



# Using Gradients with border-image

Thanks to Kevin Powell and his [video](#) for showing me how to do a trick that has always intrigued me.

The idea is that we have a border color that fades to transparent or invisible.

This will take two items:

- The [border image](#) property
- The [linear gradient](#) function

## Setup

the HTML we will use looks like this

```
<div class="container">
  <div class="row">
    <div class="item">
      <h2>Item Title</h2>
```

```
<p>item content</p>
</div>
<div class="item">
  <h2>Item Title</h2>

  <p>Item content</p>
</div>
<div class="item">
  <h2>Item Title</h2>

  <p>item content</p>
</div>
</div>
```

We will also add some CSS to make the row-based flex layout:

```
.row {
  display: flex;
  gap: 2em;
  justify-content: space-evenly;
  padding: 2em;
}
```

## Creating the effect

With all the setup we did, creating the effect is fairly straightforward.

We want the top and left border to start with a solid color and become invisible before the end of the border. The code does the following:

1. Defines the borders we want to work with using logical properties
  1. In English and other Western languages, block-start is top and inline-start is right
2. Use the [border image](#) property to set the image to a [linear gradient](#)
  1. gradients can be used everywhere an image can
3. Use the [border-image-slice](#) method to make sure the image will appear in full. Otherwise, the image will only appear in the corners

```
.item {  
  /* 1 */  
  padding: 1em;  
  border-block-start: 5px solid;  
  border-inline-start: 5px solid;  
  
  /* 2 */  
  border-image-source: linear-gradient(45deg, rebeccapurple, transparent 70%);  
  /* 3 */  
  border-image-slice: 1;  
}
```

The code produces the following result: