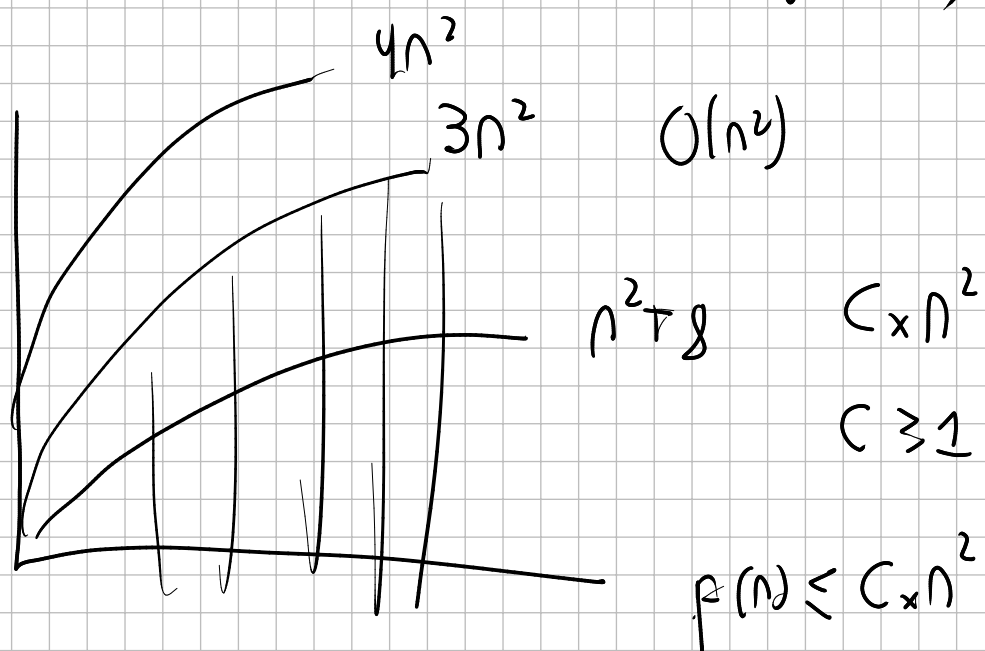
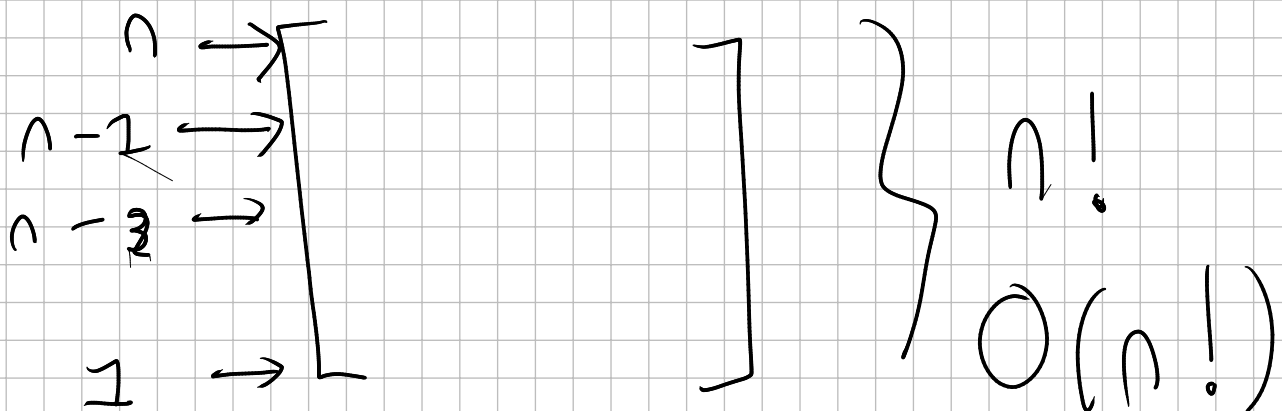
