

Carbon Removal Purchase Application

Application Instructions

This document includes a General Application as well as all category-specific supplements. All applicants fill out the General Application, as well as whichever supplements that apply to their approach. The application materials currently include supplements for DAC, Biomass, Surface Mineralization, Oceans, Geologic Injection, and CO₂ utilization. Projects may complete one or more supplements.

Using examples from Stripe's CDR portfolio:

- [Climeworks](#) would fill out the DAC supplement AND the Geologic Injection supplement.
- [Project Vesta](#) would fill out the Surface Mineralization supplement AND the Ocean supplement.
- [CarbonCure](#) would fill out the CO₂ Utilization supplement.
- [Charm Industrial](#) would fill out the Biomass supplement AND the Geologic Injection supplement.

Applicants should fill out applicable supplements IN ADDITION to the General Application.

General Application

(The General Application applies to everyone, all applicants should complete this)

Company or organization name

Company or organization location (we welcome applicants from anywhere in the world)

Name of person filling out this application

Email address of person filling out this application

Brief company or organization description

<10 words

1. Overall CDR solution

- a. Provide a technical explanation of the proposed project, including as much specificity regarding location(s), scale, timeline, and participants as possible. Feel free to include figures.

<1500 words

- b. What is your role in this project, and who are the other actors that make this a full carbon removal solution? *(E.g. I am a broker. I sell carbon removal that is generated from a partnership between DAC Company and Injection Company. DAC Company owns the plant and produces compressed CO₂. DAC Company pays Injection Company for storage and long-term monitoring.)*

<50 words

- c. What are the three most important risks your project faces?

<300 words

2. Timeline and Permanence

- a. Please fill out the table below.

	Timeline for Offer
<p>Project duration</p> <p><i>Over what duration will you be actively running your DAC plant, spreading olivine, growing and sinking kelp, etc. to deliver on your offer? E.g. Jun 2021 - Jun 2022. The end of this duration determines when the purchaser may consider renewing our contract with you based on performance.</i></p>	<p><10 words</p>
<p>When does carbon removal occur?</p> <p><i>We recognize that some solutions deliver carbon removal during the project duration (e.g. DAC + injection), while others deliver carbon removal gradually after the project duration (e.g. spreading olivine for long-term mineralization). Over what timeframe will carbon removal occur?</i></p> <p><i>E.g. Jun 2021 - Jun 2022 OR 500 years.</i></p>	<p><10 words</p>
<p>Distribution of that carbon removal over time</p> <p><i>For the time frame described above, please detail how you anticipate your carbon removal capacity will be distributed. E.g. “50% in year one, 25% each year thereafter” or “Evenly distributed over the whole time frame”. We’re asking here specifically about the physical carbon removal process here, NOT the “Project duration”. Indicate any uncertainties, eg “We anticipate a steady decline in annualized</i></p>	<p><50 words</p>

carbon removal from year one into the out-years, but this depends on unknowns re our mineralization kinetics”.	
<p>Permanence</p> <p>Over what duration you can assure durable carbon storage for this offer (e.g. this batch of biochar, these rocks, this kelp, this injection site)? E.g. 1000 years.</p>	<10 words

- b. What are the upper and lower bounds on your permanence claimed above in table 2(a)?

Number/range

- c. Have you measured this permanence directly, if so, how? Otherwise, if you’re relying on the literature, please cite data that justifies your claim. (E.g. We rely on findings from Paper_1 and Paper_2 to estimate permanence of mineralization, and here are the reasons why these findings apply to our system. OR We have evidence from this pilot project we ran that biomass sinks to D ocean depth. If biomass reaches these depths, here’s what we assume happens based on Paper_1 and Paper_2.)

<200 words

- d. What permanence risks does your project face? Are there physical risks (e.g. leakage, decomposition and decay, damage, etc.)? Are there socioeconomic risks (e.g. mismanagement of storage, decision to consume or combust derived products, etc.)? What fundamental uncertainties exist about the underlying technological or biological process?

