Computing Assignment 5

R Markdown

In this assignment, you'll be using a data set on the 12 U.S. presidential elections from 1952 to 1996 to "predict" the five presidential elections from 2000 to 2016. Of course, you already know the outcomes, so this isn't really a prediction at all, just practice. There are 16 different variables in this dataset. The variables included are the following:

- 1. Year election year
- 2. inc1 Two-party vote share received in the presidential election by the party currently holding office.
- 3. q2gdp GDP growth in the second quarter of the election year (Abramowitz, 2012)
- 4. cumpt8pclei2016 Measure of Leading Economic Indicators, see Erikson and Wlezien (2012)
- 5. LogTWH logged time in the White House for a party (Lockerbie, 2012)
- 6. G growth rate of real GDP per capita in the first three quarters of the election year (Fair, 2012)
- 7. P absolute value of the GDP deflator in the first 15 quarters of the administration (Fair, 2012)
- 8. Z number of quarters in the first 15 quarters of the administration in which the growth rate of real per capita GDP is greater than 3.2% (Fair, 2012)
- 9. ECONHALVED80 Qtr. 2 real GDP growth (Campbell, 2012)
- 10. gnpchan Gross National Product, as percentage change non-annualized in GNP constant dollars from the fourth quarter of the year prior to the election to the second quarter of the election year, data from the Survey of Current Business (Lewis-Beck and Tien, 2012)
- 11. Unemployment average unemployment rate in the months from January to August in the election year (Bureau of Labor Statistics, 2016)
- 12. Inflation average inflation rate in the months from January to August in the election year (US Inflation Calculator, 2016)
- 13. ViolentCrimeRate violent crime rate per 100,000 people in the year prior to the election (Federal Bureau of Investigation, 2016)
- 14. MurderRate Murder and non-negligent manslaughter rate per 100,000 people in the year prior to the election (Federal Bureau of Investigation, 2016)
- 15. AssaultRate Aggravated assault rate per 100,000 people in the year prior to the election (Federal Bureau of Investigation, 2016)
- 16. OwnershipShare Rate of homeownership in April of the election year (Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, 2016)

In class we mentioned that the most predictive model isn't too simple, but also isn't too complicated. It should use a mixture of measures-of-fit (e.g., r.m.s. error, out-of-sample r.m.s. error, BIC) and theoretical intution.

This assignment asks you to build three regression models:

- A too-simple model that works well, but could be improved by adding additional explanatory variables.
- 2. A **just-right model** that includes the same varibles as the too-simple model, but include additional explanatory variables that *improve the predictive power of the model*.
- 3. A **too-complicated model** that includes the same varibles as the just-right model, but include additional explanatory variables that worsen the predictive power of the model.

In order to figure out what is too-simple, just-right, and too-complicated, you'll need to combine your judgement with the measure of fit.

In order to complete the assignment, do the following:

1. Download the code for the assignment from url. Copy-and-paste it into RStudio and make the following changes.

- On line 3, hange the working directory to from my pols-209 folder to your pols-209 folder.
- On line 13hange my_name <- "Carlisle R." to your first name and last initial. If you share a name with a classmate, then use "Will B. 901" or "Will B. 902".
- 2. Run the code to make sure it works.
- 3. On lines 24-26, change the formulas for the three regression models on lines to achieve the too-simple, just-right, and too complicated goals discussed above. Note that each time you run the *entire* script, RStudio spits out the measures of fit for each model. Feel free to experiment a bit, using the measures of fit and your theoretical intuition to find the right combination of variables.
- 4. Once you are satisfied that you have the right models, run the entire script one last time. This creates a file in your data subfolder called election-predictions-carlisle-r.csv, where my first name and last initial are replaced with your's. You need to send this file to me via Dropbox by clicking here, then clicking *Choose files*, navigating to and selecting this file in the data subfolder of pols-209.
- 5. Last, click the white notebook to compile a report and submit that via eCampus as usual.