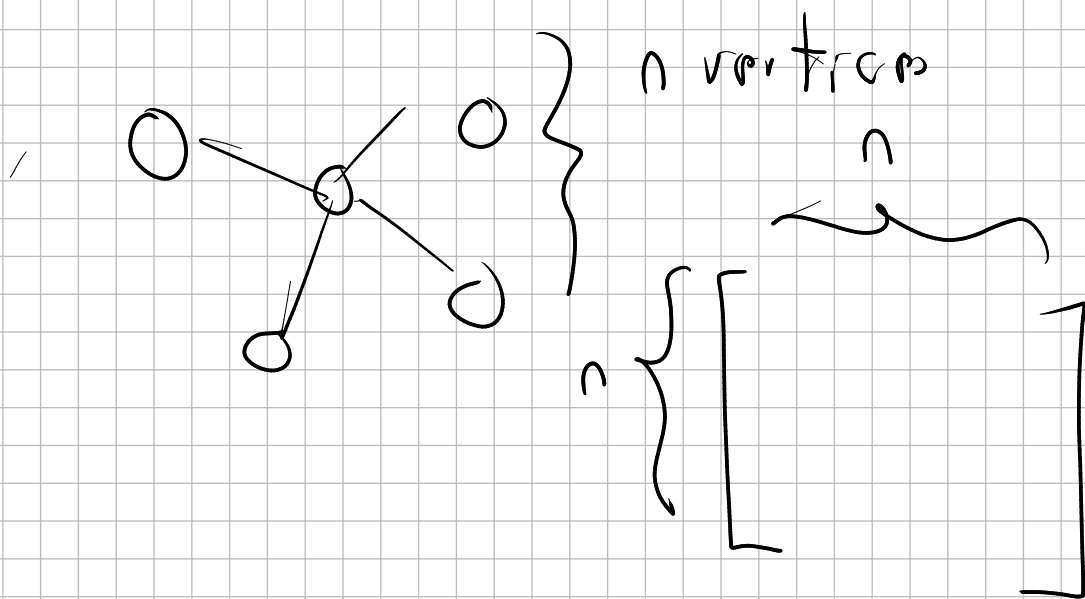