<200 words

- e. How will you quantify the actual permanence/durability of the carbon sequestered by your project? If direct measurement is difficult or impossible, how will you rely on models or assumptions, and how will you validate those assumptions? (E.g. monitoring of injection sites, tracking biomass state and location, estimating decay rates, etc.)

<200 words

3. Gross Capacity

- a. Please fill out the table below. **All tonnage should be described in metric tonnes here and throughout the application.**

	Offer (metric tonnes CO ₂) over the timeline detailed in the table in 2(a)
Gross carbon removal Do not subtract for embodied/lifecycle emissions or permanence, we will ask you to subtract this later	<i>E.g. XXX tCO₂</i>
If applicable, additional avoided emissions e.g. for carbon mineralization in concrete production, removal would be the CO ₂ utilized in concrete production and avoided emissions would be the emissions reductions associated with traditional concrete production	<i>E.g. XXX tCO₂</i>

- b. Show your work for 2(a). How did you calculate these numbers? If you have significant uncertainties in your capacity, what drives those? (*E.g. This specific species sequesters X tCO₂/t biomass. Each deployment of our solution grows on average Y t biomass. We assume Z% of the biomass is sequestered permanently. We are offering two deployments. $X*Y*Z*2 = 350 \text{ tCO}_2 = \text{Gross removal}$. OR Each tower of our mineralization reactor captures between X and Y tons CO₂/yr, all of which we have the capacity to inject. However, the range between X and Y is large, because we have significant uncertainty in how our reactors will perform under various environmental conditions*)

<150 words

- c. What is your total overall capacity to sequester carbon at this time, e.g. gross tonnes / year / (deployment / plant / acre / etc.)? Here we are talking about your project / technology as a whole, so this number may be larger than the specific capacity offered and described above in 3(b). We ask this to understand where your technology currently stands, and to give context for the values you provided in 3(b).

metric tonnes CO₂/yr

- d. We are curious about the foundational assumptions or models you use to make projections about your solution's capacity. Please explain how you make these estimates, and whether you have ground-truthed your methods with direct measurement of a real system (e.g. a proof of concept experiment, pilot project, prior deployment, etc.). We welcome citations, numbers, and links to real data! (E.g. *We assume our sorbent has X absorption rate and Y desorption rate. This aligns with [Sorbent_Paper_Citation]. Our pilot plant performance over [Time_Range] confirmed this assumption achieving Z tCO₂ capture with T tons of sorbent.*)

<200 words

- e. Documentation: If you have them, please provide links to any other information that may help us understand your project in detail. This could include a project website, third-party documentation, project specific research, data sets, etc.

- Up to 5 links

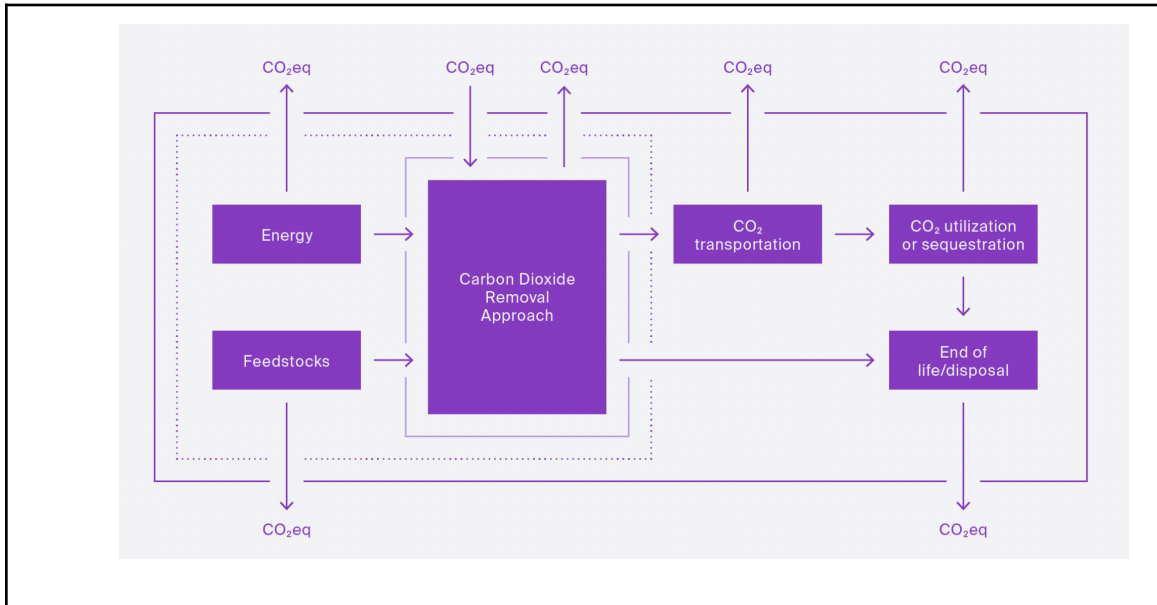
4. Net Capacity / Life Cycle Analysis

- a. Please fill out the table below to help us understand your system's efficiency, and how much your lifecycle deducts from your gross carbon removal capacity.

	Offer (metric tonnes CO ₂)
Gross carbon removal	<i>Should equal the first row in table 3(a)</i>
Gross project emissions	<i>Should correspond to the boundary conditions described below this table in 4(b) and 4(c)</i>
Emissions / removal ratio	<i>Gross project emissions / gross carbon removal: should be less than one for net-negative carbon removal systems, e.g. the amount emitted is less than the amount removed</i>
Net carbon removal	<i>Gross carbon removal - Gross project emissions</i>

- b. Provide a carbon balance or "process flow" diagram for your carbon removal solution, visualizing the numbers above in table 4(a). Please include all carbon flows and sources of energy, feedstocks, and emissions, with numbers wherever possible (E.g. *see the*

generic diagram below from the [CDR Primer](#), [Charm's application](#) from last year for a simple example, or [CarbonCure's](#) for a more complex example). If you've had a third-party LCA performed, please link to it.



- c. Please articulate and justify the boundary conditions you assumed above: why do your calculations and diagram include or exclude different components of your system?

<100 words

- d. Please justify all numbers used in your diagram above. Are they solely modeled or have you measured them directly? Have they been independently measured? Your answers can include references to peer-reviewed publications, e.g. [Climeworks LCA paper](#).

<200 words

- e. If you can't provide sufficient detail above in 4(d), please point us to a third-party independent verification, or tell us what an independent verifier would measure about your process to validate the numbers you've provided. (We may request such an audit be performed.)

<100 words

5. Learning Curve and Costs (Backward-looking)

We are interested in understanding the [learning curve](#) of different carbon removal technologies (i.e. the relationship between accumulated experience producing or deploying a technology, and technology costs). To this end, we are curious to know how much additional deployment this procurement of your solution would result in. (There are no right or wrong answers here. If your project is selected we may ask for more information related to this topic so we can better evaluate your progress.)

- a. Please define and explain your unit of deployment. (E.g. # of plants, # of modules) (50 words)

<50 words

- b. How many units have you deployed from the origin of your project up until today? Please fill out the table below, adding rows as needed. Ranges are acceptable if necessary.

Year	Units deployed (#)	Unit cost (\$/unit)	Unit gross capacity (tCO ₂ /unit)	Notes
2021				<50 words
2020				<50 words
2019				<50 words
...				

- c. Qualitatively, how and why have your deployment costs changed thus far? (E.g. Our costs have been stable because we're still in the first cycle of deployment, our costs have increased due to an unexpected engineering challenge, our costs are falling because we're innovating next stage designs, or our costs are falling because with larger scale deployment the procurement cost of third party equipment is declining.)

