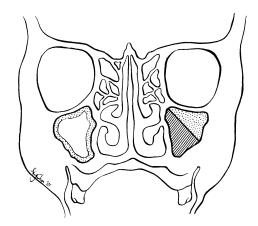
			NASAL CAVITY AND	P	ARANASAL	SINUSES					
Hospital Name/Address					Patient Name/Information						
		•									
Type of Sp	pecimen_				Histopathologi	с Туре					
Tumor Siz	ze			_	Laterality:	$\square$ Bilateral	$\square$ Left	☐ Right			
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
DEFINITIONS											
Primary Tumor (T)											
Clinical	Pathologic		llary Sinus								
		_ TX	Primary tumor cannot be assessed	1							
		T0	No evidence of primary tumor	.+							
$\overline{\Box}$		Tis	Carcinoma in situ								
$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$	_ T1	Tumor limited to the maxillary sinus mucosa with no erosion or destruction of bone								
$\overline{}$		_ T2	,								
		_ 12	Tumor causing bone erosion or destruction including extension into the hard palate and/or midd nasal meatus, except extension to posterior wall of maxillary sinus and pterygoid plates								
		Т2									
		_ T3	Tumor invades any of the following				iary sinus, suc	cutaneous			
		T. 4	tissues, floor or medial wall of orb					1.0			
		_ T4a	Tumor invades anterior orbital co			pterygoid plates,	infratempora	il fossa,			
		TT 41	cribriform plate, sphenoid or from			1	. 1.6				
		_ T4b	Tumor invades any of the following				anial fossa, cr	anial nerves other			
			than maxillary division of trigemi	nal	nerve V <sub>2</sub> , nasopha	arynx, or clivus					
			l Cavity and Ethmoid Sinus								
		_ TX	Primary tumor cannot be assessed	i							
	<u> </u>	_ T0	No evidence of primary tumor								
		_ Tis	Carcinoma in situ								
		_ T1	Tumor restricted to any one subsite, with or without bony invasion								
		_T2	Tumor invading two subsites in a single region or extending to involve an adjacent region within the								
			nasoethmoidal complex, with or without bony invasion								
		_ T3	Tumor extends to invade the medial wall or floor of the orbit, maxillary sinus, palate, or cribriform plate								
		_ T4a	Tumor invades any of the following: anterior orbital contents, skin of nose or cheek, minimal								
			extension to anterior cranial fossa	, pte	rygoid plates, sph	enoid or frontal	sinuses				
		T4b Tumor invades any of the following: orbital apex, dura, brain, middle cranial fossa, cranial nerves other									
		than V <sub>2</sub> , nasopharynx, or clivus									
		Regio	onal Lymph Nodes (N)								
		NX NX	Regional lymph nodes cannot be	asses	ssed						
		_ N0	No regional lymph node metastas		, sec						
$\overline{}$	$\overline{\Box}$	_ N1			node. 3 cm or le	ss in greatest din	nension				
$\overline{\Box}$		_ N1	Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, 3 cm or less in greatest dimension Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, more than 3 cm but not more than 6 cm in greatest								
		_ 112	dimension, or in multiple ipsilater								
			bilateral or contralateral lymph no					inicion, or in			
		_ N2a	Metastasis in a single ipsilateral ly					in greatest			
		_ 1NZa	dimension	шрі	i node, more man	i 5 cm but not m	ore man o ch	i ili greatest			
		_ N2b			h madaa mama m.	th ( in	anastast dimes				
$\overline{}$			Metastasis in multiple ipsilateral l								
-		N2c	Metastasis in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, none more than 6 cm in greatest dimension Metastasis in a lymph node, more than 6 cm in greatest dimension								
		_ N3	wietastasis in a lymph node, more	ına:	n o cin in greatest	annension					
_	_	Dista	nt Metastasis (M)								
		_ MX	Distant metastasis cannot be asses	ssed							
		_ M0	No distant metastasis								
		_ M1	Distant metastasis								
			Biopsy of metastatic site perform	ed	🗆 Y	$\square$ N					
			Source of pathologic metastatic sp				(contin	ued on reverse side)			

