Models/Computing

POLS 209

Questions

- Come up with a political variable that is most interesting to you. Come up with one example of a normative, descriptive, and causal questions about war.

- Posit an answer to these questions as a claim.

- Clearly explain why you cannot observe whether your causal claim is true.

Models

- Turnout varies substantially across countries. On average, turnout is about 48% in the U.S., 83% in Brazil, 87% in Denmark, and 93% in Chile. Many researchers believe that low turnout is a problem for a democracy, and would like to see higher turnout increase in the U.S..

  - Make up **two** theories or models that would explain the variation in turnout across countries.

  - Generate a total of **two** interesting predictions from the two models and identify from which model they were derived.

  - Find some critical fact/situation/observation/prediction that will distinguish between the two models. Be explicit about how it simultaneously confirms one model and contradicts the other.

  - Based on your model, what changes might the U.S. make to increase participation in elections?

Evaluating Models

- Truth

- Beauty

  - simplicity

  - fertility

  - surprise

- Justice

Most important?

Least important?

Not important?

How we'll always use R.

- Start RStudio.

- Set the working directory to whatever project you want to work on.

- Open a new R script to do something new **OR** open a saved script to continue making progress.

- Unless your script runs slowly, you should rerun the entire script after each change.