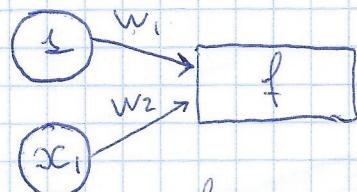


Упражнение



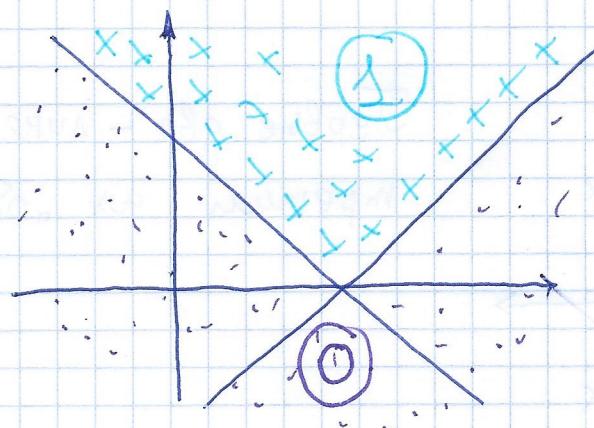
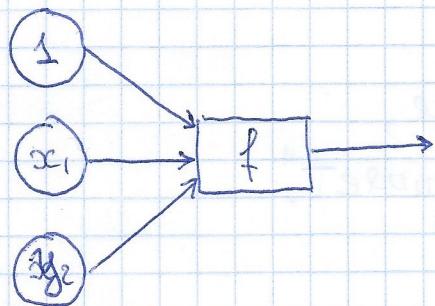
$$0 \rightarrow 1 \\ 1 \rightarrow 0$$

$$f = \max(0, t)$$

$$\max(w_0 + w_1 \cdot 0, 0) = 1 \Rightarrow w_0 = 1$$

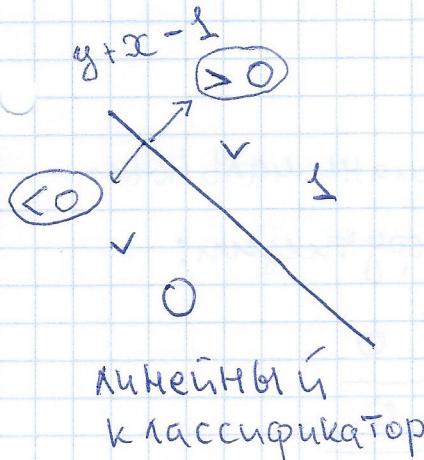
$$\max(w_0 + w_1 \cdot 1, 0) = -1 \Rightarrow w_1 = -2$$

Упражнение

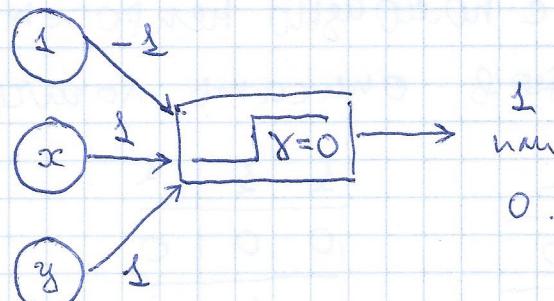


$$2x - y = 1$$

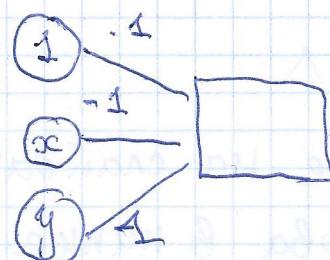
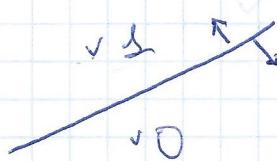
$$x + 2y = 1$$

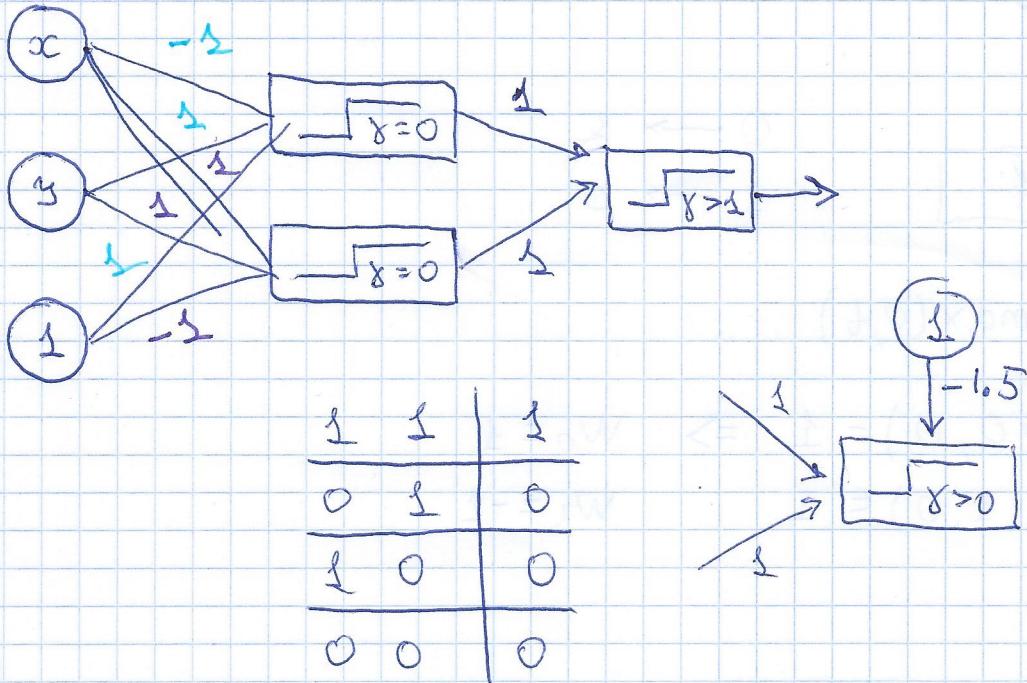


Линейный
классификатор

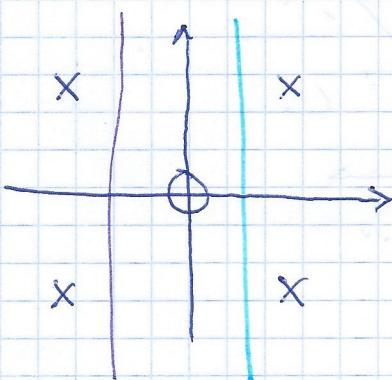


$$y - x + 1 \\ -y + x - 1$$





Упражнение



Первые два - линейные,
третий их "объединяет".

Упражнение

Попробуйте с помощью нейросетки с минимальным
числом нейронов описать логические функции:

1	1	1
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0

1	1	1
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1

1	1	0
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1

Λ

∨

XOR

(исключающее или)

Решение на слайдах
Воронцова в папке

Упражнение

Маша



x	1	2
y	2	3

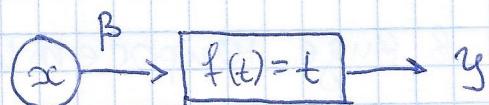
a) Теоретический оценка

б) ГД

в) SGD $\beta \rightarrow 2$.

$$\eta = 0.1$$

a) $y = \beta x$

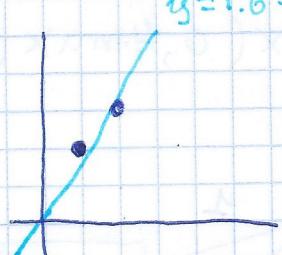


$$L = \sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2 = \sum (y_i - x_i \beta)^2 \rightarrow \min_{\beta}$$

$$L'_{\beta} = -2 \sum (y_i - x_i \hat{\beta}) x_i = 0$$

$$\sum y_i x_i - \hat{\beta} \sum x_i^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{\beta} = \frac{\sum y_i x_i}{\sum x_i^2} = \frac{1 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot 3}{1^2 + 2^2} = \frac{8}{5} = 1.6$$



б) $\nabla L = L'_{\beta} = -2(y_1 - x_1 \beta)x_1 - 2(y_2 - x_2 \beta)x_2$

① Минимизируя $\beta_0 = 0$

② $\beta_1 = \beta_0 - 0.1 \cdot \nabla L(\beta_0)$

$$\begin{aligned} -2(2 - 0) \cdot 1 - 2(3 - 2 \cdot 0) \cdot 2 = \\ = -4 - 4 = -8 \end{aligned}$$

$$\beta_1 = 0 + 0.8 = 0.8$$

③ $\beta_2 = \beta_1 - 0.1 \nabla L(\beta_1)$

и т.д.

