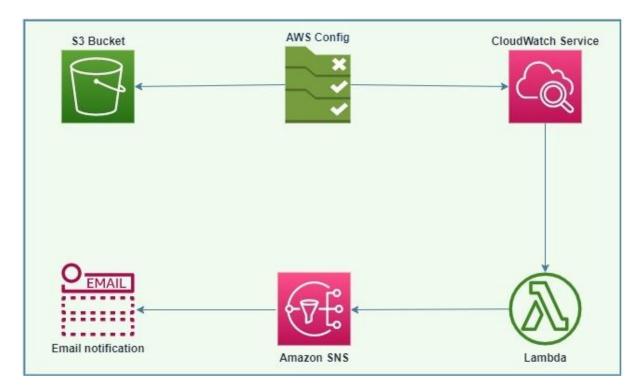
Automating a solution that will evaluate S3 server-side encryption status and remediate noncompliant buckets using Python code in Lambda

To achieve this, I utilized the combination of AWS services which include AWS Config, S3 Storage, CloudWatch, Lambda, IAM and SNS as shown in the blueprint below.

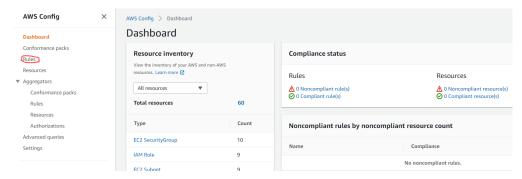


- AWS Config: used to run the baseline rule which is continuously compared with snapshot of the resources in the account to identify resources that are compliant and also the ones that are noncompliant with the defined configuration rule. This will create a list of compliant buckets and also another list of any noncompliant bucket.
- S3 Storage: This is the object storage resource which we are running a configuration check for in this project to identify if the buckets in the region are having default encryption enabled or not.
- CloudWatch: This is a monitoring service which can evoke lambda whenever there is any noncompliant bucket at any time from the AWS Config process. A JSON script is used to create an event that will trigger Lambda from AWS Config.
- Lambda: This is a very important service of AWS used to run code in a costefficient manner. It is a serverless service that will only run the code whenever
 it is triggered and we will only be billed for the period only. A python script is

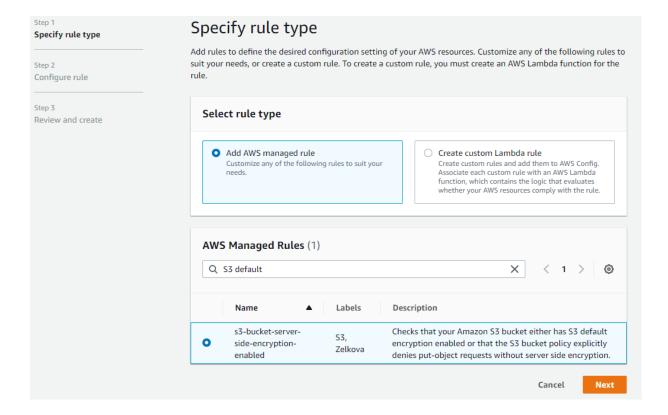
- used to enforce remediation action on noncompliant S3 buckets whenever AWS Config identify any. The S3 bucket parameters are passed to the Lambda through the CloudWatch event created.
- IAM roles: These are created to grant permission for services to perform required actions on other AWS resources. For instance, Lambda will be granted IAM role to allow it to perform S3 bucket encryption update.
- Amazon SNS: It is very important to communicate the details of the noncompliant S3 buckets found by the AWS config whenever it identifies any.
 An email will also be sent to designated person/group whenever the Lambda code remediate any noncompliant S3 bucket for audit purpose.

Setting up the AWS Config

Click on the Rules option from the AWS Config dashboard page.



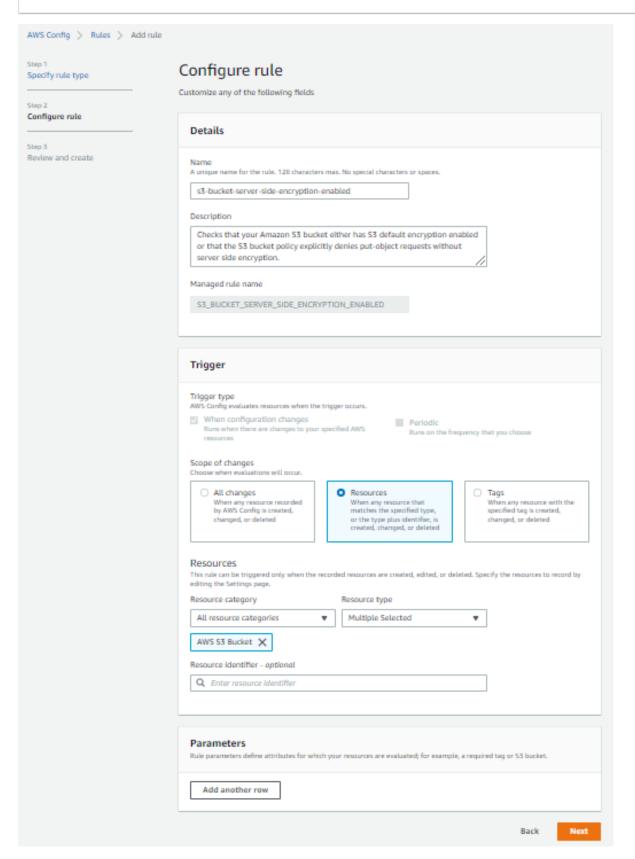
Click on "Add rule" to specify the rule type. There are AWS managed rules
one can pick from and there is an alternative to create a customs Lambda
rule. In this project, we will be using an AWS managed rule for S3 default
encryption which is the S3 bucket server-side encryption enabled rule. Once
selected from the search rule box, we click next.