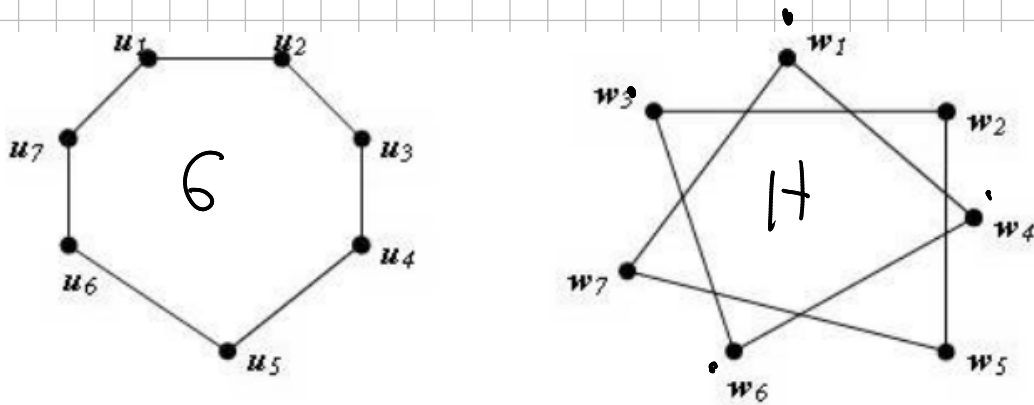
Isomorfismo



G y H son isomorfos

G y H deben tener la misma distribución de grados

Existe una función que mape cada vertice de G en H



$$G = \{2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2\}$$

$$G \xrightarrow{f} H$$

$$H = \{2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2\}$$

$$f(u_1) = w_1 \quad f(u_4) = w_3$$

$$f(u_2) = w_4 \quad f(u_5) = w_2$$

$$f(u_3) = w_6 \quad f(u_6) = w_5$$

$$f(u_7) = w_7$$

C_7

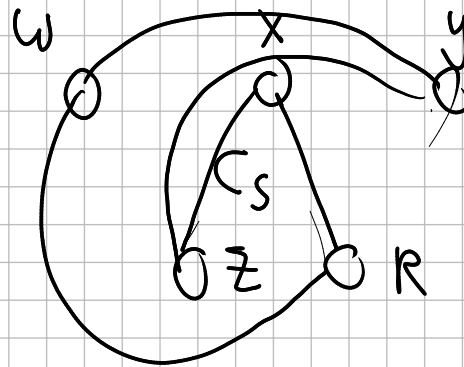
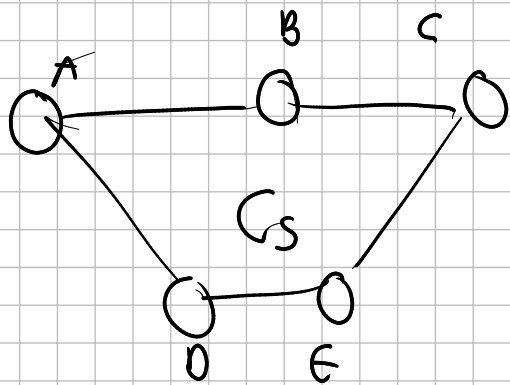
$$\{2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2\}$$

$\overline{C_7}$

$$\{2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2\}$$

$$K_5 \quad \{4, 4, 4, 4, 4\}$$

$$\{2, 2, 2, 2, 2\}$$



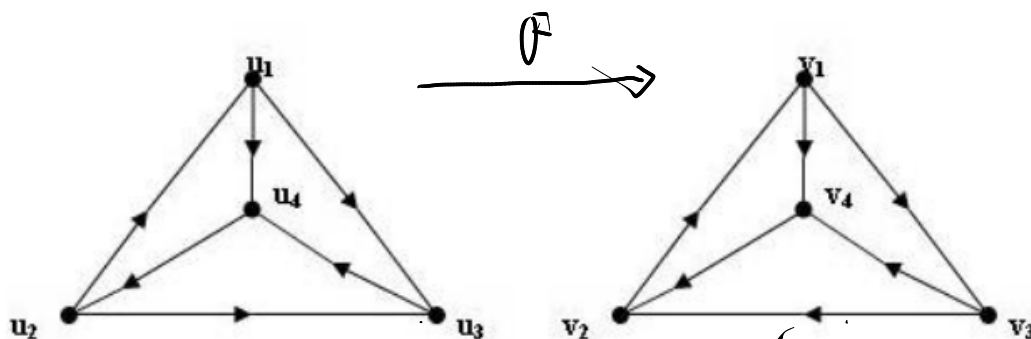
$$f(A) = W$$

$$f(B) = Y$$

$$f(C) = Z$$

$$f(E) = X$$

$$f(D) = R$$



| | δ^- | δ^+ |
|-------|------------|------------|
| v_1 | <u>1</u> | <u>2</u> |
| v_2 | 1 | 2 |
| v_3 | 2 | <u>1</u> |
| v_4 | 2 | <u>1</u> |

| | δ^- | δ^+ |
|-------|------------|------------|
| v_1 | 1 | 2 |
| v_2 | 2 | 1 |
| v_3 | 1 | 2 |
| v_4 | 2 | 1 |

