Hospital Name/Address	Patient Name/Information

Type of Specimen _____   Histopathologic Type_____

Tumor Size_____

DEFINITIONS

Clinical	Pathologic		
		Primary Tumor (T)	
☐	☐	TX	Primary tumor cannot be assessed
☐	☐	T0	No evidence of primary tumor
☐	☐	Tis	Carcinoma *in situ*
☐	☐	T1	Tumor limited to ampulla of Vater or sphincter of Oddi
☐	☐	T2	Tumor invades duodenal wall
☐	☐	T3	Tumor invades pancreas
☐	☐	T4	Tumor invades peripancreatic soft tissues or other adjacent organs or structures

Regional Lymph Nodes (N)

Clinical	Pathologic		
☐	☐	NX	Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed
☐	☐	N0	No regional lymph node metastasis
☐	☐	N1	Regional lymph node metastasis

Distant Metastasis (M)

Clinical	Pathologic		
☐	☐	MX	Distant metastasis cannot be assessed
☐	☐	M0	No distant metastasis
☐	☐	M1	Distant metastasis

Biopsy of metastatic site performed ..... ☐Y .... ☐N

Source of pathologic metastatic specimen _____

Stage Grouping

Clinical	Pathologic				
☐	☐	0	Tis	N0	M0
☐	☐	IA	T1	N0	M0
☐	☐	IB	T2	N0	M0
☐	☐	IIA	T3	N0	M0
☐	☐	IIB	T1	N1	M0
			T2	N1	M0
			T3	N1	M0
☐	☐	III	T4	Any N	M0
☐	☐	IV	Any T	Any N	M1

Histologic Grade (G)

- ☐ GX   Grade cannot be assessed
- ☐ G1   Well differentiated
- ☐ G2   Moderately differentiated
- ☐ G3   Poorly differentiated
- ☐ G4   Undifferentiated

Residual Tumor (R)

- ☐ RX   Presence of residual tumor cannot be assessed
- ☐ R0   No residual tumor
- ☐ R1   Microscopic residual tumor
- ☐ R2   Macroscopic residual tumor

Additional Descriptors

For identification of special cases of TNM or pTNM classifications, the "m" suffix and "y," "r," and "a" prefixes are used. Although they do not affect the stage grouping, they indicate cases needing separate analysis.

- ☐ **m suffix** indicates the presence of multiple primary tumors in a single site and is recorded in parentheses: pT(m)NM.
- ☐ **y prefix** indicates those cases in which classification is performed during or following initial multimodality therapy. The cTNM or pTNM category is identified by a "y" prefix. The ycTNM or ypTNM categorizes the extent of tumor actually present at the time of that examination. The "y" categorization is not an estimate of tumor prior to multimodality therapy.
- ☐ **r prefix** indicates a recurrent tumor when staged after a disease-free interval, and is identified by the "r" prefix: rTNM.
- ☐ **a prefix** designates the stage determined at autopsy: aTNM.

Prognostic Indicators (if applicable)

Notes

Additional Descriptors

Lymphatic Vessel Invasion (L)

LX   Lymphatic vessel invasion cannot be assessed

L0   No lymphatic vessel invasion

L1   Lymphatic vessel invasion

Venous Invasion (V)

VX   Venous invasion cannot be assessed

V0   No venous invasion

V1   Microscopic venous invasion

V2   Macroscopic venous invasion

Physician's Signature _____ Date_____