Integration Project

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Using a console application the user should be able to compute the numerical integral of a polynomial function using three different methods. The first method is called the Rectangle method (midpoint or mid-ordinate rule) for approximating the integral. The second one is called the Trapezoidal method (trapezoid rule or trapezium rule) for approximating the integral. The third and final method the user can use is the exact numerical solution based on the symbolic integration of the polynomial (basic rules for integrating a polynomial).

Three Methods of Integration

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Initial Scope

Project (Customer Problem/Needs)

Using a console application the user should be able to compute the numerical integral of a polynomial function using three different methods. The first method is called the Rectangle method (midpoint or mid-ordinate rule) for approximating the integral. The second one is called the Trapezoidal method (trapezoid rule or trapezium rule). The third and final method a user can use is the exact numerical solution based on the symbolic integration of the polynomial (basic rules for integrating a polynomial).

Software Used

- 1. Language: Most recent Java 8 and C++
- 2. Console Application (no GUI)
- 3. IDE: Eclipse, also edit in vi
- 4. Version Control: GitHub (Source code and other files) GitHub Location: https://github.com/caritherscw/integration-methods
- 5. Multiplatform: Windows, Linux, etc.

Program Initial Description (Provided by Customer)

This will run as a console application. It will accept input from the user (should not crash/break and handle the errors).

The steps for the program are

- 1. Prompt the user for the degree of the polynomial.
- 2. Depending on the degree prompt the user for the right amount of coefficients.
- 3. Prompt the user for the bounds of the integral (integrate from a to b).
- 4. Prompt user to select integration method as described in depth below.
 - a. Rectangle method (Prompt user how many columns to subdivide)
 - b. Trapezoidal method (Prompt user how many columns to subdivide)
 - c. Symbolic Integration

This program will continuously loop as described above, asking the user if they would like to run another polynomial integration calculation.

Rectangle Method

```
RectangleMethod(a, b, numberOfColumns, function)

range = b - a

midpoint = range/2

sum = 0.0

for index = 0 to numberOfColumns - 1

x = a + range * (index + midpoint) / numberOfColumns

sum = sum + function.evaluate(x) /**evaluate - Horner's Rule Evaluate Polynomial**/
return sum * range / numberOfColumns

endFor
endRectangleMethod
```

Trapezoidal Method

```
TrapezoidalMethod(a, b, numberOfColumns, function)
        Range = b - a
        Sum = 0
        For index = 1 to n-1
               X = a + range * index / numberOfColumns
               Sum = sum + f.evaluate(x)
        endFor
        sum = sum + (function.evaluate(a) + function.evaluate(b)) / 2
        return sum * range / numberOfColumns
endTrapezoidalMethod
```

Symbolic Method

Using the symbolic method to solve the exact solution of the integration of a polynomial from a to b we must we the Constant Rule, Sum Rule, and the Exponent Rule.

```
The Constant Rule: \int cf(x)dx = c \int f(x)dx.
The Sum Rule: \int [f(x) \pm g(x)] dx = \int f(x) dx \pm \int g(x) dx.
Exponent Rule: \int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + C, n \neq 1.
symbolicMethod(a, b, numberOfColumns, function)
        for function.coefficient from index 0 to length of coefficient array
                 function.coefficient[index] = function.ceofficient / (function.exponent[index] + 1)
        return function.evaluate(b) - function.evaluate(a) //evaluate uses Horner's Rule Evaluate Polynomial
```

endSymbolicMethod

Evaluate Polynomial

Using Horner's Rule with modifications to help speed up the calculations and reduce the computing power necessary for evaluating a polynomial at point x.

```
HornersRule(x)
        Reverse coefficients making sure from highest degree to lowest degree
        Sum = 1st coefficient with highest degree
        For 2<sup>nd</sup> coefficient with highest degree to last coefficient of array
                sum = sum * x + next coefficient
        endFor
endHornersRule
```

User Stories (1 point about 4 hours)

This section describes the different user stories that have been thought out before working on the implementation of the project. This would usually be done in a program that would give you burn down charts such as Rally. The estimates below were for the project written in Java. It took about the same amount of time to implement in C++.

Estimated number of weeks before needing to complete: 3 weeks.

