

(Ex 1) * Construct a natural cubic spline that passes through
 $(1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 5)$

$$x_0 = 1, \quad y_0 = 2$$

$$x_1 = 2, \quad y_1 = 3$$

$$x_2 = 3, \quad y_2 = 5$$

$$(a) \quad S(x) = \begin{cases} S_0(x), & x \in [1, 2] \\ S_1(x), & x \in [2, 3] \end{cases}$$

$$S_0(x) = a_0 + b_0(x - \underbrace{1}_{=x_0}) + c_0(x - 1)^2 + d_0(x - 1)^3$$

$$S_0'(x) = b_0 + 2c_0(x - 1) + 3d_0(x - 1)^2$$

$$S_0''(x) = 2c_0 + 6d_0(x - 1)$$

$$S_1(x) = a_1 + b_1(\underbrace{x - 2}_{=x_1}) + c_1(x - 2)^2 + d_1(x - 2)^3$$

$$S_1'(x) = b_1 + 2c_1(x - 2) + 3d_1(x - 2)^2$$

$$S_1''(x) = 2c_1 + 6d_1(x - 2)$$

See Def. 10, Course 5 (slide 14):

$$(b) \quad \begin{cases} S_0(x_0) = y(x_0) \\ S_0(x_1) = y(x_1) \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \underline{a_0} = y(1) = \underline{2} \\ a_0 + b_0 + c_0 + d_0 = y(2) = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} S_1(x_1) = y(x_1) \\ S_1(x_2) = y(x_2) \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \underline{a_1} = y(2) = \underline{3} \\ a_1 + b_1 + c_1 + d_1 = y(3) = 5 \end{cases}$$

$$(c) \quad S_0(x_1) = S_1(x_1) \Rightarrow a_0 + b_0 + c_0 + d_0 = a_1 = 3$$

$$(d) \quad S_0'(x_1) = S_1'(x_1) \Rightarrow b_0 + 2c_0 + 3d_0 = b_1$$

$$(e) \quad S_0''(x_1) = S_1''(x_1) \Rightarrow 2c_0 + 6d_0 = 2c_1$$

$$(f) \quad S_0''(x_0) = 0, \quad S_1''(x_2) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} 2c_0 &= 0 \Rightarrow \underline{c_0 = 0} \\ 2c_1 + 6d_1 &= 0 \Rightarrow c_1 + 3d_1 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left. \begin{aligned} a_0 &= 2 \\ a_1 &= 3 \\ c_0 &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} b_0 + d_0 &= 1 \Rightarrow b_0 = 1 - d_0 \\ 3d_0 &= c_1 \Rightarrow d_0 = \frac{c_1}{3} \Rightarrow b_0 = 1 - \frac{c_1}{3} \\ a_1 + b_1 + c_1 + d_1 &= 5 \\ b_0 + 2c_0 + 3d_0 &= b_1 \\ c_0 + 3d_0 &= c_1 \\ c_1 + 3d_1 &= 0 \Rightarrow d_1 = -\frac{c_1}{3} \end{aligned} \\
 & \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} b_1 + c_1 - \frac{c_1}{3} &= 2 \quad | \cdot 3 \\ 1 - \frac{c_1}{3} + c_1 &= b_1 \quad | \cdot 3 \end{aligned} \Rightarrow \begin{aligned} 3b_1 + 2c_1 &= 6 \\ 3b_1 - 2c_1 &= +3 \quad \text{---} \\ \hline 4c_1 &= 3 \Rightarrow c_1 = \frac{3}{4} \end{aligned} \\
 & \Rightarrow b_1 = \frac{6 - 2c_1}{3} = \frac{6 - \frac{3}{2}}{3} = \frac{9}{6} = \frac{3}{2} \\
 & \Rightarrow d_1 = -\frac{c_1}{3} = -\frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{3} = -\frac{1}{4} \\
 & \Rightarrow d_0 = \frac{c_1}{3} = \frac{1}{4} \\
 & \Rightarrow b_0 = 1 - d_0 = 1 - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{4}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 S(x) &= \begin{cases} S_0(x) = 2 + \frac{3}{4}(x-1) + \frac{1}{4}(x-1)^3 & x \in [1, 2] \\ S_1(x) = 3 + \frac{3}{2}(x-2) + \frac{3}{4}(x-2)^2 - \frac{1}{4}(x-2)^3 & x \in [2, 3] \end{cases} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \boxed{b_0 = \frac{3}{4}}
 \end{aligned}$$

(Ex 2) * Construct a clamped spline S that passes through the points $(1, 2)$, $(2, 3)$, $(3, 5)$ and has $S'(2) = 2$, $S'(3) = 1$.