$$f(v_2) = v_3$$

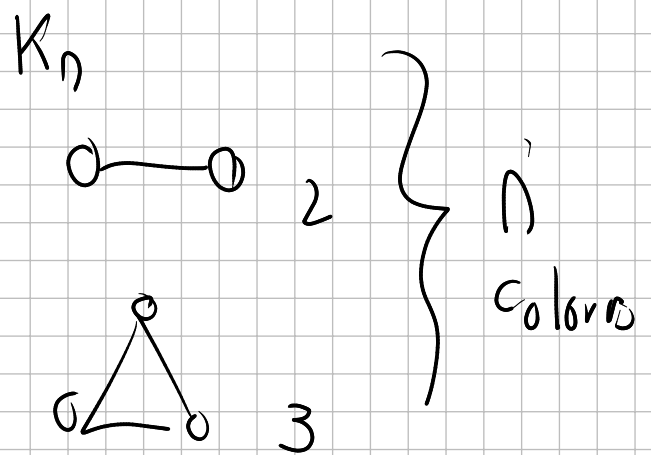
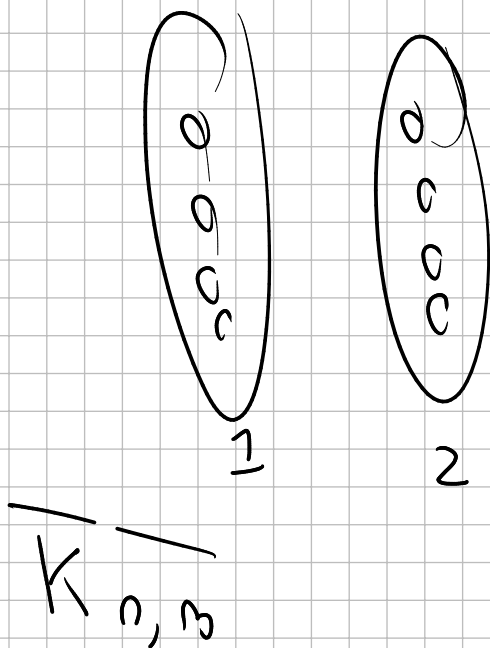
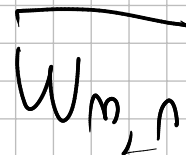
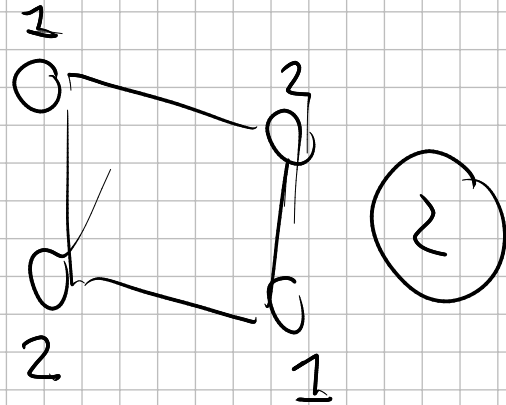
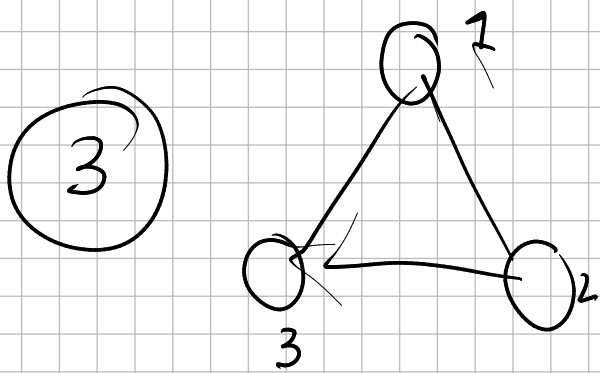
$$f(v_3) = v_1$$