- Under the Configure rule step, the rule selected will automatically filed and the second section of this page is for Trigger. This refer to the changes that will evoke config rule and the resource/s that the config rule will be evaluated against. Kindly select "Resources" on the scope of changes, select "All resource categories" under Resource category and select specific resource under resource type option (AWS S3 Bucket) was selected in this case.
- Resource identifier is optional and left blank as we are planning to have this
 configuration rule evaluated against any of the S3 buckets in the region.
 Parameters can be used to specify tags or specific bucket is that is the
 requirement, we will leave that and click next to review the config rule.
- The review and create page give us an overview of the selected rule and resources we have specified from above. Kindly click on back to change anything if necessary or click the add rule button to create our config rule.
- AWS Config is integrated with Amazon CloudWatch and therefore send information about configuration changes and notifications to CloudWatch Events.

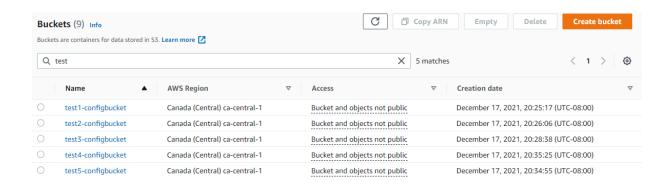
Amazon CloudWatch Events rule

AWS Config sends detailed information about the configuration changes and notifications to Amazon CloudWatch Events. To create rules, visit the Step 1: Create Rule page in the Amazon CloudWatch Events console.

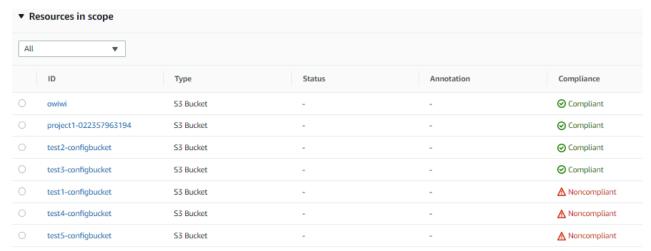


Simple Storage Service -S3 Buckets creation

We have created a couple of buckets for this project, some with S3 buckets
with the name test 1, test2, test3, test4 and test5. Test1, test4 and test5
buckets all created with default encryption disabled so they can be flagged
as noncompliant and will be remediated by the Lambda code. Both buckets
named test2 and test3 are created with default encryption enabled and
expected to meet the AWS Config evaluation as compliant.

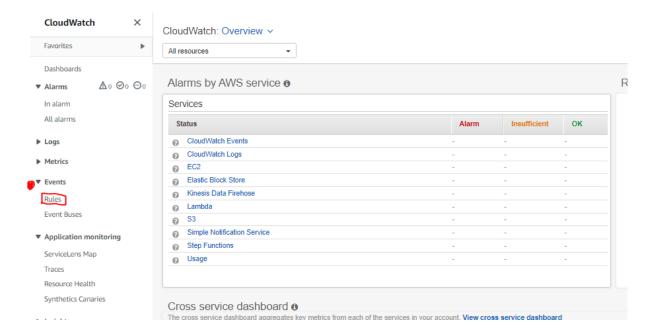


 Once AWS Config evaluate the predefined configuration rule against all S3 buckets within the same region which the config rule was created (Canada central 1 used in this project), the complaint and noncompliant buckets are identified with appropriate tags created by AWS Config.

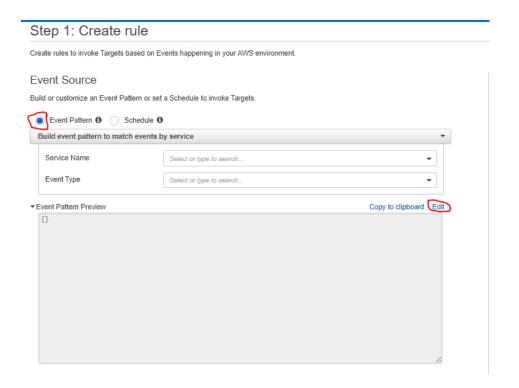


Amazon CloudWatch Event

 This is very important to integrate Lambda into the architecture for the action we will like to take on noncompliant bucket/s whenever the created AWS Config identifies any. To create this Amazon CloudWatch event, kindly click on the event under the CloudWatch dashboard and select rules.