$$x_0 = 1, \varphi_0 = 2$$

$$x_1 = 2, \varphi_1 = 3$$

$$x_2 = 3, \varphi_2 = 5$$

$$S(x) = \begin{cases} S_0(x), & x \in [1, 2] \\ S_1(x), & x \in [2, 3] \end{cases}$$

$$S_0(x) = a_0 + b_0(x - \overset{x_0}{1}) + c_0(x - 1)^2 + d_0(x - 1)^3$$

$$S_1(x) = a_1 + b_1(x - \underset{x_1}{2}) + c_1(x - 2)^2 + d_1(x - 2)^3$$

$$S_0'(x) = b_0 + 2c_0(x - 1) + 3d_0(x - 1)^2$$

$$S_0''(x) = 2c_0 + 6d_0(x - 1)$$

$$S_1'(x) = b_1 + 2c_1(x - 2) + 3d_1(x - 2)^2$$

$$S_1''(x) = 2c_1 + 6d_1(x - 2)$$

$$S_0(x_0) = \varphi(x_0)$$

$$S_0(1) = a_0 = \varphi(1) = 2$$

$$S_1(x_1) = \varphi(x_1)$$

$$S_1(2) = a_1 = \varphi(2) = 3$$

$$S_0(x_2) = \varphi(x_2)$$

$$S_0(3) = a_0 + b_0 + c_0 + d_0 = 3$$

$$S_1(x_2) = \varphi(x_2)$$

$$S_1(3) = a_1 + b_1 + c_1 + d_1 = 5$$

$$S_0(x_1) = S_1(x_1)$$

$$S_0(2) = a_0 + b_0 + c_0 + d_0 = a_1 = 3$$

$$S_0'(x_1) = S_1'(x_1)$$

$$S_0'(2) = b_0 + 2c_0 + 3d_0 = b_1 (= S_1'(2))$$

$$S_0''(x_1) = S_1''(x_1)$$

$$S_0''(2) = 2c_0 + 6d_0 = 2c_1 (= S_1''(2))$$

$$S_0'(x_0) = \varphi'(x_0)$$

$$S_0'(1) = b_0 = 2 \quad (\text{from hypothesis})$$

$$S_1'(x_2) = \varphi'(x_2)$$

$$S_1'(3) = 1 = b_1 + 2c_1 + 3d_1 \quad (\text{from hypothesis})$$

For a_0, b_0, c_0, d_0 we have:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \boxed{a_0 = 2} \\ \frac{a_0 + b_0}{2} + c_0 + d_0 = 3 \\ \boxed{b_0 = 2} \\ b_0 + 2c_0 + 3d_0 = b_1 \\ 2c_0 + 3d_0 = 2c_1 \quad | :2 \end{array} \right. \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} c_0 + d_0 = -1 \\ c_0 + 3d_0 = c_1 \\ b_0 + 2c_0 + 3d_0 = b_1 \\ b_1 + c_1 + d_1 = 2 \\ \underline{b_1 + 2c_1 + 3d_1 = 1} \quad \ominus \\ -c_1 - 2d_1 = 1 \Rightarrow \\ c_1 + 2d_1 = -1 \end{array} \right.$$

For a_1, b_1, c_1, d_1 we have:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \boxed{a_1 = 3} \\ a_1 + b_1 + c_1 + d_1 = 5 \\ b_1 + 2c_1 + 3d_1 = 1 \end{array} \right.$$

We need to solve the system:

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} c_0 + d_0 = -1 \Rightarrow c_0 = -1 - d_0 \\ c_0 + 3d_0 - c_1 = 0 \Rightarrow c_1 = c_0 + 3d_0 = -1 - d_0 + 3d_0 = 2d_0 - 1 \\ 2c_0 + 3d_0 - b_1 = -2 \Rightarrow 2d_0 = c_1 + 1 \Rightarrow d_0 = \frac{c_1 + 1}{2} \\ b_1 + c_1 + d_1 = 2 \quad | :3 \\ \underline{b_1 + 2c_1 + 3d_1 = 1} \quad \ominus \\ 2b_1 + c_1 = 5 \end{array} \right.$$

$$c_0 = -1 - \frac{1 + c_1}{2} = \frac{-3 - c_1}{2}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2c_0 + 3d_0 - b_1 = -2 \\ c_1 + 2b_1 = 5 \end{array} \right. \Leftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} -3 - c_1 + \frac{3c_1 + 3}{2} - b_1 = -2 \quad | \cdot 2 \\ c_1 + 2b_1 = 5 \end{array} \right. \quad \oplus$$

$$-6 - 2c_1 + 3c_1 + 3 + c_1 = -1$$

$$2c_1 = 4 \Rightarrow \boxed{c_1 = 2}$$

$$\boxed{b_1 = \frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\boxed{d_0 = \frac{3}{2}}$$

$$\boxed{c_0 = -\frac{5}{2}}$$

$$\boxed{d_1 = -\frac{3}{2}}$$

$$S(x) = \begin{cases} 2 + 2(x-1) - \frac{5}{2}(x-1)^2 + \frac{3}{2}(x-1)^3 & (S_0(x)) \\ 3 + \frac{3}{2}(x-2) + 2(x-2)^2 - \frac{3}{2}(x-2)^3 & (S_1(x)) \end{cases}$$

$x \in [1, 2]$ $x \in [2, 3]$