$$b) \quad ① \beta_0 = 0$$

$$② \beta_1 = 0 - 0.1 \cdot (-2(2-0) \cdot 1) = 0.4$$

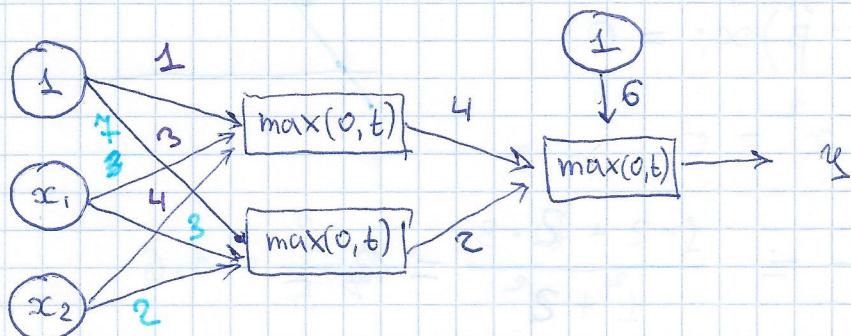
$$③ \beta_2 = 0.4 - 0.1 \cdot (-2(3 - 0.4 \cdot 2) \cdot 2) = 0.4 + 0.88 = 1.28$$

и т.д.

Упражнение

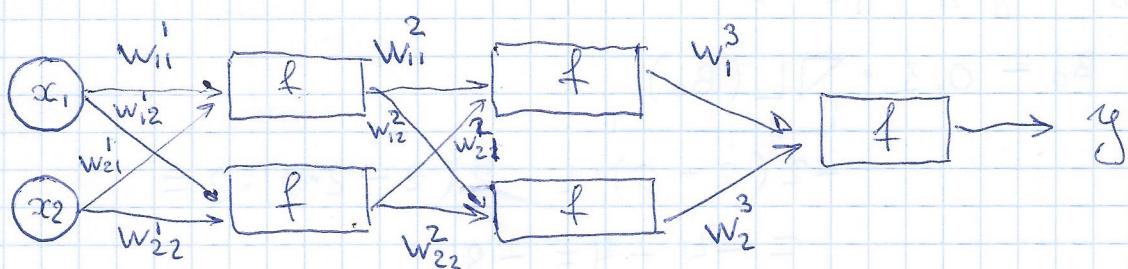
Запишать функцию в виде нейросетки.

$$\max(0, \max(0, 3x_1 + 4x_2 + 5) + 2 \cdot \max(0, 3x_1 + 2x_2 + 7) + 6)$$



Упражнение

a) Записать нейросеть как слоистую функцию.



$y =$

$$= f\left(w_1^3 \cdot f\left(w_{11}^2 \cdot f\left(w_{11}^1 x_1 + w_{21}^1 x_2 \right) + w_{21}^2 \cdot f\left(w_{12}^2 x_1 + w_{22}^2 x_2 \right) \right) \right) + \\ + w_2^3 \cdot f\left(w_{12}^2 \cdot f\left(w_{11}^1 x_1 + w_{21}^1 x_2 \right) + w_{22}^2 \cdot f\left(w_{12}^1 x_1 + w_{22}^1 x_2 \right) \right)$$

Слоистая функция !!

5) Запишем её же в матричном виде!

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} x_{11} & x_{21} \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ x_{1n} & x_{2n} \end{pmatrix}_{n \times 2}, \quad h_1 = X w_1 = \begin{pmatrix} h_{11} & h_{21} \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ h_{1n} & h_{2n} \end{pmatrix}_{n \times 2}$$
$$w_1 = \begin{pmatrix} w_{11}^1 & w_{12}^1 \\ w_{21}^1 & w_{22}^1 \end{pmatrix}_{2 \times 2}$$

$$(x_1, x_2) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} w_{11}^1 & w_{12}^1 \\ w_{21}^1 & w_{22}^1 \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{(w_{11}^1 x_1 + w_{21}^1 x_2)}_{h_1}, \underbrace{(w_{12}^1 x_1 + w_{22}^1 x_2)}_{h_2}$$

отдельное
наблюдение

Первый слой выделяем: $f(X w_1)$.