Click on create rule button and under step 1, choose the event pattern that
will be used to evoke Lambda. Click edit to paste the JSON script that will
constantly lookup the AWS config generated output and pick necessary
details of any noncompliant S3 bucket which will be passed to Lambda for
remediation. Click to save the JSON after pasting.



```
{
    "source": [
        "aws.config"
    ],
    "detail-type": [
        "Config Rules Compliance Change"
    ],
    "detail": {
        "messageType": [
        "ComplianceChangeNotification"
    ],
        "configRuleName": [
        "s3-bucket-server-side-encryption-enabled"
    ],
        "resourceType": [
        "AWS::S3::Bucket"
    ]
    }
}

Cancel

Save
```

- Next is the "Targets" where we can select the service that should be invoke
 whenever there is an event that matches the defined event pattern specified
 through the JSON script. Kindly click add target and select Lambda function
 from the dropdown list of services available.
- The lambda function created will also be selected if one is already created with the python code to remediate any AWS Config identified noncompliant S3 bucket. The created lambda function was named "remediate-S3-non-encrypted-buckets and was available to be selected as shown below.

Targets

Select Target to invoke when an event matches your Event Pattern or when schedule is triggered.

Lambda function		•	•	0
Function*	remediate-s3-non-encrypted-buckets		-	
▶ Configure version/alias				
▶ Configure input				
◆ Add target*				_

In step 2, add a name for the CloudWatch event rule and click create rule.



AWS Lambda Function

- Select the "functions" section from the Lambda dashboard and click on create function.
- On the page, please click on the "create function" button.
- Choose python as your runtime to use a python script for the API.
- Paste the code below to have Lambda pull the list of noncompliant S3 buckets from AWS Config and remediate each of them using defined SSE AES256.

```
import json
import boto3

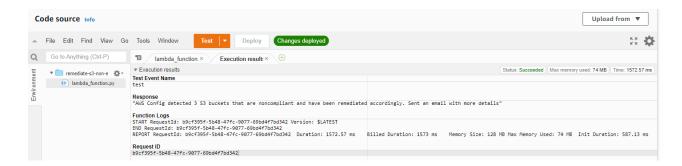
config_client = boto3.client('config')
s3_client = boto3.client('s3')
sns_client = boto3.client('sns')
def lambda_handler(event, context):
    #Get all noncompliant resources from awsconfig
    response = config_client.get_compliance_details_by_config_rule(
    ConfigRuleName='s3-bucket-server-side-encryption-enabled',
    ComplianceTypes=['NON_COMPLIANT'],
)
    non_compliant=json.loads(json.dumps(response, default=str))

eval_result=non_compliant.get('EvaluationResults') #this will be a list of noncompliant s3 buckets from config

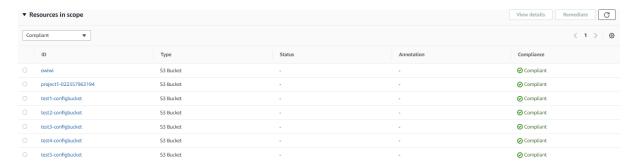
for e in eval_result:
```

```
non_comp_rsc
e.get('EvaluationResultIdentifier').get('EvaluationResultQualifier').get('ResourceId'
    response = s3 client.put bucket encryption(
  Bucket = non_comp_rsc,
  #set this bucket to default encryption enabled state
  ServerSideEncryptionConfiguration={
    'Rules': [
       {
         'ApplyServerSideEncryptionByDefault': {
            'SSEAlgorithm': 'AES256'},
       },
    ]
  }
)
  eval result=non compliant.get('EvaluationResults') #this will be a list of
noncompliant s3 buckets from config
  for e in eval_result:
    non comp rsc
e.get('EvaluationResultIdentifier').get('EvaluationResultQualifier').get('ResourceId'
)
    response = sns_client.publish(
  TopicArn="arn:aws:sns:ca-central-1:022357963194:S3-Compliance-topic",
  Subject= "Noncompliant S3 bucket Remediated",
  Message=f"Hello, {non_comp_rsc} bucket have been identified as non-
compliant through the aws-config and have been remediated using Lambda to
enforce SSE encryption on {non_comp_rsc}"
  )
```

 Below is the message printed after the Lambda code was successfully executed.



 The python code printed the number of noncompliant S3 buckets as detected by AWS Config and actioned them all to be compliant.



Email Notifications

- The designated person/group will receive an email of each s3 bucket detected as noncompliant by AWS Config and remediated by Lambda.
- This can be customized as needed.

