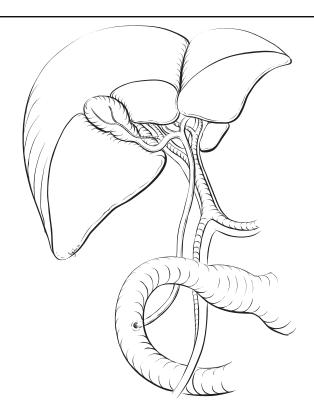
			LIVE	R (INCLUL	DING INT	RAHEPATIC BILE DUCTS)			
	H	ospital Na	ame/Address	S		Patient Name/Inf	ormation		
	_					Histopathologic Type			
Tumor Siz	ze								
		DEFIN	ITIONS						
Clinical	Pathologic	Primar	y Tumor (T						
		$_{\rm TX}$		tumor cann					
		_ T0	No evidence of primary tumor						
		- T1	Solitary tumor without vascular invasion						
		_T2	more tha		vascular 1	nvasion or multiple tumors none			
		Т3			re than 5	cm or tumor involving a major			
		_ 13		of the portal					
		T4				of adjacent organs other than the			
		-				n of visceral peritoneum			
		Region	al Lymph N	lodes (N)					
		NX		lymph nod	es cannot	be assessed			
		_ N0		nal lymph r					
		N1	Regional	lymph nod	e metasta	sis			
		Distant	t Metastasi	s (M)					
		MX	Distant metastasis cannot be assessed						
		_ M0	No distant metastasis						
M1 Distant metastasis									
Biopsy of metastatic site performed \Box Y \Box N Source of pathologic metastatic specimen									
			Source o	i pathologic	metastat	ic specimen			
		Stage (Grouping						
		_ I	T1	N0	M0				
		_ II	T2	N0	M0				
		_ IIIA	T3	N0	M0				
		_ IIIB	T4	N0	M0				
		_ IIIC	Any T	N1	M0				
		_ IV	Any T	Any N	M1				
			ogic Grade (0 1 1 1 1			
		_	-		dson and	Steiner is recommended. The system	l		
		empioy] GX	s four grad Grade ca	es. Innot be ass	essed				
		G1		erentiated	.55CG				
		G2		ely different	iated				
		G3		ifferentiated					
		G4	Undiffer						
		Residu	al Tumor (R	R)					
		RX	Presence	of residual	tumor ca	nnot be assessed			
		R0		ual tumor					
		R1		opic residua					
		R2	Macrosco	opic residua	l tumor		(continued on reverse side)		

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	Fibrosis Score (F)	Notes
	The fibrosis score as defined by Ishak is recommended because of its prognostic	Additional Descriptors
_	 value in overall survival. This scoring system uses a 0-6 scale. F0 Fibrosis score 0-4 (none to moderate fibrosis) F1 Fibrosis score 5-6 (severe fibrosis or cirrhosis) Additional Descriptors 	Lymphatic Vessel Invasion (L) LX Lymphatic vessel invasion cannot be assessed L0 No lymphatic vessel inva- sion
	For identification of special cases of TNM or pTNM classifications, the "m" suffix and "y," "r," and "a" prefixes are used. Although they do not affect the stage grouping, they indicate cases needing separate analysis. m suffix indicates the presence of multiple primary tumors in a single site and is recorded in parentheses: pT(m)NM. y prefix indicates those cases in which classification is performed during or following initial multimodality therapy. The cTNM or pTNM category is identified by a "y" prefix. The ycTNM or ypTNM categorizes the extent of tumor actually present at the time of that examination. The "y" categorization is not an estimate of tumor prior to multimodality therapy. r prefix indicates a recurrent tumor when staged after a disease-free interval, and is identified by the "r" prefix: rTNM. a prefix designates the stage determined at autopsy: aTNM.	
	Prognostic Indicators (if applicable)	

ILLUSTRATION

Indicate on diagram primary tumor and regional nodes involved.



Physician's Signature	 Date	