По аналогии получаем, что:

$$y = f(f(f(X w_1) w_2) w_3)$$

Семка - сложная функция!

b) $\hat{y} = f(f(f(X w_1) w_2) w_3)$

$$L(w_1, w_2, w_3) = \frac{l}{2} \cdot (y - f(f(f(X w_1) w_2) w_3))^2$$

функция по терб

Секрет успеха в учении: брать производную.

$$f(g(x))' = f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_3} = -(y - f(f(f(xw_1)w_2)w_3)) \cdot f'_{w_3}(\dots) \cdot f(f(xw_1)w_2)$$

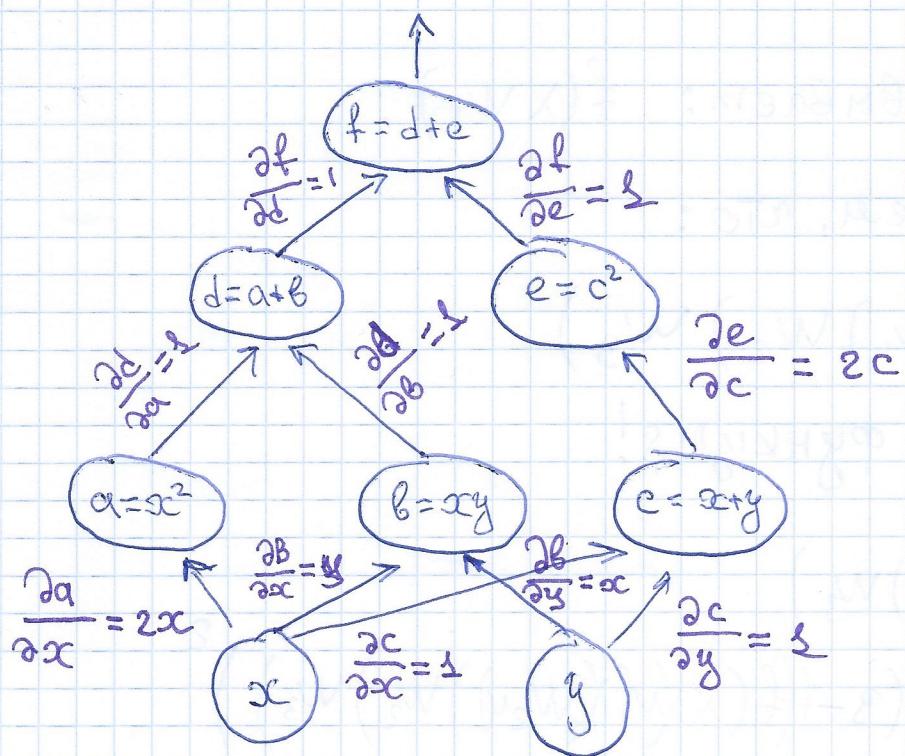
$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_2} = -(y - f(f(f(xw_1)w_2)w_3)) \cdot f'_{w_2}(\dots) \cdot f'_{w_2}(w_3) \cdot w_3 \cdot f(xw_1)$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w_1} = -(y - f(f(f(xw_1)w_2)w_3)) \cdot f'_{w_1}(\dots) \cdot f'_{w_1}(w_3) \cdot w_3 \cdot f'(xw_1) \cdot X$$

Иллюстрация

Узорчакиң жаңа таралғанын және оның нәтижесінде

$$f(x, y) = x^2 + xy + (x+y)^2$$



$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial d} \cdot \frac{\partial d}{\partial a} \cdot \frac{\partial a}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial e} \cdot \frac{\partial e}{\partial c} \cdot \frac{\partial c}{\partial x}$$

$$1 \cdot 1 \cdot 2x + 1 \cdot y + 1 \cdot \underbrace{2c}_{2(x+y)} \cdot 1$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2x + y + 2(x+y)$$

5) Запишем её же в матричном виде!

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} x_{11} & x_{21} \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ x_{1n} & x_{2n} \end{pmatrix}_{n \times 2}$$

$$W_1 = \begin{pmatrix} w_{11}^1 & w_{12}^1 \\ w_{21}^1 & w_{22}^1 \end{pmatrix}_{2 \times 2}$$

$$h_1 = X W_1 = \begin{pmatrix} h_{11} & h_{21} \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ h_{1n} & h_{2n} \end{pmatrix}_{n \times 2}$$

$$(x_1, x_2) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} w_{11}^1 & w_{12}^1 \\ w_{21}^1 & w_{22}^1 \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{(w_{11}^1 x_1 + w_{21}^1 x_2)}_{h_1}, \underbrace{(w_{12}^1 x_1 + w_{22}^1 x_2)}_{h_2}$$

отдельное
наблюдение

Первый слой выполняем: $f(XW_1)$.

По аналогии получаем, что:

$$y = f(f(f(XW_1)W_2)W_3)$$

Семка - сложная функция!