$$f(v_4) = v_2$$

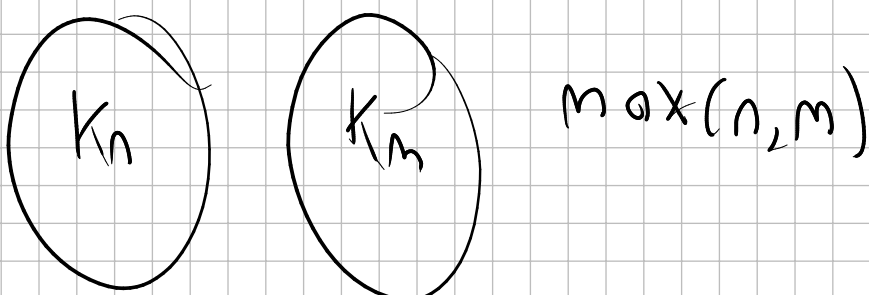
$$f(v_1) = v_4$$

Coloring

NUMERO CROMATICO: MIN NUMERO DE COLORES QUE TIENE UN GRAFO



$K_{n,n}$

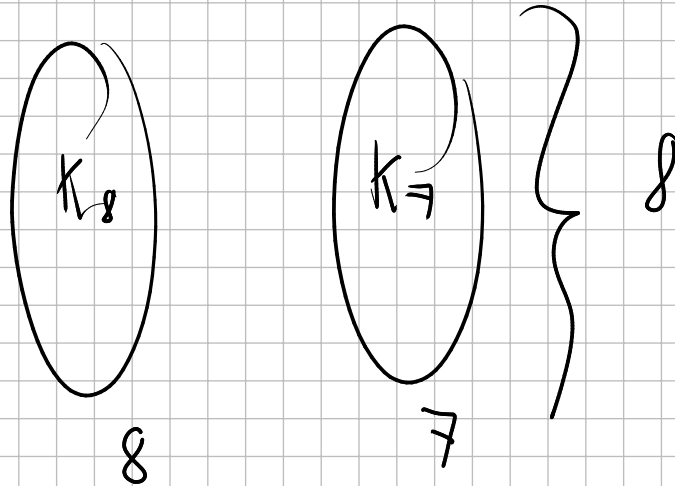


$\max(n, m)$

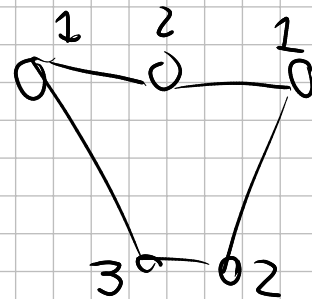
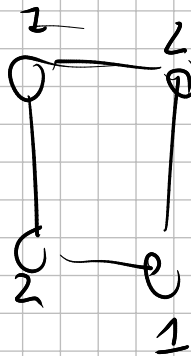
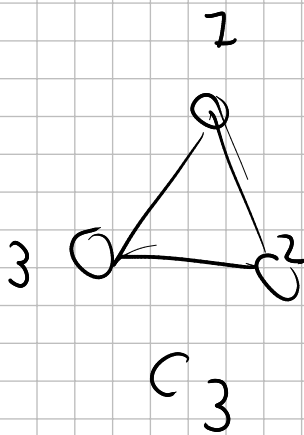
$K_{n,m}$

$K_{8,7}$

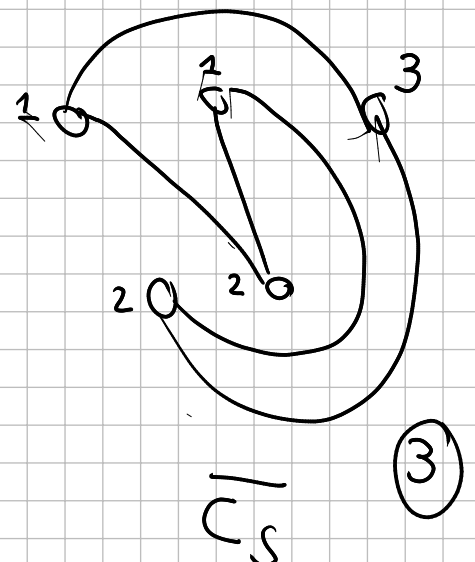
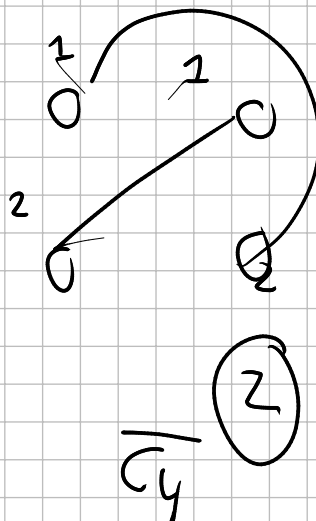
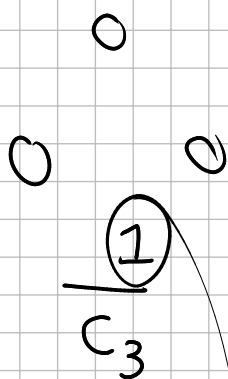
$\overline{K_{8,7}}$

