) + (1-p)(-100) = 200p - 100$$

$$\alpha_{[a_2]} = (1-p)(100) + p(-100) = 100 - 200p$$

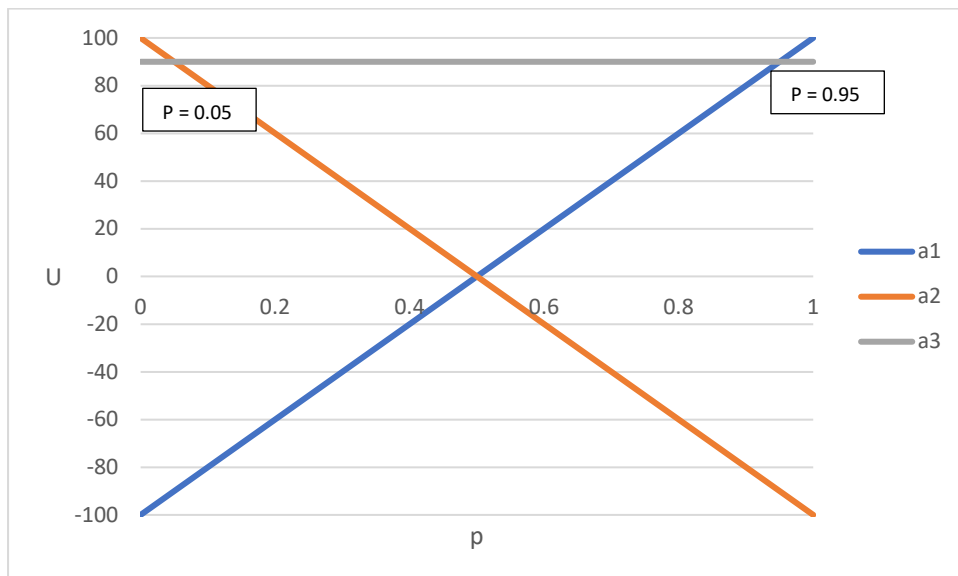
$$\alpha_{[a_3, \text{if Percept}=\text{left then } a_1 \text{ else } a_2]} = -10 + p(100) = 90$$

bii)

From  $p = 0$  to  $p = 0.05$ , the optimal conditional plan is  $[a_2]$

From  $p = 0.05$  to  $p = 0.95$ , the optimal conditional plan is  $[a_3, \text{if Percept} = \text{left then } a_1 \text{ else } a_2]$

From  $p = 0.95$  to  $p = 1$ , the optimal conditional plan is  $[a_1]$



**Q2:**

Assume that  $P(s' | s, \text{left}) = 1$ , where  $s'$  is left of  $s$ .

$$b'(s') = \alpha P(e | s') \sum_s P(s' | s, a) b(s)$$

$b' =$

$\alpha(0.1)(1/9)$	$\alpha(0.1)(1/9)$	0	0
0		0	0
$\alpha(0.1)(1/9)$	$\alpha(0.1)(1/9)$	$\alpha(0.9)(1/9)$	0

$$\alpha(1/90)(4) + \alpha(0.1) = 1$$

$$\alpha = 90/13$$

$b' =$

0.07692	0.07692	0	0
0		0	0
0.07692	0.07692	0.69231	0