				_ Notes					
_		110	1/0	Additional Descriptors					
. 0				•					
				Lymphatic Vessel Invasion (L) LX Lymphatic vessel invasion					
				cannot be assessed					
- 111				L0 No lymphatic vessel inva-					
				sion L1 Lymphatic vessel invasion					
IVA				Venous Invasion (V) VX Venous invasion cannot be					
			M0	assessed					
	T1	N2	M0	V0 No venous invasion					
	T2	N2	M0	V1 Microscopic venous inva- sion					
	T3	N2	M0	V2 Macroscopic venous inva-					
	T4a	N2	M0	sion					
IVB		Any N	M0						
	•								
. IVC	Any T	Any N	M1						
Histologic Grade (G)  GX Grade cannot be assessed  G1 Well differentiated  G2 Moderately differentiated  Residual Tumor (R)  RX Presence of residual tumor cannot be assessed  R0 No residual tumor  R1 Microscopic residual tumor  R2 Macroscopic residual tumor  Additional Descriptors  For identification of special cases of TNM or pTNM classifications, the "m" suffix and "y," "r," and "a" prefixes are used. Although they do not affect the stage grouping, they indicate cases needing separate analysis.  m suffix indicates the presence of multiple primary tumors in a single site and is recorded in parentheses: pT(m)NM.  y prefix indicates those cases in which classification is performed during or following initial multimodality therapy. The cTNM or pTNM category is identified by a "y" prefix. The ycTNM or ypTNM categorizes the extent of tumor actually present at the time of that examination. The "y" categorization is not an estimate of tumor prior to multimodality therapy.  r prefix indicates a recurrent tumor when staged after a disease-free interval, and is identified by the "r" prefix: rTNM.  r prefix designates the stage determined at autopsy: aTNM.  Prognostic Indicators (if applicable)									
	IVA  IVA  IVA  IVA  IVA  IVA  IVA  IVA	I T1 II T2 III T3 T1 T2 T3 T1 T2 T3 IVA T4a T4a T1 T2 T3 T4a IVB T4b Any T IVC Any T  Histologic Grade (G GX Grade cannot G1 Well differen G2 Moderately of G3 Poorly differ Residual Tumor (R) RX Presence of r R0 No residual t R1 Microscopic R2 Macroscopic R4 Macroscopic R5 Macroscopic R6 Macroscopic R7 Macroscopic R8 Macroscopic R9 Macroscopic R1 Microscopic R1 Microscopic R2 Macroscopic R3 Macroscopic R4 Macroscopic R5 Macroscopic R6 Macroscopic R7 Macroscopic R8 Macroscopic R9 Macroscopic R1 Microscopic R1 Microscopic R2 Macroscopic R2 Macroscopic R3 Macroscopic R4 Microscopic R5 Macroscopic R6 Macroscopic R7 Macroscopic R8 Macroscopic R9 Macroscopic R1 Microscopic R1 Microscopic R1 Microscopic R2 Macroscopic R4 Macroscopic R5 Macroscopic R6 Macroscopic R6 Macroscopic R7 Macroscopic R7 Macroscopic R6 Macroscopic R6 Macroscopic R7 Macroscopic R6 Macroscopic R7 Macroscopic R7 Macroscopic R8 Macroscopic R9 Ma	O Tis NO I T1 NO II T2 NO III T3 NO III T3 NO T1 N1 T2 N1 T3 N1 IVA T4a NO T4a N1 T1 N2 T2 N2 T3 N2 T4a N2 IVB T4b Any N Any T N3 IVC Any T Any N  Histologic Grade (G) GX Grade cannot be assessed G1 Well differentiated G2 Moderately differentiated G2 Moderately differentiated G3 Poorly differentiated G4 Moderately differentiated G5 Poorly differentiated G6 Moderately differentiated G7 Moderately differentiated G8 Fresence of residual tumor R1 Microscopic residual tumor R1 Microscopic residual tumor R2 Macroscopic residual tumor R3 Microscopic residual tumor R4 Microscopic residual tumor R5 Microscopic residual tumor R6 No residual tumor R7 Microscopic residual tumor R8 Macroscopic residual tumor R9 No residual tumor R1 Microscopic residual tumor R1 Microscopic residual tumor R2 Macroscopic residual tumor R3 Microscopic residual tumor R4 Microscopic residual tumor R5 Microscopic residual tumor R6 No residual tumor R7 Microscopic residual tumor R8 Presence of residual tumor R9 No residual tumor R1 Microscopic residual tumor R1 Microscopic residual tumor R1 Microscopic residual tumor R1 Microscopic residual tumor R2 Macroscopic residual tumor R3 M1	0 Tis N0 M0 I T1 N0 M0 III T2 N0 M0 III T3 N0 M0 III T3 N0 M0 III T3 N0 M0 T1 N1 M0 T2 N1 M0 T3 N1 M0 IVA T4a N0 M0 T1 N2 M0 T1 N2 M0 T2 N2 M0 T3 N2 M0 T4a N2 M0 T4a N2 M0 IVB T4b Any N M0 IVC Any T Any N M1  Histologic Grade (G) GX Grade cannot be assessed G1 Well differentiated G2 Moderately differentiated G3 Poorly differentiated G4 More as a considerable tumor R1 Microscopic residual tumor R2 Macroscopic residual tumor R4 Mditional Descriptors For identification of special cases of TNM or pTNM classifications, the "m" suffix and "y," "r," and "a" prefixes are used. Although they do not affect the stage grouping they indicate cases needing separate analysis.  m suffix indicates the presence of multiple primary tumors in a single site and is recorded in parentheses: pT(m)NM. y prefix indicates those cases in which classification is performed during or following initial multimodality therapy. The cTNM or pTNM category is identified by a "y" prefix. The ycTNM or ypTNM categorizes the extent of tumor actually present at the time of that examination. The "y" categorization is not an estimate of tumor prior to multimodality therapy. r prefix indicates a recurrent tumor when staged after a disease-free interval, and is identified by the "r" prefix: rTNM. a prefix designates the stage determined at autopsy: aTNM.					

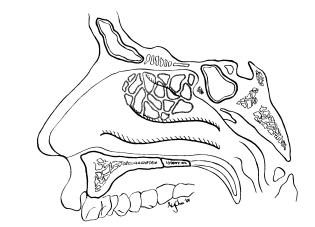
## **ILLUSTRATION**

Indicate on diagram primary tumor and regional nodes involved.

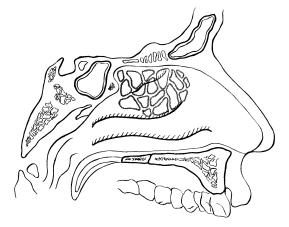
1.



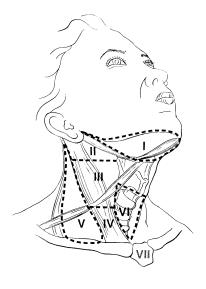
2.



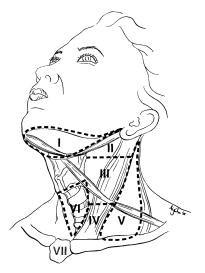
3.



4.



5.



Physician's Signature \_

\_ Date\_