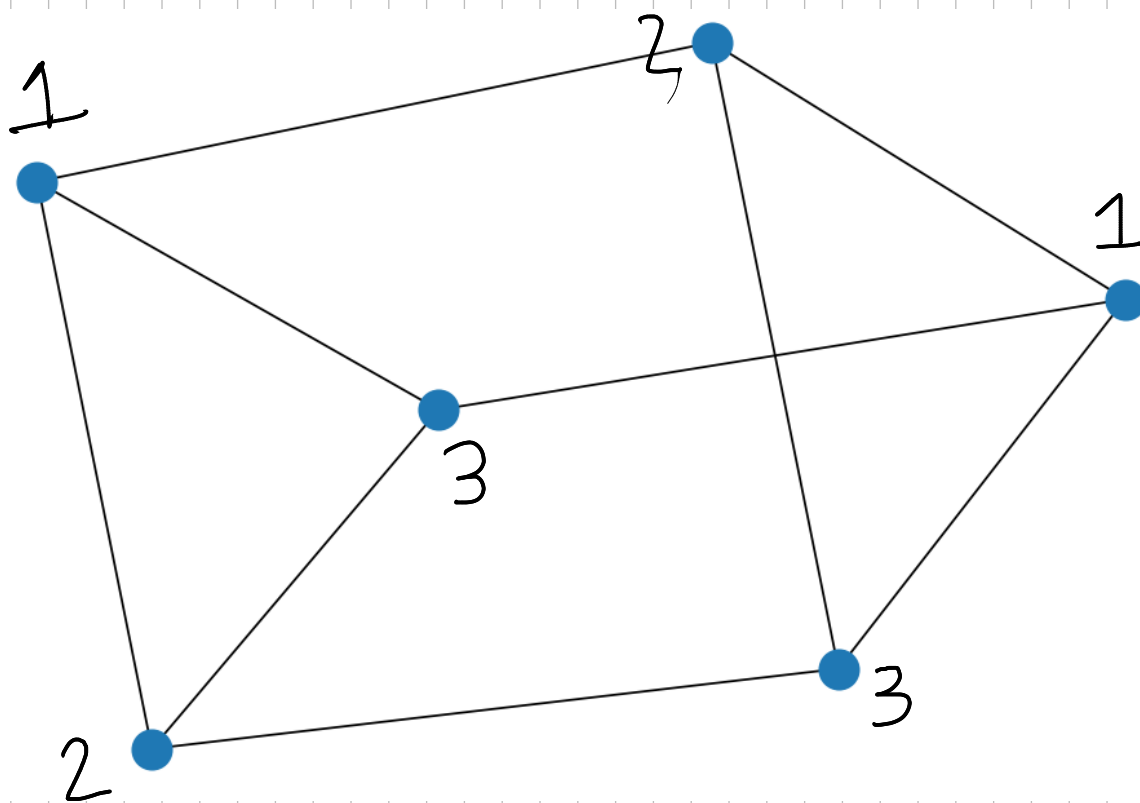


C_n

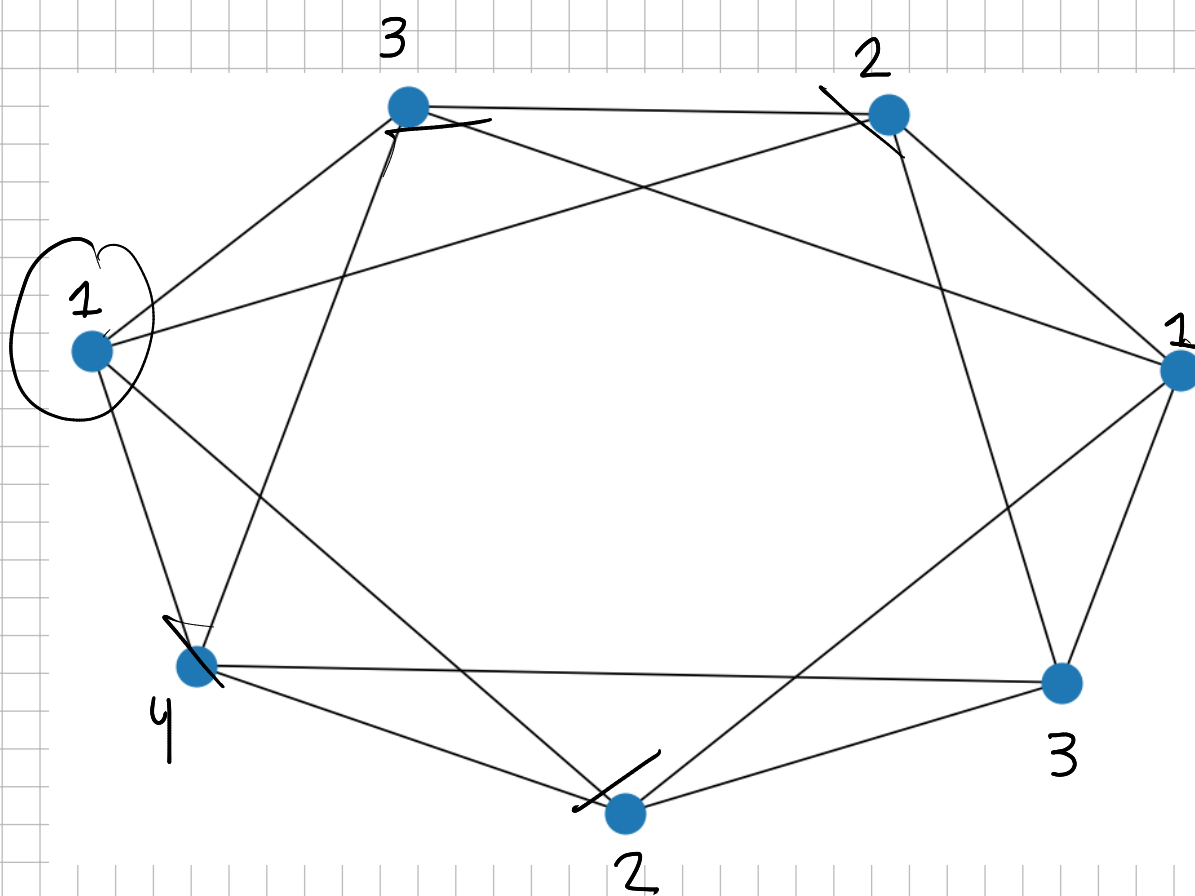


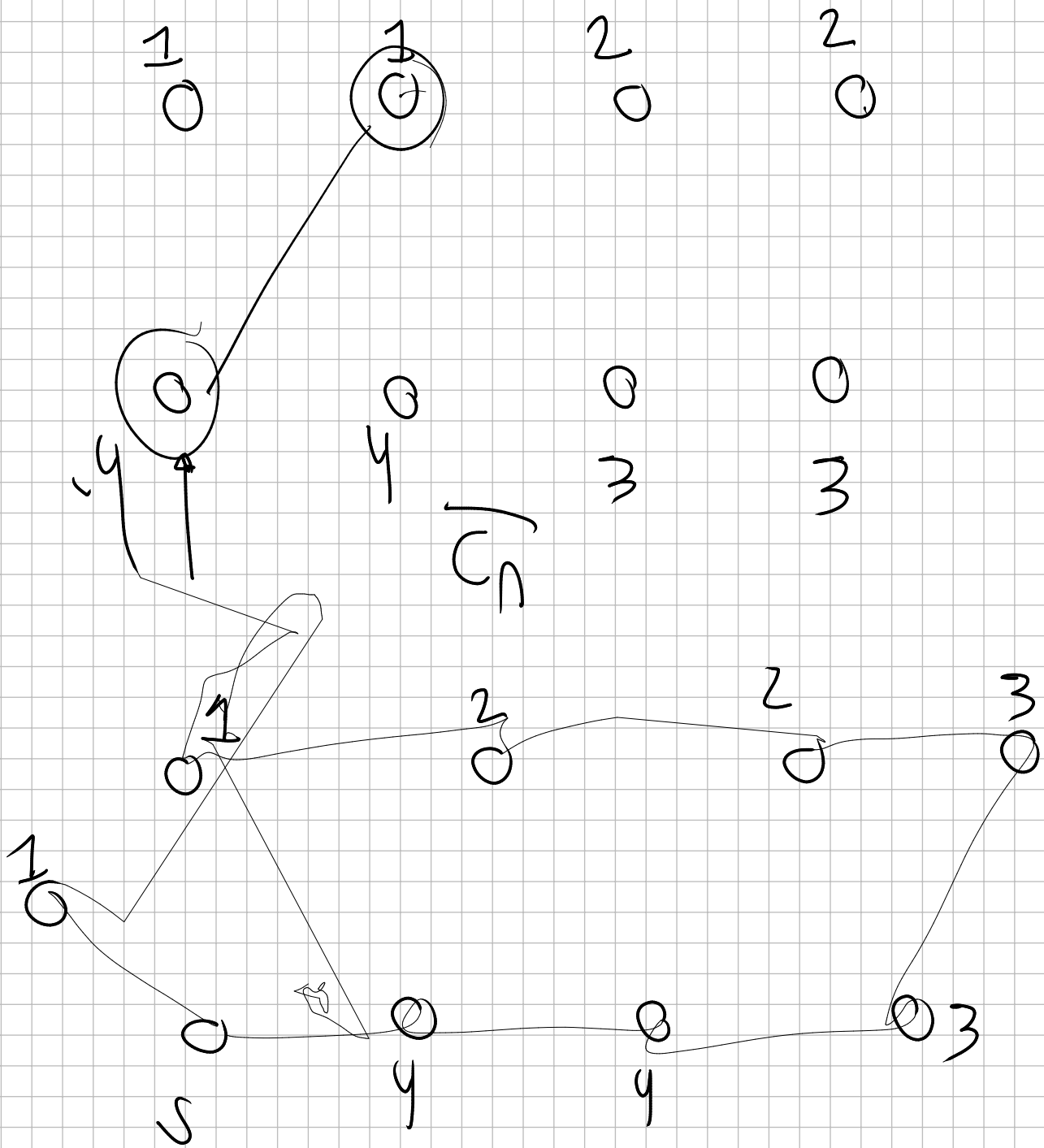
C_n





τ_6





$$\left\lceil \frac{n}{2} \right\rceil$$

$$n \geq 4$$

$$n = 3, 1$$

$$C_n$$

$$3$$

