

Course: Programming Fundamental – ENSF 337
Lab #: Lab 1
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Lab Section: B01
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Exercise A

```
/*
 * lab2exe_A.c
 * Created by Mahmood Moussavi
 * Completed by: Carl Soriano
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>

const double G = 9.8; /* gravitation acceleration 9.8 m/s^2 */
const double PI = 3.141592654;

void create_table(double v);
double Projectile_travel_time(double a, double v);
double Projectile_travel_distance(double a, double v);
double degree_to_radian(double d);

int main(void)
{
    int n;
    double velocity;

    printf ("Please enter the velocity at which the projectile is launched (m/sec): ");
    n = scanf("%lf", &velocity);

    if(n != 1)
    {
        printf("Invalid input. Bye...");
        exit(1);
    }

    while (velocity < 0 )
    {
        printf ("please enter a positive number for velocity: ");
        n = scanf("%lf", &velocity);
        if(n != 1)
        {
            printf("Invalid input. Bye...");
            exit(1);
        }
    }

    create_table(velocity);

    return 0;
}

void create_table(double v)
{
    double a,i;

    printf("Angle \t t \t d \n"); //table
    printf("(deg) \t (sec) \t (m) \n"); //table

    for (a = 0; a <= 90; a+=5) // for loop to make table
    {
        i = degree_to_radian(a);
        printf("%lf \t %lf \t %lf \n", a ,Projectile_travel_time(i,v),Projectile_travel_distance(i,v));
    }
}

double Projectile_travel_time(double a, double v)
{
    double t;

    t = (2*v*sin(a))/G;

    return t;
}

double Projectile_travel_distance(double a, double v)
{
    double distance;

    distance = fabs((pow(v,2)/G) * sin(2 * a ));

    return distance;
}

double degree_to_radian(double d)
{
    d = d * (PI/180);

    return d;
}

/* UNCOMMENT THE CALL TO THE create_table IN THE main FUNCTION, AND COMPLETE THE PROGRAM */
```

Exercise A output:

```
[(base) MacBook-Pro:Exercise_A carlsoriano$ ./a.out
Please enter the velocity at which the projectile is launched (m/sec): 100
Angle      t      d
(deg)      (sec)   (m)
0.000000  0.000000  0.000000
5.000000  1.778689  177.192018
10.000000  3.543840  349.000146
15.000000  5.282021  510.204082
20.000000  6.980003  655.905724
25.000000  8.624862  781.678003
30.000000  10.204082  883.699392
35.000000  11.705642  958.870021
40.000000  13.118114  1004.905870
45.000000  14.430751  1020.408163
50.000000  15.633560  1004.905870
55.000000  16.717389  958.870021
60.000000  17.673988  883.699391
65.000000  18.496077  781.678003
70.000000  19.177400  655.905724
75.000000  19.712772  510.204081
80.000000  20.098117  349.000146
85.000000  20.330504  177.192018
90.000000  20.408163  0.000000
```

Exercise B

Diagram for point 1:

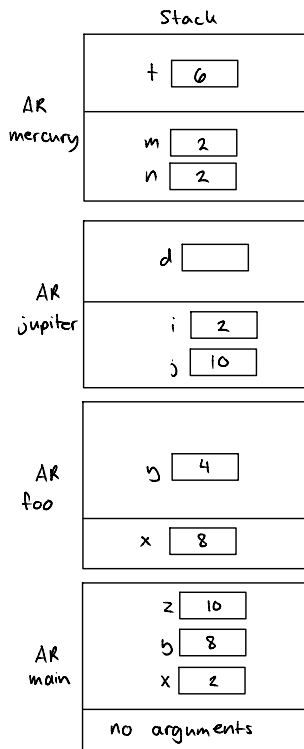


Diagram for point 2:

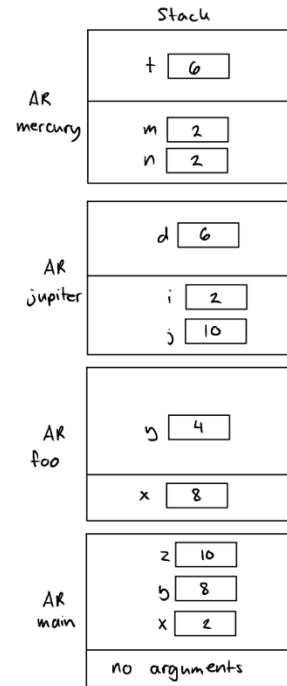
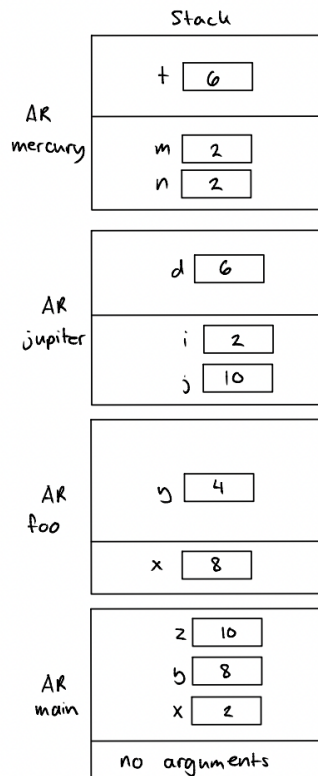


Diagram for point 3:



