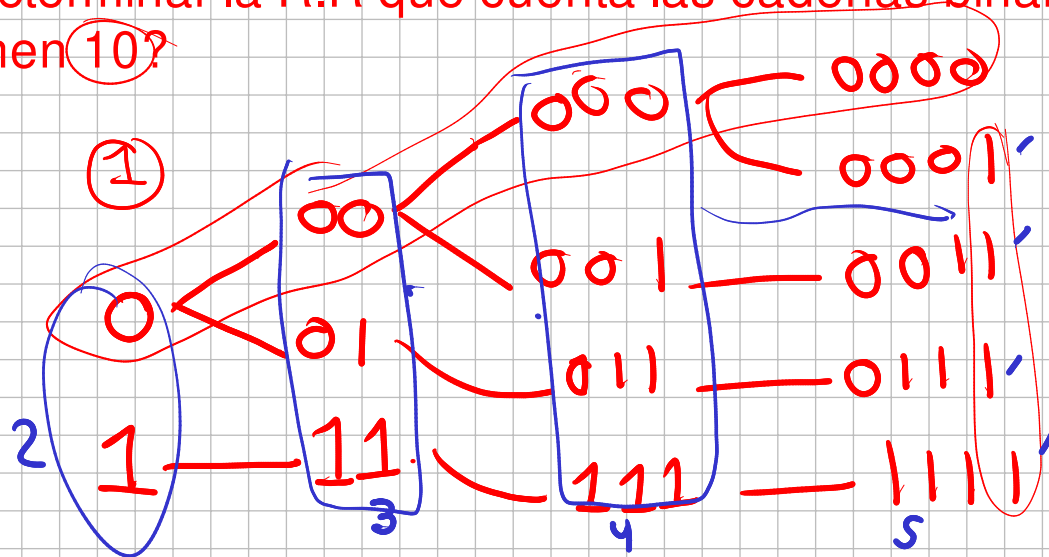


¿Determinar la R.R que cuenta las cadenas binarias que no tienen 10?



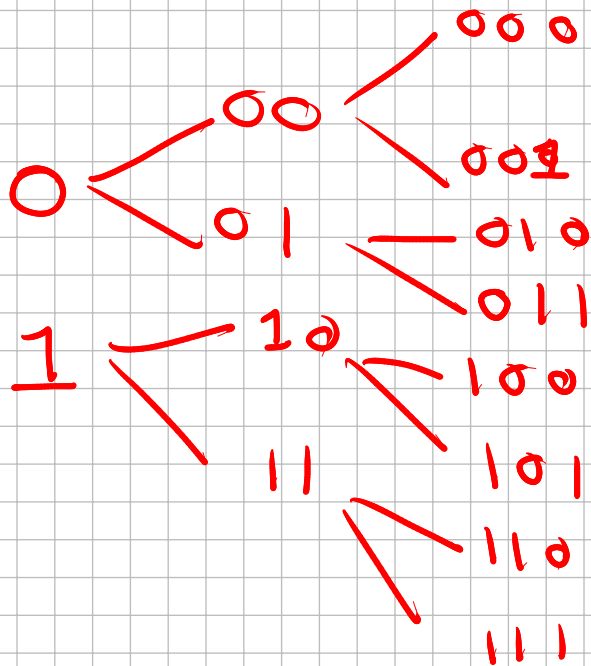
$$T(n) = \underbrace{T(n-1)}_2 + 1$$

$$T(1) = 2$$

$$T(2) = 3$$

$$T(3) = 4$$

$$T(4) = 5$$



$$T(n) = \underbrace{T(n-1)}_0 + \underbrace{T(n-1)}_1$$

$$T(n) = 2T(n-1)$$

$$T(n) = T(n-1) + T(n-2) + \dots + T(n-k)$$

$$T(0)=10$$

$$T(1)=15$$

$$T(2)=22$$

$$T(n) = 4T(n-1) + 8T(n-2) - 16T(n-3)$$

$$T(n) = r^n$$

$$r^n = 4r^{n-1} + 8r^{n-2} - 16r^{n-3}$$

$$\frac{r^n}{r^{n-3}} = \frac{4r^{n-1}}{r^{n-3}} + \frac{8r^{n-2}}{r^{n-3}} - \frac{16r^{n-3}}{r^{n-3}}$$

$$r^{n-3} = r^n r^{-3}$$

$$\cancel{r^n} / \cancel{r^n} r^{-3} = \cancel{4} \cancel{r^n} r^{-1} / \cancel{r^n} r^{-3} + \cancel{8} \cancel{r^n} r^{-2} / \cancel{r^n} r^{-3} - \cancel{16} \cancel{r^n} r^{-3} / \cancel{r^n} r^{-3}$$

$$r^3 = 4r^2 + 8r^1 - 16$$

$$r^3 - 4r^2 - 8r + 16 = 0$$

EC :)

$$T(n) = A(r_1)^n + B(r_2)^n + C(r_3)^n$$

$$T(n) = A(4.96)^n + B(-2.34)^n + C(1.37)^n$$

$$T(0)=10$$

$$T(1)=15$$

$$T(2)=22$$

$$10 = A + B + C$$

$$15 = 4.96A - 2.34B + 1.37C$$

$$22 = (4.96)^2 A + (-2.34)^2 B + (1.37)^2 C$$

$$[0.17140459 \ -0.18454381 \ 10.01313922]$$

$$T(n) = 0.17(4.96)^n - 0.184(-2.34)^n + 10.01(1.37)^n$$