$$4$$

$$5$$

$$\nexists C_r$$

$$1$$

$$2$$

$$3$$

$$C_3 =$$

$$C_n$$

$$6$$

$$7$$

$$8$$

$$9$$

$$\nexists C_r$$

$$3$$

$$4$$

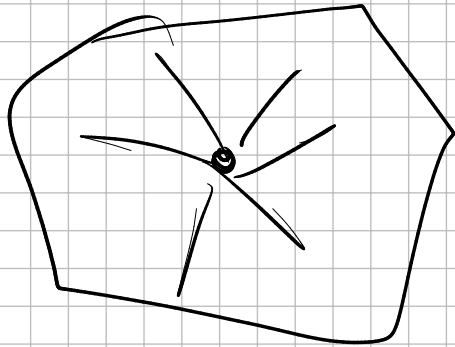
$$4$$

$$5$$

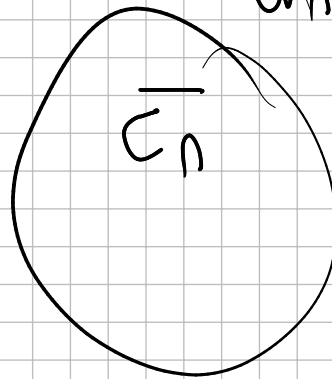
$$f(n) \in \begin{cases} 1 & n=3 \\ \lceil \frac{n}{2} \rceil & n>3 \end{cases} \quad \overline{C_n}$$

o en otro caso

ω_n



$\overline{\omega_n}$



$$f(n) \in \begin{cases} 1 & n=3 \\ \lceil \frac{n}{2} \rceil & n>3 \end{cases}$$