<50 words

- d. How many additional units would be deployed if we bought your offer? The two numbers below should multiply to equal the first row in table 3(a).

# of units	Unit gross capacity (tCO ₂ /unit)
<i>Number</i>	<i># tCO₂/unit</i>

6. Cost and Milestones (Forward-looking)

We ask these questions to get a better understanding of your growth trajectory and inflection points, there are no right or wrong answers. If we select you for purchase, we'll expect to work with you to understand your milestones and their verification in more depth.

- a. What is your cost per ton CO₂ today?

\$/ton CO₂

- b. Help us understand, in broad strokes, what's included vs excluded in the cost in 6(a) above. We don't need a breakdown of each, but rather an understanding of what's "in" versus "out."

>100 words

- c. List and describe **up to three** key upcoming milestones, with the latest no further than Q2 2023, that you'll need to achieve in order to scale up the capacity of your approach.

Milestone #	Milestone description	Why is this milestone important to your ability to scale? (200 words)	Target for achievement (eg Q4 2021)	How could we verify that you've achieved this milestone?
1	<i><100 words</i>	<i><200 words</i>		<i><100 words</i>
2	<i><100 words</i>	<i><200 words</i>		<i><100 words</i>
3	<i><100 words</i>	<i><200 words</i>		<i><100 words</i>

- i. How do these milestones impact the total gross capacity of your system, if at all?

Milestone #	Anticipated total gross capacity prior to achieving milestone (ranges are acceptable)	Anticipated total gross capacity after achieving milestone (ranges are acceptable)	If those numbers are different, why? (100 words)
1	<i>Should match 3(c)</i>		<100 words
2			<100 words
3			<100 words

d. How do these milestones impact your costs, if at all?

Milestone #	Anticipated cost/ton prior to achieving milestone (ranges are acceptable)	Anticipated cost/ton after achieving milestone (ranges are acceptable)	If those numbers are different, why? (100 words)
1	<i>Should match 6(a)</i>		<100 words
2			<100 words
3			<100 words

e. If you could ask one person in the world to do one thing to most enable your project to achieve its ultimate potential, who would you ask and what would you ask them to do?

<50 words

f. Other than purchasing, what could we do to help your project?

<50 words

7. Public Engagement and Environmental Justice

We require projects to consider and address potential social, political, and ecosystem risks associated with their deployments. Projects with effective public engagement tend to do the following:

- Identify key stakeholders in the area they'll be deploying
- Have some mechanism to engage and gather opinions from those stakeholders and take those opinions seriously, iterating the project as necessary.

The following questions are for us to help us gain an understanding of your public engagement strategy. There are no right or wrong answers, and we recognize that, for early projects, this work may not yet exist or may be quite nascent.

- a. Who are your external stakeholders, where are they, and how did you identify them?

<100 words

- b. If applicable, how have you engaged with these stakeholders? Has this work been performed in-house, with external consultants, or with independent advisors?

<100 words

- c. If applicable, what have you learned from these engagements? What modifications have you already made to your project based on this feedback, if any?

<100 words

- d. Going forward, do you have changes planned that you have not yet implemented? How do you anticipate that your processes for (a) and (b) will change as you execute on the work described in this application?

<100 words

- e. What environmental justice concerns apply to your project, if any? How do you intend to consider or address them?

<100 words

11. Legal and Regulatory Compliance

- a. What legal opinions, if any, have you received regarding deployment of your solution?

<100 words

- b. What permits or other forms of formal permission do you require, if any? Please clearly differentiate between what you have already obtained, what you are currently in the process of obtaining, and what you know you'll need to obtain in the future but have not yet begun the process to do so.

<100 words

- c. In what areas are you uncertain about the legal or regulatory frameworks you'll need to comply with? This could include anything from local governance to international treaties. For some types of projects, we recognize that clear regulatory guidance may not yet exist.

<100 words

12. Offer

This table constitutes your offer, and will form the basis for contract discussions if you are selected for purchase.