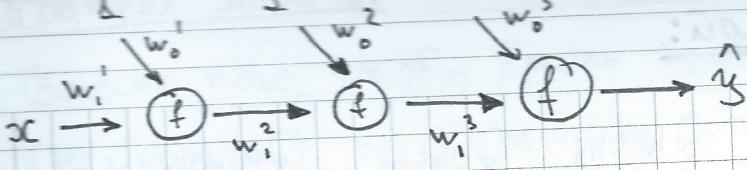
b) $\hat{y} = f(f(f(XW_1)W_2)W_3)$

$$L(W_1, W_2, W_3) = \frac{l}{2} \cdot (y - f(f(f(XW_1)W_2)W_3))^2$$

функция потерь

Секрет успеха в учёте! Берём производную.

$$f(g(x))' = f'(g(x)) \cdot g'(x)$$



$$f(t) = \frac{e^t}{1+e^t}$$

$$f'(t) = f(t)(1-f(t))$$

$$\sum (\hat{y}_i - f(w_0^3 \cdot f(w_1^2 \cdot f(w_1^1 \cdot x + w_0^1) + w_0^2) + w_0^3))^2$$

Намо минимизировать макро вида. Вид схемы.

$$w_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

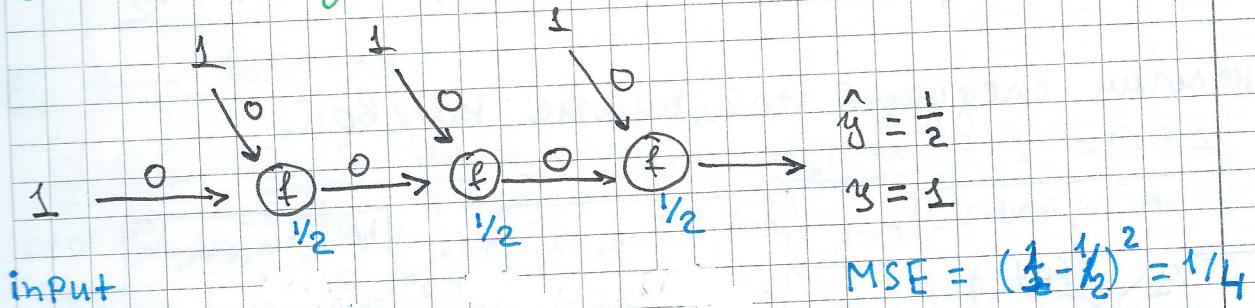
x	y
5	0
5	1

Схема 2 шага SGD:

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{шаг 2 шага SGD:} \\ \text{сначала 2 шага, потом 1-й} \\ y = 1 \end{array} \right]$$

I шаг

① → npoxog (forward)



$$\text{net}_{h_1} = w_1^1 \cdot \text{input} + w_0^1 \cdot 1 = 0 \quad | \quad \text{out}_{h_1} = f(\text{net}_{h_1}) = 1/2$$

$$\text{net}_{h_2} = w_1^2 \cdot \text{out}_{h_1} + w_0^2 \cdot 1 = 0 \quad | \quad \text{out}_{h_2} = f(\text{net}_{h_2}) = 1/2$$

$$\text{net}_{h_3} = w_1^3 \cdot \text{out}_{h_2} + w_0^3 \cdot 1 = 0 \quad | \quad \text{out}_{h_3} = f(\text{net}_{h_3}) = \hat{y} = 1/2$$

② ← npoxog (backward)