Exercise C

Point two:

sam	9888	9880
fred	9892	9884
bar	130	9888
foo	160	9892
no arguments		

Point 4:

sam	9892	9880
fred	9888	9884
bar	135	9888
foo	135	9892
no arguments		

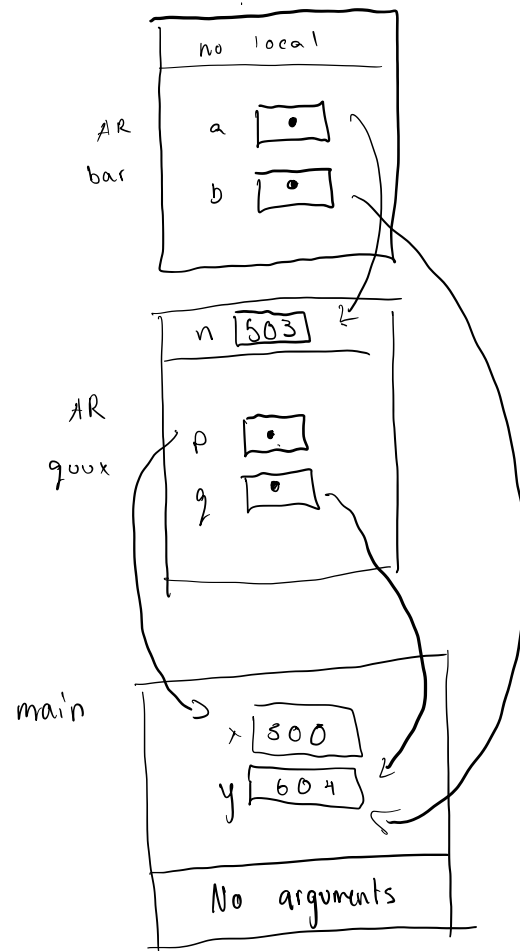
Point three:

sam	9888	9880
fred	9888	9884
bar	135	9888
foo	160	9892
no arguments		

Point 5:

sam	9888	9880
fred	9888	9884
bar	135	9888
foo	13500	9892
no arguments		

Exercise D



Exercise E

```
/*
 *
 * lab2exe_E.c
 * ENSF 337 - Lab 2 - Exercise E
 */

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void time_convert(int ms_time, int *minutes_ptr, double *seconds_ptr);
/*
 * Converts time in milliseconds to time in minutes and seconds.
 * For example, converts 123400 ms to 2 minutes and 3.4 seconds.
 * REQUIRES
 *   ms_time >= 0.
 *   minutes_ptr and seconds_ptr point to variables.
 * PROMISES
 *   0 <= *seconds_ptr & *seconds_ptr < 60.0
 *   *minutes_ptr minutes + *seconds_ptr seconds is equivalent to
 *   ms_time ms.
 */

int main(void)
{
    int millisec;
    int minutes;
    double seconds;
    int nscan;

    printf("Enter a time interval as an integer number of milliseconds: ");
    nscan = scanf("%d", &millisec);

    if (nscan != 1) {
        printf("Unable to convert your input to an int.\n");
        exit(1);
    }

    printf("Doing conversion for input of %d ms ... \n", millisec);

    /* MAKE A CALL TO time_convert HERE. */
    time_convert(millisec, &minutes, &seconds);

    printf("That is equivalent to %d minute(s) and %f second(s).\n", minutes,
        seconds);

    return 0;
}

/* WRITE YOUR FUNCTION DEFINITION FOR time_convert HERE. */
void time_convert(int ms_time, int *minutes_ptr, double *seconds_ptr)
{
    *minutes_ptr = ms_time / (60 * 1000);

    ms_time -= (*minutes_ptr * (60 * 1000));

    *seconds_ptr = ms_time / 1000;
}
```

Exercise E output:

```
Downloads      Sites
HelloWorld     main
Library        main.s
Movies         print("Hello world").py
(base) MacBook-Pro:~ carlsoriano$ cd Desktop/ENSF337
(base) MacBook-Pro:ENSF337 carlsoriano$ ls
LAB1          LAB2          LAB2_Extra    LAB3          Lab 1 PDF
(base) MacBook-Pro:ENSF337 carlsoriano$ cd LAB2
(base) MacBook-Pro:LAB2 carlsoriano$ ls
Exercise_A     Exercise_E     Exercise_F
(base) MacBook-Pro:LAB2 carlsoriano$ cd Exercise_E
(base) MacBook-Pro:Exercise_E carlsoriano$ ls
Exercise_E     Exercise_E.xcodeproj
(base) MacBook-Pro:Exercise_E carlsoriano$ cd Exercise_E
(base) MacBook-Pro:Exercise_E carlsoriano$ ls
Exercise_E.c
(base) MacBook-Pro:Exercise_E carlsoriano$ gcc Exercise_E.c
(base) MacBook-Pro:Exercise_E carlsoriano$ ls
Exercise_E.c   a.out
(base) MacBook-Pro:Exercise_E carlsoriano$ ./a.out
Enter a time interval as an integer number of milliseconds: 123400
Doing conversion for input of 123400 ms ...
That is equivalent to 2 minute(s) and 3.000000 second(s).
(base) MacBook-Pro:Exercise_E carlsoriano$
```

Exercise F

No Submission for Part I

Submission for Part II

Run	Inputs	Value of n	Value of i	Value of d
1	12 0.56	2	12	0.569
2	5.12 9.56	2	5	.12
3	12 ab	1	12	1234.5
4	ab 12	0	333	1234.5
5	5ab 9.56	1	5	1234.5
6	13 67	2	13	67