	Offer
Net carbon removal (metric tonnes CO ₂)	<i>Should match the last row in table 4(a), "Net carbon removal"</i>
Delivery window (at what point should we consider your contract complete?)	<i>Should match the first row in table 2(a), "Project duration"</i>
Price (\$/metric tonne CO ₂) <i>Note on currencies: while we welcome applicants from anywhere in the world, our purchases will be executed exclusively in USD (\$). If your prices are typically denominated in another currency, please convert that to USD and let us know here.</i>	<i>This is the price per ton of your offer to us for the tonnage described above. Please quote us a price and describe any difference between this and the costs described in (6).</i>

Application Supplement: DAC

(Only fill out this supplement if it applies to you)

Note: these questions are with regards only to air capture: e.g. your air contactors, sorbents or solvents, etc. Separately, there exist Geologic Injection and CO₂ Utilization supplements. We anticipate that most companies filling out this DAC supplement should ALSO fill out one of those supplements to describe their use of the CO₂ stream that's an output of the capture system detailed here.

Physical Footprint

1. What is the physical land footprint of your project, and how do you anticipate this will change over the next few years? This should include your entire physical footprint, i.e., how much land is not available for other use because your project exists.

Year	Land Footprint (km ²)
2021	
2022	
2023	

2. What is the volumetric footprint of your contactor? (How big is your physical machine compared to how much you're capturing?) and how do you anticipate this will change over the next few years? These numbers should be smaller than (1) above.

Year	Contactor Footprint (m ³)
2021	
2022	
2023	

2. Capture Materials and Processes

1. What sorbent or solvent are you using?

<50 words

2. What is its absorption capacity? (grams CO₂ per grams material/cycle)

Grams CO₂ per grams material/cycle

3. What is its desorption capacity? (grams CO₂ per grams material/cycle)

Grams CO₂ per grams material/cycle

4. How do you source your sorbent or solvent? Discuss how this sourcing strategy might change as your solutions scales. Note any externalities associated with the sourcing or manufacture of it (hazardous wastes, mining, etc. You should have already included the associated carbon intensities in your LCA in Section 6)

Grams CO₂ per grams material/cycle

5. How do you cycle your sorbent/solvent?

<100 words

6. What is your proposed source of energy? What is its assumed carbon intensity? How will this change over the duration of your project? (You should have already included the associated carbon intensities in your LCA in Section 6)

<100 words

7. Besides energy, what other resources do you require in cycling (if any), e.g water? Where and how are you sourcing these resources, and what happens to them after they pass through your system? (You should have already included the associated carbon intensities in your LCA in Section 6) (100 words)

<100 words

8. Per (7), how much of these resources do you need per cycle?

<100 words

9. How often do you cycle your sorbent/solvent?

cycles/day

10. Does your sorbent or solvent degrade over time? Is degradation driven primarily by cycling, environmental conditions, or both?

<100 words

11. In practical operation, how often do you need to replace your sorbent or solvent material, if at all?

<100 words

12. Per (11), what happens to your sorbent/solvent at end-of-life? Please note if it is hazardous or requires some special disposal, and how you ensure end-of-life safety.

<100 words

13. Several direct air technologies are currently being deployed around the world (e.g. [Climeworks](#)). Please discuss the merits and advantages of your system in comparison to existing systems.

<200 words

Application Supplement: Biomass

(Only fill out this supplement if it applies to you)

Feedstock and Physical Footprint

1. What type of biomass does your project rely on?

<100 words

2. Are you growing that biomass yourself, or procuring it, and from whom?

<200 words

3. Please fill out the table below regarding your feedstock's physical footprint. If you don't know (e.g. you procure your biomass from a seller who doesn't communicate their land use), indicate that in the table.

