

Artificial Neural Networks:

Exercise Set 4

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1 Question 3

As shown by the data given, new inputs which vary from the original P generate the same output as that of P , even though this is incorrect for the new data, it is due to the fact that the network has been trained to generate the T of P and not on the relationship between P and T .

2 Question 9

If there is only one pattern and one target then our equation

$$t = f(Wq + b) \tag{1}$$

need only fit the target perfectly, with no need to interpolate new data. Since t, f and q are already known, all that is needed is to solve for W and b . W and b can be combined into V where $V = [Wb]$ by appending p into q with $q = [p; 1]$. This then transforms the equation into

$$t = f(Vq) \tag{2}$$

Thereby leaving us with only one unknown, V . The equation can then be easily transformed to solve for V

$$\begin{aligned} t &= f(Vq) \\ Vq &= f^{-1}(t) \\ V &= f^{-1}(t)/q \end{aligned} \tag{3}$$

Since this equation has an exact solution, a perfect fitting from p to t can be found by solving for V . As stated before, this solution will be ill-advised for a neural network as it only fits these data points and cannot properly equate any new points in the system.