```
In [273]: from math import *
    import numpy as np
    import sympy as sp
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    sp.init_printing(use_unicode=True, use_latex='mathjax')
    %matplotlib inline
```

This is for a side-arm slider. That means that the spin is perfectly horizontal.

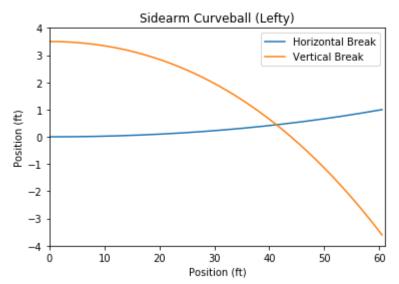
For this, the x-axis is the mound to home plate, y-axis is height above ground, and z-axis is horizontal deflection with the positive being to the left of home plate.

```
In [274]:
           xpos=[]
           ypos=[]
           zpos=[]
           xvel=[]
           yvel=[]
           zvel=[]
           vd = 35
           delta = 5
           m = 0.149
           delT = .001
           xpos.append(0)
           ypos.append(3.5)
           zpos.append(0)
           theta = 0
           v = 102.667
                        #(ft/s) or 70 MPH
           yvel.append(0)
           xvel.append(v * cos(theta))
           zvel.append(0)
           g = 32.174 #In feet
           S0 = 0.00005945
           w = 30 \# rad/sec
           count = 0
In [275]: B2 = (0.0039 + (0.0058/(1+exp((v-vd)/delta))))*m
In [276]: while (xpos[count] <= 60.5):</pre>
```

```
In [275]: B2 = (0.0039 + (0.0058/(1+exp((v-vd)/delta))))*m

In [276]: while (xpos[count] <= 60.5):
    v = (xvel[count]**2 + yvel[count]**2 + zvel[count]**2)**0.5
    xpos.append(xpos[count] + xvel[count]*delT)
    ypos.append(ypos[count] + zvel[count]*delT)
    zpos.append(xvel[count] - (B2*v*xvel[count]/m)*delT)
    xvel.append(xvel[count] - g*delT)
    zvel.append(zvel[count] + (4*S0*xvel[count]*w/m)*delT)
    count = count + 1</pre>
```

```
In [277]: plt.plot (xpos, zpos, label = 'Horizontal Break')
    plt.plot (xpos, ypos, label = 'Vertical Break')
    plt.xlabel ("Position (ft)")
    plt.ylabel ("Position (ft)")
    plt.xlim (0, 61)
    plt.ylim (-4,4)
    plt.title("Sidearm Curveball (Lefty)")
    plt.legend();
```



```
In [ ]:

In [ ]:
```