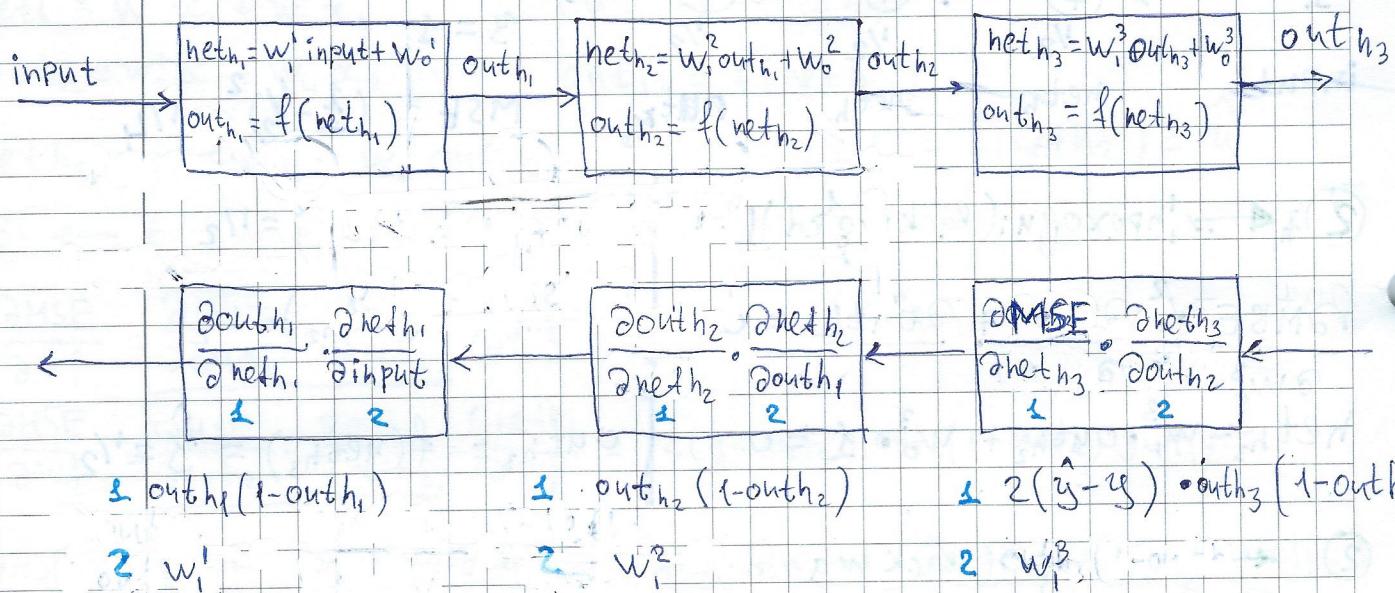
$$\frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial w_0^3} = \underbrace{\frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial \text{out}_{h_3}}}_{2(\hat{y} - \text{out}_{h_3})} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{\partial \text{out}_{h_3}}{\partial \text{net}_{h_3}}}_{1} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{\partial \text{net}_{h_3}}{\partial w_0^3}}_{\text{out}_{h_3}(1-\text{out}_{h_3})} = 2 \cdot (1-1/2) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial w_1^3} = \frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial \text{out}_{h_3}} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{\partial \text{out}_{h_3}}{\partial \text{net}_{h_3}}}_{2(1-1/2)} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{\partial \text{net}_{h_3}}{\partial w_1^3}}_{\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \overline{\text{out}_{h_2}}} = 2(1-1/2) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$$

Переходи в скрытый слой:

$$\frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial w_i^2} = \underbrace{\frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial \text{outh}_3} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{outh}_3}{\partial \text{net}_3}}_{\frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial \text{outh}_2}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{net}_3}{\partial \text{outh}_2} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{outh}_2}{\partial \text{net}_2} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{\partial \text{net}_2}{\partial w_i^2}}_{\text{outh}_1 = 1/2} = 0$$

но атакорум следуяший спосіб макети турніров.



Денарий непройден магазин

$$\begin{pmatrix} 6 & 6 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} - 1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1/4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/8 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1/4 \\ 0 & 0 & -1/8 \end{pmatrix}$$

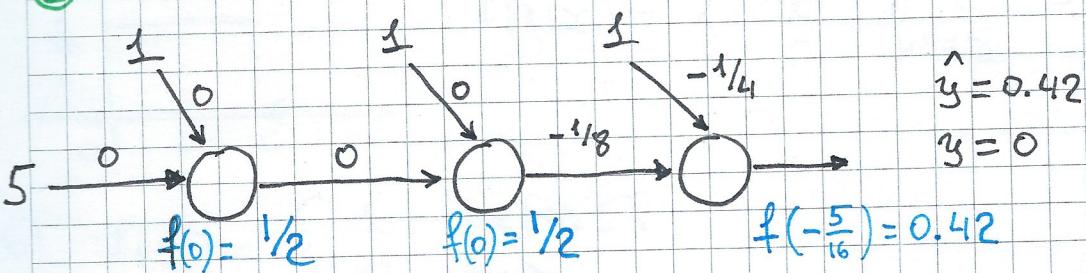
$$w = w - \eta \cdot \frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial w}$$

Бірамка морал:

Вместо того, чтобы брать произвольную большую оценку (кейросеми) по команду аргументу, это замечено, что внутренние части этой произвольной можно вытащить друга через друга и последовательно исключить, начиная с конца сети.

