

# Snakemake for reproducible research

Making Snakemake even more reproducible





# What could we improve? (again)

- Using unknown number of inputs/outputs
- Using scripts from other languages
- Being reproducible

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- Using scripts from other languages 

   Directives run and script

- When:
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  - Define the function above the rule
  - Use the syntax input: <function\_name>
    - No parentheses, no argument

```
def seq input(wildcards):
    type = wildcards.type
    if type == 'SE':
        return 'data/file1.fg'
    else:
        return ['data/file1.fg', 'data/file2.fg']
rule merge files:
    input:
        seq input
    output:
    shell:
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- Input functions = Python functions
  - Single argument: 'wildcards' Return a file or list of files

  - Can also return a dictionary with input names as keys
    - Use input: unpack(<function name>) to obtain named inputs

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    - Use input: unpack(<function name>) to obtain named inputs
- Functions are evaluated before workflow execution → can't list output files
  - No output functions!

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rule merge files:
    input:
        seq input
    output:
    shell:
       snakemake --cores 1 results/not SE.txt
                  {type} = "NotSE"
      input:
```

- aka 'Data-dependent conditional execution' aka checkpoint (instead of rule)
- When:
  - An unknown number of files is generated by a rule
  - Output files are unknown before execution
- Conditional reevaluation of the DAG of jobs based on the outputs content
  - Since DAG is re-evaluated midway → you can't see the whole workflow at the start
- Very complicated!

# Executing external code in Snakemake

```
rule get_header:
    input:
        'data/file.txt'
    output:
        'results/file_header.txt'
    params:
        lines = 5
    run:
        input_file = open(input[0])
        output_file = open(output[0], 'w')
        for i in range(params.lines):
            output_file.write(input_file.readline())
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- Replaces shell
- Access to directive values and variables, like in shell

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- Value = path to the script relative to the rule's snakefile

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- Execute Python/R/R Markdown/Julia/Rust/bash code from an external script
- Replaces shell/run
- Access to directive values and variables, like in shell
- Value = path to the script relative to the rule's snakefile
- Advantages:
  - Great for long code
  - Can use conda/singularity directive!!!

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rule get header:
    input:
    output:
    params:
        lines = 5
    script:
                                             first step.py
# Retrieve information from Snakemake
input file = open(snakemake.input[0])
output file = open(snakemake.output[0], 'w')
n lines = snakemake.params.lines
# Process file
for i in range(n lines):
    output file.write(input file.readline())
```

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```
rule get header:
    input:
    output:
    params:
        lines = 5
    script:
                                                first step.R
library(readr)
# Retrieve information from Snakemake
input path <- snakemake@input[[1]]</pre>
output path <- snakemake@output[[1]]
n lines <- snakemake@params$lines[1]</pre>
# Process file
data <- read delim(input path, '\t', n max=n lines)</pre>
```

What is conda?

- What is conda?
  - Conda/mamba: open-source, cross-platform, language-agnostic package manager and environment management system
  - Channels: field-specific repositories of software
    - <u>Conda-forge</u>: general computation
    - <u>Bioconda</u>: bioinformatics

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  - Channels: field-specific repositories of software
    - <u>Conda-forge</u>: general computation
    - <u>Bioconda</u>: bioinformatics
  - Environments defined in YAML files

```
name: python_env
channels:
    - conda-forge
    - bioconda
dependencies:
    - python >= 3.12
    - pandas == 2.2.3
    py.yaml
```

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    - Value: path to the environment file relative to the rule's snakefile

```
rule rename_file:
    input:
        'data/test.txt'
    output:
        'results/renamed_file.txt'
    conda:
        '../envs/py.yaml'
    shell:
        'mv {input} {output}'
```

#### Using conda in Snakemake:

- Snakemake provides integrated package management via Conda to define isolated software environments per rule
- Directive: conda
  - Value: path to the environment file relative to the rule's snakefile
- Execution parameter:
  - v7 and before: --use-conda

```
snakemake --cores 1
                                results/renamed file.txt
```

v8+: --software-deployment-method or --sdm (shorthand version)

rule rename file:

input:

output:

conda:

shell:

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    - Value: URL/path to the image location
    - Handles Docker and Apptainer images
    - Global OR rule-specific

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container: 'docker://geertvangeest/deseq2:v1'

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    input:
        'data/test.txt'
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```
snakemake -cores 1 --use-singularity results/renamed_file.txt
snakemake -cores 1 --sdm apptainer results/renamed_file.txt
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- Using Docker in Snakemake:
  - Snakemake provides a container integration: it can automatically spawn a container created from a given image
  - Directive: container
    - Value: URL/path to the image location
    - Handles Docker and Apptainer images
    - Global OR rule-specific
  - Execution parameter
    - v7 and before: --use-singularity
    - V8+: --sdm apptainer
  - Can be combined with conda --sdm conda apptainer
    - Pull the image
    - Create the conda env from within the container

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container: 'docker://geertvangeest/deseq2

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snakemake -cores 1 --sdm apptainer results/renamed_file.txt
```

snakemake -cores 1 --sdm conda apptainer results/renamed\_file.txt

Containerisation of Conda-based workflows

```
snakemake --cores 1 --containerize > Dockerfile
```

#### Snakemake environments

• Question 6

#### What is the best setting for Snakemake environments?

- Use package and container managers!
- Same as Snakefile and config files: split things reasonably
  - 1 .smk file ≈ 1 'thematic' module ≈ 1 environment
- Always check for version conflicts

#### Exercises

#### Through the day:

- Develop a simple RNAseq analysis workflow, from reads (fastq files) to Differentially Expressed Genes
   (DEG)
- For this session:
  - Create and use an input function
  - Run R and Python scripts
  - Deploy a conda environment
  - Deploy a Docker/Singularity container

#### Conclusion

- Snakemake helps with reproducibility:
  - OS, language, software, versions, parameters control via Conda and containers
    - Avoid installation problems!
  - Readability: written in Python, has a well-defined structure
  - Availability: easy to share via WorkflowHub, <u>Snakemake workflow catalog</u> or git
  - Every command run by Snakemake is saved!
- And it has many uses:
  - Easily deployable/executable, locally or remotely
  - Scalable, up to thousands of jobs
    - Easy to parallelise
  - Snakemake can do a lot for you!
  - Beautiful DAG in one command, no more powerpoint or Photoshop!