No.	Title	Description	Plan Estimate (Points)
1	Prompt User for Max	Ask the user to enter a maximum degree of the polynomial.	1
	Degree	The degree of the polynomial should be a positive integer.	
2	Prompt User for	Ask the user to enter the coefficients for each term of the	1
	Coefficients	polynomial. The coefficients could be positive or negative	
		fractions, decimals, or whole numbers.	
3	Prompt User to	Ask the user which integration method the user would like	3
	Select Integration	to use. Three different methods. First method is the	
	Method	Rectangle method. Second method is the Trapezoidal	
		method. Third and final method symbolically solving the	
		integration.	
4	Prompt User for	If user selected the integration method of Rectangle method	1
	range	or Trapezoidal Method then ask the user to specify a range	
		to approximate the integral.	
5	Prompt User to	Ask the user if they would like solve another polynomial in	1
	Continue	the same process as above. Should loop until user decides to	
		exit the program.	
Other	Other Tasks needed	Other tasks needed for the program described below the	4
Tasks	for the program	tasks for the User Stories.	

Tasks

User Story	Title	Description	Task	To Do	Actual
No. 1			Est.	(Hours)	(Hours)
Task No.			(Hours)		
1	Prompt User for	Ask the user "Please enter a max	1	0	1
	Max Degree	degree for the polynomial: " and			
		obtain user input via keyboard.			
2	Handle Invalid	Should be a positive integer. Check to	2	0	2
	User Input	verify this and handle exceptions			
		such as when user enters a character			
		instead of positive integer.			

User Story No. 2 Task No.	Title	Description	Task Est. (Hours)	To Do (Hours)	Actual (Hours)
1	Prompt User for Coefficients	Ask the user "Please enter the coefficients of the polynomial separated by spaces up to the exponent plus one (Exponent number entered from above): " and obtain user input via keyboard.	1	0	1

2	Handle Invalid	User could enter an integer or double	2	0	2
	User Input	(positive or negative whole number,			
		decimal, or fraction). Check to verify			
		this and handle exceptions such as			
		when user enters a character instead			
		of positive integer.			

User Story No. 3 Task No.	Title	Description	Task Est. (Hours)	To Do (Hours)	Actual (Hours)
1	Prompt User to Select an Integration Method	Ask the user "Please select the integration method you would like to use to solve this polynomial:	1	0	1
		 The Rectangle Method The Trapezoidal Method Solve by Symbolic Integration" and obtain user input via keyboard. 			
2	Handle Invalid User Input	The user selection should be an integer from one of the options above. Check to verify this and handle exceptions such as when user enters a character instead of positive integer.	2	0	2
3	Implement the Rectangle Method	Implement the Rectangle Method from pseudocode to code.	2	0	2
4	Implement the Trapezoidal Method	Implement the Trapezoidal Method from pseudocode to code.	2	0	2
5	Implement the Symbolic Method	Implement the Symbolic Method from pseudocode to code.	1	0	1
6	Show user results	Once program has an answer should print to the user the polynomial they entered as readable format, for example x^2 + 1/3x + 2 as well as the answer the program has calculated for the polynomial. Example if user chose Rectangle method the output would be something like "The approximation of the polynomial, x^2 + 1 from 1 to 2, using the Rectangle method with 100 columns approximates to 3.33333." Need to create methods to handle printing the polynomial as a readable format as shown in the output text example.	3	0	3

User Story	Title	Description	Task	To Do	Actual
No. 4			Est.	(Hours)	(Hours)
Task No.			(Hours)		
1	Prompt user for range (from a to b)	For the methods of Rectangle or Trapezoidal, ask the user "Please enter a range to approximate the integral (from a to b): " and obtain user input via keyboard.	2	0	2
2	Handle Invalid User Input	Could be a positive or a negative integer for the range. Check to verify this and handle exceptions such as when user enters a character instead of positive or negative integer.	2	0	2

User Story	Title	Description	Task	To Do	Actual
No. 5			Est.	(Hours)	(Hours)
Task No.			(Hours)		
1	Prompt user to	Ask the user "Would you like to	1	0	1
	continue	integrate anther polynomial?" and			
		obtain user input via keyboard.			
2	Handle Invalid	If user entered Yes then loop through	2	0	2
	User Input	the program again. Otherwise if user			
		entered No then exit the program. If			
		anything else is entered then it is			
		invalid input and the question should			
		be asked again.			