II шаг

① → forward



② ← backward

$$\frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial w_0^3} = \frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial \text{net}_{h_3}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{net}_{h_3}}{\partial w_0^3} = \frac{2 \cdot 0.42 \cdot 0.42}{2(\hat{y} - y) \text{out}_{h_3} (\text{l-out}_{h_3})} \cdot \frac{0.58}{0.21} = 0.21$$

$$\frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial w_1^3} = \frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial \text{net}_{h_3}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{net}_{h_3}}{\partial w_1^3} = 0.21 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \text{out}_{h_2} = 0.10$$

$$\frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial w_0^2} = \frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial \text{out}_{h_2}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{out}_{h_2}}{\partial \text{net}_{h_2}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{net}_{h_2}}{\partial w_0^2} = 0.21 \cdot w_1^3 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 = -0.013$$

$$\frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial w_1^2} = \frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial \text{out}_{h_2}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{out}_{h_2}}{\partial \text{net}_{h_2}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{net}_{h_2}}{\partial w_1^2} = 0.21 \cdot w_1^3 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = -0.007$$

$$\frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial w_0^1} = \frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial \text{out}_{h_2}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{out}_{h_2}}{\partial \text{out}_{h_1}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{out}_{h_1}}{\partial \text{net}_{h_1}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{net}_{h_1}}{\partial w_0^1} = 0.21 \cdot w_1^3 \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot 1 = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial w_1^1} = \frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial \text{out}_{h_2}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{out}_{h_2}}{\partial \text{out}_{h_1}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{out}_{h_1}}{\partial \text{net}_{h_1}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{net}_{h_1}}{\partial w_1^1} = 0.21 \cdot w_1^3 \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{5}{2} = 0$$

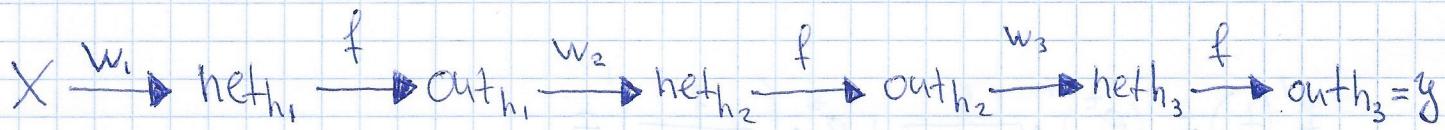
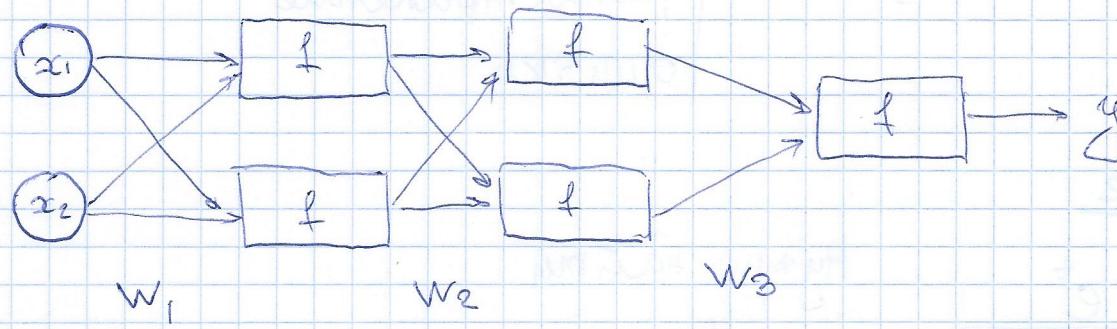
На каком шаге кончается часть с предыдущим, которую не надо считать заново. Нужно найти только него стоящий вектор и перейти к следующему слову, где начнётся новая начальная часть!

Делаем второй шаг:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & -1/4 \\ 0 & 0 & -1/8 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -0.013 & 0.21 \\ 0 & -0.007 & 0.10 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0.013 & -0.46 \\ 0 & 0.007 & -0.225 \end{pmatrix}$$

Умак жаңе !!