	Area of land or sea (km ²) in 2021	Competing/existing project area use (if applicable)
Feedstock cultivation	<i>E.g. 1 km² (floating kelp array) OR N/A (procuring waste biomass)</i>	
Processing	<i>E.g. 0.1 km² (boat yard, manufacturing facility) OR 0.5 km² (manufacturing facility for mobile biochar plants)</i>	
Long-term Storage	<i>E.g. N/A (uncertainty in final state of kelp) OR 2 km² (ag fields in which biochar is deployed)</i>	

4. Imagine, hypothetically, that you've scaled up and are sequestering 100Mt of CO₂/yr. Please project your footprint at that scale (we recognize this has significant uncertainty, feel free to provide ranges and a brief description).

Projected # of km ² enabling	Projected competing project
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	100Mt/yr	area use (if applicable)
Feedstock cultivation		
Processing		
Long-term Storage		

Permanence, Additionality, Ecosystem Impacts

5. How is your biomass processed to ensure its permanence? What inputs does this process require (e.g. energy, water) and how do you source these inputs? (You should have already included their associated carbon intensities in your LCA in Section 6.)

<200 words

6. If you didn't exist, what's the alternative use(s) of your feedstock? What factors would determine this outcome? (E.g. *Alternative uses for biomass include X & Y. We are currently the only party willing to pay for this biomass resource. It's not clear how X & Y would compete for the biomass resources we use. OR Biomass resource would not have been produced but for our project.*)

<50 words

7. We recognize that both biomass production and biomass storage can have complex interactions with ecological, social, and economic systems. What are the specific negative impacts (or important unknowns) you have identified, and what are your specific plans for mitigating those impacts (or resolving the unknowns)? (200 words)

<200 words

8. Biomass-based solutions are currently being deployed around the world. Please discuss the merits and advantages of your solution in comparison to other approaches in this space.

<200 words

Application Supplement: Surface Mineralization

(Only fill out this supplement if it applies to you)

Source Material and Physical Footprint

1. What source material are you using, and how do you procure it?

<100 words

2. Describe the ecological impacts of obtaining your source material. Is there an existing industry that co-produces the minerals required?

<100 words

3. Do you process that source mineral in any way (e.g grinding to increase surface area)? What inputs does this processing require (e.g. water, energy)? You should have already included their associated carbon intensities in your LCA in Section 6.)

<200 words

4. Please fill out the table below regarding your project's physical footprint. If you don't know (e.g. you procure your source material from a mining company who doesn't communicate their physical footprint), indicate that in the square.

	Land area (km ²) in 2021	Competing/existing project area use (if applicable)
Source material mining	<i>E.g. X km² (dedicated basalt mining facility) OR N/A (material is waste product from X km² mine)</i>	<i>E.g. Existing mine for basalt</i>
Source material processing	<i>E.g. 2 km² (manufacturing facility or mine)</i>	<i>E.g. Gravel production facility</i>

Deployment	<i>E.g. 20 km² (transportation hub + beach area)</i>	<i>E.g. Agricultural land + beach</i>
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9. Imagine, hypothetically, that you've scaled up and are sequestering 100Mt of CO₂/yr. Please project your footprint at that scale (we recognize this has significant uncertainty, feel free to provide ranges and a brief description).

	Projected # of km ² enabling 100Mt/yr	Projected competing project area use (if applicable)
Source material mining		
Source material processing		
Deployment		

5. If you weren't proceeding with this project, what's the alternative use(s) of your source material? What factors would determine this outcome? (*E.g. Alternative uses for olivine include X & Y. It's not clear how X & Y would compete for the olivine we use. OR Olivine would not have been mined but for our project.*)

<50 words

Measurement and Verification

6. We are aware that the current state of the field may include unknowns about the kinetics of your material. Describe how these unknowns create uncertainties regarding your carbon removal and material, and what you wish you knew.

<200 words

7. If your materials are deployed extensively, what measurement approaches will be used to monitor weathering rates across different environments? What modelling approaches will be used, and what data do these models require?

