	(	CARCII	NOMA	OF THE S	KIN <i>(EXC</i>	LUDING EYE	LID, VULVA, AND	PENIS)	
			me/Addres				Patient Name/		
	pecimen					Histopathol			□ <b>D</b> ' 1 :
Tumor Siz	ze					Laterality:	☐ Bilateral	☐ Left	☐ Right
		DEFINI	TIONS						
Clinical	Pathologic	Primary _ TX _ T0 _ Tis _ T1 _ T2 _ T3 _ T4	No evide Carcinon Tumor 2 Tumor r dimensio Tumor n	tumor canrence of prima in situ cm or less more than 2 on (1) more than 5 nvades deep	in greatest cm, but n	dimension ot more than	5 cm, in greatest n (i.e., cartilage, ske	ous tum highest fied and tumors parenth	e of multiple simultane- nors, the tumor with the T category will be classi- the number of separate will be indicated in eses, e.g., T2 (5)
		Regiona NX N0 N1	No regio	Nodes (N) I lymph nod onal lymph 1 I lymph nod	node metas	stasis			
		Distant MX M0 M1	No dista Distant i Biopsy o	metastasis ca nt metastasi metastasis of metastatic	is : site perfoi	ssessed rmed □Y c specimen			
		_ 0 _ I _ II _ III _ IV	Well diff Moderat	nnot be ass erentiated ely differentiated	tiated				

(continued on reverse side)

Residua	N	Notes		
RX	Presence of residual tumor cannot be assessed	Add	ditional Descriptors	
R0 R1 R2	No residual tumor Microscopic residual tumor Macroscopic residual tumor	LX	mphatic Vessel Invasion (L) Lymphatic vessel invasior cannot be assessed No lymphatic vessel inva-	
	nal Descriptors	L1	sion Lymphatic vessel invasion	
suffix ar stage gro m suffix and is re y prefix followir identifie tumor a is not ar r prefix and is identified	attification of special cases of TNM or pTNM classifications, the "m" and "y," "r," and "a" prefixes are used. Although they do not affect the ouping, they indicate cases needing separate analysis.  In indicates the presence of multiple primary tumors in a single site ecorded in parentheses: pT(m)NM.  Indicates those cases in which classification is performed during or againitial multimodality therapy. The cTNM or pTNM category is d by a "y" prefix. The ycTNM or ypTNM categorizes the extent of ctually present at the time of that examination. The "y" categorization a estimate of tumor prior to multimodality therapy.  Indicates a recurrent tumor when staged after a disease-free interval, dentified by the "r" prefix: rTNM.  I designates the stage determined at autopsy: aTNM.	Ver VX V0 V1 V2	nous Invasion (V) Venous invasion cannot be assessed No venous invasion Microscopic venous invasion Macroscopic venous invasion	
Prognos	tic Indicators (if applicable)			

## **ILLUSTRATION** Indicate on diagram primary tumor and regional nodes involved.

Physician's Signature

Date\_