Si Chen

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Personal Information

Citizenship: Chinese.

Date of Birth: 8th August 1991.

Fields of Interest

behavioral economics, applied microeconomics (primary); experimental economics, microeconomic theory (secondary).

Education

Ph.D candidate in Economics, <i>University of Bonn</i> , Germany;
Expected completion: July 2020.
M.Sc in Economics, <i>University of Bonn</i> , Germany.
B.Sc in Economics, Otto-von-Guericke Universstät Magdeburg, Germany.
B.Sc in Economics, Xiamen University, China.

Research Visit

08/2017-05/2018 Visiting assistant in research, *Yale University*, the USA.

Teaching Experience

spring 2018 Yale, Introductory Macroeconomics (undergrad), Teaching Fellow;

fall 2017 Yale, Game Theory (undergrad), Teaching Fellow; summer 2017 Bonn, Labor Economics (grad), Teaching Assistant.

Job Market Paper

Motivated Information Acquisition in Social Decisions (w/ Carl Heese)

Individuals can often inquire about how their decisions would affect others. When do they stop the inquiry if they prefer one of their options for selfish reasons? We show causal evidence with a laboratory experiment that having a selfishly preferred option, individuals are more likely to *continue* the inquiry when the dominant information received up to that point suggests that behaving selfishly harms others. In contrast, when the dominant information up to that point suggests that being selfish harms nobody, individuals continue acquiring information in a similar manner to those whose selfish interests are not involved in the decision. Drawing on the Bayesian persuasion model of ?, we propose a theoretical model showing that this information acquisition strategy can be optimal for a Bayesian agent who values the belief that she does not harm others but attempts to persuade herself to behave self-interestedly. The model predicts that strategic information acquisition motivated by self-interest can reduce the decisions' resulting negative externalities and *improve* the welfare of the affected others. This prediction was indeed found to be the case in our experiment.

Publications

Looking at the Bright Side: The Motivational Value of Confidence. w/ Hannah Schildberg-Hörisch, European Economic Review (2019):103302.

Work in Progress

Stress and Risk Taking (w/ Thomas Dohmen and Elena Shvartsman) funded by Diligentia Foundation for Empirical Research

In a laboratory experiment, we study the effect of acute and chronic stress on risk taking. We exogenously induce acute stress using the Trier Social Stress Test for Groups developed by von Dawans, Kirschbaum and Heinrichs. We measure subjects' acute stress by their saliva cortisol levels and chronic stress by their hair cortisol levels. We elicit the subjects' risk taking tendency by randomized lottery pairs. Using a within-subject design, i.e. eliciting each subject's risk taking tendency both with and without acute stress, this project sheds light on individuals' heterogeneous responses to acute stress in terms of risk taking and thereby contributes to the inconclusive literature on the causal effect of acute stress on risk taking. It will also be the first to study the interactive effect between chronic and acute stress on risk taking.

A Non-Parametric Elicitation of Probability Weights (w/ Carl Heese)

This paper proposes an innovative non-parametric method to elicit probability weights as in Prospect Theory . This method trades off risky rewards and delayed ones. It has the following two advantages: first, it does not require functional form assumptions on the utility function, nor elicitation of the utility function; second, it is compatible with both monetary and non-monetary incentives. Requiring only few measurements, it is also easy to implement.

Grants

2019 research funding of 36,000 EUR for project 'Stress and Risk Taking',

The Diligentia Foundation for Empirical Research

(joined with Thomas Dohmen and Elena Shvartsman).

since 2018 research fellowship, Collaborative Research Center (CRC) TR 224;

2015-2018 doctoral scholarship, German Research Foundation (DFG);

2014-2015 doctoral scholarship, Research Training Group 1707,

Presentations

Workshop on Belief-Dependent Preferences, University of Copenhagen, 2019;

Workshop on Behavioural Game Theory, University of East Anglia, 2019;

2nd Japanese-German Workshop on Contracts and Incentives, University of Munich, 2019;

10th theem on Social Preferences, *University of Konstanz*, 2019;

TIBER Symposium, Tilburg University, 2019;

M-BEES, Maastricht University, 2019;

CRC Young Researchers' Workshop, Mainz, 2019;

Bonn Applied Micro Workshop, 2019, 2016.

European Doctoral Program Annual Jamboree, European University Institute, 2018.

Bonn-Mannheim PhD Workshop, 2017;

International Workshop on Experimental Economics, Beijing Normal University, 2016;

International Workshop on Experimental Economics, Xiamen University, 2016;

Summer Schools

Spring School in Behavioral Economics, *UC San Diego and NHH Bergen*, 2018; Summer School in Social Inequality, *briq*, 2016.

Skills

Languages: Chinese (native), English (proficient), German (proficient).

Programming: STATA, pandas, z-Tree, o-Tree, LATEX.

References

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