<100 words

Human and Ecosystem Impacts, Toxicity Risk

8. What are the estimated environmental release rates of heavy metals (e.g. Cr, Ni, Pb, Hg)? Dust aerosol hazards? P loading to streams? How will this be monitored?

<100 words

9. If minerals are deployed in farmland, what are the estimated effects on crop yields, what's this estimation based on, and how will actual effects be monitored?

<100 words

10. How will you monitor potential impacts on organisms in your deployment environment? (E.g. Health of humans working in agricultural contexts, health of intertidal species, etc. depending on the context of deployment)

<100 words

11. If you detect negative impacts, at what point would you choose to abort the project and how?

<100 words

Application Supplement: Ocean

(Only fill out this supplement if it applies to you)

Physical Footprint

1. Describe the geography of your deployment, its relationship to coastlines, shipping channels, other human or animal activity, etc.

<200 words

2. Please describe your physical footprint in detail. Consider surface area, depth, expected interaction with ocean currents and upwelling/downwelling processes, etc.
 - a. If you've also filled out the Biomass supplement and fully articulated these details there, simply write N/A.

<200 words

3. Imagine, hypothetically, that you've scaled up and are sequestering 100Mt of CO₂/yr. Please project your footprint at that scale, considering the same attributes you did above (we recognize this has significant uncertainty, feel free to provide ranges and a brief description).
 - a. If you've also filled out the Biomass supplement and fully articulated these details there, simply write N/A.

<200 words

Potential to Scale

4. Building large systems on or in the ocean is hard. What are your core engineering challenges and constraints? Is there any historical precedent for the work you propose?

<200 words

Externalities and Ecosystem Impacts

5. How will you quantify and monitor the impact of your solution on ocean ecosystems, specifically with respect to eutrophication and alkalinity/pH, and, if applicable, ocean turbidity?

<200 words

Application Supplement: Geologic Injection

(Only fill out this supplement if it applies to you)

Feedstock and Use Case

1. What are you injecting? Gas? Supercritical gas? An aqueous solution? What compounds other than C exist in your injected material?

<50 words

2. Do you facilitate enhanced oil recovery (EOR), either in this deployment or elsewhere in your operations? If so, please briefly describe. Answering Yes will not disqualify you.

<50 words

Throughput and Monitoring

3. Describe the geologic setting to be used for your project. What is the trapping mechanism, and what infrastructure is required to facilitate carbon storage? How will you monitor that your permanence matches what you described in Section 2 of the General Application?

<500 words

4. For projects in the United States, for which UIC well class is a permit being sought (e.g. Class II, Class VI, etc.)?

<10 words

5. At what rate will you be injecting your feedstock?

Unit volume/unit time

Environmental Hazards

6. What are the primary environmental threats associated with this injection project, what specific actions or innovations will you implement to mitigate those threats, and how will they be monitored moving forward?

<200 words

7. What are the key uncertainties to using and scaling this injection method?

<200 words

Application Supplement: CO₂ Utilization

(Only fill out this supplement if it applies to you)

Feedstock

1. How do you source your CO₂, and from whom?

<100 words

2. What are alternate uses for this CO₂ stream?

<100 words

3. Do you have a pathway towards sourcing atmospheric CO₂ so as to achieve carbon removal?
(e.g. Future coupling of process to direct air capture)

<100 words

Utilization Methods

4. How does your solution use and store CO₂? What is the gross CO₂ utilization rate? (E.g. CO₂ is mineralized in Material at a rate of X tCO₂ (gross) / t storage material).

<100 words

5. What happens to the storage material (e.g. concrete), and how does that impact its embodied carbon storage over time? How do you know?

<100 words

6. How do you ensure that the carbon benefits you are claiming through a CO₂ utilization process are not double counted? (E.g. If sourcing CO₂ from a DAC system, or selling your product to a user interested in reducing their carbon footprint, who claims the carbon removal benefits and how could an independent auditor validate no double counting?)

<200 words