Implementation



$$\frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial w_3} = \frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial \text{outh}_3} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{outh}_3}{\partial \text{heth}_3} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{heth}_3}{\partial w_3}$$

$$\frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial w_2} = \frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial \text{outh}_3} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{\partial \text{outh}_3}{\partial \text{heth}_3}}_{\text{highlighted}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{heth}_3}{\partial \text{outh}_2} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{outh}_2}{\partial \text{heth}_2} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{heth}_2}{\partial w_2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial w_1} = \frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial \text{outh}_3} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{\partial \text{outh}_3}{\partial \text{heth}_3}}_{\text{highlighted}} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{\partial \text{heth}_3}{\partial \text{outh}_2} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{outh}_2}{\partial \text{heth}_2} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{heth}_2}{\partial \text{outh}_1} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{outh}_1}{\partial \text{heth}_1} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{heth}_1}{\partial w_1}}_{\text{highlighted}}$$

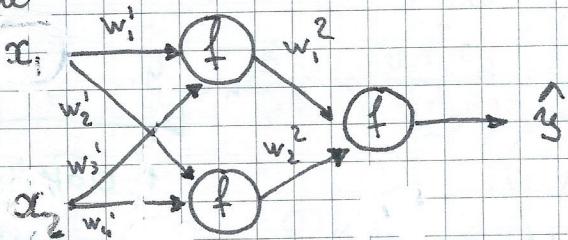
$$\frac{\partial \text{heth}_2}{\partial \text{outh}_2} = \cancel{\frac{\partial \text{heth}_2}{\partial \text{outh}_2}} (\text{outh}_1 \cdot w_2)'_{\text{outh}_1} = w_2$$

$$\frac{\partial \text{outh}_1}{\partial \text{heth}_1} = [f(\text{net}_{h_1})]'_{\text{net}_{h_1}} = f'_{\text{net}_{h_1}}$$

$$\frac{\partial \text{heth}_2}{\partial w_2} = (\text{outh}_2 w_2)'_{w_2} = \text{outh}_2 = f(f(x w_1) w_2)$$

Backpropagation с одним слоем

Упрощение

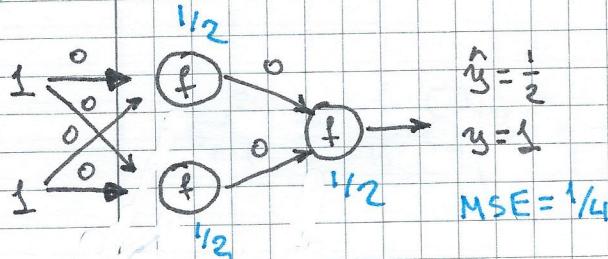


x ₁	x ₂	y
1	1	1
2	2	0

$$f(t) = \frac{e^t}{1+e^t}$$

I max

① → forward



$$\text{net}_{h_{11}} = w_1^1 x_1 + w_3^1 x_2$$

$$\text{out}_{11} = f(\text{net}_{h_{11}})$$

$$\text{net}_{h_{12}} = w_2^1 x_1 + w_4^1 x_2$$

$$\text{out}_{12} = f(\text{net}_{h_{12}})$$

$$\text{net}_{h_2} = w_1^2 \text{out}_{11} + w_2^2 \text{out}_{12}$$

$$\text{out}_2 = f(\text{net}_{h_2}) = \hat{y}$$

② ← backward

$$\frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial w_1^2} = \frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial \text{out}_2} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{out}_2}{\partial \text{net}_{h_2}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{net}_{h_2}}{\partial w_1^2} = 2(y - \text{out}_2) \text{out}_2(1 - \text{out}_2) \cdot \text{out}_{11} =$$

$$\frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial w_2^2} = \frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial \text{out}_2} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{out}_2}{\partial \text{net}_{h_2}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{net}_{h_2}}{\partial w_2^2} = 2(y - \text{out}_2) \text{out}_2(1 - \text{out}_2) \text{out}_{12} =$$

$$\frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial w_1^1} = \frac{\partial \text{MSE}}{\partial \text{out}_2} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{out}_2}{\partial \text{net}_{h_2}} \cdot \left(\frac{\partial \text{net}_{h_2}}{\partial \text{out}_{11}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{out}_{11}}{\partial \text{net}_{h_{11}}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{net}_{h_{11}}}{\partial w_1^1} + \frac{\partial \text{net}_{h_2}}{\partial \text{out}_{12}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{out}_{12}}{\partial \text{net}_{h_{12}}} \cdot \frac{\partial \text{net}_{h_{12}}}{\partial w_1^1} \right)$$

нервный накопленный

выход

о то есть об
сумма всех нейронов
стадии неактивации

и т.д.