Other	Title	Description	Task	To Do	Actual
Tasks			Est.	(Hours)	(Hours)
Task No.			(Hours)		
1	Pseudocode	Write out the process first along with	3	0	3
	before	figuring out any possible errors that			
	Implementation	could happen when running these			
		integration methods.			
2	Testing Different	Test each integration method to	2	0	2
	Integration	make sure everything works as			
	Methods on	expected. Can solve own problems by			
	Different	hand and even use			
	polynomials	http://www.wolframalpha.com/ to			
		help check solutions.			
3	Test Overall	Test the overall program making sure	5	0	5
	Program (Menus,	the menus, user inputs, and			
	User Inputs, etc.)	exceptions are handled correctly.			
4	Test on Multiple	Test on multiple platforms. Need to	2	0	2
	Platforms	at least test on a Windows and a			
		Linux (Ubuntu) machine. (I do not			
		have a MAC to test on but since the			

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		program is written in Java should run on multiple platforms without a problem)			
5	Configuration File for Text	Create a configuration properties file to load in the text for the program. This will make it easier for maintaining the text and changes. Also, this is a good practice for if there were customer customizations or even having it in different languages.	4	0	4

Runtime Setup

Download and Install the latest Java JRE 8 version onto your machine from https://www.java.com/en/download/.

Download and extract the ant build 1.9.6 from https://ant.apache.org/bindownload.cgi. Depending on the system you have the packages to unzip you can either use .zip, .tar.gz, or .tar.bz2.

For Windows use Cygwin to download a compatible gcc version following the directions here http://preshing.com/20141108/how-to-install-the-latest-gcc-on-windows/. Linux machine should already have the packages installed for gcc, if not then download these packages for your particular Linux OS.

After downloading these you will need to set your path so your machine is using these versions of Java and ant. For Windows you will have to set the environment path for the Cygwin gcc.

- More information on setup you can find here http://ant.apache.org/manual/install.html#setup then lookup under your particular operating system. The locations that you will set should be the location where you have unzipped the ant build and installed the Cygwin and Java. Environment path should know the location of the bin folders. Again only Cygwin is installed for Windows to be able to use gcc to compile and link the CPP program for the ant build file.
 - Windows and OS/2 (this example is if both Java, Apache, and Cygwin are located just in the C: drive)
 - set ANT_HOME=C:\apache-ant-1.9.6
 - set JAVA_HOME=C:\jdk1.8
 - set PATH=%PATH%;%ANT_HOME%\bin
 - set PATH=%PATH%;C:\Cygwin\bin
 - Linux/Unix (bash) (this example is if the packages are located in the /usr/local directory)
 - export ANT_HOME=/usr/local/apache-ant-1.9.6
 - export JAVA_HOME=/usr/local/jdk1.8
 - export PATH=\${PATH}:\${ANT_HOME}/bin
 - Linux/Unix (csh) (this example is if the packages are located in the /usr/local directory)
 - setenv ANT_HOME /usr/local/apache-ant-1.9.6
 - setenv JAVA_HOME /usr/local/jdk/jdk1.8
 - set path=(\$path \$ANT_HOME/bin)

Once this has all been setup and you have the project is unzipped, you should be able to run the ant build. To create both CPP and Java projects you can use the command "ant" otherwise for Java use "ant javaprogram" or CPP use "ant cppprogram". To clean up and remove the compiled files along with the executable for CPP and jar for Java run command "ant clean".

Once the projects have been compiled you can run each project.

To run the CPP program you will need to cd to the exe directory within the build directory that was created when ant script ran.

- For Windows: .\IntegrationProgramCPP.exe
- For Linux: ./IntegrationProgramCPP

To run the Java program you can cd to the jar directory within the build directory that was created when ant script ran.

- For Windows: runintegrationprogram.bat
- For Linux
 - o chmod +x runintegrationprogram.sh
 - o runintegrationprogram.sh
- The chmod will change the permission in order to be able to run the .sh script that was automatically created by the ant script.